Claims	Amendment -	1st Reading/2nd House-blue	- Requested by: T	erry Moore - (S) Finance and	
	Claims				

- 2023 68th L		Drafter: Rebecca Power,	HB0226.002.008
1		HOUSE BILL NO. 226	
2	INTRODUCED BY T. MOO	RE, J. HAMILTON, D. FERN, S. VINTON, B. MERCEF	R, T. MCGILLVRAY, D. LENZ,
3		T. FALK, J. TREBAS	
4			
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTI	TLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS RELA	ATED TO THE PUBLIC
6	EMPLOYEES' RETIREMEN	NT SYSTEM; REVISING CONTRIBUTIONS IN THE PI	UBLIC EMPLOYEES'
7	RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO	O PROVIDE FOR AN ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED O	CONTRIBUTION; CHANGING
8	THE DEFAULT RETIREME	NT PLAN TO THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' DEFINED (CONTRIBUTION PLAN;
9	REQUIRING MEMBERS TO	O ELECT EITHER THE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OR	THE DEFINED
10	CONTRIBUTION PLAN ON	I THEIR FIRST DAY OF EMPLOYMENT; ALLOWING	MEMBERS TO CHANGE
11	THEIR PLAN CHOICE IN T	<u>THE FIRST 12 MONTHS OF SERVICE;</u> REVISING TH	E EMPLOYER
12	CONTRIBUTION TO THE I	DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN OF THE PUBLIC EN	MPLOYEES' RETIREMENT
13	SYSTEM; PROVIDING DEI	FINITIONS; CREATING A PENSION SPECIAL TRUST	<u>r fund; providing a</u>
14	STATUTORY APPROPRIA	<u>TION;</u> AMENDING SECTIONS <u>17-7-502,</u> 19-2-303, 19	9-2-405, 19-2-409, 19-3-315,
15	19-3-316, 19-3-319, <u>19-3-4</u>	<u>01, </u> 19-3-1605, 19-3-2111, 19-3-2117, AND 19-21-214	, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
16	EFFECTIVE DATE."		
17			
18	WHEREAS, Montai	na's current statutory funding approach to Montana's P	ublic Employees' Retirement
19	System (PERS) and the cu	rrent funding policies adopted by the Public Employees	s' Retirement Board is based
20	on a 30-year maximum sing	gle-layer amortization period for unfunded liabilities; an	d
21	WHEREAS, contrib	oution rates are currently fixed rates set in statute, whic	h means legislation is
22	required to increase contrib	utions if the contribution rates are insufficient to keep t	he amortization period under
23	30 years and continue to lo	wer the amortization period each year; and	
24	WHEREAS, a layer	ed amortization funding policy and automatic adjustme	ents in contribution rates to
25	ensure contributions are su	fficient to continue to pay down unfunded liabilities in a	more expeditious and fiscally
26	disciplined manner would si	ignificantly reduce the long-term costs of the Public Err	ployees' Retirement System;
27	and		



Amei Clain - 2023	dment - 1st Reading/2nd House-blue - Requested by: Terry Moore - (S)	Finance and
	jislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power,	HB0226.002.008
1	WHEREAS, the Public Employees' Retirement System is the largest statewide pub	lic employee
2	retirement system and accounts for the majority of the public retirement system liability, with	
3	liability of \$2.25 billion and an amortization period of 32 years.	
4		
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
6		
7	NEW SECTION. SECTION 1. PENSION SPECIAL TRUST FUND TRANSFER OF FUNDS -	- STATUTORY
8	APPROPRIATION. (1) THERE IS AN ACCOUNT IN THE STATE FIDUCIARY FUND ESTABLISHED IN 17-2-	102(3) TO BE KNOWN
9	AS THE PENSION SPECIAL TRUST FUND.	
10	(2) By July 1, 2023, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL TRANSFER \$300 MILLION FROM	THE GENERAL FUND
11	TO THIS ACCOUNT.	
12	(3) THE ACCOUNT IS STATUTORILY APPROPRIATED PURSUANT TO 17-7-502 AND MAY	BE USED ONLY TO
13	COVER ANY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RAT	E AND THE BASE RATE
14	<u>DEFINED IN 19-3-316</u> .	
15		
16	SECTION 2. SECTION 17-7-502, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:	
17	"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations definition requisites for validity. (1)	A statutory
18	appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a sta	te agency without
19	the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.	
20	(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriat	ion must comply with
21	both of the following provisions:	
22	(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).	
23	(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specific	cally state that a
24	statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.	
25	(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-	17-105; 5-11-120; 5-
26	11-407; 5-13-403; 5-13-404; 7-4-2502; 7-4-2924; 7-32-236; 10-1-108; 10-1-1202; 10-1-130	3; 10-2-603; 10-2-
27	807; 10-3-203; 10-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-3-802; 10-3-1304; 10-4-304; 10-4-310; 15	5-1-121; 15-1-218;



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1	15-31-165; 15-31-1004; 15-31-1005; 15-35-108; 15-36-332; 15-37-117; 15-39-110; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 15-
2	70-130; 15-70-433; 16-11-119; 16-11-509; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; 17-3-222; 17-3-241; 17-6-101; 17-7-215; 18-11-
3	112; 19-3-319; 19-3-320; [section 1]; 19-6-404; 19-6-410; 19-9-702; 19-13-604; 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-19-
4	305; 19-19-506; 19-20-604; 19-20-607; 19-21-203; 20-8-107; 20-9-534; 20-9-622; [20-15-328]; 20-26-617; 20-
5	26-1503; 22-1-327; 22-3-116; 22-3-117; [22-3-1004]; 23-4-105; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-612; 23-7-301; 23-7-
6	402; 30-10-1004; 37-43-204; 37-50-209; 37-54-113; 39-71-503; 41-5-2011; 42-2-105; 44-4-1101; 44-12-213;
7	44-13-102; 46-32-108; 50-1-115; 53-1-109; 53-6-148; 53-9-113; 53-24-108; 53-24-206; 60-5-530; 60-11-115;
8	61-3-321; 61-3-415; 67-1-309; 69-3-870; 69-4-527; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 75-26-308; 76-
9	13-150; 76-13-151; 76-13-417; 76-17-103; 77-1-108; 77-2-362; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 80-11-518; 80-11-1006;
10	81-1-112; 81-1-113; 81-7-106; 81-7-123; 81-10-103; 82-11-161; 85-2-526; 85-20-1504; 85-20-1505; [85-25-
11	102]; 87-1-603; 87-5-909; 90-1-115; 90-1-205; 90-1-504; 90-6-331; and 90-9-306.

12 (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued 13 14 pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined 15 16 by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have 17 statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 360, L. 1999, the 18 inclusion of 19-20-604 terminates contingently when the amortization period for the teachers' retirement 19 system's unfunded liability is 10 years or less; pursuant to sec. 73, Ch. 44, L. 2007, the inclusion of 19-6-410 20 terminates contingently upon the death of the last recipient eligible under 19-6-709(2) for the supplemental 21 benefit provided by 19-6-709; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 383, L. 2015, the inclusion of 85-25-102 is effective on 22 occurrence of contingency; pursuant to sec. 6, Ch. 423, L. 2015, the inclusion of 22-3-116 and 22-3-117 terminates June 30, 2025; pursuant to sec. 12, Ch. 55, L. 2017, the inclusion of 37-54-113 terminates June 30, 23 24 2023; pursuant to sec. 4, Ch. 122, L. 2017, the inclusion of 10-3-1304 terminates September 30, 2025; 25 pursuant to sec. 1, Ch. 213, L. 2017, the inclusion of 90-6-331 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to secs. 5, 8, 26 Ch. 284, L. 2017, the inclusion of 81-1-112, 81-1-113, and 81-7-106 terminates June 30, 2023; pursuant to sec. 27 1, Ch. 340, L. 2017, the inclusion of 22-1-327 terminates July 1, 2023; pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 374, L. 2017,



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1	the inclusion of 76-17-103 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch, 50, L. 2019, the inclusion of 37-50-
2	209 terminates September 30, 2023; pursuant to sec. 1, Ch. 408, L. 2019, the inclusion of 17-7-215 terminates
3	June 30, 2029; pursuant to secs. 11, 12, and 14, Ch. 343, L. 2019, the inclusion of 15-35-108 terminates June
4	30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 7, Ch. 465, L. 2019, the inclusion of 85-2-526 terminates July 1, 2023; pursuant to
5	sec. 5, Ch. 477, L. 2019, the inclusion of 10-3-802 terminates June 30, 2023; pursuant to secs. 1, 2, 3, Ch. 139,
6	L. 2021, the inclusion of 53-9-113 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 8, Ch. 200, L. 2021, the inclusion
7	of 10-4-310 terminates July 1, 2031; pursuant to secs. 3, 4, Ch. 404, L. 2021, the inclusion of 30-10-1004
8	terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 548, L. 2021, the inclusion of 50-1-115 terminates June 30,
9	2025; pursuant to secs. 5 and 12, Ch. 563, L. 2021, the inclusion of 22-3-1004 is effective July 1, 2027; and
10	pursuant to sec. 15, Ch. 574, L. 2021, the inclusion of 46-32-108 terminates June 30, 2023.)"
11	
12	Section 3. Section 19-2-303, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"19-2-303. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, for each of the retirement systems
14	subject to this chapter, the following definitions apply:
15	(1) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all the regular and any additional contributions
16	made by a member in a defined benefit plan, together with the regular interest on the contributions.
17	(2) "Active member" means a member who is a paid employee of an employer, is making the
18	required contributions, and is properly reported to the board for the most current reporting period.
19	(3) "Actuarial cost" means the amount determined by the board in a uniform and nondiscriminatory
20	manner to represent the present value of the benefits to be derived from the additional service to be credited
21	based on the most recent actuarial valuation for the system and the age, years until retirement, and current
22	salary of the member.
23	(4) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal value when computed upon the basis of the
24	mortality table and interest rate assumptions adopted by the board.
25	(5) "Actuarial liabilities" means the excess of the present value of all benefits payable under a
26	defined benefit retirement plan over the present value of future normal costs in that retirement plan.
27	(6) "Actuary" means the actuary retained by the board in accordance with 19-2-405.



Amendment - 1st Reading/2nd House-blue - Requested by: Terry Moore - (S) Finance and Claims - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 (7) "Additional contributions" means contributions made by a member of a defined benefit plan to

2 purchase various types of optional service credit as allowed by the applicable retirement plan.

3 (8) "Annuity" means:

- 4 (a) in the case of a defined benefit plan, equal and fixed payments for life that are the actuarial 5 equivalent of a lump-sum payment under a retirement plan and as such are not benefits paid by a retirement 6 plan and are not subject to periodic or one-time increases; or
- 7 (b) in the case of the defined contribution plan, a payment of a fixed sum of money at regular8 intervals.
- 9 (9) "Banked holiday time" means the hours reported for work performed on a holiday that the 10 employee may use for equivalent time off or that may be paid to the employee as specified by the employer's

11 policy.

12 (10) "Benefit" means:

- (a) the service retirement benefit, early retirement benefit, or disability retirement or survivorship
 benefit payment provided by a defined benefit retirement plan; or
- 15 (b) a payment or distribution under the defined contribution retirement plan, including a disability

16 payment under 19-3-2141, for the exclusive benefit of a plan member or the member's beneficiary or an annuity

17 purchased under 19-3-2124.

18

(11) "Board" means the public employees' retirement board provided for in 2-15-1009.

- 19 (12) "Contingent annuitant" means:
- 20 (a) under option 2 or 3 provided for in 19-3-1501, one natural person designated to receive a

21 continuing monthly benefit after the death of a retired member; or

- 22 (b) under option 4 provided for in 19-3-1501, a natural person, charitable organization, estate, or
- trust that may receive a continuing monthly benefit after the death of a retired member.
- 24 (13) "Covered employment" means employment in a covered position.
- 25 (14) "Covered position" means a position in which the employee must be a member of the

26 retirement system except as otherwise provided by law.

27 (15) "Defined benefit retirement plan" or "defined benefit plan" means a plan within the retirement



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, 1 systems provided for pursuant to 19-2-302 that is not the defined contribution retirement plan. 2 (16)"Defined contribution retirement plan" or "defined contribution plan" means the plan within the 3 public employees' retirement system established in 19-3-103 that is provided for in chapter 3, part 21, of this 4 title and that is not a defined benefit plan. 5 "Department" means the department of administration. (17)6 "Designated beneficiary" means the person, charitable organization, estate, or trust for the (18)7 benefit of a natural person designated by a member or payment recipient to receive any survivorship benefits, 8 lump-sum payments, or benefit from a retirement account upon the death of the member or payment recipient, 9 including annuities derived from the benefits or payments. 10 (19)"Direct rollover" means a payment by the retirement plan to the eligible retirement plan 11 specified by the distributee or a payment from an eligible retirement plan to the retirement plan specified by the

12 distributee.

"Disability" or "disabled" means a total inability of the member to perform the member's duties 13 (20)14 by reason of physical or mental incapacity. The disability must be incurred while the member is an active member and must be one of permanent duration or of extended and uncertain duration, as determined by the 15 16 board on the basis of competent medical opinion.

"Distributee" means: 17 (21)

18 a member; (a)

19 (b) a member's surviving spouse;

20 (c) a member's spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a family law order as defined in 19-2-907; or 21

22 (d) effective January 1, 2007, a member's nonspouse beneficiary who is a designated beneficiary 23 as defined by section 401(a)(9)(E) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9)(E).

24 (22)"Early retirement benefit" means the retirement benefit payable to a member following early 25 retirement and is the actuarial equivalent of the accrued portion of the member's service retirement benefit.

26 (23)"Eligible retirement plan" means any of the following that accepts the distributee's eligible 27 rollover distribution:



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- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 an individual retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 (a) 2 U.S.C. 408(a); 3 (b) an individual retirement annuity described in section 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 4 U.S.C. 408(b); 5 an annuity plan described in section 403(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 403(a); (c) 6 a gualified trust described in section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401(a): (d) 7 (e) effective January 1, 2002, an annuity contract described in section 403(b) of the Internal 8 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 403(b); 9 effective January 1, 2002, a plan eligible under section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, (f) 10 26 U.S.C. 457(b), that is maintained by a state, a political subdivision of a state, or any agency or 11 instrumentality of a state or a political subdivision of a state that agrees to separately account for amounts 12 transferred into that plan from a plan under this title: or effective January 1, 2008, a Roth IRA described in section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code, 13 (g) 14 26 U.S.C. 408A. "Eligible rollover distribution": 15 (24) means any distribution of all or any portion of the balance from a retirement plan to the credit of 16 (a) the distributee, as provided in 19-2-1011; 17 18 (b) effective January 1, 2002, includes a distribution to a surviving spouse or to a spouse or former 19 spouse who is an alternate payee under a domestic relations order, as defined in section 414(p) of the Internal 20 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 414(p). 21 (25) "Employee" means a person who is employed by an employer in any capacity and whose 22 salary is being paid by the employer or a person for whom an interlocal governmental entity is responsible for 23 paying retirement contributions pursuant to 7-11-105. 24 (26)"Employer" means a governmental agency participating in a retirement system enumerated in 25 19-2-302 on behalf of its eligible employees. The term includes an interlocal governmental entity identified as 26 responsible for paying retirement contributions pursuant to 7-11-105. 27 (27) "Essential elements of the position" means fundamental job duties. An element may be



Claims - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 considered essential because of but not limited to the following factors: 2 (a) the position exists to perform the element; 3 (b) there are a limited number of employees to perform the element; or 4 the element is highly specialized. (c) 5 "Excess earnings" means the difference, if any, between reported compensation and the limits (28) 6 provided in 19-2-1005(2) used to calculate a member's highest average compensation or final average 7 compensation. 8 (29) "Fiscal year" means a plan year, which is any year commencing with July 1 and ending the 9 following June 30. 10 (30)"Inactive member" means a member who terminates service and does not retire or take a 11 refund of the member's accumulated contributions. 12 (31) "Internal Revenue Code" has the meaning provided in 15-30-2101. "Member" means either: 13 (32) 14 a person with accumulated contributions and service credited with a defined benefit retirement (a) plan or receiving a retirement benefit on account of the person's previous service credited in a retirement 15 16 system; or 17 a person with a retirement account in the defined contribution plan. (b) 18 (33)"Membership service" means the periods of service that are used to determine eligibility for 19 retirement or other benefits. 20 (a) "Normal cost" or "future normal cost" means an amount calculated under an actuarial cost (34)21 method required to fund accruing benefits for members of a defined benefit retirement plan during any year in 22 the future. 23 (b) Normal cost does not include any portion of the supplemental costs of a retirement plan. 24 (35)"Normal retirement age" means the age at which a member is eligible to immediately receive a 25 retirement benefit based on the member's age or both age and length of service, as specified under the 26 member's retirement system, without disability and without an actuarial or similar reduction in the benefit. 27 (36)"Pension" means benefit payments for life derived from contributions to a retirement plan made



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1	from state- or e	employer-controlled funds.	
2	(37)	"Pension trust fund" means a fund established to hold the contributions, incon	ne. and assets of
3	ζ, γ	/stem or plan in public trust.	,
4		Plan choice rate" means the amount of the employer contribution as a percenta	de of pavroll
5	ζ, γ	defined contribution plan members that is allocated to the public employees' re	
6		t plan pursuant to 19-3-2117 to actuarially fund the unfunded liabilities and the r	•
7		efined benefit plan resulting from member selection of the defined contribution	
8	(39)<u>(3</u>8	8) "Regular contributions" means contributions required from members under a	retirement plan.
9	(40) <u>(39</u>	9) "Regular interest" means interest at rates set from time to time by the board.	
10	(41)<u>(</u>4(0) "Retirement" or "retired" means the status of a member who has:	
11	(a)	terminated from service; and	
12	(b)	received and accepted a retirement benefit from a retirement plan.	
13	(42)<u>(</u>4	1) "Retirement account" means an individual account within the defined contrib	ution retirement
14	plan for the de	posit of employer and member contributions and other assets for the exclusive	benefit of a
15	member of the	defined contribution plan or the member's beneficiary.	
16	(43)<u>(</u>42	2) "Retirement benefit" means:	
17	(a)	in the case of a defined benefit plan, the periodic benefit payable as a result o	of service
18	retirement, ear	ly retirement, or disability retirement under a defined benefit plan of a retiremen	t system. With
19	respect to a de	fined benefit plan, the term does not mean an annuity.	
20	(b)	in the case of the defined contribution plan, a benefit as defined in subsection	(10)(b).
21	(44)<u>(</u>43	3) "Retirement plan" or "plan" means either a defined benefit plan or a defined o	contribution plan
22	under one of th	ne public employee retirement systems enumerated in 19-2-302.	
23	(45)<u>(</u>44	4) "Retirement system" or "system" means one of the public employee retireme	ent systems
24	enumerated in	19-2-302.	
25	(46)<u>(4</u>8	5) "Service" means employment of an employee in a position covered by a retir	ement system.
26	(47)<u>(</u>46	6) "Service credit" means the periods of time for which the required contribution	ıs have been
27	made to a retir	ement plan and that are used to calculate retirement benefits or survivorship be	nefits under a



Claims - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 defined benefit retirement plan. 2 (48)(47) "Service retirement benefit" means the retirement benefit that the member may receive at 3 normal retirement age. 4 (49)(48) "Statutory beneficiary" means the surviving spouse or dependent child or children of a 5 member of the highway patrol officers', municipal police officers', or firefighters' unified retirement system who 6 are statutorily designated to receive benefits upon the death of the member. 7 (50)(49) "Supplemental cost" means an element of the total actuarial cost of a defined benefit 8 retirement plan arising from benefits payable for service performed prior to the inception of the retirement plan 9 or prior to the date of contribution rate increases, changes in actuarial assumptions, actuarial losses, or failure 10 to fund or otherwise recognize normal cost accruals or interest on supplemental costs. These costs are 11 included in the unfunded actuarial liabilities of the retirement plan. 12 (51)(50) "Survivorship benefit" means payments for life to the statutory or designated beneficiary of a deceased member who died while in service under a defined benefit retirement plan. 13 14 (52)(51) "Termination of employment", "termination from employment", "terminated employment", "terminated from employment", "terminate employment", or "terminates employment" means that: 15 16 there has been a complete severance of a covered employment relationship by the positive act (a) 17 of either the employee, the employer, or both; and 18 (b) the member is no longer receiving compensation for covered employment, other than any 19 outstanding lump-sum payment for compensatory leave, sick leave, or annual leave. 20 (53)(52) "Termination of service", "termination from service", "terminated from service", "terminated service", "terminating service", or "terminates service" means that: 21 22 there has been a complete severance of a covered employment relationship by the positive act (a) 23 of either the employee, the employer, or both for at least 30 days; 24 (b) no written or verbal agreement exists between employee and employer that the employee will 25 return to covered employment in the future; 26 (c) the member is no longer receiving compensation for covered employment; and 27 the member has been paid all compensation for compensatory leave, sick leave, or annual (d)



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 leave to which the member was entitled. For the purposes of this subsection (53) (52), compensation does not 2 mean compensation as a result of a legal action, court order, or settlement to which the board was not a party. 3 (54)(53) "Unfunded actuarial liabilities" or "unfunded liabilities" means the excess of a defined benefit 4 retirement plan's actuarial liabilities at any given point in time over the value of its cash and investments on that 5 same date. 6 (55)(54) "Vested account" means an individual account within a defined contribution plan that is for the 7 exclusive benefit of a member or the member's beneficiary. A vested account includes all contributions and the 8 income on all contributions in each of the following accounts: 9 (a) the member's contribution account; 10 (b) the vested portion of the employer's contribution account; and 11 (c) the member's account for other contributions. 12 (56)(55) "Vested member" or "vested" means: with respect to a defined benefit plan, except as provided in subsection (56)(b) (55)(b), a 13 (a) 14 member or the status of a member who has at least 5 years of membership service; 15 (b) with respect to a member of the highway patrol officers' retirement system established in Title 16 19, chapter 6, who was hired on or after July 1, 2013, a member or the status of a member who has at least 10 17 years of membership service; or 18 (c) with respect to the defined contribution plan, a member or the status of a member who meets 19 the minimum membership service requirement of 19-3-2116. 20 (57)(56) "Written application" or "written election" means a written instrument, prescribed by the board 21 or required by law, properly signed and filed with the board, that contains all required information, including 22 documentation that the board considers necessary. 23 (58)(57) "Written instrument" includes an electronic record containing an electronic signature, as defined in 30-18-102." 24 25 26 Section 4. Section 19-2-405, MCA, is amended to read: 27 "19-2-405. Employment of actuary -- annual investigation and valuation. (1) The board shall



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1 retain a competent actuary who is an enrolled member of the American academy of actuaries and who is

2 familiar with public systems of pensions. The actuary is the technical adviser of the board on matters regarding

3 the operation of the retirement systems.

- 4 (2) The board shall require the actuary to make and report on an annual actuarial investigation into 5 the suitability of the actuarial tables used by the retirement systems and an actuarial valuation of the assets and 6 liabilities of each defined benefit plan that is a part of the retirement systems.
- 7 (3) The normal cost contribution rate, which is funded by required employee contributions and a 8 portion of the required employer contributions to each defined benefit retirement plan, must be calculated as the 9 level percentage of members' salaries that will actuarially fund benefits payable under a retirement plan as 10 those benefits accrue in the future.
- 11 (4) (a)—The unfunded liability contribution rate, which is entirely funded by a portion of the required 12 employer contributions to the retirement plan, must be calculated as the level percentage of current and future 13 defined benefit plan members' salaries that will amortize the unfunded actuarial liabilities of the retirement plan
- 14 over a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 30 years, as determined by the board, except as provided in
- 15 <u>19-3-316 for the public employees' retirement system's defined benefit plan</u>.
- (b) In determining the amortization period under subsection (4)(a) for the public employees' retirement
 system's defined benefit plan, the actuary shall take into account the plan choice rate contributions to be made
 to the defined benefit plan pursuant to 19-3-2117 and 19-21-214.
- 19 (5) The board shall require the actuary to conduct and report on a periodic actuarial investigation
 20 into the actuarial experience of the retirement systems and plans.
- 21 (6) The board may require the actuary to conduct any valuation necessary to administer the
- 22 retirement systems and the plans subject to this chapter.
- 23 (7) The board shall provide copies of the reports required pursuant to subsections (2) and (5) to
 24 the state administration and veterans' affairs interim committee and to the legislature pursuant to 5-11-210.
- 25 (8) The board shall require the actuary to prepare for each employer participating in a retirement
- system the disclosures or the information required to be included in the disclosures as required by law and by
- 27 the governmental accounting standards board or its generally recognized successor."



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1	
2	Section 5. Section 19-2-409, MCA, is amended to read:
3	"19-2-409. Plans to be funded on actuarially sound basis definition. As required by Article VIII,
4	section 15, of the Montana constitution, each system must be funded on an actuarially sound basis. For
5	purposes of this section, "actuarially sound basis" means that contributions to each retirement plan must be
6	sufficient to pay the full actuarial cost of the plan. For a defined benefit plan, the full actuarial cost includes both
7	the normal cost of providing benefits as they accrue in the future and the cost of amortizing unfunded liabilities
8	over a scheduled period of no more than 30 years, except that with respect to the public employees' retirement
9	system's defined benefit plan, the unfunded liabilities must be paid over the periods provided for in 19-3-316.
10	For the defined contribution plan, the full actuarial cost is the contribution defined by law that is payable to an
11	account on behalf of the member."
12	
13	Section 6. Section 19-3-315, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"19-3-315. Member's contribution to be deducted. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2),
15	each member's contribution is 7.9% of the member's compensation.
16	(b) The board shall annually review the required contributions and recommend future adjustments to
17	the legislature as needed to maintain the amortization schedule set by the board for the payment of the
18	system's unfunded liability.
19	(2) Each member's contribution must be reduced to 6.9% on January 1 following the system's
20	defined benefit plan's annual actuarial valuation if the valuation determines that the plan's funded ratio is at
21	least 100% and reducing the employee contribution pursuant to this subsection and reducing the employer
22	contribution pursuant to 19-3-316(4) terminating the employer supplemental contribution pursuant to 19-3-
23	319(3) would not cause the system's amortization period to exceed 25 years the plan's funded ratio to be less
24	<u>than 100%</u> .
25	(3) Payment of salaries or wages less the contribution is full and complete discharge and
26	acquittance of all claims and demands for the service rendered by members during the period covered by the
27	payment, except their claims to the benefits to which they may be entitled under the provisions of this chapter.



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1 (4) Each employer, pursuant to section 414(h)(2) of the federal Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

2 414(h)(2), shall pick up and pay the contributions that would be payable by the member under subsection (1) or

3 (2) for service rendered after June 30, 1985.

- 4 (5) (a) The member's contributions picked up by the employer must be designated for all purposes 5 of the retirement system as the member's contributions, except for the determination of a tax upon a distribution 6 from the retirement system.
- 7 (b) In the case of a member of the defined benefit plan, these contributions must become part of
 8 the member's accumulated contributions but must be accounted for separately from those previously

9 accumulated.

10 (c) In the case of a member of the defined contribution plan, these contributions must be allocated
11 as provided in 19-3-2117.

12 (6) The member's contributions picked up by the employer must be payable from the same source 13 as is used to pay compensation to the member and must be included in the member's wages, as defined in 19-14 1-102, and compensation. The employer shall deduct from the member's compensation an amount equal to the 15 amount of the member's contributions picked up by the employer and remit the total of the contributions to the 16 board."

17

18

Section 7. Section 19-3-316, MCA, is amended to read:

19 "19-3-316. Employer contribution rates -- definitions. (1) Each employer shall contribute to the 20 system. Except as provided in subsection (2), the employer shall pay as employer contributions 6.9% of the 21 compensation paid to all of the employer's employees plus any additional contribution under subsection (3), 22 except for those employees properly excluded from membership. Of employer contributions made under this 23 subsection for both defined benefit plan and defined contribution plan members, a portion must be allocated for 24 educational programs as provided in 19-3-112. Employer contributions for members under the defined 25 contribution plan must be allocated as provided in 19-3-2117. 26 (2) Local government and school district employer contributions must be the total employer

27 contribution rate provided in subsection (1) minus the state contribution rates under 19-3-319.



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1	(3) (a) Subject to subsection (4), each employer shall contribute to the system an additional employer
2	contribution equal to the percentage specified in subsection (3)(b) of the compensation paid to all of the
3	employer's employees, except for those employees properly excluded from membership.
4	(b) The percentage of compensation to be contributed under subsection (3)(a) is 1.27% for fiscal year
5	2014 and increases by 0.1% each fiscal year through fiscal year 2024. For fiscal years beginning after June 30,
6	2024, the percentage of compensation to be contributed under subsection (3)(a) is 2.27%.
7	(4) (a) The board shall annually review the additional employer contribution provided for under
8	subsection (3) and recommend adjustments to the legislature as needed to maintain the amortization schedule
9	set by the board for payment of the system's unfunded liabilities.
10	(b) The employer contribution required under subsection (3) terminates on January 1 following the
11	board's receipt of the system's actuarial valuation if the actuarial valuation determines that terminating the
12	additional employer contribution pursuant to this subsection (4)(b) and reducing the employee contribution
13	pursuant to 19-3-315 (2) would not cause the amortization period to exceed 25 years (1) Beginning July 1,
14	2023, through June 30, 2024, each employer shall contribute an amount equal to 9.29% of the compensation of
15	all the employer's employees in the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan, except for those
16	properly excluded from membership. Of employer contributions made under this subsection for both defined
17	benefit plan and defined contribution plan members, a portion must be allocated for educational programs as
18	provided in 19-3-112. Of employer contributions made for members of the defined contribution plan, 7.9% must
19	go to the defined contribution plan, and the remaining amount must go to the defined benefit plan's legacy
20	unfunded liability.
21	(2) (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, each employer shall contribute to the defined benefit plan EITHER
22	the actuarially determined employer contribution that is determined annually by the public employees'
23	retirement system's actuary in accordance with the provisions of this section and part of the plan's annual
24	actuarial valuation OR THE BASE RATE OF 9.79%, WHICHEVER IS LESS. This actuarially determined employer
25	contribution RATE is effective July 1 following the annual actuarial valuation completed in the prior calendar
26	year. BEGINNING JULY 1, 2025, THE BASE RATE WILL INCREASE BY 0.50% EACH YEAR.
27	(b) Beginning July 1, 2024, each employer shall contribute EITHER the actuarially determined



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 employer contribution OR THE BASE RATE OF 9.79% for employees in the defined contribution plan, WHICHEVER IS 2 LESS. Of the total amount, 7.9% must go to the defined contribution plan, and the remaining amount must go to 3 the defined benefit plan's legacy unfunded liability. BEGINNING JULY 1, 2025, THE BASE RATE WILL INCREASE BY 4 0.50% EACH YEAR. 5 (C) IF THE ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION IS HIGHER THAN THE BASE RATE, THE 6 PENSION SPECIAL TRUST FUND ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 1] MUST BE USED TO FUND THE DIFFERENCE SO LONG AS 7 THERE IS AN AVAILABLE BALANCE IN THE FUND. (c)(D) The actuarially determined employer contribution must be the sum of the following contribution 8 9 rates, minus the employee contribution provided in 19-3-315 and the state contributions provided in 19-3-319 10 and 19-3-320: the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(d) (2)(E) to pay off the legacy unfunded 11 (i) 12 liability: the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(e) (2)(F) to pay for the contemporary 13 (ii) 14 unfunded liability; the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(f) (2)(G) to pay for the normal cost of 15 (iii) 16 benefits as they accrue; and 17 (iv) a contribution of 0.04% of compensation for the employer's employees who are members of 18 either the defined contribution plan or the defined benefit plan for educational programs as provided in 19-3-19 <u>112.</u> 20 (d)(E) (i) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(c)(i) (2)(D)(I) for the legacy unfunded liability must 21 be the amount required on a level dollar basis to amortize the legacy unfunded liability attributable to the 22 employer's employees who are members of either the defined contribution plan or the defined benefit plan over 23 a closed 30-year amortization period beginning July 1, 2023, except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii) (2)(D)(II). If the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation determines the system's amortization period is less 24 (ii) 25 than 30 years, then the closed amortization period used for the purposes of subsection $\frac{(2)(c)(i)}{(2)(D)(i)}$ must be 26 that amortization period. 27 The contribution rate under subsection $\frac{(2)(c)(ii)}{(2)(D)(II)}$ for the contemporary unfunded liability (e)(F)



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1	must be the amount red	quired on a level dollar basis to pay the annual contemporary u	unfunded liabilities
2	attributable to the empl	oyer's employees who are members of either the defined cont	ribution plan or the defined
3	<u>benefit plan over a laye</u>	red amortization schedule so that each fiscal year's contempo	rary unfunded liability is
4	amortized over a closed	10-year period, starting with the contemporary unfunded liab	<u>ility for the fiscal year</u>
5	ending June 30, 2024.		
6	(f)(G) The co	ntribution rate under subsection (2)(c)(iii) -(2)(D)(III) for the norm	nal cost of benefits as they
7	accrue must be the am	ount required on a level dollar basis to pay the normal cost of l	benefits as determined in
8	the annual actuarial val	uation as the benefits accrue for each of the employer's emplo	oyees who are members of
9	either the defined contr	ibution plan or the defined benefit plan.	
10	<u>(3) (a) Bec</u>	inning July 1, 2023, each employer shall contribute to the defi	ned contribution plan an
11	amount equal to 7.9%.	Of employer contributions made under this subsection (3)(a) for	or defined contribution
12	plan members, a portio	n must be allocated for educational programs as provided in 1	<u>9-3-112.</u>
13	<u>(b) The en</u>	nployer contribution under subsection (3)(a) must be allocated	as provided in 19-3-2117.
14	<u>(c) The en</u>	pployer contribution rate for the defined contribution plan may	not be lower than 7.9%,
15	even if the actuarially d	etermined contribution rate for the defined benefit plan is less	<u>than 7.9%.</u>
16	(4) For the	purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
17	<u>(a) "Conte</u>	mporary unfunded liability" means the defined benefit plan's a	<u>nnual fiscal year actuarial</u>
18	gains and losses smoo	thed over 5 years starting with the fiscal year ending June 30,	<u>2019.</u>
19	<u>(b) "Legac</u>	<u>y unfunded liability" means the unfunded liability of the defined</u>	<u>d benefit plan as of June</u>
20	<u>30, 2023</u> ."		
21			
22	Section 8. Sec	tion 19-3-319, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	"19-3-319. St	ate contributions for local government and school district	t employers. (1) The <u>(1)</u>
24	Subject to subsection (3), the state shall contribute monthly from the general fund to t	he pension trust fund a
25	sum equal to 0.1% of th	ne compensation paid to all employees of local government en	tities and school districts
26	on and after July 1, 199	17, except those employees properly excluded from membersh	ip.
27	(2) (a) Su	bject to subsection (2)(b) <u>Subject to subsection (3)</u>, in addition	to the contribution



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1 required under subsection (1), the state shall contribute monthly from the general fund to the pension trust fund

2 a sum equal to 0.27% of the compensation paid to all employees of school districts except for those employees

3 properly excluded from membership.

4 (b)(3) The additional contribution under subsection (2)(a) terminates when the additional contribution

5 under 19-3-316 (3) terminates contributions in this section terminate January 1 following the defined benefit

6 plan's annual actuarial valuation if the valuation determines that the plan's funded ratio is at least 100% and

7 terminating the contribution pursuant to this subsection and reducing the employee contribution pursuant to 19-

8 <u>3-315(2) would not cause the funded ratio to be less than 100%</u>.

9 (3)(4) The board shall certify amounts due under this section on a monthly basis, and the state 10 treasurer shall transfer those amounts to the pension trust fund within 1 week. The payments in this section are 11 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

12

13

Section 9. Section 19-3-401, MCA, is amended to read:

14 "19-3-401. Membership -- inactive vested members -- inactive nonvested members. (1) Except
 15 as otherwise provided in this chapter, all employees become members of the defined benefit plan shall elect to

16 join either the defined benefit plan or the defined contribution plan on the first day of service. Each employer

17 shall file with the board information affecting the employer's employees' status as members as the board may

18 require. An employee may become a member of the defined contribution plan only as provided in Title 19,

19 chapter 3, part 21. An employee may choose to switch plans within the first 12 months of employment.

(2) (a) An inactive member of the defined benefit plan with at least 5 years of membership service
is an inactive vested member and retains the right to purchase service credit and to receive a service retirement
benefit subject to the provisions of this chapter.

(b) If an inactive vested member of the defined benefit plan chooses to take a lump-sum payment
rather than a retirement benefit, the lump-sum payment consists of only the member's accumulated
contributions and not the employer's contributions.

26 (3) (a) An inactive member of the defined benefit plan with less than 5 years of membership
27 service is an inactive nonvested member and is not eligible for any benefits from the retirement plan.



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 An inactive nonvested member of the defined benefit plan is eligible only for a refund of the (b) 2 member's accumulated contributions. 3 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a member of either the defined benefit plan or the 4 defined contribution plan is an active member of the system and is not eligible for a refund of contributions or 5 for benefit payments if the member either: 6 returns to service within 30 days of termination of employment; or (a) 7 (b) terminates one employment but remains employed in another position covered by the system. 8 (5) Time during which an employee of a school district, the Montana school for the deaf and blind, 9 or a public institution of higher education is absent from service during official vacation is counted as 10 membership service in determining eligibility for retirement benefits." 11 12 Section 10. Section 19-3-1605, MCA, is amended to read: "19-3-1605. Guaranteed annual benefit adjustment. (1) Subject to subsection (2), on January 1 of 13 14 each year, the permanent monthly benefit payable during the preceding January to each recipient who is 15 eligible under subsection (3) must be increased by the applicable percentage provided in subsection (4). 16 (2) (a) If a recipient's benefit payable during the preceding January has been increased by one or 17 more adjustments not provided for in this section and the adjustments amount to less than an annualized 18 increase of the applicable percentage provided in subsection (4), then the recipient's benefit must be adjusted 19 by an amount that will provide a total annualized increase of the applicable percentage in the benefit paid since 20 the preceding January. 21 If a recipient's benefit payable during the preceding January has been increased by one or (b) 22 more adjustments not provided for in this section and the increases amount to more than an annualized 23 increase of the applicable percentage provided in subsection (4), then the benefit increase provided under this 24 section must be 0%. 25 (c) If a benefit recipient is a contingent annuitant receiving an optional benefit upon the death of 26 the original payee that occurred since the preceding January, the new recipient's monthly benefit must be 27 increased to the applicable percentage provided in subsection (4)(b) more than the amount that the contingent



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1	annuitant would have received had the contingent annuitant received a benefit during the preceding January.
2	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), a benefit recipient is eligible for and must receive the
3	minimum annual benefit adjustment provided for in this section if the benefit's commencement date is at least
4	12 months prior to January 1 of the year in which the adjustment is to be made.
5	(4) (a) The applicable percentage increase under subsection (1) is 3% if the member was hired or
6	assumed office:
7	(i) before July 1, 2007; or
8	(ii) on or after July 1, 2007, and before July 1, 2013, and the benefit recipient is a member of a
9	retirement system provided for in this title, and the guaranteed annual benefit adjustment provision for that
10	member under that system is a 3% benefit increase.
11	(b) The applicable percentage increase under subsection (1) is 1.5% if the member was hired or
12	assumed office on or after July 1, 2007, and before June 30, 2013, and the benefit recipient is not otherwise
13	covered under subsection (4)(a)(ii).
14	(c) The applicable percentage increase under subsection (1) is 1.5% if the member was hired or
15	assumed office on or after July 1, 2013, subject to reduction as provided in subsection (5).
16	(5) (a) Except as provided in subsection (5)(b), if If the most recent actuarial valuation of the
17	retirement system shows that retirement system liabilities are less than 90% funded, the applicable percentage
18	increase in subsection (4)(c) must be reduced by 0.1% for each 2% below that 90% funding level.
19	(b) If the amortization period is 40 years or greater, the applicable percentage increase in subsection
20	(4)(c) must be reduced to 0% and the retirement allowance may not be increased.
21	(6) The board shall adopt rules to administer the provisions of this section."
22	
23	Section 11. Section 19-3-2111, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"19-3-2111. Plan membership written election required failure to elect effect of election.
25	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this part:
26	(a) a member who was an inactive member of the defined benefit plan on the effective date of the
27	defined contribution plan and who is rehired into covered employment after the plan effective date may, within



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1 the 12-month period provided for in subsection (2)(a), elect to transfer to and become a member of the plan

2 regardless of whether the member remains active, becomes inactive, or terminates employment and plan

3 membership within the 12-month period;

4 (b) a member who is initially hired into covered employment on or after the effective date of the 5 defined contribution plan may, within the 12-month period provided for in subsection (2)(a), elect to become a 6 member of the plan regardless of whether the member remains active, becomes inactive, or terminates 7 employment and plan membership within the 12-month period.

8 (2) (a) Elections made pursuant to this section must be made on a form prescribed by the board 9 and must be made within 12 months from the month that the employer properly reports the new or rehired 10 member to the board.

- (b) A member failing to make an election prescribed by this section remains a member of the
 defined benefit contribution plan they elected on their first day of service.
- (c) An election under this section, including the default election pursuant to subsection (2)(b), is a
 one-time irrevocable election. Subject to 19-3-2113, this subsection (2)(c) does not prohibit a new election after
 a member has terminated membership in either plan and returned to covered employment.
- 16 (3) A member in either the defined benefit plan or the defined contribution plan who becomes
- 17 inactive after an election under this section and who returns to active membership remains in the plan
- 18 previously elected.

(4) A system member may not simultaneously be a member of the defined benefit plan and the
defined contribution plan and must be a member of either the defined benefit plan or the defined contribution
plan. A period of service may not be credited in more than one retirement plan within the system.

- (5) The provisions of this part do not prohibit the board from adopting rules to allow an employee
 to elect the defined contribution plan from the first day of covered employment.
- (6) A member of the defined benefit plan who is subject to a family law order pursuant to 19-2-907
 or an execution or income-withholding order pursuant to 19-2-909 may not transfer to the defined contribution
 plan unless the order is modified to apply under the defined contribution plan.
- 27

(7) (a) A member of the defined benefit plan who is purchasing service credit through installment



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payments, either made directly to the board or pursuant to a payroll deduction agreement, may not transfer
 membership to the defined contribution plan unless the member first completes or terminates the contract for

3 purchase of service credit.

4 (b) A member who files an election to transfer membership may make a lump-sum payment for up 5 to the balance of the service credit remaining to be purchased prior to transferring, subject to the limitations of 6 section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. The lump-sum payment, unless made by a rollover pursuant to 19-2-7 708, must be made with after-tax dollars.

8 (c) If a member who files an election to transfer membership fails to complete or terminate the 9 contract for purchase of service credit by the end of the member's 12-month election window, the board shall 10 terminate the service purchase contract and credit the member with the prorated amount of service credit

11 purchased under the contract."

12

13 Section 12. Section 19-3-2117, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-3-2117. Allocation of contributions and forfeitures. (1) The member contributions made under
 19-3-315 and additional contributions paid by the member for the purchase of service must be allocated to the
 plan member's retirement account.

17 (2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), of the employer contributions under 19-3-316 received: <u>The</u>
 18 employer's contribution received under 19-3-316(2) must be allocated as follows:

19 (a) an amount equal to:

20 (i)(a) 4.19%-the percentage of compensation specified under 19-3-316(3)(a) minus the amounts

21 specified in subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c) of this section must be allocated to the member's retirement account;

22 (ii) 2.37% of compensation must be allocated to the defined benefit plan as the plan choice rate;

23 (iii)(b) 0.04% of compensation must be allocated to the education fund as provided in 19-3-112(1)(b);

24 and

25 (iv)(c) 0.3% of compensation must be allocated to the long-term disability plan trust fund established
 26 pursuant to 19-3-2141;.

27

(b) on July 1, 2009, continuing until the additional employer contributions terminate pursuant to 19-3-



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 316(4)(b), the percentage specified in subsection (3) of this section of compensation must be allocated to the 2 defined benefit plan to eliminate the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability; 3 (c) on July 1, 2013, and continuing until June 30, 2015, an amount equal to 1% of compensation must 4 be allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liabilities; and 5 (d) on July 1, 2015, and continuing until the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability in the defined 6 benefit plan is fully paid, an amount equal to 1% of compensation must be allocated to the defined benefit plan 7 as part of the plan choice rate. Effective the first full pay period in the month following the board's verification that the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability is paid off, the amount equal to 1% of compensation must 8 9 be allocated to the member's retirement account until the additional employer contributions terminate pursuant 10 to 19-3-316(4)(b). (3) The percentage of compensation to be contributed under subsection (2)(b) is 0.27% for fiscal year 11 12 2014 and increases by 0.1% each fiscal year through fiscal year 2024. For fiscal years beginning after June 30, 13 2024, the percentage of compensation to be contributed under subsection (2)(b) is 1.27%. 14 (4) Effective the first full pay period in the month following the board's verification that the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability is paid off, the 2.37% of compensation in subsection (2)(a)(ii) and the 15 16 percentage of compensation in subsection (3), if any, must be allocated to the member's retirement account. 17 (5)(3) Forfeitures of employer contributions and investment income on the employer contributions 18 may not be used to increase a member's retirement account. The board shall allocate the forfeitures under 19-19 3-2116 to meet the plan's administrative expenses, including startup expenses." 20 21 Section 13. Section 19-21-214, MCA, is amended to read:

22 "19-21-214. Contributions and allocations for employees in positions covered under public

23 **employees' retirement system.** (1) The contribution rates for employees in positions covered under the public

24 employees' retirement system who elect to become program members pursuant to 19-3-2112 are as follows:

- 25 (a) the member's contribution rate must be the rate provided in 19-3-315; and
- 26 (b) the employer's contribution rate must be the rate provided in 19-3-316(3).
- 27 (2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), of the The employer's contribution received under 19-3-



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Rebecca Power, HB0226.002.008 1 316(3)÷ 2 (a) an amount equal to: must be allocated as follows: 3 (i)(a) 4.49% the percentage of compensation specified under 19-3-316(3)(a) minus the amount 4 specified in subsection (2)(b) of this section must be allocated to the participant's program account; 5 (ii) 2.37% of compensation must be allocated to the defined benefit plan under the public employees' 6 retirement system as the plan choice rate; and 7 (iii)(b) 0.04% of compensation must be allocated to the education fund pursuant to 19-3-112(1)(b);. 8 (b) on July 1, 2009, continuing until the additional employer contributions terminate pursuant to 19-3-9 316(4)(b), an amount equal to 0.27% of compensation must be allocated to the defined benefit plan to eliminate 10 the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability; (c) on July 1, 2013, and continuing until June 30, 2015, an amount equal to 1% of compensation must 11 12 be allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liabilities; and (d) on July 1, 2015, and continuing until the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability in the defined 13 14 benefit plan is fully paid, an amount equal to 1% of compensation must be allocated to the defined benefit plan 15 as part of the plan choice rate. Effective the first full pay period in the month following the board's verification 16 that the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability is paid off, the amount equal to 1% of compensation must 17 be allocated to the member's retirement account until the additional employer contributions terminate pursuant 18 to 19-3-316(4)(b). 19 (3) The percentage of compensation amount to be allocated under subsection (2)(b) must be 20 increased by 0.1% each fiscal year through fiscal year 2024. For fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2024, the 21 percentage of compensation amount to be allocated under subsection (2)(b) must be 1.27%. 22 (4) Effective the first full pay period in the month following the board's verification that the plan choice rate unfunded actuarial liability is paid off. amounts equal to the 2.37% of compensation in subsection (2)(a)(ii) 23 24 and the percentage of compensation in subsection (2)(b), if any, must be allocated to the member's retirement 25 account." 26 27 NEW SECTION. Section 14. CODIFICATION INSTRUCTION. [SECTION 1] IS INTENDED TO BE CODIFIED AS AN



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1 INTEGRAL PART OF TITLE 19, CHAPTER 3, PART 3, AND THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 19, CHAPTER 3, PART 3, APPLY TO

- 2 [SECTION 1].
- 3
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 15. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2023.
- 5

- END -

