

1 SENATE BILL NO. 315

2 INTRODUCED BY D. HOWARD

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4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ADOPTING THE BORN-ALIVE INFANT PROTECTION ACT;
5 PROVIDING THAT INFANTS BORN ALIVE, INCLUDING INFANTS BORN ALIVE AFTER AN ABORTION,
6 ARE LEGAL PERSONS; REQUIRING HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS TO TAKE NECESSARY ACTIONS TO
7 PRESERVE THE LIFE OF A BORN-ALIVE INFANT; PROVIDING A PENALTY; AND PROVIDING AN
8 IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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12 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 8] may be cited as the "Born-Alive Infant
13 Protection Act".

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15 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Findings -- purpose. (1) The state asserts a compelling interest in
16 protecting the life of an infant born alive following an abortion.

17 (2) An infant born alive is a legal person for all purposes under the laws of the state and is entitled to
18 the protections of the laws, including the right to appropriate and reasonable medical care and treatment.

19 (3) In the absence of proper legal protections, newly born infants who have survived abortions have
20 been denied appropriate lifesaving or life-sustaining medical care and treatment and have been left to die.

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22 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8], the following definitions
23 apply:

24 (1) "Abortion clinic" means a health care provider who performs a surgical abortion procedure or
25 provides a medicine, drug, or any other substance prescribed or dispensed with the intent of terminating the
26 clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a woman, with knowledge that the termination will with reasonable
27 likelihood cause the death of the unborn child. This includes the off-label use of drugs that are known to have
28 abortion-inducing properties and are prescribed specifically with the intent of causing an abortion, such as

1 misoprostol and methotrexate, but excludes drugs that may be known to cause an abortion but are prescribed
2 for other medical indications.

3 (2) "Born alive" means the complete expulsion or extraction from the mother of a human infant, at any
4 stage of development, who, after expulsion or extraction, breathes, has a beating heart, or has definite
5 movement of voluntary muscles, regardless of whether the umbilical cord has been cut and regardless of
6 whether the expulsion or extraction occurs as a result of natural or induced labor, cesarean section, induced
7 abortion, or another method.

8 (3) "Health care provider" means an individual who may be asked to participate in any way in a health
9 care service or procedure, including but not limited to a physician, physician's assistant, nurse, nurse's aide,
10 medical assistant, hospital employee, medical facility employee, or abortion clinic employee.

11 (4) "Medical facility" means a public or private hospital, clinic, center, medical school, medical training
12 institute, health care facility, physician's office, infirmary, dispensary, ambulatory surgical treatment center, or
13 other institution or location in which medical care or treatment is provided to any person.

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15 **NEW SECTION. Section 4. Born-alive infant protection.** (1) A born-alive infant, including an infant
16 born in the course of an abortion, must be treated as a legal person under the laws of the state, with the same
17 rights to medically appropriate and reasonable care and treatment.

18 (2) A health care provider who is present at the time a born-alive infant is born shall take all medically
19 appropriate and reasonable actions to preserve the life and health of the infant.

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21 **NEW SECTION. Section 5. Criminal penalties.** (1) A health care provider who purposely, knowingly,
22 or negligently violates [section 4] is guilty of a felony and on conviction shall be fined an amount not to exceed
23 \$50,000, be imprisoned in a state prison for a term not to exceed 20 years, or both.

24 (2) For the purposes of this section, "purposely", "knowingly", and "negligently" have the meanings
25 provided in 45-2-101.

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27 **NEW SECTION. Section 6. Mandatory reporting.** A health care provider, medical facility, abortion
28 clinic, or employee or volunteer of a medical facility or abortion clinic that has knowledge of a failure to comply

1 with the requirements of [section 4] shall immediately report the failure to law enforcement.

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3 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Construction. [Sections 1 through 8] may not be construed as any
4 indication that other state laws protecting children do not apply to infants born alive during an abortion.

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6 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Right of intervention. The legislature, by joint resolution, may appoint
7 one or more of its members, who sponsored or cosponsored [sections 1 through 8] in the member's official
8 capacity, to intervene as a matter of right in any case in which the constitutionality of [sections 1 through 8] is
9 challenged.

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11 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 8] are intended to be
12 codified as a new part in Title 50, chapter 20, and the provisions of Title 50, chapter 20, apply to [sections 1
13 through 8].

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15 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are
16 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications,
17 the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

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19 COORDINATION SECTION. SECTION 11. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF BOTH HOUSE BILL NO. 167
20 AND [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN HOUSE BILL NO. 167 IS VOID.

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22 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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