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68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Jameson Walker, 406-444-3722 HB0539.003.008

1		HOUSE BILL NO. 539
2		INTRODUCED BY K. ZOLNIKOV
3		
4	A BILL FOR A	N ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE LAWS;
5	ALLOWING A	N ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSEE TO OPERATE A GUEST RANCH OR SIMILAR
6	BUSINESS AN	ID SERVE ALCOHOL AT THE PREMISES; REVISING DEFINITIONS; REVISING LAWS
7	RELATED TO	LICENSE LAPSE; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO MONTANA DISTILLERY HOURS OF
8	OPERATION;	ALLOWING LICENSED RETAILERS TO PURCHASE BEER AND TABLE WINE FROM
9	LICENSED IN-	STATE RETAILERS AND PROVIDING LIMITATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-1-106, 16-3-
10	301, AND-16-3	3-302, <u>AND-16-3-311, AND 16-4-312,</u> MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
11	DATE."	
12		
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
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15	Section	on 1. Section 16-1-106, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"16-1- ⁻	106. Definitions. As used in this code, the following definitions apply:
17	(1)	"Agency franchise agreement" means an agreement between the department and a person
18	appointed to se	ell liquor and table wine as a commission merchant rather than as an employee.
19	(2)	"Agency liquor store" means a store operated under an agency franchise agreement in
20	accordance wi	th this code for the purpose of selling liquor at either the posted or the retail price for off-premises
21	consumption.	
22	(3)	"Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol, also called ethanol, or the hydrated oxide of ethyl.
23	(4)	"Alcoholic beverage" means a compound produced and sold for human consumption as a drink
24	that contains m	nore than 0.5% of alcohol by volume.
25	(5)	(a) "Beer" means:
26	(i)	a malt beverage containing not more than 8.75% of alcohol by volume; or
27	(ii)	an alcoholic beverage containing not more than 14% alcohol by volume:



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licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor for the receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine as permitted by this code.

(35)(36) "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from or containing the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe fruit or other agricultural products without addition or abstraction, except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarifying and aging, and that contains more than 0.5% but not more than 24% of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to correct natural deficiencies, sweetened, and fortified in accordance with applicable federal regulations and the customs and practices of the industry. Other alcoholic beverages not defined in this subsection but made in the manner of wine and labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal regulations are also wine."

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Section 2. Section 16-3-301, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-3-301. Unlawful purchases, transfers, sales, or deliveries -- presumption of legal age. (1) It is unlawful for a licensed retailer to purchase or acquire beer or wine from anyone except a brewery, winery, or wholesaler licensed under the provisions of this code except as allowed in 16-4-213(8).

- (2) It is unlawful for a licensed retailer to transport beer or wine from one licensed premises or other facility to any other licensed premises owned by the licensee except as allowed in 16-4-213(8).
- (3) It is unlawful for a licensed retailer to purchase or acquire liquor from anyone except an agency liquor store except as allowed in 16-4-213(8).
- (4) It is unlawful for a licensed wholesaler to purchase beer or wine from anyone except a brewery, winery, or wholesaler licensed or registered under this code.
- (5) It is unlawful for any licensee, a licensee's employee, or any other person to sell, deliver, or give away or cause or permit to be sold, delivered, or given away any alcoholic beverage to:
 - (a) any person under 21 years of age; or
 - (b) any person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated.
- (6) Any person under 21 years of age or any other person who knowingly misrepresents the person's qualifications for the purpose of obtaining an alcoholic beverage from the licensee is equally guilty with the licensee and, upon conviction, is subject to the penalty provided in 45-5-624. However, nothing in this



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section may be o	construed as authorizing or permitting the sale of an alcoholic beverage to any person in
violation of any for	ederal law.
(7)	All licensees shall display in a prominent place in their premises a placard, issued by the
department, stati	ing fully the consequences for violations of the provisions of this code by persons under 21
years of age.	
(8)	For purposes of 45-5-623 and this title, the establishment of the following facts by a person
making a sale of	alcoholic beverages to a person under the legal age constitutes prima facie evidence of
innocence and a	defense to a prosecution for sale of alcoholic beverages to a person under the legal age:
(a) t	the purchaser falsely represented and supported with documentary evidence that an ordinary
and prudent pers	son would accept that the purchaser was of legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages;
(b) t	the appearance of the purchaser was such that an ordinary and prudent person would believe
the purchaser to	be of legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages; and
(c) t	the sale was made in good faith and in reasonable reliance upon the representation and
appearance of th	ne purchaser that the purchaser was of legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages.
<u>(9)</u>	A licensed retailer may purchase beer and table wine from a licensed in-state retailer and
transport the pur	chased beer and table wine to the licensed retailer's premises. The department may penalize

certain text.)"

Section 3. Section 16-3-302, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-3-302. Sale by retailer for consumption on premises. (1) It is lawful for a licensed retailer to sell and serve beer, either on draught or in containers, to the public to be consumed on the premises of the retailer.

retailers purchasing beer and table wine from out-of-state retailers subject to this code. Purchases under this

subsection are limited to a maximum of 6 gallons a day. (See compiler's comments for contingent termination of

(2) It is lawful for a licensee who has an all-beverages license that the licensee uses at a golf course to sell alcoholic beverages and for a licensee who has a golf course beer and wine license issued under 16-4-109 to sell beer and wine:



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1 FROM THE BUILDING COMPROMISING THE MAIN LICENSED PREMISES BUT MUST OTHERWISE MEET THE PREMISES

- SUITABILITY REQUIREMENTS OF 16-3-311. THE LICENSEE SHALL PAY AN APPLICATION FEE OF \$100 FOR EACH AREA
- 3 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (5)."

Section 4. Section 16-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:

- "16-3-311. Suitable premises for licensed retail establishments. (1) (a) A licensed retailer may use a part of a building as premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages, except as otherwise allowed in 16-3-302(5). The licensed retailer must demonstrate that it has adequate control over all alcoholic beverages to prevent self-service, service to underage persons, and service to persons who are actually or apparently intoxicated. Except as provided in subsection (8), the premises must be separated from the rest of the building by permanent walls but may have inside access to the rest of the building at all times even if the businesses or uses in the other part of the building are unrelated to the operation of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are served. A licensee may lease the kitchen or another specified area to allow another business entity to operate a business within its premises without permanent floor-to-ceiling walls and without a concession agreement if the other business does not take orders for, serve, or deliver alcohol and has a separate point of sale system. If the premises are located in a portion of a building, the licensed retailer must be able to demonstrate that there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access.
- (b) A resort retail all-beverages licensee, or a retail all-beverages licensee, or an on-premises consumption beer and wine licensee within the boundaries of a resort area may also utilize an up to three alternate alcoholic beverage storage facility facilities as allowed in 16-4-213(8).
- (2) A licensee may alter the approved floorplan of the premises. The alteration must be consistent with the requirements of subsection (1)(a). A licensee shall provide a copy of the revised floorplan with the proposed alteration for the licensed premises to the department within 7 days of beginning the alteration.

 Department approval may not be unreasonably withheld. If the completed alteration differs from the approved alteration due to modifications required for approval by other state or local government entities, such as



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- compliance with fire or building codes, the department must be notified, but preapproval is not required for these modifications. An alteration for the purposes of this section is any structural change in a premises that does not increase the square footage of the existing approved premises. An alteration that increases the square footage of the existing approved premises must be approved by the department prior to beginning the alteration. A cosmetic change, such as painting, carpeting, or other interior decorating, is not considered an alteration under this section. If the alteration does not require the licensee to obtain a building permit, then the inspections by local government agencies may not be required for department approval.
- (3) The interior portion of the licensed premises must be a continuous area that is under the control of the licensee and not interrupted by any area in which the licensee does not have adequate control, and includes multiple floors on the premises and common areas necessarily shared by multiple building tenants in order to allow patrons to access other tenant businesses or private dwellings in the same building, including but not limited to entryways, hallways, stairwells, and elevators.
- (4) The premises may include one or more exterior patios or decks as long as sufficient physical safeguards are in place to ensure proper service and consumption of alcoholic beverages. An additional perimeter barrier may not be required if an existing boundary naturally defines the outdoor service area and impedes foot traffic.
 - (5) Premises suitability does not include a minimum number of seats.
- (6) A licensed on-premises retailer may apply to the department to have a noncontiguous storage area that is under the control of the licensed on-premises retailer approved for onsite alcoholic beverage storage, either onsite separate from its service area or offsite within 10 miles or the premises as long as the licensed on-premises retailer demonstrates that there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access. Alcohol stored at an offsite noncontiguous storage area must be transported only by the licensee or the licensee's employees who are 21 years of age or older. The application fee is \$100. On department approval, an on-premises consumption retailer's keg storage and beer lines running into the licensed premises may be in a noncontiguous storage area provided that the licensee is able to maintain control and adequate safeguards are in place to prevent public access.

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1	(7)	A licensed retailer operating within a hotel or similar short-term lodging facility may apply to the
2	department to a	allow for the delivery of alcoholic beverages to guests of accommodation units, and the
3	prestocking of	alcoholic beverages in accommodation units is allowed for the accommodation units within the
4	property as lon	g as the purchaser's age is verified and there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent
5	underage servi	ce. The application fee is \$100. <u>Licensees may receive alcohol deliveries at a noncontiguous</u>
6	storage area.	
7	(8)	An on-premises consumption retailer may be located adjacent to a brewery or winery if the
8	licensees are a	ble to maintain control of their respective premises through adequate physical separation.
9	(9)	(a) For the purposes of this section, "adequate physical separation" means:
10	(i)	the premises of the retailer and the premises of the brewery or winery are secured after
11	business hours	from each other and from any other business, including but not limited to prohibiting a customer
12	from accessing	a brewery sample room and purchasing alcohol after the brewery tasting room hours of
13	operation as sp	pecified in 16-3-213(2)(b); and
14	(ii)	the separation may include doors, gates, or windows that may be left open during business
15	hours.	
16	(b)	The term does not require permanent floor-to-ceiling walls."
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18	Sectio	n 5. Section 16-4-312, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"16-4-3	312. Domestic distillery. (1) A distillery located in Montana and licensed pursuant to 16-4-311
20	may:	
21	(a)	import necessary products in bulk;
22	(b)	bottle, produce, blend, store, transport, or export liquor that it produces; and
23	(c)	perform those operations that are permitted for bonded distillery premises under applicable
24	regulations of t	he United States department of the treasury.
25	(2)	(a) A distillery that is located in Montana and licensed pursuant to 16-4-311 shall sell liquor to
26	the department	under this code, and the department shall include the distillery's liquor as a listed product.
27	(b)	The distillery may use a common carrier for delivery of the liquor to the department.



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(c)	A distillery that produces liquor within the state under this subsection (2) shall maintain records	
of all sales and	shipments. The distillery shall furnish monthly and other reports concerning quantities and	
prices of liquor	that it ships to the department and other information that the department may determine to be	
necessary to ensure that distribution of liquor within this state conforms to the requirements of this code.		
(3)	A microdistillery may:	
(a)	provide, with or without charge, not more than 2 ounces of liquor that it produces at the	
microdistillery t	o consumers for prepared servings <u>:</u>	
<u>(i)</u>	though through curbside pickup between 10 a.m. and 8 p.m.; and	
<u>(ii)</u>	or consumption on the premises between 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. for on-premises consumption	
during the hour	es of operation that are identical to those allowed for a brewery license provided for in 16-3-	
213(2)(b) and corresponding administrative rules relating to the service, consumption, and possession of		
alcoholic beverages on the premises; or		
(b)	sell liquor in original packaging that it produces at retail at the distillery between the hours of 8	
a.m. and 2 a.m. directly to the consumer, including curbside pickup, for off-premises consumption if:		
(i)	not more than <u>1.75 4.5</u> liters a day is sold to an individual; and	
(ii)	the minimum retail price as determined by the department is charged."	

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Transition. The department shall revise its administrative rules implementing 16-3-213 and 16-4-312 or any other applicable statute to include sample room hours of operations that are identical for Montana distilleries and breweries. The intent of this act is to make the hours of operation for service to and consumption and possession of alcohol by consumers at breweries and distilleries equal.

COORDINATION SECTION. Section 7. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 164 and [this act] are passed and approved and both contain a section that amends 16-1-106 to provide a definition for the term "guest ranch", then [section 1 of this act], amending 16-1-106, is void.



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2 COORDINATION SECTION. Section 8. Coordination instruction. If both Senate Bill No. 75 and 3 [this act] are passed and approved and both contain a section that amends 16-3-302, then the sections 4 amending 16-3-302 are void and 16-3-302 must be amended as follows: 5 "16-3-302. Sale by retailer for consumption on premises. (1) It is lawful for a licensed retailer to 6 sell and serve beer, either on draught or in containers, to the public to be consumed on the premises of the 7 retailer. 8 (2) It is lawful for a licensee who has an all-beverages license that the licensee uses at a golf 9 course to sell alcoholic beverages and for a licensee who has a golf course beer and wine license issued under 10 16-4-109 to sell beer and wine: 11 (a) in the building or other structural premises constituting the clubhouse or primary indoor 12 recreational quarters of the golf course; and 13 at any place within the boundaries of the golf course, from a portable satellite vehicle or other (b) 14 movable satellite device that is moved from place to place, whether inside or outside of a building or other 15 structure. 16 (3) It is lawful to consume alcoholic beverages sold as provided in subsection (2) at any place 17 within the boundaries of the golf course, whether inside or outside of a building or other structure. 18 (4) (a) It is lawful for a licensee who has an all-beverages license or a resort area all-beverages 19 license to sell alcoholic beverages: 20 in the building or other structural premises constituting the primary indoor lodging quarters of a 21 hotel or other short-term lodging facility; 22 if the licensee's premises include a swimming pool, in a permanent, licensed alcohol service (ii) 23 structure in the swimming pool area separate from the main licensed premises; 24 if the licensee's premises include a ski hill, in up to two permanent, licensed alcohol service 25 structures separate from the main licensed premises within the exterior boundaries of the same premises that 26 are owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of and operated by the same property owner, licensee, and if 27 applicable, concessionaire;



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1	(iv) If the licensee's premises include a golf course, the premises in addition to the main licensed
2	premises may include:
3	(A) the building or alcohol service structure constituting the clubhouse or primary recreational
4	quarters of the golf course that is separate from the main licensed premises; and
5	(B) the outdoor area within the boundaries of the golf course.
6	(b) Buildings or structural premises allowed under this subsection (4) may be separate from the
7	building comprising the main licensed premises but must otherwise meet the premises suitability requirements
8	of 16-3-311. The licensee shall pay an application fee of \$100 for each area allowed under this subsection (4).
9	(5) (a) It is lawful for a licensee who has an all-beverages license or has a retail license issued
10	under 16-4-105 to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for which the licensee is licensed at a guest ranch as
11	defined in 16-1-106. The guest ranch must be owned by the licensee or by a concessionaire with which the
12	licensee has a concession agreement under 16-4-418. For a license operated at a guest ranch, alcoholic
13	beverages may be served anytime within the outdoor portions of the licensed premises and in one permanent
14	building at any time during the hours allowed under 16-3-304.
15	(b) An applicant or licensee desiring to operate a license as described in this subsection (5) shall
16	submit to the department a premises floorplan that describes the premises as a guest ranch and depicts both
17	the indoor and outdoor portions of the premises. The floorplan must be submitted to the department as part of a
18	license application or as part of a premises alteration request as described in 16-3-311(2).
19	(c) A license operated at a guest ranch is subject to the requirements that are applicable to retail
20	licenses generally, including the premises suitability provisions of 16-3-311, except that:
21	(i) the premises may include any number of temporary, mobile, or partial structures, including but
22	not limited to tents, teepees, yurts, picnic shelters, recreational vehicles, wagons, trailers, or any other
23	structures that are not permanent buildings, provided that all temporary, mobile, or partial structures may not be
24	used for alcohol storage purposes unless approved by the department, and may only be used for alcohol
25	service and consumption if they remain within the licensee's approved outdoor premises area;
26	(ii) the premises may include any outdoor areas in which the licensee or concessionaire has
27	possessory interest, which may be demonstrated by property ownership records, a lease agreement, a



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1	concession agreement, or other evidence of possessory interest acceptable to the department;
2	(iii) the premises may be separated by roadways, waterways, natural barriers, or fence lines if the
3	premises are otherwise contiguous;
4	(iv) a perimeter barrier is not required if the property line is otherwise marked; and
5	(v) the premises may be identified on the license by legal description rather than by building
6	address.
7	(d) For the purposes of this subsection (5), the term "permanent building" means a fixed,
8	nonmobile structure with floor-to-ceiling exterior walls, a full roof, electrical wiring, and plumbing fixtures."
9	

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

- END -

