68th L	egislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1		HOUSE BILL NO. 37	
2		INTRODUCED BY J. CARLSON	
3	BY REQUEST OF THE CHILE	DREN, FAMILIES, HEALTH, AND HUMAN SERVICE	ES INTERIM COMMITTEE
4			
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLE	D: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING CHILD ABUSE	AND NEGLECT LAWS;
6	REQUIRING A WARRANT TO	REMOVE A CHILD FROM THE CHILD'S HOME EX	CEPT IN EXIGENT
7	CIRCUMSTANCES; REQUIRIN	IG THAT A PEACE OFFICER BE PRESENT WHEN	EVER A CHILD IS
8	REMOVED FROM THE HOME;	; REVISING THE DEFINITIONS OF "CHILD ABUSE	OR NEGLECT" AND
9	"REASONABLE EFFORTS"; RE	EVISING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSUR	E OF CHILD ABUSE AND
10	NEGLECT RECORDS; REVISI	NG THE TIMEFRAME IN WHICH AN ABUSE AND I	NEGLECT PETITION
11	MUST BE FILED WHEN A CHI	LD IS REMOVED; REVISING THE TIMEFRAME IN	WHICH AN EMERGENCY
12	PROTECTIVE SERVICES HEA	ARING MUST BE HELD; REVISING THE REQUIREM	MENTS FOR DISMISSING
13	AN ABUSE AND NEGLECT PE	TITION; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-3-101, 41-3-10	2, 4 1-3-205, 41-3-301, 41-
14	3-306, 41-3-423, 41-3-424, 41-3	3-425, AND 41-3-427, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN-E	FFECTIVE DATE DATES
15	AND A TERMINATION DATE."		
16			
17	WHEREAS, Montana's	child abuse and neglect statutes (Title 41, chapter 3	, MCA) provide the
18	framework for state interference	e with the parent-child relationship; and	
19	WHEREAS, the Legisla	ature intends to amend the provisions of Title 41, cha	pter 3, MCA, to ensure
20	compliance with constitutional re	equirements.	
21			
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGI	ISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
23			
24	NEW SECTION. Section	on 1. Warrant to remove child. (1) A child protecti	on specialist of the
25	department, a peace officer, or a	a county attorney may apply, in writing, by telephone	, or electronically, on oath
26	or affirmation, to a <u>DISTRICT</u> cou	rt identified in subsection (2) <u>WITHIN THE STATE</u> for the	e issuance of a warrant to
27		nild in a protective facility if necessary to prevent the	
28	neglected.		č
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Amendment - Reference-white - Requested by: Governor - (H) Committee of the Whole 68th Legislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002 1 (2) A warrant may be issued in writing, by telephone, or electronically by: 2 a city or municipal court judge or justice of the peace within the judge's geographic jurisdiction;

3

4

or

- (b) a district court judge within the state.
- 5 If the court finds from the application that there is probable cause that removal is necessary to (3)
- prevent the child from being abused or neglected, the court shall issue a warrant to remove the child. The 6
- 7 warrant must:

(a)

- 8 (a) identify the child to be removed and the agency or person responsible for removing the child;
- 9 (b) recite the facts on which the conclusion that the child is abused or neglected or is in danger of

10 being abused or neglected is based; and

- 11 (c) provide for the placement of the child, pending an emergency protective services hearing.
- 12 The provisions of 46-5-222 apply when an application for a warrant is made telephonically or (4)
- 13 electronically or when a warrant is issued telephonically or electronically.
- 14
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Procedures for executing warrant to remove child. (1) A warrant 16 issued pursuant to [section 1] may be served at any time of the day or night. The warrant must be served within 17 10 days from the time of issuance. A warrant not served within 10 days is void and must be returned to the 18 issuing court and identified as not served.
- 19 A warrant issued pursuant to [section 1] must be served by the agency or person specifically (2) 20 named in the warrant and by no other agency or person unless the other agency or person is acting in aid of 21 and in the presence of the specifically named agency or person.
- 22
- Section 3. Section 41-3-101, MCA, is amended to read: 23

24 "41-3-101. Declaration of policy. (1) It is the policy of the state of Montana to:

25 provide for the protection of children whose health and welfare are or may be adversely (a)

affected and further threatened by the conduct of those responsible for the children's care and protection: 26

27 (b) achieve these purposes in a family environment and preserve the unity and welfare of the 28 family whenever possible;



68th Legislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002 1 (c) ensure that there is no forced removal of a child from the family based solely on an allegation 2 of abuse or neglect unless the department has reasonable cause to suspect that the child is at imminent risk of 3 harm without first obtaining a warrant from a court unless: 4 (i)the child is likely to experience sexual abuse, or serious bodily injury PHYSICAL ABUSE, or 5 physical neglect in the time that would be required to obtain a warrant; 6 a child is in a position in which care is not available from a parent, guardian, or other individual (ii) 7 designated by the parent or guardian and deemed responsible by a child protection specialist or peace officer; 8 (iii) there is reason to believe the parent will flee the jurisdiction with the child if given the 9 opportunity; or a parent consents to the temporary removal pursuant to a voluntary written prevention plan 10 (iv) 11 established under 41-3-302(3)(a); 12 recognize that a child is entitled to assert the child's constitutional rights; (d) ensure that all children have a right to a healthy and safe childhood in a permanent placement; 13 (e) 14 and 15 (f) ensure that whenever removal of a child from the home is necessary, the child is entitled to 16 maintain ethnic, cultural, and religious heritage whenever appropriate. 17 (2) It is intended that the mandatory reporting of abuse or endangerment cases by professional 18 people and other community members to the appropriate authority will cause the protective services of the state 19 to seek to prevent further abuses, protect and enhance the welfare of these children, and preserve family life 20 whenever appropriate. 21 (3) In implementing this chapter, whenever it is necessary to remove a child from the child's home, 22 the department shall, when it is in the best interests of the child, place the child with the child's noncustodial 23 birth parent or with the child's extended family, including adult siblings, grandparents, great-grandparents, 24 aunts, and uncles, when placement with the extended family is approved by the department, prior to placing the 25 child in an alternative protective or residential facility. Prior to approving a placement, the department shall 26 investigate whether anyone living in the home has been convicted of a crime involving serious harm to children. 27 (4) (a) The department shall create a registry for voluntary registration by close relatives of a child 28 for purposes of notifying those relatives when a child that is related has been removed from the child's home



68th I	Legislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	pursuant to this	s chapter.	
2	(b)	The registry must contain the names of the child and the child's parents and	may contain the
3	names of the c	child's grandparents, aunts, uncles, adult brothers, and adult sisters and must c	ontain the contact
4	information for	the child and parents and any of the relatives whose names appear in the regi	stry.
5	(5)	The department shall consult the registry and notify the relatives on the regis	try on the first
6	working day af	ter placing the child in accordance with 41-3-301.	
7	(6)	The department may charge a fee commensurate with the cost of operating t	he registry. The
8	fee may be cha	arged only to those persons whose names are voluntarily entered in the registr	у.
9	<u>(7)</u>	The department shall ensure that department training and policies comply wi	<u>th constitutional</u>
10	requirements.		
11	(7)<u>(8)</u>	In implementing the policy of this section, the child's health and safety are of	paramount
12	concern."		
13			
14	Sectio	on 4. Section 41-3-102, MCA, is amended to read:	
15	"41-3-	102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:	
16	(1)	(a) "Abandon", "abandoned", and "abandonment" mean:	
17	(i)	leaving a child under circumstances that make reasonable the belief that the	parent does not
18	intend to resur	ne care of the child in the future;	
19	(ii)	willfully surrendering physical custody for a period of 6 months and during that	at period not
20	manifesting to	the child and the person having physical custody of the child a firm intention to	resume physical
21	custody or to n	nake permanent legal arrangements for the care of the child;	
22	(iii)	that the parent is unknown and has been unknown for a period of 90 days ar	d that reasonable
23	efforts to ident	ify and locate the parent have failed; or	
24	(iv)	the voluntary surrender, as defined in 40-6-402, by a parent of a newborn wh	io is no more than
25	30 days old to	an emergency services provider, as defined in 40-6-402.	
26	(b)	The terms do not include the voluntary surrender of a child to the department	solely because of
27	parental inabili	ty to access publicly funded services.	
28	(2)	"A person responsible for a child's welfare" means:	



68th Legislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002 1 (a) the child's parent, guardian, or foster parent or an adult who resides in the same home in which 2 the child resides; 3 (b) a person providing care in a day-care facility; 4 (c) an employee of a public or private residential institution, facility, home, or agency; or 5 (d) any other person responsible for the child's welfare in a residential setting. 6 (3) "Abused or neglected" means the state or condition of a child who has suffered child abuse or 7 neglect. 8 (4) (a) "Adequate health care" means any medical care or nonmedical remedial health care 9 recognized by an insurer licensed to provide disability insurance under Title 33, including the prevention of the 10 withholding of medically indicated treatment or medically indicated psychological care permitted or authorized 11 under state law. 12 This chapter may not be construed to require or justify a finding of child abuse or neglect for the (b) 13 sole reason that a parent or legal guardian, because of religious beliefs, does not provide adequate health care 14 for a child. However, this chapter may not be construed to limit the administrative or judicial authority of the 15 state to ensure that medical care is provided to the child when there is imminent substantial risk of serious harm 16 to the child. 17 (5) "Best interests of the child" means the physical, mental, and psychological conditions and 18 needs of the child and any other factor considered by the court to be relevant to the child. 19 "Child" or "youth" means any person under 18 years of age. (6) 20 (7) (a) "Child abuse or neglect" means: 21 (i) actual physical or psychological harm to a child; 22 (ii) substantial risk of physical or psychological harm to a child; or 23 (iii) abandonment. 24 (b) (i) The term includes: 25 (A) actual physical or psychological harm to a child or substantial risk of physical or psychological 26 harm to a child by the acts or omissions of a person responsible for the child's welfare: 27 (B) exposing a child to the criminal distribution of dangerous drugs, as prohibited by 45-9-101, the 28 criminal production or manufacture of dangerous drugs, as prohibited by 45-9-110, or the operation of an



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
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1		estine laboratory, as prohibited by 45-9-132; or	
2	(C)	any form of child sex trafficking or human trafficking.	
3	(ii)	For the purposes of this subsection (7), "dangerous drugs" means the compo	ounds and
4	substances de	scribed as dangerous drugs in Schedules I through IV in Title 50, chapter 32, p	part 2.
5	(c)	In proceedings under this chapter in which the federal Indian Child Welfare A	ct is applicable,
6	this term has t	he same meaning as "serious emotional or physical damage to the child" as us	ed in 25 U.S.C.
7	1912(f).		
8	(d)	The term does not include self-defense, defense of others, or action taken to	prevent the child
9	from self-harm	that does not constitute physical or psychological harm to a child. <u>Substance u</u>	<u>ise by a parent or</u>
10	<u>guardian, diso</u>	rderly living conditions, other factors closely related to economic status, or a ch	ild's obesity do not
11	alone constitut	e physical or psychological harm to a child.	
12	(8)	"Child protection specialist" means an employee of the department who inves	stigates allegations
13	of child abuse,	neglect, and endangerment and has been certified pursuant to 41-3-127.	
14	(9)	"Concurrent planning" means to work toward reunification of the child with the	e family while at
15	the same time	developing and implementing an alternative permanent plan.	
16	(10)	"Department" means the department of public health and human services pro	ovided for in 2-15-
17	2201.		
18	(11)	"Family engagement meeting" means a meeting that involves family member	s in either
19	developing trea	atment plans or making placement decisions, or both.	
20	(12)	"Indian child" means any unmarried person who is under 18 years of age and	l who is either:
21	(a)	a member of an Indian tribe; or	
22	(b)	eligible for membership in an Indian tribe and is the biological child of a mem	ber of an Indian
23	tribe.		
24	(13)	"Indian child's tribe" means:	
25	(a)	the Indian tribe in which an Indian child is a member or eligible for membersh	nip; or
26	(b)	in the case of an Indian child who is a member of or eligible for membership i	in more than one
27	Indian tribe, th	e Indian tribe with which the Indian child has the more significant contacts.	
28	(14)	"Indian custodian" means any Indian person who has legal custody of an Ind	ian child under



68th Legislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002 1 tribal law or custom or under state law or to whom temporary physical care, custody, and control have been 2 transferred by the child's parent. 3 "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of (15)4 Indians recognized by: 5 (a) the state of Montana; or 6 (b) the United States secretary of the interior as being eligible for the services provided to Indians 7 or because of the group's status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in federal law. 8 (16) "Limited emancipation" means a status conferred on a youth by a court in accordance with 41-9 1-503 under which the youth is entitled to exercise some but not all of the rights and responsibilities of a person 10 who is 18 years of age or older. 11 (17)"Parent" means a biological or adoptive parent or stepparent. 12 "Parent-child legal relationship" means the legal relationship that exists between a child and the (18)13 child's birth or adoptive parents, as provided in Title 40, chapter 6, part 2, unless the relationship has been 14 terminated by competent judicial decree as provided in 40-6-234, Title 42, or part 6 of this chapter. 15 (19)"Permanent placement" means reunification of the child with the child's parent, adoption, 16 placement with a legal guardian, placement with a fit and willing relative, or placement in another planned 17 permanent living arrangement until the child reaches 18 years of age. 18 (20)"Physical abuse" means an intentional act, an intentional omission, or gross negligence 19 resulting in substantial skin bruising, internal bleeding, substantial injury to skin, subdural hematoma, burns, 20 bone fractures, extreme pain, permanent or temporary disfigurement, impairment of any bodily organ or 21 function, or death. 22 (21)"Physical neglect" means either failure to provide basic necessities, including but not limited to 23 appropriate and adequate nutrition, protective shelter from the elements, and appropriate clothing related to 24 weather conditions, or failure to provide cleanliness and general supervision, or both, or exposing or allowing 25 the child to be exposed to an unreasonable physical or psychological risk to the child. 26 (22) (a) "Physical or psychological harm to a child" means the harm that occurs whenever the 27 parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare: 28 (i) inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon the child physical abuse, physical neglect, or psychological



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	abuse or negl	ect;	
2	(ii)	commits or allows sexual abuse or exploitation of the child;	
3	(iii)	induces or attempts to induce a child to give untrue testimony that the child	or another child
4	was abused o	or neglected by a parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare;	
5	(iv)	causes malnutrition or a failure to thrive or otherwise fails to supply the child	with adequate
6	food or fails to	supply clothing, shelter, education, or adequate health care, though financially	y able to do so or
7	offered financ	ial or other reasonable means to do so;	
8	(v)	exposes or allows the child to be exposed to an unreasonable risk to the chi	ld's health or
9	welfare by fail	ling to intervene or eliminate the risk; or	
10	(vi)	abandons the child.	
11	(b)	The term does not include a youth not receiving supervision solely because	of parental inability
12	to control the	youth's behavior.	
13	(23)	(a) "Protective services" means services provided by the department:	
14	(i)	to enable a child alleged to have been abused or neglected to remain safely	in the home;
15	(ii)	to enable a child alleged to have been abused or neglected who has been re	emoved from the
16	home to safely	y return to the home; or	
17	(iii)	to achieve permanency for a child adjudicated as a youth in need of care wh	en circumstances
18	and the best i	nterests of the child prevent reunification with parents or a return to the home.	
19	(b)	The term includes emergency protective services provided pursuant to 41-3-	-301, written
20	prevention pla	ans provided pursuant to 41-3-302, and court-ordered protective services provided	ded pursuant to
21	parts 4 and 6	of this chapter.	
22	(24)	(a) "Psychological abuse or neglect" means severe maltreatment through ac	ts or omissions
23	that are injurio	ous to the child's emotional, intellectual, or psychological capacity to function, ir	icluding the
24	commission o	f acts of violence against another person residing in the child's home.	
25	(b)	The term may not be construed to hold a victim responsible for failing to pre-	vent the crime
26	against the vio	ctim.	
27	(25)	"Qualified expert witness" as used in cases involving an Indian child in proce	edings subject to
28	the federal Inc	dian Child Welfare Act means:	



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 H	B0037.003.002
1	(a)	a member of the Indian child's tribe who is recognized by the tribal community as	8
2	knowledgeable	e in tribal customs as they pertain to family organization and child-rearing practices	;
3	(b)	a lay expert witness who has substantial experience in the delivery of child and f	amily services
4	to Indians and	l extensive knowledge of prevailing social and cultural standards and child-rearing p	practices within
5	the Indian child	d's tribe; or	
6	(c)	a professional person who has substantial education and experience in providing	g services to
7	children and fa	amilies and who possesses significant knowledge of and experience with Indian cul	lture, family
8	structure, and	child-rearing practices in general.	
9	(26)	"Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who:	
10	(a)	has expertise in the therapeutic needs assessment used for placement of youth i	in a
11	therapeutic gro	oup home;	
12	(b)	is not an employee of the department; and	
13	(c)	is not connected to or affiliated with any placement setting in which children are p	placed.
14	(27)	"Reasonable cause to suspect" means cause that would lead a reasonable perso	on to believe
15	that child abus	se or neglect may have occurred or is occurring, based on all the facts and circums	tances known
16	to the person.		
17	(28)	"Residential setting" means an out-of-home placement where the child typically r	esides for
18	longer than 30) days for the purpose of receiving food, shelter, security, guidance, and, if necessa	ary, treatment.
19	(29)	"Safety and risk assessment" means an evaluation by a child protection specialis	st following an
20	initial report of	f child abuse or neglect to assess the following:	
21	(a)	the existing threat or threats to the child's safety;	
22	(b)	the protective capabilities of the parent or guardian;	
23	(c)	any particular vulnerabilities of the child;	
24	(d)	any interventions required to protect the child; and	
25	(e)	the likelihood of future physical or psychological harm to the child.	
26	(30)	(a) "Sexual abuse" means the commission of sexual assault, sexual intercourse	without
27	consent, aggra	avated sexual intercourse without consent, indecent exposure, sexual abuse, ritual	abuse of a
28	minor, or inces	st, as described in Title 45, chapter 5.	



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1 (b) <u>Sexual abuse-The term</u> does not include any necessary touching of an infant's or toddler's

2 genital area while attending to the sanitary or health care needs of that infant or toddler by a parent or other

3 person responsible for the child's welfare.

4 (31) "Sexual exploitation" means:

5 (a) allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in a prostitution offense, as described in 6 45-5-601 through 45-5-603;

7 (b) allowing, permitting, or encouraging sexual abuse of children as described in 45-5-625; or

8 (c) allowing, permitting, or encouraging sexual servitude as described in 45-5-704 or 45-5-705.

9 (32) "Therapeutic needs assessment" means an assessment performed by a qualified individual

10 within 30 days of placement of a child in a therapeutic group home that:

11

(a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based,

12 validated, functional assessment tool;

13 (b) determines whether the needs of the child can be met with family members or through

14 placement in a youth foster home or, if not, which appropriate setting would provide the most effective and

15 appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term

16 and long-term goals for the child as specified in the child's permanency plan; and

17 (c) develops a list of child-specific short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals.

18 (33) "Treatment plan" means a written agreement between the department and the parent or

19 guardian or a court order that includes action that must be taken to resolve the condition or conduct of the

20 parent or guardian that resulted in the need for protective services for the child. The treatment plan may involve

21 court services, the department, and other parties, if necessary, for protective services.

22 (34) (a) "Withholding of medically indicated treatment" means the failure to respond to an infant's

23 life-threatening conditions by providing treatment, including appropriate nutrition, hydration, and medication,

that, in the treating physician's or physicians' reasonable medical judgment, will be most likely to be effective in
 ameliorating or correcting the conditions.

(b) The term does not include the failure to provide treatment, other than appropriate nutrition,
hydration, or medication, to an infant when, in the treating physician's or physicians' reasonable medical
judgment:



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	(i)	the infant is chronically and irreversibly comatose;	
2	(ii)	the provision of treatment would:	
3	(A)	merely prolong dying;	
4	(B)	not be effective in ameliorating or correcting all of the infant's life-threatening	conditions; or
5	(C)	otherwise be futile in terms of the survival of the infant; or	
6	(iii)	the provision of treatment would be virtually futile in terms of the survival of the	e infant and the
7	treatment itsel	f under the circumstances would be inhumane. For purposes of this subsection	(34), "infant"
8	means an infa	nt less than 1 year of age or an infant 1 year of age or older who has been cont	inuously
9	hospitalized si	nce birth, who was born extremely prematurely, or who has a long-term disabili	ty. The reference
10	to <u>"</u> less than 1	year of age" may not be construed to imply that treatment should be changed	or discontinued
11	when an infant	t reaches 1 year of age or to affect or limit any existing protections available un	der state laws
12	regarding med	lical neglect of children 1 year of age or older.	
13	(35)	"Youth in need of care" means a youth who has been adjudicated or determine	ned, after a
14	hearing, to be	or to have been abused, neglected, or abandoned."	
15			
16	Sectio	on 5. Section 41-3-205, MCA, is amended to read:	
17	"41-3-	205. Confidentiality disclosure exceptions. (1) The case records of the c	lepartment and its
18	local affiliate, t	he local office of public assistance, the county attorney, and the court concerni	ng actions taken
19	under this cha	pter and all records concerning reports of child abuse and neglect must be kep	t confidential
20	except as prov	vided by this section. Except as provided in subsections (9) and (10), a person v	who purposely or
21	knowingly peri	nits or encourages the unauthorized dissemination of the contents of case reco	rds is guilty of a
22	misdemeanor.		
23	(2)	Records may be disclosed to a court for in camera inspection if relevant to ar	ì issue before it.
24	The court may	permit public disclosure if it finds disclosure to be necessary for the fair resolution	ion of an issue
25	before it.		
26	(3)	Records, including case notes, correspondence, evaluations, videotapes, and	1 interviews,
27		se protected by this section or unless disclosure of the records is determined to	
28	the child or ha	rmful to another person who is a subject of information contained in the records	, may be

68th L	.egislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	disclosed to	the following persons or entities in this state and any other state or country:	
2	(a)	a department, agency, or organization, including a federal agency, military	enclave, or Indian
3	tribal organiz	ation, that is legally authorized to receive, inspect, or investigate reports of ch	ild abuse or neglect
4	and that othe	prwise meets the disclosure criteria contained in this section;	
5	(b)	a licensed youth care facility or a licensed child-placing agency that is prov	riding services to the
6	family or chil	d who is the subject of a report in the records or to a person authorized by the	-department to
7	receive relev	ant information for the purpose of determining the best interests of a child with) respect to an
8	adoptive plac	cement;	
9	(c)	a health or mental health professional who is treating the family or child wh	to is the subject of a
10	report in the	records;	
11	(d) —	a parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, guardian, mandatory re	porter provided for in
12	4 1-3-201(2) (and (5), or person designated by a parent or guardian of the child who is the s	ubject of a report in
13	the records o	or other person responsible for the child's welfare, without disclosure of the ide	ntity of any person
14	who reported	l or provided information on the alleged child abuse or neglect incident contair	ed in the records;
15	(e)	a child named in the records who was allegedly abused or neglected or the	ə child's legal
16	guardian or l	egal representative, including <u>:</u>	
17	<u>(i)</u>	the child's guardian ad litem or attorney; or	
18	<u>(ii)</u>	the child's guardian ad litem or a special advocate appointed by the court t	o represent a child in
19	a pending ca	se, <u>unless the child or the child's parent</u> <u>or legal guardian objects to disclosure</u>];
20	(f)	the state protection and advocacy program as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 15	043(a)(2);
21	(g)	approved foster and adoptive parents who are or may be providing care for	ır a child;
22	(h) —	a person about whom a report has been made and that person's attorney,	with respect to the
23	relevant reco	rds pertaining to that person only and without disclosing the identity of the rep	orter or any other
24	person whos	e safety may be endangered;	
25	(i)	an agency, including a probation or parole agency, that is legally responsil	əle for the
26	supervision o	of an alleged perpetrator of child abuse or neglect;	
27	(j)	a person, agency, or organization that is engaged in a bona fide research	or evaluation project
28	and that is a	uthorized by the department to conduct the research or evaluation;	



68th L	gislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002
1	(k) the members of an interdisciplinary child protective team authorized under 41-3-108 or of a
2	family engagement meeting for the purposes of assessing the needs of the child and family, formulating a
3	treatment plan, and monitoring the plan;
4	(I) the coroner or medical examiner when determining the cause of death of a child;
5	(m) a child fatality review team recognized by the department;
6	(n) a department or agency investigating an applicant for a license or registration that is required to
7	operate a youth care facility, day-care facility, or child-placing agency;
8	(o) a person or entity who is carrying out background, employment-related, or volunteer-related
9	screening of current or prospective employees or volunteers who have or may have unsupervised contact with
10	children through employment or volunteer activities. A request for information under this subsection (3)(o) must
11	be made in writing. Disclosure under this subsection (3)(o) is limited to information that indicates a risk to
12	children posed by the person about whom the information is sought, as determined by the department.
13	(p) the news media, if disclosure is limited to confirmation of factual information regarding how the
14	case was handled and if disclosure does not violate the privacy rights of the child or the child's parent or
15	guardian, as determined by the department;
16	(q) an employee of the department or other state agency if disclosure of the records is necessary
17	for administration of programs designed to benefit the child;
18	(r) an agency of an Indian tribe, a qualified expert witness, or the relatives of an Indian child if
19	disclosure of the records is necessary to meet requirements of the federal Indian Child Welfare Act;
20	(s) a juvenile probation officer who is working in an official capacity with the child who is the
21	subject of a report in the records;
22	(t) an attorney who is hired by or represents the department if disclosure is necessary for the
23	investigation, defense, or prosecution of a case involving child abuse or neglect;
24	(u) a foster care review committee established under 41-3-115 or, when applicable, a citizen
25	review board established under Title 41, chapter 3, part 10;
26	(v) a school employee participating in an interview of a child by a child protection specialist, county
27	attorney, or peace officer, as provided in 41-3-202;
28	(w) a member of a county or regional interdisciplinary child information and school safety team



68th Legislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002

1	formed under the provisions of 52-2-211;
2	(x) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203;
3	(y) a member of a youth placement committee formed under the provisions of 41-5-121; or
4	(z) a principal of a school or other employee of the school district authorized by the trustees of the
5	district to receive the information with respect to a student of the district who is a client of the department.
6	(4) (a) The records described in subsection (3) must be disclosed to a member of the United
7	States congress or a member of the Montana legislature if all of the following requirements are met:
8	(i) the member receives a written inquiry regarding a child and whether the laws of the United
9	States or the state of Montana that protect children from abuse or neglect are being complied with or whether
10	the laws need to be changed to enhance protections for children;
11	(ii) the member submits a written request to the department requesting to review the records
12	relating to the written inquiry. The member's request must include a copy of the written inquiry, the name of the
13	child whose records are to be reviewed, and any other information that will assist the department in locating the
14	records.
15	(iii) before reviewing the records, the member:
16	(A) signs a form that outlines the state and federal laws regarding confidentiality and the penalties
17	for unauthorized release of the information; and
18	(B) receives from the department an orientation of the content and structure of the records.
19	(b) Records disclosed pursuant to subsection (4)(a) are confidential, must be made available for
20	the member to view but may not be copied, recorded, photographed, or otherwise replicated by the member,
21	and must remain solely in the department's possession. The member must be allowed to view the records in
22	the local office where the case is or was active.
23	(c) Access to records requested pursuant to this subsection (4) is limited to 6 months from the date
24	the written request to review records was received by the department.
25	(5) (a) The records described in subsection (3) must be promptly released to any of the following
26	individuals upon a written request by the individual to the department or the department's designee:
27	(i) the attorney general;
28	(ii) a county attorney or deputy county attorney of the county in which the alleged abuse or neglect

- 14 -

Legislative Services Division Authorized Print Version – HB 37

68th L	egislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	occurred;		
2	(iii)	a peace officer, as defined in 45-2-101, in the jurisdiction in which the alleg	jed abuse or neglect
3	occurred; or		
4	(iv)	the office of the child and family ombudsman.	
5	(b)		→ department to an
6	appropriate in	ndividual described in subsection (5)(a) or to a county or regional interdisciplir	ary child information
7	and school sa	afety team established pursuant to 52-2-211 upon the department's receipt of	a report indicating
8	that any of the	e following has occurred:	
9	(i)	the death of the child as a result of child abuse or neglect;	
10	(ii)	a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, against the child;	
11	(iii)	exposure of the child to an actual and not a simulated violent offense as de	əfined in 46-23-502;
12	or		
13	(iv) —	- child abuse or neglect, as defined in 41-3-102, due to exposure of the child	to circumstances
14	constituting th	ne criminal manufacture or distribution of dangerous drugs.	
15	(c)	(i) The department shall promptly disclose the results of an investigation to	⊢an individual
16	described in s	subsection (5)(a) or to a county or regional interdisciplinary child information a	nd school safety
17	team establis	hed pursuant to 52-2-211 upon the determination that:	
18	(A)	there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child has been exposed to a S	chedule I or
19	Schedule II di	rug whose manufacture, sale, or possession is prohibited under state law; or	
20	(B)	a child has been exposed to drug paraphernalia used for the manufacture,	sale, or possession
21	of a Schedule	I or Schedule II drug that is prohibited by state law.	
22	(ii)	For the purposes of this subsection (5)(c), exposure occurs when a child is	caused or permitted
23	to inhale, hav	e contact with, or ingest a Schedule I or Schedule II drug that is prohibited by	state law or have
24	contact with d	lrug paraphernalia as defined in 45-10-101.	
25	(d)	(i) Except as provided in subsection (5)(d)(ii), the records described in sub	section (3) must be
26	released withi	in 5 business days to the county attorney of the county in which the acts that	are the subject of a
27	report occurre	ed upon the department's receipt of a report that includes an allegation of sex	ual abuse or sexual
28	exploitation. T	The department shall also report to any other appropriate individual described	in subsection (5)(a)



	Amenument - Reference-white - Requested by. Governor - (n) Committee of the whole		
68th Legislature Dra		egislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
	1	and to a county or regional interdisciplinary child information and school safety team establish	ed pursuant to
	2	52-2-211	
	3	(ii) If the exception in 41-3-202(1)(b) applies, a contractor described in 41-3-201	(2)(j) that provides
	4	confidential services to victims of sexual assault shall report to the department as provided in	this part without
	5	disclosing the names of the victim and the alleged perpetrator of sexual abuse or sexual expl	pitation.
	6	(iii) When a contractor described in 41-3-201(2)(j) that provides confidential servi	ces to victims of
	7	sexual assault provides services to youth over the age of 13 who are victims of sexual abuse	and sexual
	8	exploitation, the contractor may not dissuade or obstruct a victim from reporting the criminal a	ectivity and, upon a

- 9 request by the victim, shall facilitate disclosure to the county attorney and a law enforcement officer as
- 10 described in Title 7, chapter 32, in the jurisdiction where the alleged abuse occurred.
- 11 (6) A school or school district may disclose, without consent, personally identifiable information
- 12 from the education records of a pupil to the department, the court, a review board, and the child's assigned
- 13 attorney, guardian ad litem, or special advocate.
- 14 (7) Information that identifies a person as a participant in or recipient of substance abuse treatment
- 15 services may be disclosed only as allowed by federal substance abuse confidentiality laws, including the

16 consent provisions of the law.

17 (8) The confidentiality provisions of this section must be construed to allow a court of this state to
 18 share information with other courts of this state or of another state when necessary to expedite the interstate
 19 placement of children.

20 (9) A person who is authorized to receive records under this section shall maintain the
 21 confidentiality of the records and may not disclose information in the records to anyone other than the persons
 22 described in subsections (3)(a) and (5). However, this subsection may not be construed to compel a family

- 23 member to keep the proceedings confidential.
- 24 (10) A news organization or its employee, including a freelance writer or reporter, is not liable for
- 25 reporting facts or statements made by an immediate family member under subsection (9) if the news
- 26 organization, employee, writer, or reporter maintains the confidentiality of the child who is the subject of the
- 27 proceeding.
- 28

(11) This section is not intended to affect the confidentiality of criminal court records, records of law



Amenument - Reference-white - Requested by. Governor - (n) Committee of the whole			
68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	enforcement ag	encies, or medical records covered by state or federal disclosure limitations.	
2	(12)	Copies of records, evaluations, reports, or other evidence obtained or genera	ted pursuant to
3	this section that	t are provided to the parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, guardian	, or parent's or
4	guardian's attor	ney must be provided without cost."	
5			
6	Sectior	n 5. Section 41-3-301, MCA, is amended to read:	
7	"41-3-3	01. (Temporary) Emergency protective service services. (1) Any child pro	otection specialist
8	of the departme	ent, a peace officer, or the county attorney who has reason to believe any child	is in immediate
9	or apparent dan	nger of harm may immediately remove the child and place the child in a protect	tive facility. After
10	ensuring that th	e child is safe, the department may make a request for further assistance from	ı the law
11	enforcement ag	ency or take appropriate legal action. The person or agency placing the child s	shall notify the
12	parents, parent,	, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the child of the p	placement at the
13	time the placem	nent is made or as soon after placement as possible. Notification under this sul	bsection (<u>1)</u> must:
14	(a)	include the reason for removal;	
15	(b)	include information regarding the option for an emergency protective services	hearing within 5
16	days under 41-3	3-306, the required show cause hearing within 20 days, and the purpose of the	hearings;
17	(c)	provide contact information for the child protection specialist, the child protect	tion specialist's
18	supervisor, and	the office of state public defender; and	
19	(d)	advise the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal	custody of the
20	child that the pa	arents, parent, guardian, or other person:	
21	(i)	has the right to receive a copy of the affidavit as provided in subsection (6);	
22	(ii)	has the right to attend and participate in an emergency protective services he	aring, if one is
23	requested, and	the show cause hearing, including providing statements to the judge;	
24	(iii)	may have a support person present during any in-person meeting with the ch	ild protection
25	specialist conce	erning emergency protective services; and	
26	(iv)	may request that the child be placed in a kinship foster home as defined in 52	2-2-602.
27	(2)	If a child protection specialist, a peace officer, or the county attorney determin	nes in an
28	investigation of	abuse or neglect of a child that the child is in danger because of the occurrence	ce of partner or



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

family member assault, as provided for in 45-5-206, or strangulation of a partner or family member, as provided for in 45-5-215, against an adult member of the household or that the child needs protection as a result of the occurrence of partner or family member assault or strangulation of a partner or family member against an adult member of the household, the department shall take appropriate steps for the protection of the child, which may include:

6 (a) making reasonable efforts to protect the child and prevent the removal of the child from the
7 parent or guardian who is a victim of alleged partner or family member assault or strangulation of a partner or
8 family member;

9 (b) making reasonable efforts to remove the person who allegedly committed the partner or family 10 member assault or strangulation of a partner or family member from the child's residence if it is determined that 11 the child or another family or household member is in danger of partner or family member assault or

12 strangulation of a partner or family member; and

(c) providing services to help protect the child from being placed with or having unsupervised
 visitation with the person alleged to have committed partner or family member assault or strangulation of a
 partner or family member until the department determines that the alleged offender has met conditions
 considered necessary to protect the safety of the child.

(3) If the department determines that an adult member of the household is the victim of partner or
family member assault or strangulation of a partner or family member, the department shall provide the adult
victim with a referral to a domestic violence program.

20 (4) A child who has been removed from the child's home or any other place for the child's
21 protection or care may not be placed in a jail.

(5) The department may locate and contact extended family members upon placement of a child in
 out-of-home care. The department may share information with extended family members for placement and
 case planning purposes.

(6) If a child is removed from the child's home by the department, a child protection specialist shall
submit an affidavit regarding the circumstances of the emergency removal to the county attorney and provide a
copy of the affidavit to the parents or guardian, if possible, within 2 working days of the emergency removal. An
abuse and neglect petition must be filed within 5 working days, excluding weekends and holidays, of the



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002	
1	emergency re	moval of a child unless arrangements acceptable to the agency for the care of t	he child have	
2	been made by	the parents or a written prevention plan has been entered into pursuant to 41-3	3-302.	
3	(7)	Except as provided in the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, if applicable, a sh	ow cause hearing	
4	must be held	within 20 days of the filing of the petition unless otherwise stipulated by the part	ies pursuant to 41-	
5	3-434.			
6	(8)	If the department determines that a petition for immediate protection and eme	ergency protective	
7	services must	be filed to protect the safety of the child, the child protection specialist shall inte	erview the parents	
8	of the child to	whom the petition pertains, if the parents are reasonably available, before the p	etition may be	
9	filed. The distr	rict court may immediately issue an order for immediate protection of the child.		
10	(9)	The department shall make the necessary arrangements for the child's well-b	eing as are	
11	required prior	to the court hearing. (Terminates June 30, 2023sec. 8, Ch. 529, L. 2021.)		
12	41-3-3	301. (Effective July 1, 2023) Emergency protective service services. (1) (a	a) Any <u>Except as</u>	
13	provided in su	bsection (1)(b), a child protection specialist of the department, a peace officer,	or t he <u>a</u> county	
14	attorney who l	has reason to believe any child is in immediate or apparent danger of harm may	-immediately	
15	remove the may not remove a child and place the child in a protective facility without first obtaining a warrant			
16	pursuant to [se	<u>ection 1]</u> .		
17	<u>(b)</u>	(i) A child protection specialist, a peace officer, or a county attorney may rem	ove a child without	
18	<u>a warrant only</u>	when the person has probable cause to believe that:		
19	<u>(i)-</u>	the child is likely to experience sexual abuse, or serious bodily injury PHYSICA	L ABUSE <mark>, Or</mark>	
20	physical negle	ect in the time that would be required to obtain a warrant under [section 1];		
21	<u>(ii)</u>	a child is in a position in which care is not available from a parent, guardian,	or other individual	
22	designated by	the parent or guardian and deemed responsible by a child protection specialist	or peace officer;	
23	<u>(iii)</u>	there is reason to believe the parent will flee the jurisdiction with the child if g	iven the	
24	opportunity; or	<u>r</u>		
25	<u>(iv)</u>	the parent consents to a temporary removal pursuant to a voluntary written p	revention plan	
26	established ur	nder 41-3-302(3)(a).		
27	(ii)	For the purposes of this subsection (1)(b), "serious bodily injury" has the mea	aning provided in	
28	<u>45-2-101.</u>			



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1	(c) A peace officer must be present whenever a child is removed from the home.
2	(d)(C) After ensuring that the child is safe, the department may make a request for further assistance
3	from the law enforcement agency or take appropriate legal action. The person or agency placing the child shall
4	notify the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the child of the
5	placement at the time the placement is made or as soon after placement as possible. Notification under this
6	subsection (1)(d) (1)(C) must:
7	(i) include the reason for removal <u>or, if the child was removed pursuant to subsection (1)(b), the</u>
8	factual basis for the conclusion that:
9	(A)- the child is likely to experience sexual abuse, or serious bodily injury PHYSICAL ABUSE, or
10	physical neglect in the time that would be required to obtain a warrant;
11	(B) a child is in a position in which care is not available from a parent, guardian, or other individual
12	designated by the parent or guardian and deemed responsible by a child protection specialist or peace officer;
13	(C) there is reason to believe the parent will flee the jurisdiction with the child if given the
14	opportunity; or
15	(D) the parent consents to a temporary removal pursuant to a voluntarily written prevention plan
16	established under 41-3-302(3)(a);
17	(ii) include information regarding the emergency protective services and show cause hearings and
18	the purpose of the hearings; and
19	(iii) advise the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the
20	child that the parents, parent, guardian, or other person may have a support person present during any in-
21	person meeting with the child protection specialist concerning emergency protective services.
22	(2) If a child protection specialist, a peace officer, or the county attorney determines in an
23	investigation of abuse or neglect of a child that the child is in danger because of the occurrence of partner or
24	family member assault, as provided for in 45-5-206, or strangulation of a partner or family member, as provided
25	for in 45-5-215, against an adult member of the household or that the child needs protection as a result of the
26	occurrence of partner or family member assault or strangulation of a partner or family member against an adult
27	member of the household, the department shall take appropriate steps for the protection of the child, which may
28	include:



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1 (a) making reasonable efforts to protect the child and prevent the removal of the child from the 2 parent or guardian who is a victim of alleged partner or family member assault or strangulation of a partner or 3 family member;

4 (b) making reasonable efforts to remove the person who allegedly committed the partner or family 5 member assault or strangulation of a partner or family member from the child's residence if it is determined that

6 the child or another family or household member is in danger of partner or family member assault or

7 strangulation of a partner or family member; and

8 (c) providing services to help protect the child from being placed with or having unsupervised 9 visitation with the person alleged to have committed partner or family member assault or strangulation of a 10 partner or family member until the department determines that the alleged offender has met conditions 11 considered necessary to protect the safety of the child.

(3) If the department determines that an adult member of the household is the victim of partner or
 family member assault or strangulation of a partner or family member, the department shall provide the adult
 victim with a referral to a domestic violence program.

15 (4) A child who has been removed from the child's home or any other place for the child's
16 protection or care may not be placed in a jail.

17 (5) The department may locate and contact extended family members upon placement of a child in
18 out-of-home care. The department may share information with extended family members for placement and
19 case planning purposes.

20 If a child is removed from the child's home by the department, a child protection specialist shall (6) 21 submit an affidavit regarding the circumstances of the emergency removal to the county attorney and provide a 22 copy of the affidavit to the parents or guardian, if possible, within 2 business working days of the emergency 23 removal. An abuse and neglect petition must be filed in accordance with 41-3-422 within 5 working days, 24 excluding weekends and holidays, 72 hours 5 business days, excluding weekends and holidays, of the 25 emergency removal of a child unless arrangements acceptable to the agency for the care of the child have 26 been made by the parents or a written prevention plan has been entered into pursuant to 41-3-302. 27 (7) Except as provided in the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, if applicable, a show cause hearing

28 must be held within 20 days of the filing of the petition unless otherwise stipulated by the parties pursuant to 41-



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1	3-434.			
2	(8)	If the department determines that a petition for immediate protection and emergency protective		
3	services must be filed to protect the safety of the child, the child protection specialist shall interview the parents			
4	of the child to v	whom the petition pertains, if the parents are reasonably available, before the petition may be		
5	filed. The distri	ct court may immediately issue an order for immediate protection of the child.		
6	(9)	The department shall make the necessary arrangements for the child's well-being as are		
7	required prior t	o the court hearing."		
8				
9	Sectio	n 6. Section 41-3-306, MCA, is amended to read:		
10	"41-3-3	306. (Temporary) Emergency protective services hearing on request exceptions. (1) (a)		
11	If requested by	the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of a child		
12	removed from	the home pursuant to 41-3-301, a district court shall hold an emergency protective services		
13	hearing within	5 business days of the child's removal to determine whether to continue the removal beyond 5		
14	business days			
15	(b)	The department shall provide notification of the option for the hearing as required under 41-3-		
16	301.			
17	(c)	A hearing is not required if the child is released prior to the time of the requested hearing.		
18	(2)	The hearing may be held in person, by videoconference, or, if no other means are available, by		
19	telephone.			
20	(3)	The child and the child's parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal		
21	custody of the	child must be represented by counsel at the hearing.		
22	(4)	If the court determines that continued out-of-home placement is needed, the court shall:		
23	(a)	establish guidelines for visitation by the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having		
24	physical or leg	al custody of the child pending the show cause hearing; and		
25	(b)	review the availability of options for a kinship placement and make recommendations if		
26	appropriate.			
27	(5)	The court may direct the department to develop and implement a treatment plan before the		
28	show cause he	earing if the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the		



68th Legislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002 1 child stipulates to a condition subject to a treatment plan and agrees to immediately comply with the treatment 2 plan if a plan is developed. 3 If the court determines continued removal is not appropriate, the child must be immediately (6) 4 returned to the parents, parent, quardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the child. 5 (7) This section does not apply: 6 in judicial districts that are holding voluntary prehearing conferences pursuant to 41-3-307; or (a) 7 (b) to cases involving an Indian child who is subject to the Indian Child Welfare Act. (Terminates 8 June 30, 2023--sec. 8, Ch. 529, L. 2021.) 9 41-3-306. (Effective July 1, 2023) Emergency protective services hearing -- exception. (1) (a) A 10 district court shall hold a hearing within 5 business days 72 hours 5 DAYS of a child's removal from the home 11 pursuant to 41-3-301 to determine whether there is probable cause to continue the removal beyond 5 business 12 days the emergency protective services hearing. 13 The department shall provide notification of the hearing as required under 41-3-301. (b) 14 A hearing is not required if the child is released prior to the time of the required hearing. (c) 15 (2) The hearing may be held in person, by videoconference, or, if no other means are available, by 16 telephone. 17 (3) The child and the child's parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal 18 custody of the child must be represented by counsel at the hearing. 19 (4) If the court determines that continued out-of-home placement is needed, the court shall: 20 establish guidelines for visitation by the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having (a) 21 physical or legal custody of the child pending the show cause hearing; and 22 (b) review the availability of options for a kinship placement and make recommendations if 23 appropriate. 24 (5) The court may direct the department to develop and implement a treatment plan before the 25 show cause hearing if the parents, parent, guardian or other person having physical or legal custody of the child 26 stipulates to a condition subject to a treatment plan and agrees to immediately comply with the treatment plan if 27 a plan is developed. 28 (6) If the court determines continued removal is not appropriate, the child must be immediately



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	returned to the	e parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of	the child.
2	(7)	This section does not apply to cases involving an Indian child who is subject	to the Indian Child
3	Welfare Act."		
4			
5	<u>Secti</u>	ON 7. SECTION 41-3-306, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:	
6	"41-3·	-306. (Temporary) Emergency protective services hearing on request e	xceptions. (1) (a)
7	If requested b	y the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custod	y of a child
8	removed from	the home pursuant to 41-3-301, a district court shall hold an emergency protec	tive services
9	hearing within	5 business days of the child's removal to determine whether to continue the rel	moval beyond 5
10	business days	5.	
11	(b)	The department shall provide notification of the option for the hearing as requ	uired under 41-3-
12	301.		
13	(c)	A hearing is not required if the child is released prior to the time of the reques	sted hearing.
14	(2)	The hearing may be held in person, by videoconference, or, if no other mean	s are available, by
15	telephone.		
16	(3)	The child and the child's parents, parent, guardian, or other person having ph	iysical or legal
17		e child must be represented by counsel at the hearing.	
18	(4)	If the court determines that continued out-of-home placement is needed, the	court shall:
19	(a)	establish guidelines for visitation by the parents, parent, guardian, or other pe	erson having
20	physical or leg	gal custody of the child pending the show cause hearing; and	
21	(b)	review the availability of options for a kinship placement and make recomment	ndations if
22	appropriate.		
23	(5)	The court may direct the department to develop and implement a treatment p	lan before the
24	show cause h	earing if the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal	custody of the
25	child stipulate	s to a condition subject to a treatment plan and agrees to immediately comply w	vith the treatment
26	plan if a plan i	s developed.	
27	(6)	If the court determines continued removal is not appropriate, the child must b	e immediately
28	returned to the	e parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of	the child.



Ame	ndment - Re	ference-white - Requested by: Governor - (H) Committee of th	ne Whole
68th L	egislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	(7)	This section does not apply:	
2	(a)	in judicial districts that are holding voluntary prehearing conferences pursua	nt to 41-3-307; or
3	(b)	to cases involving an Indian child who is subject to the Indian Child Welfare	Act. (Terminates
4	June 30, 2023	3sec. 8, Ch. 529, L. 2021.)	
5	41-3-	306. (Effective July 1, 2023 2025) Emergency protective services hearing	g exception. (1)
6	(a) A district o	court shall hold a hearing within 5- $\underline{3}$ business days of a child's removal from the	home pursuant to
7	41-3-301 to d	etermine whether there is probable cause to continue the removal beyond 5 bu	isiness days<u>THE</u>
8	EMERGENCY P	ROTECTIVE SERVICES HEARING.	
9	(b)	The department shall provide notification of the hearing as required under 4	1-3-301.
10	(c)	A hearing is not required if the child is released prior to the time of the requi	red hearing.
11	(2)	The hearing may be held in person, by videoconference, or, if no other mea	ns are available, by
12	telephone.		
13	(3)	The child and the child's parents, parent, guardian, or other person having p	ohysical or legal
14	custody of the	e child must be represented by counsel at the hearing.	
15	(4)	If the court determines that continued out-of-home placement is needed, the	e court shall:
16	(a)	establish guidelines for visitation by the parents, parent, guardian, or other p	person having
17	physical or le	gal custody of the child pending the show cause hearing; and	
18	(b)	review the availability of options for a kinship placement and make recomme	endations if
19	appropriate.		
20	(5)	The court may direct the department to develop and implement a treatment	plan before the
21	show cause h	nearing if the parents, parent, guardian or other person having physical or legal	custody of the child
22	stipulates to a	a condition subject to a treatment plan and agrees to immediately comply with t	he treatment plan if
23	a plan is deve	eloped.	
24	(6)	If the court determines continued removal is not appropriate, the child must	be immediately
25	returned to th	e parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody o	f the child.
26	(7)	This section does not apply to cases involving an Indian child who is subjec	t to the Indian Child
27	Welfare Act."		
28			



Ame	ment - Reference-white - Requested by: Governor - (H) Committee of the Whole
68th L	slature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002
1	Section 8. Section 41-3-423, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"41-3-423. Reasonable efforts required to prevent removal of child or to return exemption
3	indings permanency plan. (1) (a) The department shall make reasonable efforts to prevent the necessity o
4	emoval of a child from the child's home and to reunify families that have been separated by the state. <u>The</u>
5	pplication for a warrant to remove a child from the child's home pursuant to [section 1] does not absolve the
6	lepartment from the duty to make reasonable efforts to prevent the necessity of removal.
7	(b) (i)—For the purposes of this subsection (1), the term "reasonable efforts" means the department
8	hall in good faith develop and implement voluntary services agreements and treatment plans that are designed
9	p preserve the parent-child relationship and the family unit and shall in good faith assist parents in completing
10	voluntary services agreements and treatment plans:
11	(i) conduct a comprehensive assessment of the circumstances of the family, with a focus on safe
12	eunification as the most desirable goal. The assessment must be provided to the parents and to counsel for
13	he parents.
14	(ii) identify appropriate services and help the parents overcome barriers, including actively
15	ssisting the parents in obtaining appropriate services;
16	(iii) with parental consent, identify and invite the extended family to participate in providing support
17	nd services to the family and to participate in family team meetings, permanency planning, and resolution of
18	lacement issues;
19	(iv) conduct or cause to be conducted a diligent search for the child's extended family members
20	and contact and consult with extended family members to provide family structure and support for the child and
21	he parents;
22	(v) offer and employ all available and culturally appropriate family preservation strategies and
23	acilitate the use of remedial and rehabilitative services;
24	(vi) take steps to keep siblings together whenever possible;
25	(vii) support regular visits with parents in the most natural setting possible, as well as trial home
26	isits with the child during any period of removal, consistent with the need to ensure the health, safety, and
27	velfare of the child;
28	(viii) identify community resources, including housing, financial, transportation, mental health,



60th I	gislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002	2
ootn L	egislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002	-
1	substance abuse, and peer support services, and actively assist the parents or, when appropriate, the child's	
2	family in utilizing and accessing the resources;	
3	(ix) monitor progress and participation in services; and	
4	(x) consider alternative ways to address the needs of the parents and, when appropriate, the	
5	family if the optimum services do not exist or are not available.	
6	(ii) The term includes but is not limited to:	
7	(A) written prevention plans;	
8	(B) development of individual written case plans specifying state efforts to preserve or reunify	
9	families;	
10	(C) placement in the least disruptive setting possible with priority given to family placement as	
11	provided in 41-3-439 ;	
12	(D) provision of services pursuant to a case plan that is designed to address the parent's treatment	
13	and other needs precluding the parent from safely parenting, including but not limited to individual and family	
14	therapy, parent education, substance abuse treatment, and trauma-related services; and	
15	(E) periodic review of each case to ensure timely progress toward reunification or permanent	
16	placement.	
17	(c) In determining preservation or reunification services to be provided and in making reasonable	
18	efforts at providing preservation or reunification services, the child's health and safety are of paramount	
19	concern.	
20	(2) Except in a proceeding subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, the department may, at	
21	any time during an abuse and neglect proceeding, make a request for a determination that preservation or	
22	reunification services need not be provided. If an indigent parent is not already represented by counsel, the	
23	court shall immediately provide for the appointment or assignment of counsel to represent the indigent parent in	i
24	accordance with the provisions of 41-3-425. A court may make a finding that the department need not make	
25	reasonable efforts to provide preservation or reunification services if the court finds that the parent has:	
26	(a) subjected a child to aggravated circumstances, including but not limited to abandonment,	
27	torture, chronic abuse, or sexual abuse or chronic, severe neglect of a child;	
28	(b) committed, aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited deliberate or mitigated deliberate	



Amendment - Reference-white - Requested by: Governor - (H) Committee of the Whole				
68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 HB0037.003.002		
1	homicide of a child;			
2	(c)	committed aggravated assault against a child;		
		committed neglect of a child that resulted in serious bodily injury or death; or		
3	(d)			
4	(e)	had parental rights to the child's sibling or other child of the parent involuntarily terminated and		
5		nces related to the termination of parental rights are relevant to the parent's ability to adequately		
6	care for the ch	ild at issue.		
7	(3)	Preservation or reunification services are not required for a putative father, as defined in 42-2-		
8	201, if the cou	rt makes a finding that the putative father has failed to do any of the following:		
9	(a) contribute to the support of the child for an aggregate period of 1 year, although able to do so;			
10	(b)	establish a substantial relationship with the child. A substantial relationship is demonstrated by:		
11	(i)	visiting the child at least monthly when physically and financially able to do so; or		
12	(ii)	having regular contact with the child or with the person or agency having the care and custody		
13	of the child when physically and financially able to do so; and			
14	(iii)	manifesting an ability and willingness to assume legal and physical custody of the child if the		
15	child was not in the physical custody of the other parent.			
16	(c)	register with the putative father registry pursuant to Title 42, chapter 2, part 2, and the person		
17	has not been:			
18	(i)	adjudicated in Montana to be the father of the child for the purposes of child support; or		
19	(ii)	recorded on the child's birth certificate as the child's father.		
20	(4)	A judicial finding that preservation or reunification services are not necessary under this section		
21	must be suppo	orted by clear and convincing evidence.		
22	(5)	If the court finds that preservation or reunification services are not necessary pursuant to		
23	subsection (2)	or (3), a permanency hearing must be held within 30 days of that determination and reasonable		
24	efforts, including consideration of both in-state and out-of-state permanent placement options for the child, must			
25	be made to place the child in a timely manner in accordance with the permanency plan and to complete			
26	whatever step	s are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the child.		
27	(6)	If reasonable efforts have been made to prevent removal of a child from the home or to return a		

child to the child's home but continuation of the efforts is determined by the court to be inconsistent with the



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1	permanency plan for the child, the department shall make reasonable efforts to place the child in a timely				
2	manner in accordance with the permanency plan, including, if appropriate, placement in another state, and to				
3	complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the child. Reasonable efforts to				
4	place a child permanently for adoption or to make an alternative out-of-home permanent placement may be				
5	made concurrently with reasonable efforts to return a child to the child's home. Concurrent planning, including				
6	identifying in-state and out-of-state placements, may be used.				
7	(7) When determining whether the department has made reasonable efforts to prevent the				
8	necessity of removal of a child from the child's home or to reunify families that have been separated by the				
9	state, the court shall review the services provided by the agency including, if applicable, protective services				
10	provided pursuant to 41-3-302."				
11					
12	Section 9. Section 41-3-424, MCA, is amended to read:				
13	"41-3-424. Dismissal. Unless the petition has been previously dismissed, the court shall dismiss an				
14	abuse and neglect petition on the motion of a party, or on its own motion, in any case in which all- <u>one of</u> the				
15	following criteria are <u>is</u> met :				
16	(1) a child who has been placed in foster care is reunited with the child's parents and returned				
17	home and the court finds, after a hearing, that the child is safe in the home with no support or safety services;				
18	(2) the child remains in the home for a minimum of 6 months with no additional confirmed reports				
19	of child abuse or neglect; and <u>or</u>				
20	(3) the department determines and informs the court that the issues that led to department				
21	intervention have been resolved and that no reason exists for further department intervention or monitoring."				
22					
23	Section 10. Section 41-3-425, MCA, is amended to read:				
24	"41-3-425. Right to counsel. (1) Any party involved in a petition filed pursuant to 41-3-422 has the				
25	right to counsel in all proceedings held pursuant to the petition.				
26	(2) Except as provided in subsections (3) through (5) and (4), the court shall immediately appoint				
27	the office of state public defender to assign counsel for:				
28	(a) any indigent parent, guardian, or other person having legal custody of a child or youth in a				



68th Legislature		Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002		
1	removal, placement, or termination proceeding pursuant to 41-3-422, pending a determination of eligibility				
2	pursuant to 47	pursuant to 47-1-111;			
3	(b)	any child or youth involved in a proceeding under a petition filed pursuant to 4	1-3-422 when a		
4	guardian ad lite	em is not appointed for the child or youth; and			
5	(c)	any party entitled to counsel at public expense under the federal Indian Child	Welfare Act.		
6	(3) W	√hen appropriate, the court may appoint the office of state public defender to as	sign counsel for		
7	any child or yo	uth involved in a proceeding under a petition filed pursuant to 41-3-422 when a	guardian ad litem		
8	is appointed fo	r the child or youth.			
9	(4)<u>(</u>3)	When appropriate and in accordance with judicial branch policy, the court ma	y assign counsel		
10	at the court's e	expense for a guardian ad litem or a court-appointed special advocate involved i	n a proceeding		
11	under a petition	n filed pursuant to 41-3-422.			
12	(5)<u>(</u>4)	Except as provided in the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, a court may not ap	opoint a public		
13	defender to a p	putative father, as defined in 42-2-201, of a child or youth in a removal, placeme	ent, or termination		
14	proceeding pu	rsuant to 41-3-422 until:			
15	(a)	the putative father is successfully served notice of a petition filed pursuant to	41-3-422; and		
16	(b)	the putative father makes a request to the court in writing to appoint the office	of state public		
17	defender to assign counsel."				
18					
19	Sectio	on 11. Section 41-3-427, MCA, is amended to read:			
20	"41-3-4	427. Petition for immediate protection and emergency protective service	s order		
21	service. (1) (a) In a case in which it appears that a child is abused or neglected or is in dange	r of <u>When</u>		
22	<u>necessary to p</u>	revent a child from being abused or neglected, the county attorney, the attorney	y general, or an		
23	attorney hired	by the county may file a petition for immediate protection and emergency protec	ctive services. In		
24	implementing t	he policy of this section, the child's health and safety are of paramount concern	í.		
25	(b)	A petition for immediate protection and emergency protective services must s	tate the specific		
26	authority reque	ested and must be supported by an affidavit signed by a representative of the de	epartment stating		
27	in detail the all	eged facts upon <u>on</u> which the request is based and the facts establishing proba	ble cause or, if		
28	the case is sub	pject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, clear and convincing evidence that	a child is abused		



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1 or neglected or is in danger of the relief requested is necessary to prevent a child from being abused or

neglected. The affidavit of the department representative must contain information, if any, regarding statements
made by the parents about the facts of the case.

4 (c) If from the alleged facts presented in the affidavit it appears to the court that there is probable 5 cause or, if the case is subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, clear and convincing evidence to believe 6 that the child has been abused or neglected or is in danger of relief requested is necessary to prevent the child 7 from being abused and neglected, the judge shall grant emergency protective services and the relief authorized 8 by subsection (2) until the adjudication hearing or the temporary investigative hearing. If it appears from the 9 alleged facts contained in the affidavit that there is insufficient probable cause or, if the case is subject to the 10 federal Indian Child Welfare Act, clear and convincing evidence to believe that the child has been abused or 11 neglected or is in danger of relief requested is necessary to prevent the child from being abused or neglected, 12 the court shall dismiss the petition.

(d) If the parents, parent, guardian, person having physical or legal custody of the child, or attorney
for the child disputes the material issues of fact contained in the affidavit or the veracity of the affidavit, the
person may request a contested show cause hearing pursuant to 41-3-432 within 10 days following service of
the petition and affidavit.

17 (e) The petition for immediate protection and emergency protective services must include a notice 18 advising the parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the child that the 19 parents, parent, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody of the child may have a support 20 person present during any in-person meeting with a child protection specialist concerning emergency protective 21 services. Reasonable accommodation must be made in scheduling an in-person meeting with the child 22 protection specialist.

(2) (a) Pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds probable cause or, if the case is subject to the
federal Indian Child Welfare Act, clear and convincing evidence based on the petition and affidavit, the court
may issue an order for immediate protection of the child. The court shall consider the parents' statements, if
any, included with the petition and any accompanying affidavit or report to the court. If the court finds probable
cause or, if the case is subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, clear and convincing evidence, the court
may issue an order granting the following forms of relief, which do not constitute a court-ordered treatment plan



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0037.003.002

1 under 41-3-443:

2 (a)(i) the right of entry by a peace officer or department worker;

3 (b)(ii) the right to place the child in temporary medical or out-of-home care, including but not limited to

4 care provided by a noncustodial parent, kinship or foster family, group home, or institution;

5 (c)(iii) the right of the department to locate, contact, and share information with any extended family

6 members who may be considered as placement options for the child;

7 (d)(iv) a requirement that the parents, guardian, or other person having physical or legal custody

8 furnish information that the court may designate and obtain evaluations that may be necessary to determine

9 whether a child is a youth in need of care;

10 (e)(v) a requirement that the perpetrator of the alleged child abuse or neglect be removed from the 11 home to allow the child to remain in the home;

(f)(vi) a requirement that the parent provide the department with the name and address of the other
 parent, if known, unless parental rights to the child have been terminated;

14 (g)(vii) a requirement that the parent provide the department with the names and addresses of

15 extended family members who may be considered as placement options for the child who is the subject of the

16 proceeding; and

(h)(viii) any other temporary disposition that may be required in the best interests of the child that does
not require an expenditure of money by the department unless the court finds after notice and a hearing that the
expenditure is reasonable and that resources are available for payment. The department is the payor of last
resort after all family, insurance, and other resources have been examined.

21

(b) An order issued under subsection (2)(a) must articulate the factual basis for each finding.

(3) An order for removal of a child from the home must include a finding that continued residence
of the child with the parent is contrary to the welfare of the child or that an out-of-home placement is in the best

24 interests of the child.

(4) The order for immediate protection of the child must require the person served to comply
immediately with the terms of the order and to appear before the court issuing the order on the date specified
for a show cause hearing. Upon a failure to comply or show cause, the court may hold the person in contempt
or place temporary physical custody of the child with the department until further order.



Amendment - Reference-white - Requested by: Governor - (H) Committee of the Whole				
68th Legislature		D	Prafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0037.003.002
1	(5)	The petition must be s	erved as provided in 41-3-422."	
2 3	NEW	SECTION. Section 12.	Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and	2] are intended to be codified
4	as an integral	part of Title 41, chapter 3	3, part 3, and the provisions of Title 41, cha	pter 3, part 3, apply to
5	[sections 1 an	d 2].		
6				
7	NEW	SECTION. Section 13.	Effective date <u>DATES</u> . [This act] (1) EXCEP	T AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
8	subsections (2	? <u>) and (3), [THIS ACT]</u> is ef	fective July 1, 2023.	
9	<u>(2)</u>	[Sections 1, 2, 3, and s	5] are effective July 1, 2024.	
10	(2) (3)	[SECTION 7] IS EFFECTIV	<u>VE JULY 1, 2025.</u>	
11				
12	NEW	SECTION. SECTION 14.	TERMINATION. [SECTION 6] TERMINATES JUN	<u>E 30, 2025.</u>
13			- END -	

