Amendment - 2nd Reading-yellow	- Requested by: Brandon Ler - (H) Committee	of the Whole
68th Legislature 2023	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0541.002.001

	Legislativ Services Divisio		- 1 -	Authorized Print Version – HB 541
28	corrections for	a period of time longer than:	:	
27	that would resu	ult in an offender being super	rvised in the community a	s a probationer by the department of
26	suspend execu	ition of sentence, including v	vhen imposing a sentence	under subsection (3)(a)(vii), in a manner
25	(b)	(i) Except as provided in su	ubsections (2)(b)(ii) and (2	?)(b)(iii), a sentencing judge may not
24	allowed or for a period of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense.			
23	subsection (2)(b) or as otherwise specifically provided by statute, for a period up to the maximum sentence			
22	guilty or nolo c	ontendere, a sentencing jud	ge may suspend executio	n of sentence, except as provided in
21	(2)	(a) Whenever a person ha	s been found guilty of an c	offense upon a verdict of guilty or a plea of
20	was imposed, i	imposition of the sentence w	as deferred, or execution	of the sentence was suspended.
19	in the case of an offender who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the sentence			
18	(b)	Except as provided in 46-1	8-222, imposition of sente	ence in a felony case may not be deferred
17	of whether any other conditions are imposed.			
16	financial obliga	tion is imposed as a conditic	on of sentence for either th	ne misdemeanor or the felony, regardless
15	(ii)	not exceeding 2 years for a	a misdemeanor or for a pe	riod not exceeding 6 years for a felony if a
14	(i)	not exceeding 1 year for a	misdemeanor or for a per	iod not exceeding 3 years for a felony; or
13	imposition of sentence, except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, for a period:			
12		-		ere, a sentencing judge may defer
11				enever a person has been found guilty of
10	Sectio	n 1. Section 46-18-201, MC	A, is amended to read:	
9		· · · · = == • • • • • • • • • •		
, 8	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE LEGISLATURE	OF THE STATE OF MON	TANA:
6 7	201, 40-10-24	, AND 40-10-201, MOA, AN		ICADILITT DATE.
5		1 AND FINES; PROVIDING 7		ENDING SECTIONS 46-18-201, 46-18-
4				TO BE LEVIED ON CRIMINAL
3				
2		INTRODUCEL	D BY B. LER, B. MITCHEL	L, B. PHALEN
1			HOUSE BILL NO. 541	

		Reading-yellow - Requested by: Brandon Ler - (H) Committee	of the Whole
- 2023 68th Le	egislature 2023	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0541.002.001
1	(A)	20 years for a sexual offender, as defined in 46-23-502;	
2	(B)	20 years for an offender convicted of deliberate homicide, as defined in 45-5-10)2, or mitigated
3	homicide, as de	efined in 45-5-103;	
4	(C)	15 years for a violent offender, as defined in 46-23-502, an offender convicted of	of negligent
5	homicide, as de	efined in 45-5-104, vehicular homicide while under the influence, as defined in 45	5-5-106, or
6	criminal distribu	ution of dangerous drugs that results in the death of an individual from use of the	dangerous
7	drug, as provid	led in 45-9-101(5);	
8	(D)	10 years for an offender convicted of 45-9-101, 45-9-103, 45-9-107, 45-9-109, 4	45-9-110, 45-9-
9	125, 45-9-127,	or 45-9-132; or	
10	(E)	5 years for all other felony offenses.	
11	(ii)	The provisions of subsections (2)(b)(i)(A) and (2)(b)(i)(B) do not apply if the sen	itencing judge
12	finds that a long	ger term of supervision is needed for the protection of society or the victim. The s	sentencing judge
13	shall state as part of the sentence and the judgment the reasons a longer suspended sentence is needed to		
14	protect society or the victim.		
15	(iii)	The provisions of subsections (2)(b)(i)(A) and (2)(b)(i)(B) do not apply to violation	ons of 45-6-301
16	if the amount o	of restitution ordered exceeds \$50,000.	
17	(3)	(a) Whenever a person has been found guilty of an offense upon a verdict of gu	uilty or a plea of
18	guilty or nolo c	ontendere, a sentencing judge may impose a sentence that may include:	
19	(i)	a fine as provided by law for the offense;	
20	(ii)	payment of costs, as provided in 46-18-232, or payment of costs of assigned co	ounsel as
21	provided in 46-	-8-113;	
22	(iii)	a term of incarceration, as provided in Title 45 for the offense, at a county deter	ntion center or at
23	a state prison t	to be designated by the department of corrections;	
24	(iv)	commitment of:	
25	(A)	an offender not referred to in subsection (3)(a)(iv)(B) to the department of corre	ctions with a
26	recommendation	on for placement in an appropriate correctional facility or program; however, all bu	ut the first 5
27	years of the co	mmitment to the department of corrections must be suspended, except as provid	ed in 45-5-
28	503(4), 45-5-50	07(5), 45-5-601(3), 45-5-602(3), 45-5-603(2)(b), and 45-5-625(4); or	



Amendment - 2nd Reading-yellow - Requested by: Brandon Ler - (H) Committee of the Whole- 202368th Legislature 2023Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367HB0541.002.001

1	(B)	a youth transferred to district court under 41-5-206 and found guilty in the district court of an		
2	offense enume	rated in 41-5-206 to the department of corrections for a period determined by the court for		
3	placement in a	n appropriate correctional facility or program;		
4	(v)	chemical treatment of sexual offenders, as provided in 45-5-512, if applicable, that is paid for		
5	by and for a period of time determined by the department of corrections, but not exceeding the period of state			
6	supervision of the person;			
7	(vi)	commitment of an offender to the department of corrections with the requirement that		
8	immediately su	bsequent to sentencing or disposition the offender is released to community supervision and that		
9	any subsequer	nt violation must be addressed as provided in 46-23-1011 through 46-23-1015; or		
10	(vii)	any combination of subsection (2) and this subsection (3)(a).		
11	(b)	A court may permit a part or all of a fine to be satisfied by a donation of food to a food bank		
12	program.			
13	(4)	When deferring imposition of sentence or suspending all or a portion of execution of sentence,		
14	the sentencing judge may impose on the offender any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of			
15	the deferred im	position or suspension of sentence. Reasonable restrictions or conditions imposed under		
16	subsection (1)(a) or (2) may include but are not limited to:		
17	(a)	limited release during employment hours as provided in 46-18-701;		
18	(b)	incarceration in a detention center not exceeding 180 days;		
19	(c)	conditions for probation;		
20	(d)	payment of the costs of confinement;		
21	(e)	payment of a fine and accrued interest as provided in 46-18-231;		
22	(f)	payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;		
23	(g)	payment of costs of assigned counsel as provided in 46-8-113;		
24	(h)	with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a community		
25	corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;			
26	(i)	with the approval of the prerelease center or prerelease program and confirmation by the		
27	department of	corrections that space is available and that the offender is a suitable candidate, an order that the		
28	offender be pla	ced in a chemical dependency treatment program, prerelease center, or prerelease program for		



1 a period not to exceed 1 year;

- 2 (j) community service;
- 3 (k) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
- 4 (I) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;
- 5 (m) participation in a day reporting program provided for in 53-1-203;

6 (n) participation in the 24/7 sobriety and drug monitoring program provided for in Title 44, chapter

7 4, part 12, for a violation of aggravated driving under the influence as defined in 61-8-1001, a violation of 61-8-

8 1002, or a second or subsequent violation of any other statute that imposes a jail penalty of 6 months or more if

9 the abuse of alcohol or dangerous drugs was a contributing factor in the commission of the crime or for a

10 violation of any statute involving domestic abuse or the abuse or neglect of a minor if the abuse of alcohol or

11 dangerous drugs was a contributing factor in the commission of the crime regardless of whether the charge or

12 conviction was for a first, second, or subsequent violation of the statute;

13 (o) participation in a restorative justice program approved by court order and payment of a

14 participation fee of up to \$150 for program expenses if the program agrees to accept the offender;

(p) any other reasonable restrictions or conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the
 protection of the victim or society;

(q) with approval of the program and confirmation by the department of corrections that space is
available, an order that the offender be placed in a residential treatment program; or

19 (r) any combination of the restrictions or conditions listed in this subsection (4).

(5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, if a person has been found guilty of an offense upon
 a verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere and the sentencing judge finds that a victim, as defined
 in 46-18-243, has sustained a pecuniary loss, the sentencing judge shall, as part of the sentence, require
 payment of full restitution <u>and interest</u> to the victim, as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249, whether or not
 any part of the sentence is deferred or suspended.

(6) (a) Except as provided in subsection (6)(b), in addition to any of the penalties, restrictions, or
conditions imposed pursuant to subsections (1) through (5), the sentencing judge may include the suspension
of the license or driving privilege of the person to be imposed upon the failure to comply with any penalty,
restriction, or condition of the sentence. A suspension of the license or driving privilege of the person must be



1 accomplished as provided in 61-5-214 through 61-5-217. 2 A person's license or driving privilege may not be suspended due to nonpayment of fines, (b) 3 costs, or restitution. 4 (7) In imposing a sentence on an offender convicted of a sexual or violent offense, as defined in 5 46-23-502, the sentencing judge may not waive the registration requirement provided in Title 46, chapter 23, 6 part 5. 7 (8) If a felony sentence includes probation, the department of corrections shall supervise the 8 offender unless the court specifies otherwise. 9 (9) When imposing a sentence under this section that includes incarceration in a detention facility or the state prison, as defined in 53-30-101, the court shall provide credit for time served by the offender before 10 11 trial or sentencing. 12 (10)As used in this section, "dangerous drug" has the meaning provided in 50-32-101." 13 14 Section 2. Section 46-18-231, MCA, is amended to read: "46-18-231. Fines in felony and misdemeanor cases. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection 15 16 (1)(b), whenever, upon a verdict of quilty or a plea of quilty or nolo contendere, an offender has been found 17 guilty of an offense for which a felony penalty of imprisonment could be imposed, the sentencing judge may, in 18 lieu of or in addition to a sentence of imprisonment, impose a fine only in accordance with subsection (3). 19 (b) For those crimes for which penalties are provided in the following sections, a fine may be 20 imposed in accordance with subsection (3) in addition to a sentence of imprisonment: 21 (i) 45-5-103(4), mitigated deliberate homicide; 22 (ii) 45-5-202, aggravated assault; 23 (iii) 45-5-213, assault with a weapon; 24 (iv) 45-5-302(2), kidnapping; 25 45-5-303(2), aggravated kidnapping; (v) 26 (vi) 45-5-401(2), robbery; 27 (vii) 45-5-502(3), sexual assault when the victim is less than 16 years old and the offender is 3 or 28 more years older than the victim or the offender inflicts bodily injury in the course of committing the sexual



68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

HB0541.002.001

1 assault;

2 (viii) 45-5-503(2) through (5), sexual intercourse without consent;

3 (ix) 45-5-507(5), incest when the victim is 12 years of age or younger and the offender is 18 years

4 of age or older at the time of the offense;

5 (x) 45-5-508, aggravated sexual intercourse without consent;

6 (xi) 45-5-601(3) or (4), 45-5-602(3) or (4), or 45-5-603(2)(b) or (2)(c), prostitution, promotion of

7 prostitution, or aggravated promotion of prostitution when the person patronized or engaging in prostitution was

8 a child and the offender was 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense or when the person engaging in

9 prostitution was a victim of human trafficking, as defined in 45-5-701, or was subjected to force, fraud, or

10 coercion, either of which caused the person to be in the situation where the offense occurred, and the offender

11 was 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense and the offender knew or reasonably should have known

12 that the person was a victim of human trafficking or was subjected to force, fraud, or coercion;

13 (xii) 45-5-625(4), sexual abuse of children;

(xiii) 45-5-702, 45-5-703, 45-5-704, or 45-5-705, trafficking of persons, involuntary servitude, sexual
 servitude, or patronizing a victim of sexual servitude;

16 (xiv) 45-9-101(3), criminal possession with intent to distribute a dangerous drug; and

17 (xv) 45-9-109, criminal possession with intent to distribute dangerous drugs on or near school

18 property.

(2) Whenever, upon a verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, an offender has been
found guilty of an offense for which a misdemeanor penalty of a fine could be imposed, the sentencing judge
may impose a fine only in accordance with subsection (3).

22 (3) The sentencing judge may not sentence an offender to pay a fine unless the offender is or will 23 be able to pay the fine <u>and interest</u>. In determining the amount and method of payment, the sentencing judge 24 shall take into account the nature of the crime committed, the financial resources of the offender, and the nature 25 of the burden that payment of the fine and interest will impose.

26 (4) Any Except as provided in subsection (5), a fine levied under this section in a felony case shall
27 be in an amount fixed by the sentencing judge not to exceed \$50,000.

28 (5) (a) Interest IF AN OFFENDER IS OUT OF COMPLIANCE WITH COURT-MANDATED PAYMENTS FOR 6



1	MONTHS OR MORE, INTEREST must accrue on a fine levied under this section at the interest rate set in subsection
2	(5)(b) beginning 6 months after the sentence is entered A RATE OF 3%. The interest may not compound. Interest
3	only begins to accrue when the judgment is placed for collection with a private person or entity as provided in 3-
4	<u>10-601, 25-30-102, or 46-17-303.</u>
5	(b) The interest rate required by subsec tion (5)(a) is equal to the rate for bank prime loans
6	published by the federal reserve system in its statistical release H.15 Selected Interest Rates, or in any
7	publication that may supersede it, on the day the sentence is entered. The rate for bank prime loans must be
8	<u>set as of January 1</u> of each year and remain in effect until December 31 of each year."
9	
10	Section 3. Section 46-18-241, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"46-18-241. (Temporary) Condition of restitution <u> interest</u> . (1) As provided in 46-18-201, a
12	sentencing court shall, as part of the sentence, require an offender to make full restitution to any victim who has
13	sustained pecuniary loss, including a person suffering an economic loss. Full restitution includes the interest
14	required by subsection (4). The duty to pay full restitution under the sentence remains with the offender or the
15	offender's estate until full restitution is paid, whether or not the offender is under state supervision. If the
16	offender is under state supervision, payment of restitution is a condition of any probation or parole.
17	(2) (a) The offender shall pay the cost of supervising the payment of restitution, as provided in 46-
18	18-245, by paying an amount equal to 10% of the amount of restitution ordered, but not less than \$5.
19	(b) A felony offender shall pay the restitution and cost of supervising the payment of restitution to
20	the department of corrections until the offender has fully paid the restitution and the cost of supervising the
21	payment of restitution. The department shall pay the restitution to the person or entity to whom the court
22	ordered restitution to be paid, except that if a victim has been compensated under Title 53, chapter 9, part 1,
23	the restitution must be paid to the crime victims compensation and assistance program in the department of
24	justice for deposit in the account provided for in 53-9-113. The department may contract with a government
25	agency or private entity for the collection of the payments for restitution and the cost of collecting the payments
26	for restitution during the period following state supervision or state custody of the offender. The department
27	shall adopt rules to implement this subsection (2)(b).
28	(c) In a misdemeanor case, payment of restitution and of the cost of supervising the payment of



1 restitution must be made to the court until the offender has fully paid the restitution and the cost of supervising 2 the payment of restitution. The court shall disburse the money to the entity employing the person ordered to 3 supervise restitution under 46-18-245, which shall disburse the restitution to the person or entity to whom the 4 court ordered restitution to be paid, except that if a victim has been compensated under Title 53, chapter 9, part 5 1, the restitution must be paid to the crime victims compensation and assistance program in the department of 6 justice for deposit in the account provided for in 53-9-113. 7 If at any time the court finds that, because of circumstances beyond the offender's control, the (3) 8 offender is not able to pay any restitution, the court may order the offender to perform community service during 9 the time that the offender is unable to pay. The offender must be given a credit against restitution due at the 10 rate of the hours of community service times the state minimum wage in effect at the time that the community 11 service is performed. 12 (a) Interest IF AN OFFENDER IS OUT OF COMPLIANCE WITH COURT-MANDATED PAYMENTS FOR 6 (4) MONTHS OR MORE, INTEREST must accrue on restitution ordered under this section at the interest rate set in 13 14 subsection (4)(b) beginning 6 months after the sentence is entered A RATE OF 3%. The interest may not 15 compound. Interest only begins to accrue when the judgment is placed for collection with a private person or 16 entity as provided in 3-10-601, 25-30-102, or 46-17-303. 17 (b) The interest rate required by subsection (4)(a) is equal to the rate for bank prime loans 18 published by the federal reserve system in its statistical release H.15 Selected Interest Rates, or in any publication that may supersede it, on the day the sentence is entered. The rate for bank prime loans must be 19 20 set as of January 1 of each year and remain in effect until December 31 of each year. (Terminates June 30, 21 2027--secs. 1, 2, 3, Ch. 139, L. 2021.) 22 **46-18-241.** (Effective July 1, 2027) Condition of restitution -- interest. (1) As provided in 46-18-23 201, a sentencing court shall, as part of the sentence, require an offender to make full restitution to any victim 24 who has sustained a pecuniary loss, including a person suffering an economic loss. Full restitution includes the 25 interest required by subsection (4). The duty to pay full restitution under the sentence remains with the offender 26 or the offender's estate until full restitution is paid, whether or not the offender is under state supervision. If the 27 offender is under state supervision, payment of restitution is a condition of any probation or parole. 28 (2) (a) The offender shall pay the cost of supervising the payment of restitution, as provided in 46-



1 18-245, by paying an amount equal to 10% of the amount of restitution ordered, but not less than \$5.

2 (b) A felony offender shall pay the restitution and cost of supervising the payment of restitution to 3 the department of corrections until the offender has fully paid the restitution and the cost of supervising the 4 payment of restitution. The department shall pay the restitution to the person or entity to whom the court 5 ordered restitution to be paid. The department may contract with a government agency or private entity for the 6 collection of the payments for restitution and the cost of collecting the payments for restitution during the period 7 following state supervision or state custody of the offender. The department shall adopt rules to implement this 8 subsection (2)(b).

9 (c) In a misdemeanor case, payment of restitution and of the cost of supervising the payment of 10 restitution must be made to the court until the offender has fully paid the restitution and the cost of supervising 11 the payment of restitution. The court shall disburse the money to the entity employing the person ordered to 12 supervise restitution under 46-18-245, which shall disburse the restitution to the person or entity to whom the 13 court ordered restitution to be paid.

14 (3) If at any time the court finds that, because of circumstances beyond the offender's control, the 15 offender is not able to pay any restitution, the court may order the offender to perform community service during 16 the time that the offender is unable to pay. The offender must be given a credit against restitution due at the 17 rate of the hours of community service times the state minimum wage in effect at the time that the community 18 service is performed.

(4) (a) Interest IF AN OFFENDER IS OUT OF COMPLIANCE WITH COURT-MANDATED PAYMENTS FOR 6
 MONTHS OR MORE, INTEREST must accrue on restitution ordered under this section at the interest rate set in
 subsection (4)(b) beginning 6 months after the sentence is entered A RATE OF 3%. The interest may not

22 <u>compound.</u> Interest only begins to accrue when the judgment is placed for collection with a private person or

23 <u>entity as provided in 3-10-601, 25-30-102, or 46-17-303.</u>

24 (b) The interest rate required by subsection (4)(a) is equal to the rate for bank prime loans

- 25 published by the federal reserve system in its statistical release H.15 Selected Interest Rates, or in any
- 26 publication that may supersede it, on the day the sentence is entered. The rate for bank prime loans must be
- 27 set as of January 1 of each year and remain in effect until December 31 of each year."
- 28



1	Sectio	on 4. Section 46-18-251, MCA, is amended to read:	
2	"46-18	B-251. (Temporary) Allocation of fines, costs, restitution, <u>interest,</u> and other charges. (1)	
3	Except as prov	vided in 46-18-236(7)(b), if a misdemeanor offender is subjected to any combination of fines,	
4	costs, restitutio	on, charges, interest, or other payments arising out of the same criminal proceeding, money that	
5	the court colle	cts from the offender must be allocated as provided in this section. A felony offender shall pay	
6	restitution and	interest on restitution to the department of corrections, and other fines, interest on fines, and	
7	costs must be	paid to the court and allocated as provided in this section.	
8	(2)	Except as otherwise provided in 46-18-236(7)(b) and this section, if a defendant is subject to	
9	payment of res	stitution and any combination of fines, costs, charges under the provisions of 46-18-236, interest,	
10	or other payments, 50% of all money collected from the defendant must be applied to payment of restitution		
11	and the balanc	ce must be applied to other payments in the following order:	
12	(a)	payment of charges imposed pursuant to 46-18-236;	
13	(b)	payment of supervisory fees imposed pursuant to 46-23-1031;	
14	(c)	payment of costs imposed pursuant to 46-18-232 or 46-18-233;	
15	(d)	payment of fines imposed pursuant to 46-18-231 or 46-18-233; and	
16	(e)	any other payments ordered by the court.	
17	(3)	The money applied under subsection (2) to the payment of restitution must be paid in the	
18	following order		
19	(a)	to the victim until the victim's unreimbursed pecuniary loss is satisfied;	
20	(b)	to the crime victims compensation and assistance program in the department of justice for	
21	deposit in the account provided for in 53-9-113 until the state is fully reimbursed for compensation to the victim		
22	provided pursuant to Title 53, chapter 9, part 1;		
23	(c)	to any other government agency that has compensated the victim for the victim's pecuniary	
24	loss; and		
25	(d)	to any insurance company that has compensated the victim for the victim's pecuniary loss.	
26	(4)	If any fines, costs, charges, interest, or other payments remain unpaid after all of the restitution	
27	has been paid	, any additional money collected must be applied to payment of those fines, costs, charges,	
28	<u>interest,</u> or oth	er payments. If any restitution remains unpaid after all of the fines, costs, charges, interest, or	



Amendment - 2nd Reading-yellow - Requested by: Brandon Ler - (H) Committee of the Whole- 202368th Legislature 2023Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367HB0541.002.001

1	other payment	s have been paid, any additional money collected must be applied toward payment of the	
2	restitution. (Terminates June 30, 2027secs. 1, 2, 3, Ch. 139, L. 2021.)		
3	46-18-	251. (Effective July 1, 2027) Allocation of fines, costs, restitution, interest, and other	
4	charges. (1) E	xcept as provided in 46-18-236(7)(b), if an offender is subjected to any combination of fines,	
5	costs, restitutio	on, charges, interest, or other payments arising out of the same criminal proceeding, money	
6	collected from	the offender must be allocated as provided in this section.	
7	(2)	Except as otherwise provided in 46-18-236(7)(b) and this section, if a defendant is subject to	
8	payment of res	titution and any combination of fines, costs, charges under the provisions of 46-18-236, interest,	
9	or other payme	ents, 50% of all money collected from the defendant must be applied to payment of restitution	
10	and the balanc	e must be applied to other payments in the following order:	
11	(a)	payment of charges imposed pursuant to 46-18-236;	
12	(b)	payment of supervisory fees imposed pursuant to 46-23-1031;	
13	(c)	payment of costs imposed pursuant to 46-18-232 or 46-18-233;	
14	(d)	payment of fines imposed pursuant to 46-18-231 or 46-18-233; and	
15	(e)	any other payments ordered by the court.	
16	(3)	The money applied under subsection (2) to the payment of restitution must be paid in the	
17	following order		
18	(a)	to the victim until the victim's unreimbursed pecuniary loss is satisfied;	
19	(b)	to the crime victims compensation and assistance program in the department of justice for	
20	deposit in the state general fund until the state is fully reimbursed for compensation to the victim provided		
21	pursuant to Title 53, chapter 9, part 1;		
22	(c)	to any other government agency that has compensated the victim for the victim's pecuniary	
23	loss; and		
24	(d)	to any insurance company that has compensated the victim for the victim's pecuniary loss.	
25	(4)	If any fines, costs, charges, interest, or other payments remain unpaid after all of the restitution	
26	has been paid, any additional money collected must be applied to payment of those fines, costs, charges,		
27	interest, or other payments. If any restitution remains unpaid after all of the fines, costs, charges, interest, or		
28	other payment	s have been paid, any additional money collected must be applied toward payment of the	



		- Requested by: Brandon Ler - (H) Comm	ittee of the Whole
- 2023 68th L	egislature 2023	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	HB0541.002.001
4			
1	restitution."		
2			
3	NEW SECTION. Section 5	Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights ar	nd duties that matured,
4	penalties that were incurred, or proc	eedings that were begun before [the effective date of	f this act].
5			
6	NEW SECTION. Section 6	Applicability. [This act] applies to sentences ente	red for offenses that
7	were committed on or after [the effe	ctive date of this act].	
8		- END -	

