INTRODUCED BY E. BUTTREY, K. ZOLNIKOV, L. JONES, M. HOPKINS, C. SPRUNGER


#### Abstract

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING ALCOHOL LICENSE LAWS RELATING TO MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS; ALLOWING A LIMITED EXCEPTION FOR LICENSED BREWERS, DISTILLERS, AND WINERIES TO HOLD RETAIL LICENSES; ALLOWING A LIMITED EXCEPTION FOR RETAIL LICENSEES TO HOLD A BREWER, DISTILLER, OR WINERY LICENSE; PROVIDING LIMITATIONS; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-3-213, 16-3-214, 16-3-241, 16-3-242, 16-3-244, 16-3311, $16-3-411,16-4-311$, AND 16-4-401, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."


## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 16-3-213, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-3-213. Brewers or beer importers not to retail beer -- small brewery exceptions. (1) Except as provided for small breweries in subsection (2) and except as provided in 16-4-401(10), it is unlawful for any brewer or breweries or beer importer to have or own any permit to sell or retail beer at any place or premises. It is the intention of this section to prohibit brewers and beer importers from engaging in the retail sale of beer. This section does not prohibit breweries from selling and delivering beer manufactured by them, in original packages, at either wholesale or retail.
(2) (a) For the purposes of this section, a "small brewery" is a brewery that has an annual nationwide production of not less than 100 barrels or more than 60,000 barrels, including:
(i) the production of all affiliated manufacturers; and
(ii) beer purchased from any other beer producer to be sold by the brewery.
(b) A small brewery may, at one location for each brewery license and at no more than three locations including affiliated manufacturers, provide samples of beer that were brewed and fermented on the premises in a sample room located on the licensed premises. The samples may be provided with or without charge between the hours of 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. No more than 48 ounces of malt beverage may be sold or given to each individual customer during a business day for consumption on the premises or in prepared
(1)(a) the brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler owns or holds any interest in or a lien or mortgage against the retailer or the retailer's premises;
(2)(b) the brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler is under any contract with a retailer concerning future purchases or the sale of merchandise by one from or to the other; or
(3)(c) any retailer holds an interest, as a stockholder or otherwise, in the business of the wholesaler.
(2) A licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10) is not subject to the limitations of this section for the licensed brewery's retail-licensed premises"

Section 5. Section 16-3-244, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-3-244. Beer advertising limitations. \#(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), it is lawful to advertise beer, as defined and regulated, subject to the restrictions on brewers and beer importers contained in 16-3-241 of this code and subject to the following restrictions on retailers. A retail licensee may not display or permit to be displayed on the exterior portion or surface of the retailer's place of business or on the exterior portion or surface of any building of which the place of business is a part or on any premises adjacent to the place of business, whether any of the premises are owned or leased by the retailer, any sign, poster, or advertisement bearing the name, brand name, trade name, trademark, or other designation indicating the manufacturer, brewer, beer importer, wholesaler, or place of manufacture of any beer, unless it is on a marquee, board, or other space used for temporary advertisements and is not displayed for more than 10 days per display period.
(2) A licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10) is not subject to the restrictions in subsection (1) at any of the colocatod brewery's licensed premises for products manufactured by the licensed brewery."

Section 6. Section 16-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-3-311. Suitable premises for licensed retail establishments. (1) (a) A licensed retailer may use a part of a building as premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages. The licensed retailer must demonstrate that it has adequate control over all alcoholic beverages to prevent self-service, service to underage persons, and service to persons who are actually or apparently intoxicated. Except as
department.
(3) (a) A distillery producing less than 25,000 gallons of product annually may deliver its product directly to a state agency liquor store if the distillery uses the distillery's own equipment, trucks, and employees to deliver the product. The amount of product delivered may not be less than a case. The department shall create an electronic reporting system for distilleries to record deliveries made under this subsection (3). Agency liquor stores must be invoiced by the department for product received from a distillery.
(b) A distillery delivering its product pursuant to this subsection (3) shall maintain records of each delivery, subject to inspection by the department.
(c) The department shall pay the distillery for any product delivered to an agency liquor store:
(i) the current freight rate; and
(ii) the distiller's current quoted price per case.
(d) For a licensed distillery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4401(10), liquor that is manufactured and sold at the colocated premises is not subject to the limitations imposed by subsection (3)(a) or the limitations and privileges of 16-4-312(3). Liquor manufactured and sold at the colocated premises does count toward production levels for tax purposes."

Section 9. Section 16-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-401. License as privilege -- criteria for decision on application -- colocated licenses. (1) A license under this code is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is not a right to which any applicant is entitled.
(2) Except as provided in 16-4-311 and subsection (6) of this section and subject to subsection (8), in the case of a license that permits on-premises consumption, the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
(a) if the applicant is an individual:
(i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales. However, resort retail allbeverages licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit.
(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in

16-1-106;
(iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more manufacturer licenses;
(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv) authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax protestor when renewing the license;
(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and
(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;
(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
(i) each owner of $15 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).
(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);
(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a corporation who owns less than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of subsection (8) apply.
(iv) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
(i) each owner of $15 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the

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applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a), and the owners of $51 \%$ of the outstanding stock must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);
(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(c)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a corporation who owns less than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of subsection (8) apply.
(iv) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a);
(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds $15 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds $15 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds $15 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a). If no single member's interest equals or exceeds $15 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
(3) In the case of a license that permits only off-premises consumption and subject to subsection (8), the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
(a) if the applicant is an individual:
(i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales;
(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1-106;
(iii) the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages;
(iv) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant's rights have been restored;
(v) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (3)(a)(v) authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax protestor when renewing the license; and
(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;
(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
(i) each owner of $15 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a).
(ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
(i) each owner of $15 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a), and the owners of $51 \%$ of the outstanding stock must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
(ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a);
(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds $15 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds $15 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all
limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds $15 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a). If no single member's interest equals or exceeds $15 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
(4) Subject to 16-4-311, in the case of a license that permits the manufacture, importing, or wholesaling of an alcoholic beverage, the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
(a) if the applicant is an individual:
(i) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant has no ownership interest in any establishment licensed under this chapter for retail alcoholic beverages sales;
(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1-106;
(iii) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant's rights have been restored;
(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (4)(a)(iv) authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax protestor when renewing the license;
(v) the applicant is not under 19 years of age; and
(vi) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage;
(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
(i) each owner of $15 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a).
(ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and
(iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
(i) each owner of $15 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than $15 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant must designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a) and the owners of $51 \%$ of the outstanding stock must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
(ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and
(iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a);
(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds $15 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds $15 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds $15 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a). If no single member's interest equals or exceeds $15 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
(5) In the case of a corporate applicant, the requirements of subsections (2)(b), (3)(b), and (4)(b) apply separately to each class of stock.
(6) The provisions of subsection (2) do not apply to an applicant for or holder of a license pursuant to 16-4-302.
(7) An applicant's source of funding must be from a suitable source. A lender or other source of money or credit may be found unsuitable if the source:
(a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
(i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state;
(ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of alcoholic beverages; or
(iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of the licensed
business; or
(b) has been convicted of a felony offense within 5 years of the date of application or is on probation or parole or under deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense.
(8) (a) An individual applying for an all-beverages license or having any ownership interest in an entity applying for an all-beverages license may not, if the application were to be approved, own an interest in more than half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in any quota area described in 16-4-201.
(b) If two or more individuals through business or family relationship share in the profits or liabilities of all-beverages licenses, the aggregate number of licenses in which they share profits or liabilities may not exceed half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in the specific quota area in which the allbeverages licenses will be held.
(9) (a) Except as specifically provided in this code relating to financial interests in licenses, nothing in this section applies or otherwise prohibits an applicant or licensee from obtaining personal financing from a licensed financial institution, taking advantage of consumer credit, or using a personal credit card to make purchases on behalf of a licensed entity if the applicant or licensee is reimbursed by the licensed entity within 90 days. An applicant or individual may obtain multiple transactions up to an aggregate maximum of \$100,000 with each individual transaction not to exceed $\$ 25,000$ to be used on behalf of the licensed entity.
(b) A licensee's use of short-term financing of 90 days or less from institutional lenders and noninstitutional lenders does not constitute an undisclosed ownership interest in the license.
(c) It is the intent of this subsection (9) to facilitate the efficient administration of an entity licensed under this code.
(10) (a) A person with an ownership interest in a licensed brewery or licensed winery may hold complete ownership of up to a combined total of three retail licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 or 16-4-201. The owner of a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 or 16-4-201 may hold complete ownership of brewery or winery licenses. The first of these licenses must be a colocated license.
(b) A person with an ownership interest in a licensed distillery may hold complete ownership of up to three retail licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-201. The owner of a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-201 may hold complete ownership of distillery licenses. The first of these licenses must be a colocated license.
(c) A person who holds a license with an ownership interest in a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 may not also hold-have an ownership interest in a distillery license.
(d) To hold both a manufacturing license and a retail license pursuant to this subsection (10), a licensee:
(i) must maintain both the manufacturing license and the retail license on the same premises for the first of these licenses, known as a colocated premises;
(ii) must have $100 \%$ of the same ownership between the manufacturing license and the retail license; and
(iii) must provide and serve through the colocated retail license alcohol produced by other $\underline{\text { manufacturers that are not affiliated or financially interested, either directly or indirectly, in the conduct or }}$ operation of the business in which the license was issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 and 16-4-201, or the licensed brewery, winery, or distillery.
(e) Colocated licensees may transfer beer manufactured, liquor distilled, or wine produced by the licensee between the colocated manufacturing licenses-license and the retail licenses-license without it being considered distributed or delivered as provided in this code.
(f) For the purposes of this code, the following definitions apply:
(i) "Colocated license" means a manufacturing license and a retail license owned completely by a person-licensee and that are operated at one premises.
(ii) "Colocated premises" means a premises where a manufacturing license and a retail license are both located."

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2023.

