

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 222
2 INTRODUCED BY T. WELCH, C. KNUDSEN, J. DOOLING, D. LOGE, R. FITZGERALD, J. ELLSWORTH, D.
3 ZOLNIKOV, J. KASSMIER
4

5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR A PROPERTY TAX REBATE ON A PRINCIPAL
6 RESIDENCE BASED ON A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF PROPERTY TAXES PAID; PROVIDING A REBATE OF
7 PROPERTY TAXES UP TO ~~\$1,000~~ \$500 A YEAR FOR TAX YEARS 2022 AND 2023 FOR A PRINCIPAL
8 RESIDENCE THAT WAS OCCUPIED BY THE TAXPAYER; PROVIDING A PENALTY FOR FALSE OR
9 FRAUDULENT CLAIMS; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING THAT THE PROPERTY TAX REBATE IS
10 NOT SUBJECT TO THE MONTANA INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX; PROVIDING A STATUTORY
11 APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-30-2110, 15-30-2120, AND 17-7-502, MCA; AND PROVIDING
12 EFFECTIVE DATES AND A TERMINATION DATE."

13
14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

15
16 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 3], the following definitions
17 apply:

18 (1) "Montana property taxes" means the ad valorem property taxes, special assessments, and
19 other fees imposed on property classified under 15-6-134 that is a single-family dwelling unit, unit of a multiple-
20 unit dwelling, trailer, manufactured home, or mobile home and as much of the surrounding land, not exceeding
21 1 acre, as is reasonably necessary for its use as a dwelling and that were assessed and paid by the taxpayer
22 as follows:

23 (a) for tax year 2022, the amount of Montana property taxes assessed and paid is equal to the
24 total amount billed by the local government for the dwelling as shown on the 2022 property tax bill received by
25 the taxpayer with a first-half payment due in or around November 2022 and a second-half payment due in or
26 around May 2023; and

27 (b) for tax year 2023, the amount of Montana property taxes assessed and paid is equal to the
28 total amount billed by the local government for the dwelling as shown on the 2023 property tax bill received by

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1 the taxpayer with a first-half payment due in or around November 2023 and a second-half payment due in or
2 around May 2024.

3 (2) "Owned" includes purchasing under a contract for deed and being the grantor or grantors under
4 a revocable trust indenture.

5 (3) (a) "Principal residence" is, subject to the provisions of subsection (3)(b), a dwelling:

6 (i) in which a taxpayer can demonstrate the taxpayer owned and lived in for at least 7 months of
7 the year for which the rebate is claimed;

8 (ii) that is the only residence for which the property tax rebate is claimed; and

9 (iii) for which the taxpayer made payment of the assessed Montana property taxes during tax year
10 2022 and tax year 2023.

11 (b) A taxpayer that cannot meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a)(i) because the taxpayer's
12 principal residence changes during the tax year to another principal residence may still claim a rebate if the
13 taxpayer paid the Montana property taxes while residing in each principal residence for a total of at least 7
14 consecutive months for each tax year.

15 (4) "Tax year 2022" means the period January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022.

16 (5) "Tax year 2023" means the period January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023.

17

18 **NEW SECTION. Section 2. Property tax rebate -- manner of claiming -- limitations --**

19 **appropriation.** (1) Subject to the conditions provided for in [sections 1 through 3], there is a rebate of Montana
20 property taxes in the amount of:

21 (a) ~~\$1,000~~ \$500 or the amount of total property taxes paid, whichever is less, for tax year 2022;

22 and

23 (b) ~~\$1,000~~ \$500 or the amount of total property taxes paid, whichever is less, for tax year 2023.

24 (2) The rebate provided for in subsection (1) is for Montana property taxes assessed to and paid
25 by a taxpayer or taxpayers on property they owned and occupied as a principal residence during the relevant
26 tax year.

27 (3) The department shall mail a notice to potential claimants by June 30, 2023, for tax year 2022
28 and by June 30, 2024, for tax year 2023. Receipt of a notice does not establish that a taxpayer or property

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1 owner is eligible for a rebate, and a taxpayer who does not receive a notice may still be eligible to claim a
2 rebate. All taxpayers, regardless of the receipt of notice, shall claim a rebate as provided in subsection (5).

3 (4) Except as provided in subsections (5)(c) and (5)(d), a single-family dwelling unit, unit of a
4 multiple-unit dwelling, trailer, manufactured home, or mobile home and as much of the surrounding land, not
5 exceeding 1 acre that is owned by an entity is not eligible to claim the rebate.

6 (5) (a) All claims for this property tax rebate must be submitted to the department electronically or
7 by mail for each tax year the rebate is claimed.

8 (i) Electronic claims must be submitted between August 15 and October 1 each year through the
9 department's website.

10 (ii) Claims submitted by mail must be made on a form prescribed by the department and
11 postmarked by October 1 each year.

12 (b) Subject to subsections (5)(c) and (5)(d), a claim for rebate must be submitted, under penalty of
13 false swearing and the penalties provided in [section 3], on a form prescribed by the department and must
14 contain:

15 (i) an affirmation that the claimant owns and maintains the land and improvements as the principal
16 residence as defined in [section 1];

17 (ii) the geocode or other property identifier for the principal residence that the claimant is
18 requesting the rebate on;

19 (iii) the social security number of the claimant, the claimant's spouse, and any dependents; and

20 (iv) any other information as required by the department that is relevant to the claimant's eligibility.

21 (c) The personal representative of the estate of a deceased taxpayer may execute and file the
22 claim for rebate on behalf of a deceased taxpayer who qualifies for the rebate.

23 (d) The trustee of a grantor revocable trust may file a claim on behalf of the trust if the dwelling
24 meets the definition of a principal residence for the grantor.

25 (6) Only one rebate for each tax year will be issued to a taxpayer for the Montana property taxes
26 paid by the taxpayer for tax year 2022 and tax year 2023.

27 (7) If a debt is due and owing to the state, the department may offset the rebate in this section as
28 provided in sections 15-30-2629, 15-30-2630, 17-4-105, or as otherwise provided by law.

1 (8) The payment of property tax rebates and administration costs related to paying property tax
2 refunds under this section are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the general fund to the
3 department of revenue for distribution to taxpayers and for related administration costs.
4

5 NEW SECTION. **Section 3. Property tax rebate -- penalty for false or fraudulent claim.** (1) Except
6 as provided in subsection (2), if the department discovers that a rebate paid to a taxpayer exceeded the amount
7 allowed by [sections 1 through 3], the department may, within 1 year from the date the rebate was transmitted
8 to the taxpayer, assess the taxpayer for the difference. The assessment is subject to the uniform dispute review
9 procedure established in 15-1-211.

10 (2) A person who files a false or fraudulent claim for a property tax rebate under [sections 1
11 through 3] is subject to criminal prosecution under the provisions of 45-7-202. If a false or fraudulent claim has
12 been paid by the department, the amount paid may be recovered as any other tax owed the state, together with
13 a penalty of 300% of the rebate claimed and interest on the amount of the rebate claimed plus penalty at the
14 rate of 12% a year, until paid. If this rebate plus penalty becomes due and owing, the department may issue a
15 warrant for distraint as provided in Title 15, chapter 1, part 7.
16

17 **Section 4.** Section 15-30-2110, MCA, is amended to read:

18 **"15-30-2110. (Temporary) Adjusted gross income.** (1) Subject to subsection (15), adjusted gross
19 income is the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 26 U.S.C. 62, and in addition includes the following:

21 (a) (i) interest received on obligations of another state or territory or county, municipality, district, or
22 other political subdivision of another state, except to the extent that the interest is exempt from taxation by
23 Montana under federal law;

24 (ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
25 U.S.C. 852(b)(5), that are attributable to the interest referred to in subsection (1)(a)(i);

26 (b) refunds received of federal income tax, to the extent that the deduction of the tax resulted in a
27 reduction of Montana income tax liability as determined under subsection (16);

28 (c) that portion of a shareholder's income under subchapter S. of Chapter 1 of the Internal

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1 Revenue Code that has been reduced by any federal taxes paid by the subchapter S. corporation on the
2 income;

3 (d) depreciation or amortization taken on a title plant as defined in 33-25-105;

4 (e) the recovery during the tax year of an amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
5 the amount recovered reduced the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;

6 (f) if the state taxable distribution of an estate or trust is greater than the federal taxable
7 distribution of the same estate or trust, the difference between the state taxable distribution and the federal
8 taxable distribution of the same estate or trust for the same tax period; and

9 (g) except for exempt-interest dividends described in subsection (2)(a)(ii), the amount of any
10 dividend to the extent that the dividend is not included in federal adjusted gross income.

11 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted gross income does not
12 include the following, which are exempt from taxation under this chapter:

13 (a) (i) all interest income from obligations of the United States government, the state of Montana,
14 or a county, municipality, district, or other political subdivision of the state and any other interest income that is
15 exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law;

16 (ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
17 U.S.C. 852(b)(5), that are attributable to the interest referred to in subsection (2)(a)(i);

18 (b) interest income earned by a taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older in a tax year up to and
19 including \$800 for a taxpayer filing a separate return and \$1,600 for each joint return;

20 (c) (i) except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii) and subject to subsection (17), the first \$4,070 of
21 all pension and annuity income received as defined in 15-30-2101;

22 (ii) subject to subsection (17), for pension and annuity income described under subsection (2)(c)(i),
23 as follows:

24 (A) each taxpayer filing singly, head of household, or married filing separately shall reduce the total
25 amount of the exclusion provided in subsection (2)(c)(i) by \$2 for every \$1 of federal adjusted gross income in
26 excess of \$33,910 as shown on the taxpayer's return;

27 (B) in the case of married taxpayers filing jointly, if both taxpayers are receiving pension or annuity
28 income or if only one taxpayer is receiving pension or annuity income, the exclusion claimed as provided in

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- 1 subsection (2)(c)(i) must be reduced by \$2 for every \$1 of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$33,910
2 as shown on their joint return;
- 3 (d) all Montana income tax refunds or tax refund credits;
- 4 (e) gain required to be recognized by a liquidating corporation under 15-31-113(1)(a)(ii);
- 5 (f) all tips or gratuities that are covered by section 3402(k) or service charges that are covered by
6 section 3401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C. 3402(k) or 3401, as amended and applicable on
7 January 1, 1983, received by a person for services rendered to patrons of premises licensed to provide food,
8 beverage, or lodging;
- 9 (g) all benefits received under the workers' compensation laws;
- 10 (h) all health insurance premiums paid by an employer for an employee if attributed as income to
11 the employee under federal law;
- 12 (i) all money received because of a settlement agreement or judgment in a lawsuit brought
13 against a manufacturer or distributor of "agent orange" for damages resulting from exposure to "agent orange";
- 14 (j) principal and income in a medical care savings account established in accordance with 15-61-
15 201 or withdrawn from an account for eligible medical expenses, as defined in 15-61-102, including a medical
16 care savings account inherited by an immediate family member as provided in 15-61-202(6);
- 17 (k) principal and income in a first-time home buyer savings account established in accordance with
18 15-63-201 or withdrawn from an account for eligible costs, as provided in 15-63-202(7), for the first-time
19 purchase of a single-family residence;
- 20 (l) contributions or earnings withdrawn from an account established under the Montana family
21 education savings program, Title 15, chapter 62, or from a qualified tuition program established and maintained
22 by another state as provided by section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
23 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), for qualified education expenses, as defined in 15-62-103, of a designated beneficiary;
- 24 (m) the recovery during the tax year of any amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
25 the recovered amount did not reduce the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;
- 26 (n) if the federal taxable distribution of an estate or trust is greater than the state taxable
27 distribution of the same estate or trust, the difference between the federal taxable distribution and the state
28 taxable distribution of the same estate or trust for the same tax period;

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1 (o) deposits, not exceeding the amount set forth in 15-30-3003, deposited in a Montana farm and
2 ranch risk management account, as provided in 15-30-3001 through 15-30-3005, in any tax year for which a
3 deduction is not provided for federal income tax purposes;

4 (p) income of a dependent child that is included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income
5 pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code. The child is required to file a Montana personal income tax return if the
6 child and taxpayer meet the filing requirements in 15-30-2602.

7 (q) principal and income deposited in a health care expense trust account, as defined in 2-18-
8 1303, or withdrawn from the account for payment of qualified health care expenses as defined in 2-18-1303;

9 (r) the amount of the gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a mobile home park as
10 provided in 15-31-163;

11 (s) the amount of a scholarship to an eligible student by a student scholarship organization
12 pursuant to 15-30-3104; ~~and~~

13 (t) a payment received by a private landowner for providing public access to public land pursuant
14 to Title 76, chapter 17, part 1; and

15 (u) the amount of the property tax rebate received under [section 2].

16 (3) A shareholder of a DISC that is exempt from the corporate income tax under 15-31-102(1)(l)
17 shall include in the shareholder's adjusted gross income the earnings and profits of the DISC in the same
18 manner as provided by section 995 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 995, for all periods for which the
19 DISC election is effective.

20 (4) (a) A taxpayer who, in determining federal adjusted gross income, has reduced the taxpayer's
21 business deductions:

22 (i) by an amount for wages and salaries for which a federal tax credit was elected under sections
23 38 and 51(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 38 and 51(a), is allowed to deduct the amount of the
24 wages and salaries paid regardless of the credit taken; or

25 (ii) for which a federal tax credit was elected under the Internal Revenue Code is allowed to
26 deduct the amount of the business expense paid when there is no corresponding state income tax credit or
27 deduction, regardless of the credit taken.

28 (b) The deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made in the year that the wages, salaries, or

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1 business expenses were used to compute the credit. In the case of a partnership or small business corporation,
2 the deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made to determine the amount of income or loss of the partnership
3 or small business corporation.

4 (5) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are required to include part of their social
5 security benefits or part of their tier 1 railroad retirement benefits in federal adjusted gross income may split the
6 federal base used in calculation of federal taxable social security benefits or federal taxable tier 1 railroad
7 retirement benefits when they file separate Montana income tax returns. The federal base must be split equally
8 on the Montana return.

9 (6) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are allowed a capital loss deduction under
10 section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1211, and who file separate Montana income tax returns
11 may claim the same amount of the capital loss deduction that is allowed on the federal return. If the allowable
12 capital loss is clearly attributable to one spouse, the loss must be shown on that spouse's return; otherwise, the
13 loss must be split equally on each return.

14 (7) In the case of passive and rental income losses, married taxpayers filing a joint federal return
15 and who file separate Montana income tax returns are not required to recompute allowable passive losses
16 according to the federal passive activity rules for married taxpayers filing separately under section 469 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 469. If the allowable passive loss is clearly attributable to one spouse, the
18 loss must be shown on that spouse's return; otherwise, the loss must be split equally on each return.

19 (8) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return in which one or both of the taxpayers are allowed
20 a deduction for an individual retirement contribution under section 219 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
21 219, and who file separate Montana income tax returns may claim the same amount of the deduction that is
22 allowed on the federal return. The deduction must be attributed to the spouse who made the contribution.

23 (9) (a) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are allowed a deduction for interest paid
24 for a qualified education loan under section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 221, and who file
25 separate Montana income tax returns may claim the same amount of the deduction that is allowed on the
26 federal return. The deduction may be split equally on each return or in proportion to each taxpayer's share of
27 federal adjusted gross income.

28 (b) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are allowed a deduction for qualified tuition

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1 and related expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 222, and who file separate
2 Montana income tax returns may claim the same amount of the deduction that is allowed on the federal return.
3 The deduction may be split equally on each return or in proportion to each taxpayer's share of federal adjusted
4 gross income.

5 (10) A taxpayer receiving retirement disability benefits who has not attained 65 years of age by the
6 end of the tax year and who has retired as permanently and totally disabled may exclude from adjusted gross
7 income up to \$100 a week received as wages or payments in lieu of wages for a period during which the
8 employee is absent from work due to the disability. If the adjusted gross income before this exclusion exceeds
9 \$15,000, the excess reduces the exclusion by an equal amount. This limitation affects the amount of exclusion,
10 but not the taxpayer's eligibility for the exclusion. If eligible, married individuals shall apply the exclusion
11 separately, but the limitation for income exceeding \$15,000 is determined with respect to the spouses on their
12 combined adjusted gross income. For the purpose of this subsection, "permanently and totally disabled" means
13 unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determined physical or mental
14 impairment lasting or expected to last at least 12 months.

15 (11) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
16 family education savings program or to a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state
17 as provided by section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), may reduce
18 adjusted gross income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of married
19 taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not in excess of \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions to the
20 accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat half of the total contributions made by the spouses as being made
21 by each spouse. The reduction in adjusted gross income under this subsection applies only with respect to
22 contributions to an account of which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's
23 child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of subsection (1)(e)
24 do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced adjusted gross income.

25 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (11) are subject to the recapture tax provided in
26 15-62-208.

27 (12) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
28 achieving a better life experience program or to a qualified program established and maintained by another

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1 state may reduce adjusted gross income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case
2 of married taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not to exceed \$3,000, for the spouses'
3 contributions to the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat one-half of the total contributions made by the
4 spouses as being made by each spouse. The reduction in adjusted gross income under this subsection (12)(a)
5 applies only with respect to contributions to an account for which the account owner is the taxpayer, the
6 taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident.
7 The provisions of subsection (1)(e) do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced
8 adjusted gross income.

9 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (12) are subject to the recapture tax provided in
10 53-25-118.

11 (13) (a) A taxpayer may exclude the amount of the loan payment received pursuant to subsection
12 (13)(a)(iv), not to exceed \$5,000, from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income if the taxpayer:

13 (i) is a health care professional licensed in Montana as provided in Title 37;

14 (ii) is serving a significant portion of a designated geographic area, special population, or facility
15 population in a federally designated health professional shortage area, a medically underserved area or
16 population, or a federal nursing shortage county as determined by the secretary of health and human services
17 or by the governor;

18 (iii) has had a student loan incurred as a result of health-related education; and

19 (iv) has received a loan payment during the tax year made on the taxpayer's behalf by a loan
20 repayment program described in subsection (13)(b) as an incentive to practice in Montana.

21 (b) For the purposes of subsection (13)(a), a loan repayment program includes a federal, state, or
22 qualified private program. A qualified private loan repayment program includes a licensed health care facility, as
23 defined in 50-5-101, that makes student loan payments on behalf of the person who is employed by the facility
24 as a licensed health care professional.

25 (14) A taxpayer may exclude the amount of loan repayment assistance received during the tax year
26 pursuant to Title 20, chapter 4, part 5, not to exceed \$5,000, from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.

27 (15) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), adjusted gross income does not include 40%
28 of capital gains on the sale or exchange of capital assets before December 31, 1986, as capital gains are

1 determined under subchapter P. of Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code as it read on December 31, 1986.

2 (16) A refund received of federal income tax referred to in subsection (1)(b) must be allocated in the
3 following order as applicable:

4 (a) to federal income tax in a prior tax year that was not deducted on the state tax return in that
5 prior tax year;

6 (b) to federal income tax in a prior tax year that was deducted on the state tax return in that prior
7 tax year but did not result in a reduction in state income tax liability in that prior tax year; and

8 (c) to federal income tax in a prior tax year that was deducted on the state tax return in that prior
9 tax year and that reduced the taxpayer's state income tax liability in that prior tax year.

10 (17) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the amount of pension and annuity
11 income contained in subsection (2)(c)(i) and the federal adjusted gross income amounts in subsection (2)(c)(ii)
12 by the inflation factor for the following tax year, rounded to the nearest \$10. The resulting amounts are effective
13 for that following tax year and must be used as the basis for the exemption determined under subsection (2)(c).
14 (Repealed effective January 1, 2024--secs. 65, 70(1), Ch. 503, L. 2021; subsection (2)(f) terminates on
15 occurrence of contingency--sec. 3, Ch. 634, L. 1983; subsection (2)(o) terminates on occurrence of
16 contingency--sec. 9, Ch. 262, L. 2001; subsection (2)(t) terminates June 30, 2027--sec. 10, Ch. 374, L. 2017;
17 subsection (2)(s) terminates December 31, 2029--sec. 20, Ch. 480, L. 2021.)"

18

19 **Section 5.** Section 15-30-2120, MCA, is amended to read:

20 **"15-30-2120. (Effective January 1, 2024) Adjustments to federal taxable income to determine**

21 **Montana taxable income.** (1) The items in subsection (2) are added to and the items in subsection (3) are
22 subtracted from federal taxable income to determine Montana taxable income.

23 (2) The following are added to federal taxable income:

24 (a) to the extent that it is not exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law, interest from
25 obligations of a territory or another state or any political subdivision of a territory or another state and exempt-
26 interest dividends attributable to that interest except to the extent already included in federal taxable income;

27 (b) that portion of a shareholder's income under subchapter S. of Chapter 1 of the Internal
28 Revenue Code that has been reduced by any federal taxes paid by the subchapter S. corporation on the

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1 income;

2 (c) depreciation or amortization taken on a title plant as defined in 33-25-105;

3 (d) the recovery during the tax year of an amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
4 the amount recovered reduced the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;

5 (e) an item of income, deduction, or expense to the extent that it was used to calculate federal
6 taxable income if the item was also used to calculate a credit against a Montana income tax liability;

7 (f) a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary that was included
8 in the federal taxable income of an estate or trust in accordance with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661;

10 (g) a withdrawal from a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, used for
11 a purpose other than an eligible medical expense or long-term care of the employee or account holder or a
12 dependent of the employee or account holder;

13 (h) a withdrawal from a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63,
14 used for a purpose other than for eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family residence;

15 (i) for a taxpayer that deducts the qualified business income deduction pursuant to section 199A
16 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 199A, an amount equal to the qualified business income deduction
17 claimed; and

18 (j) for a taxpayer that deducts state income taxes pursuant to section 164(a)(3) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 164(a)(3), an additional amount equal to the state income tax deduction claimed, not
20 to exceed the amount required to reduce the federal itemized amount computed under section 161 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 161, to the amount of the federal standard deduction allowable under
22 section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 63(c).

23 (3) To the extent they are included as income or gain or not already excluded as a deduction or
24 expense in determining federal taxable income, the following are subtracted from federal taxable income:

25 (a) a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary in accordance
26 with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661, recalculated according to the
27 additions and subtractions in subsections (2) and (3)(b) through ~~(3)(m)~~ (3)(n);

28 (b) if exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law:

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- 1 (i) interest from obligations of the United States government and exempt-interest dividends
2 attributable to that interest; and
- 3 (ii) railroad retirement benefits;
- 4 (c) (i) salary received from the armed forces by residents of Montana who are serving on active
5 duty in the regular armed forces and who entered into active duty from Montana;
- 6 (ii) the salary received by residents of Montana for active duty in the national guard. For the
7 purposes of this subsection (3)(c)(ii), "active duty" means duty performed under an order issued to a national
8 guard member pursuant to:
- 9 (A) Title 10, U.S.C.; or
- 10 (B) Title 32, U.S.C., for a homeland defense activity, as defined in 32 U.S.C. 901, or a contingency
11 operation, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 101, and the person was a member of a unit engaged in a homeland
12 defense activity or contingency operation.
- 13 (iii) the amount received pursuant to 10-1-1114 or from the federal government by a service
14 member, as defined in 10-1-1112, as reimbursement for group life insurance premiums paid;
- 15 (iv) the amount received by a beneficiary pursuant to 10-1-1201; and
- 16 (v) all payments made under the World War I bonus law, the Korean bonus law, and the veterans'
17 bonus law. Any income tax that has been or may be paid on income received from the World War I bonus law,
18 Korean bonus law, and the veterans' bonus law is considered an overpayment and must be refunded upon the
19 filing of an amended return and a verified claim for refund on forms prescribed by the department in the same
20 manner as other income tax refund claims are paid.
- 21 (d) interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, that
22 are retained in a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, and any withdrawal for
23 payment of eligible medical expenses or for the long-term care of the employee or account holder or a
24 dependent of the employee or account holder;
- 25 (e) contributions or earnings withdrawn from a family education savings account provided for in
26 Title 15, chapter 62, or from a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state as
27 provided in section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), for qualified
28 education expenses, as defined in 15-62-103, of a designated beneficiary;

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1 (f) interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, that
2 are retained in a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63, and any withdrawal
3 for payment of eligible costs for the first-time purchase of a single-family residence;

4 (g) for each taxpayer that has attained the age of 65, an additional subtraction of \$5,500;

5 (h) the amount of a scholarship to an eligible student by a student scholarship organization
6 pursuant to 15-30-3104;

7 (i) a payment received by a private landowner for providing public access to public land pursuant
8 to Title 76, chapter 17, part 1;

9 (j) the amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state or
10 any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes but not
11 previously allowed as a deduction for Montana income tax purposes;

12 (k) the recovery during the tax year of any amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
13 the recovered amount did not reduce the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;

14 (l) an amount equal to 30% of net-long term capital gains, as defined in section 1222 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1222, if and to the extent such gain is taken into account in computing
16 federal taxable income; ~~and~~

17 (m) the amount of the gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a mobile home park as
18 provided in 15-31-163; ~~and~~

19 (n) the amount of the property tax rebate received under [section 2].

20 (4) (a) A taxpayer who, in determining federal taxable income, has reduced the taxpayer's
21 business deductions:

22 (i) by an amount for wages and salaries for which a federal tax credit was elected under sections
23 38 and 51(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 38 and 51(a), is allowed to deduct the amount of the
24 wages and salaries paid regardless of the credit taken; or

25 (ii) for which a federal tax credit was elected under the Internal Revenue Code is allowed to
26 deduct the amount of the business expense paid when there is no corresponding state income tax credit or
27 deduction, regardless of the credit taken.

28 (b) The deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made in the year that the wages, salaries, or

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1 business expenses were used to compute the credit. In the case of a partnership or small business corporation,
2 the deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made to determine the amount of income or loss of the partnership
3 or small business corporation.

4 (5) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
5 family education savings program or to a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state
6 as provided in section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), may reduce
7 taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of married taxpayers, each
8 spouse is entitled to a reduction, not in excess of \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions to the accounts.
9 Spouses may jointly elect to treat half of the total contributions made by the spouses as being made by each
10 spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (5)(a) applies only with respect to contributions
11 to an account of which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's child or
12 stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of subsection (2)(d) do not
13 apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced federal taxable income.

14 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (5) are subject to the recapture tax provided for
15 in 15-62-208.

16 (6) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
17 achieving a better life experience program or to a qualified program established and maintained by another
18 state may reduce taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of
19 married taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not to exceed \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions
20 to the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat one-half of the total contributions made by the spouses as
21 being made by each spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (6)(a) applies only with
22 respect to contributions to an account for which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or
23 the taxpayer's child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of
24 subsection (2)(d) do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced taxable income.

25 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (6) are subject to the recapture tax provided in
26 53-25-118.

27 (7) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the subtraction from federal taxable
28 income for a taxpayer that has attained the age of 65 contained in subsection (3)(g) by the inflation factor for

1 that tax year, rounding the result to the nearest \$10. The resulting amount is effective for that tax year and must
2 be used as the basis for the subtraction from federal taxable income determined under subsection (3)(g)."

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4 **Section 6.** Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:

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"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -- requisites for validity. (1) A statutory

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appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency without
7 the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.

8

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with

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both of the following provisions:

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(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).

11

(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a

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statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.

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(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-17-105; 5-11-120; 5-

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11-407; 5-13-403; 5-13-404; 7-4-2502; 7-4-2924; 7-32-236; 10-1-108; 10-1-1202; 10-1-1303; 10-2-603; 10-2-

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807; 10-3-203; 10-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-3-802; 10-3-1304; 10-4-304; 10-4-310; 15-1-121; 15-1-218;

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[section 2]; 15-31-165; 15-31-1004; 15-31-1005; 15-35-108; 15-36-332; 15-37-117; 15-39-110; 15-65-121; 15-

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70-101; 15-70-130; 15-70-433; 16-11-119; 16-11-509; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; 17-3-222; 17-3-241; 17-6-101; 17-7-

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215; 18-11-112; 19-3-319; 19-3-320; 19-6-404; 19-6-410; 19-9-702; 19-13-604; 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-19-

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305; 19-19-506; 19-20-604; 19-20-607; 19-21-203; 20-8-107; 20-9-534; 20-9-622; [20-15-328]; 20-26-617; 20-

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26-1503; 22-1-327; 22-3-116; 22-3-117; [22-3-1004]; 23-4-105; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-612; 23-7-301; 23-7-

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402; 30-10-1004; 37-43-204; 37-50-209; 37-54-113; 39-71-503; 41-5-2011; 42-2-105; 44-4-1101; 44-12-213;

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44-13-102; 46-32-108; 50-1-115; 53-1-109; 53-6-148; 53-9-113; 53-24-108; 53-24-206; 60-5-530; 60-11-115;

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61-3-321; 61-3-415; 67-1-309; 69-3-870; 69-4-527; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 75-26-308; 76-

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13-150; 76-13-151; 76-13-417; 76-17-103; 77-1-108; 77-2-362; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 80-11-518; 80-11-1006;

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81-1-112; 81-1-113; 81-7-106; 81-7-123; 81-10-103; 82-11-161; 85-2-526; 85-20-1504; 85-20-1505; [85-25-

26

102]; 87-1-603; 87-5-909; 90-1-115; 90-1-205; 90-1-504; 90-6-331; and 90-9-306.

27

(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing,

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paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued

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1 pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of
2 Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined
3 by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have
4 statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 360, L. 1999, the
5 inclusion of 19-20-604 terminates contingently when the amortization period for the teachers' retirement
6 system's unfunded liability is 10 years or less; pursuant to sec. 73, Ch. 44, L. 2007, the inclusion of 19-6-410
7 terminates contingently upon the death of the last recipient eligible under 19-6-709(2) for the supplemental
8 benefit provided by 19-6-709; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 383, L. 2015, the inclusion of 85-25-102 is effective on
9 occurrence of contingency; pursuant to sec. 6, Ch. 423, L. 2015, the inclusion of 22-3-116 and 22-3-117
10 terminates June 30, 2025; pursuant to sec. 12, Ch. 55, L. 2017, the inclusion of 37-54-113 terminates June 30,
11 2023; pursuant to sec. 4, Ch. 122, L. 2017, the inclusion of 10-3-1304 terminates September 30, 2025;
12 pursuant to sec. 1, Ch. 213, L. 2017, the inclusion of 90-6-331 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to secs. 5, 8,
13 Ch. 284, L. 2017, the inclusion of 81-1-112, 81-1-113, and 81-7-106 terminates June 30, 2023; pursuant to sec.
14 1, Ch. 340, L. 2017, the inclusion of 22-1-327 terminates July 1, 2023; pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 374, L. 2017,
15 the inclusion of 76-17-103 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 50, L. 2019, the inclusion of 37-50-
16 209 terminates September 30, 2023; pursuant to sec. 1, Ch. 408, L. 2019, the inclusion of 17-7-215 terminates
17 June 30, 2029; pursuant to secs. 11, 12, and 14, Ch. 343, L. 2019, the inclusion of 15-35-108 terminates June
18 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 7, Ch. 465, L. 2019, the inclusion of 85-2-526 terminates July 1, 2023; pursuant to
19 sec. 5, Ch. 477, L. 2019, the inclusion of 10-3-802 terminates June 30, 2023; pursuant to secs. 1, 2, 3, Ch. 139,
20 L. 2021, the inclusion of 53-9-113 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 8, Ch. 200, L. 2021, the inclusion
21 of 10-4-310 terminates July 1, 2031; pursuant to secs. 3, 4, Ch. 404, L. 2021, the inclusion of 30-10-1004
22 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 548, L. 2021, the inclusion of 50-1-115 terminates June 30,
23 2025; pursuant to secs. 5 and 12, Ch. 563, L. 2021, the inclusion of 22-3-1004 is effective July 1, 2027; and
24 pursuant to sec. 15, Ch. 574, L. 2021, the inclusion of 46-32-108 terminates June 30, 2023.)"

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26 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 3] are intended to be
27 codified as a new part of Title 15, chapter 1, and the provisions of Title 15, chapter 1, apply to [sections 1
28 through 3].

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COORDINATION SECTION. **Section 8. Coordination instruction.** (1) If [this act] is passed and approved and does not provide for a property tax rebate of \$500, and if any of the five bills identified in subsection (2) are not passed and approved, then the amount of the property tax rebate in [section 2] in [this act] is reduced by \$250.

(2) The five bills are:

- (a) House Bill No. 192;
- (b) House Bill No. 212;
- (c) House Bill No. 221;
- (d) House Bill No. 251; and
- (e) House Bill No. 267.

NEW SECTION. **Section 9. Effective dates.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is effective on passage and approval.

(2) [Section 5] is effective January 1, 2024.

NEW SECTION. **Section 10. Termination.** [This act] terminates June 30, 2025.

- END -