3 egislature 2023				
		Drafter: Milly Allen,	406-444-9280	HB0349.001.003
		HOUSE BILL	NO. 349	
INTRODUC	CED BY L. SHELDON-	GALLOWAY, J. SCHI	LLINGER, B. MITCHELL, T. M	OORE, G. KMETZ
A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING AN OBSCENITY FILTER BE ENABLED BY				ABLED BY
DEFAULT ON ELECTRONIC DEVICES SOLD AND ACTIVATED IN THE STATE; AMENDING SECTION 4				DING SECTION 45-8-
206, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."				
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:				
<u>NEW S</u>	SECTION. Section 1.	Short title. [Sections	s 1 through 6] may be cited as t	he "Children's Default
to Safety Act".				
NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 6], the following				h 6], the following
definitions apply:				
(1)	"Activate" means the	process of powering	on an electronic device and as	sociating it with a new
user account.				
(2) "Electronic device" means a tablet or a smart phone.				
(3) "Internet" has the same meaning as provided in 2-17-551.				
9 (4) "Manufacturer" means a person that is engaged in the business of manuf		acturing an electronic		
device and has	a commercial register	ed agent as defined in	n 35-7-102 <u>and a patent</u> .	
(5)	"Obscenity filter" mea	ans software installed	on an electronic device that is	capable of preventing
the electronic device from accessing or displaying obscenity, pursuant to 45-8-201, through the internet or any			h the internet or any	
applications owned and controlled by the manufacturer and installed on the device.				
(6) "Smart phone" means an electronic device that combines a cell phone with a hand-held			h a hand-held	
computer, typically offering internet access, data storage, text, and e-mail capabilities.				
(7)	"Tablet" means an el	ectronic device equip	ped with a mobile operating sys	stem, touchscreen
display, and re	chargeable battery, typ	vically offering internet	access.	
	A BILL FOR AN DEFAULT ON 206, MCA; AN BE IT ENACTE MEW S to Safety Act". NEW S to Safety Act". (1) user account. (2) (3) (4) device and has (5) the electronic of applications ov (6) computer, typic (7)	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN DEFAULT ON ELECTRONIC DEVIC 206, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFF BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLAT NEW SECTION. Section 1. to Safety Act". <u>NEW SECTION. Section 2.</u> definitions apply: (1) "Activate" means the user account. (2) "Electronic device" m (3) "Internet" has the sar (4) "Manufacturer" mean device and has a commercial register (5) "Obscenity filter" mean the electronic device from accessing a applications owned and controlled by (6) "Smart phone" mean (7) "Tablet" means an ele	INTRODUCED BY L. SHELDON-GALLOWAY, J. SCHU A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING AN DEFAULT ON ELECTRONIC DEVICES SOLD AND ACTIV 206, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections to Safety Act". (1) "Activate" means the process of powering of user account. (2) "Electronic device" means a tablet or a sma (3) "Internet" has the same meaning as provid (4) "Manufacturer" means a person that is eng device and has a commercial registered agent as defined in (5) "Obscenity filter" means software installed the electronic device from accessing or displaying obscenit applications owned and controlled by the manufacturer and (6) "Smart phone" means an electronic device (7) "Tablet" means an electronic device equipy	DEFAULT ON ELECTRONIC DEVICES SOLD AND ACTIVATED IN THE STATE; AMENI 206, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE." BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 6] may be cited as a to Safety Act". <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Definitions. For the purposes of [sections 1 through definitions apply: (1) "Activate" means the process of powering on an electronic device and ass user account. (2) "Electronic device" means a tablet or a smart phone. (3) "Internet" has the same meaning as provided in 2-17-551. (4) "Manufacturer" means a person that is engaged in the business of manufacter (5) "Obscenity filter" means software installed on an electronic device that is a the electronic device from accessing or displaying obscenity, pursuant to 45-8-201, throug applications owned and controlled by the manufacturer and installed on the device. (6) "Smart phone" means an electronic device that combines a cell phone with computer, typically offering internet access, data storage, text, and e-mail capabilities.



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Lola Sheldon-Galloway - (H) Energy, Technology and Federal Relations - 2023				
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2	<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Secti	on 3. Obscenity filter required. A manufactu	irer shall manufacture an	
3	electronic device that, when ac	tivated in the state, automatically enables an ob	oscenity filter that:	
4	(1) prevents the us	ser from accessing or downloading material that	t is obscene to minors on mobile	
5	data networks, applications ow	ned and controlled by the manufacturer, and wir	red or wireless internet networks;	
•				

notifies a user of the electronic device when the obscenity filter blocks the device from 6 (2) 7 downloading an application or accessing a website; 8 (3) gives a user with a passcode the opportunity to unblock a filtered application or website; and 9 (4) reasonably precludes a user other than a user with a passcode the opportunity to deactivate, 10 modify, or uninstall the obscenity filter. 11 12 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Liability -- limitations. (1) A manufacturer of an electronic device is liable if on activation of an electronic device sold and activated in the state: 13 14 (i) the electronic device does not enable an obscenity filter that prevents the display of obscene (a) 15 material to minors in such a way that minors will be able to view the material; or 16 (ii) the manufacturer knowingly or in reckless disregard provides the passcode to a minor to 17 unblock the obscenity filter; and the electronic device displays or disseminates obscene material to a minor, including any 18 (b) 19 performance that is obscene to minors. 20 (2) Nothing in [sections 1 through 6] affects any private right of action existing under other law, 21 including contract. 22 This section does not apply to a manufacturer that makes a good faith effort to provide a device (3) 23 that, on activation of the device in the state, automatically enables a generally accepted and commercially 24 reasonable method of filtration in accordance with [sections 1 through 6] and industry standards. 25

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Damages. (1) If a court finds that a manufacturer is liable pursuant to 27 [section 4], the court may award the plaintiff actual damages.



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1	(2)	When the amount of actual damages is difficult to ascertain due to the nature of the injury, the			
2	court, in its dis	cretion, may award liquidated damages in the amount of \$10,000 to the injured party.			
3 4	(3)	(3) A class action may be brought under [sections 1 through 6] in accordance with state law.			
5	NEW S	SECTION. Section 6. Civil action for enforcement damages. (1) (a) Except as provided in			
6	subsection (8)	subsection (8), a manufacturer that is found liable under [section 4] is liable for civil penalties not to exceed			
7	\$10,000 per violation, plus filing fees and attorney fees, in addition to any other penalty established by law.				
8	8 (b) The civil penalty may be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in any c				
9	competent jurisdiction.				
10	(c)	For purposes of assessing a penalty under this subsection (1), a manufacturer is considered to			
11	have committed a separate violation for each electronic device sold and activated in the state.				
12	(d)	The total civil penalty assessed in a civil action brought under this section may not exceed			
13	\$50,000 regardless of how many separate violations the plaintiff establishes.				
14	(2)	(a) A plaintiff shall prove and a court shall find, by clear and convincing evidence, that a			
15	manufacturer manufactured a device on or after July 1, 2023, and that it was activated in violation of [section 4]				
16	(b) The plaintiff shall prove all other elements by a preponderance of the evidence.				
17	(3)	For each violation, the court shall specify the amount of the:			
18	(a)	civil penalty;			
19	(b)	filing fees; and			
20	(c)	attorney fees.			
21	(4)	In assessing the amount of a civil penalty for a violation of [sections 1 through 6], the court			
22	shall consider	I consider the:			
23	(a)	nature and extent of the violation;			
24	(b)	number and severity of the violations;			
25	(c)	economic effect of the penalty on the violator;			
26	(d)	good faith measures the violator took to comply with [sections 1 through 6];			
27	(e)	timing of the measures the violator took to comply with [sections 1 through 6];			



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1	(f)	willfulness of the violator's misconduct;	
2	(r) (g)	deterrent effect that the imposition of the penalty would have on both the violator and the	
3		munity as a whole; and	
4	(h)	other factors determined by the court to be pertinent.	
5	(5)	Actions pursuant to this section may be brought by the attorney general in the name of the	
6	people of the state or by a private individual in accordance with subsection (6).		
7	(6) A private individual may bring an action in the public interest to establish liability under [section		
8	4] if:		
9	(a)	the individual has served the alleged violator and the attorney general a notice of an alleged	
10	violation of subsection (1); and		
11	(b)	(b) the attorney general has not provided a letter to the noticing party within 45 days after the day	
12	on which the attorney general receives the notice of an alleged violation indicating that:		
13	(i)	an action is currently being pursued or will be pursued by the attorney general regarding the	
14	violation; or		
15	(ii)	the attorney general believes that there is no merit to the action.	
16	(7)	If a lawsuit is commenced, the plaintiff may include additional violations in the claim that are	
17	discovered through the discovery process.		
18	(8) A manufacturer who makes a good faith effort to install and enable on activation in the st		
19	generally accepted and commercially reasonable method of filtration in accordance with [sections 1 through 6		
20	and industry standards is not liable under [section 4].		
21			
22	Sectio	on 7. Section 45-8-206, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	"45-8-	206. Public display or dissemination of obscene material to minors. (1) A person having	
24	custody, contro	ol, or supervision of any commercial establishment or newsstand may not knowingly or	
25	purposely:		
26	(a)	display obscene material to minors in such a way that minors, as a part of the invited public, will	
27		v the material. However, a person is considered not to have displayed obscene material to minors	



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Lola Sheldon-Galloway - (H) Energy, **Technology and Federal Relations** - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Milly Allen, 406-444-9280 HB0349.001.003 1 if the material is kept behind devices commonly known as blinder racks so that the lower two-thirds of the 2 material is not exposed to view or other reasonable efforts were made to prevent view of the material by a 3 minor. 4 (b) sell, furnish, present, distribute, or otherwise disseminate to a minor or allow a minor to view, 5 with or without consideration, any obscene material; or 6 present to a minor or participate in presenting to a minor, with or without consideration, any (c) 7 performance that is obscene to minors. 8 (2) A person who is not a minor's parent or legal guardian may not provide a minor with the 9 passcode to remove the obscenity filter on an electronic device, as those terms are defined in [section 1]. 10 (2)(3) A person does not violate this section if: 11 (a) the person had reasonable cause to believe the minor was 18 years of age. "Reasonable 12 cause" includes but is not limited to being shown a draft card, driver's license, marriage license, birth certificate, 13 educational identification card, governmental identification card, tribal identification card, or other official or 14 apparently official card or document purporting to establish that the person is 18 years of age; 15 the person is, or is acting as, an employee of a bona fide public school, college, or university or (b) 16 a retail outlet affiliated with and serving the educational purposes of a school, college, or university and the 17 material or performance was disseminated in accordance with policies approved by the governing body of the 18 institution; 19 (c) the person is an officer, director, trustee, or employee of a public library or museum and the 20 material or performance was acquired by the library or museum and disseminated in accordance with policies 21 approved by the governing body of the library or museum; 22 an exhibition in a state of nudity is for a bona fide scientific or medical purpose for a bona fide (d) 23 school, library, or museum; or 24 (e) the person is a retail sales clerk with no financial interest in the material or performance or in 25 the establishment displaying or selling the material or performance." 26 27 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is effective January 1, 2024.



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	2	NEW SECTION. Section 9.	Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through	gh 6] are intended to be
	3	codified as an integral part of Title 27,	, chapter 1 and the provisions of Title 27, cha	pter 1 apply to [sections 1
	4	through 6].		
	5			
	6	NEW SECTION. Section 10.	Applicability. [This act] applies to electron	ic devices manufactured in
	7	or outside the state on or after July 1,	-2023, and sold and activated in the state on	or after January 1, 2024.
I	8		- END -	

