1	HOUSE BILL NO. 889
2	INTRODUCED BY J. KARLEN, P. FLOWERS
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE MONTANA RESIDENTIAL MOBILE
5	HOME LOT RENTAL ACT; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL POLICY STATEMENTS; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL
6	RENTAL AGREEMENT TERMS; LIMITING A LANDLORD'S ABILITY TO INTERFERE WITH THE SALE OF A
7	MOBILE HOME; PROVIDING ALLOWABLE REASONS TO DISAPPROVE A PROSPECTIVE BUYER FROM
8	OBTAINING A RENTAL AGREEMENT; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL PROTECTIONS TO A RESIDENT
9	ASSOCIATION; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL ACTIONS DEEMED RETALIATORY BY A LANDLORD;
10	REVISING REASONS FOR AND THE PROCESS OF A LAWFUL EVICTION OR TERMINATION OF A
11	RENTAL AGREEMENT; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL REMEDIES; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION;
12	AMENDING SECTIONS 70-33-102, 70-33-103, 70-33-201, 70-33-305, 70-33-314, 70-33-431, AND 70-33-433,
13	MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
14	
15	WHEREAS, the right of an individual to own and use property is held in high regard in Montana, and
16	mobile home parks present a unique circumstance in which the right of a mobile home owner to obtain,
17	possess, and use the mobile home owner's property without restriction must be considered as important and
18	worthy of protection as the right of a mobile home park owner to use the land on which the property resides;
19	and
20	WHEREAS, many states, including Montana, have experienced mobile home park management
21	companies or investors who purchase a mobile home park without the knowledge of the values and geographic
22	necessities of a community and who then proceed to cut maintenance services or charge exorbitant fees and
23	rent to increase profits; and
24	WHEREAS, mobile home parks offer affordable housing solutions to many Montanans who often
25	depend on a fixed income, and volatile rent and fee increases make mobile home park lot rental difficult to
26	afford, which can lead to housing displacement for many senior citizens and low-income tenants; and
27	WHEREAS, to provide for and maintain necessary affordable housing, the state of Montana needs to
28	ensure that mobile home park tenants are sufficiently notified of rental increases and fee increases.



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593

1	
2	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
3	
4	Section 1. Section 70-33-102, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"70-33-102. Purpose liberal construction. (1) This chapter must be liberally construed and
6	applied to promote the underlying purposes and policies of this chapter.
7	(2) The underlying purposes and policies of this chapter are to:
8	(a) simplify and clarify the law governing the rental of land to owners of mobile homes and
9	manufactured homes and the rights and obligations of landlords and tenants concerning lot rentals; and
10	(b) encourage landlords and tenants to maintain and improve the quality of housing <u>and require</u>
11	landlords to maintain common land and infrastructure to ensure the health and safety of residents while
12	maintaining reasonable rental costs and fees;
13	(c) maintain affordable housing solutions by discouraging excessive rent and fee increases that
14	risk displacing senior citizens, low-income residents, and low-wage workers;
15	(d) discourage evictions without just cause and provide tenants an adequate timeline when a
16	justified eviction occurs; and
17	(e) protect tenants from retaliation and unreasonable lease provisions."
18	
19	Section 2. Section 70-33-103, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"70-33-103. Definitions. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following
21	definitions apply:
22	(1) "Abandon" means to give up possession of the premises unless the landlord does not accept
23	abandonment or surrender as provided in 70-33-426 or unless the rental agreement has been terminated as
24	provided by law.
25	(2) "Action" includes recoupment, counterclaim, setoff suit in equity, and any other proceeding in
26	which rights are determined, including an action for possession.
27	(3) "Actual and reasonable cost" means the actual amount of expenses and labor incurred or
28	expended and the reasonable amount of expenses and labor estimated to be incurred or expended.



68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593

1	(4)	"Board" means the board of housing created in 2-15-1814.
2	(4) <u>(5)</u>	"Case of emergency" means an extraordinary occurrence beyond the tenant's control requiring
3		on to protect the premises or the tenant. A case of emergency may include the interruption of
4	essential servio	ces, including electricity, gas, running water, and sewer and septic system service, or life-
5	threatening eve	ents in which the tenant or landlord has reasonable apprehension of immediate danger to the
6	tenant or other	S.
7	(5) (6)	"Court" means the appropriate district court, small claims court, justice's court, or city court.
8	(6)<u>(7)</u>	"Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct of the transaction concerned.
9	(7)<u>(8)</u>	"Landlord" means:
10	(a)	the owner of:
11	(i)	space or land, including a lot, that is rented to a tenant for a mobile home; or
12	(ii)	a mobile home park;
13	(b)	a person who has written authorization from the owner to act as the owner's agent or assignee
14	for purposes re	elated to the premises or the rental agreement;
15	(c)	a manager of the premises who fails to disclose the managerial position; or
16	(d)	a lessor who has written authorization from the owner of the premises to sublease the
17	premises.	
18	(8) (9)	"Lot" means the space or land rented and not a mobile home itself.
19	(9) (10)	"Mobile home" has the same meaning as provided in 15-1-101 and includes manufactured
20	homes as defir	ned in 15-1-101.
21	(10)<u>(11</u>	1) "Mobile home owner" means the owner of a mobile home entitled under a rental agreement to
22	occupy a lot.	
23	(11)<u>(12</u>	2) "Mobile home park" means a trailer court as defined in 50-52-101.
24	(12)<u>(13</u>	3) "Organization" includes a corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency,
25	business trust,	estate, trust, partnership, association, two or more persons having a joint or common interest,
26	and any other l	egal or commercial entity.
27	(13)<u>(</u>14	1) "Person" includes an individual or organization.
28	(14)<u>(</u>18	5) "Premises" means a lot and the grounds, areas, and facilities held out for the use of tenants



Amer - 2023		Reading-wł	nite - Requested	by: Jonathan Karlen	- (H) Judiciary
	, egislature 2023		Drafter: Toni I	Henneman, 406-444-3593	HB0889.001.001
1	generally or pr	omised for the	use of a tenant.		
2	(15)<u>(</u>16	5) "Rent" mea	ns all payments to be	e made to a landlord, inclue	ling rent, <u>unit rent, utility and</u>
3	administrative	<u>fees,</u> late fees,	or other charges as	agreed on in the rental ag	reement, except money paid as a
4	security depos	it.			
5	(16)<u>(</u>17	7) "Rental agro	eement" means all a	greements, written or oral,	and valid rules adopted under 70-
6	33-311 embod	ying the terms	and conditions conc	erning the use and occupa	ncy of the premises.
7	<u>(18)</u>	"Resident as	<u>sociation" means an</u>	organization of residents v	who own and occupy mobile homes
8	<u>in a mobile hor</u>	<u>ne park that is</u>	organized to addres	s the common interests of	the residents.
9	(17)<u>(</u>19	9) "Tenant" me	eans:		
10	(a)	a person ent	tled under a rental a	greement to occupy a lot to	the exclusion of others; or
11	(b)	a person who	o, with the written ap	proval of the landlord and p	oursuant to the rental agreement,
12	has a sublease	e agreement w	ith the person who is	entitled to occupy the dwe	lling unit under the rental
13	agreement.				
14	(18)<u>(</u>20	<u>))</u> "Unauthoriz	ed person or trespas	sser" means a person who:	
15	(a)	enters or ren	nains after being ask	ed to leave by the landlord	and does not receive written
16	permission by	the landlord to	remain on the premi	ses;	
17	(b)	is in violation	of 45-6-201;		
18	(c)	is in violation	of 45-6-203; or		
19	(d)	is in violation	of 70-27-102."		
20					
21	Sectio	n 3. Section 7	0-33-201, MCA, is ar	mended to read:	
22	"70-33	-201. Rental	agreements. (1) A	andlord and a tenant may	nclude in a rental agreement terms
23	and conditions	not prohibited	by this chapter or ot	her rule or law.	
24	(2)	Unless the re	ental agreement prov	ides otherwise:	
25	(a)	the tenant sh	all pay as rent the re	ental value for the use and	occupancy of the lot as determined
26	by the landlord	;			
27	(b)	rent is payab	le at the landlord's a	ddress or using electronic t	unds transfer to an account
28	designated for	the payment o	f rent by the landlord	i;	



Amendment - 1st Reading	-white - Requested by: Jonathan Karlen - (H) J	udiciary
68th Legislature 2023	Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593	HB0889.001.001

periodic rent is payable at the beginning of a term that is a month or less and otherwise in

2	equal monthly	installments at the beginning of each month;
3	(d)	rent is uniformly apportionable from day to day;
4	(e)	the tenancy is from month to month the agreement is for a term of 1 year unless a longer
5	<u>period or a mo</u>	nth-to-month lease is mutually agreed on by both the tenant and the landlord; and
6	(f)	if either party terminates the rental agreement without cause prior to the expiration date of the
7	lease term, the	aggrieved party is entitled to monetary damages up to 1 month's rent or an amount that is
8	agreed on in th	ne rental agreement, which may not exceed 1 month's rent. Landlords shall follow 70-33-426(2)
9	and are entitle	d to rent from defaulting tenants up to the date a new tenancy starts or the date the rental
10	agreement teri	n expires.
11	(3)	Rent is payable without demand or notice at the time and place agreed upon on by the parties
12	or as provided	by subsection (2).
13	<u>(4)</u>	Sixty days prior to the expiration of the term of a rental agreement, the landlord shall offer the
14	<u>tenant</u> <u>a renew</u>	al lease for the same term and with the same provisions as the original agreement, unless the
15	landlord notifie	s the resident in writing a minimum of 60 days prior to the expiration of the rental agreement
16	that the agreer	nent will not be renewed for reasons pursuant to 70-33-433.
17	<u>(5)</u>	Nothing in this section prevents a landlord from terminating a rental agreement pursuant to 70-
18	33-433 before	the end of a lease term."
19		
20	Sectio	n 4. Section 70-33-305, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"70-33	-305. Transfer of premises by tenant <u> rights and duties of landlord and tenant</u> . (1) A
22	tenant who vac	cates a lot during the term of a tenancy may not allow the possession of the property to be
23	transferred to a	a third person or sublet the property unless the landlord or the landlord's agent has consented in
24	writing.	
25	(2)	The sale or rental of a mobile home located upon a lot does not entitle the purchaser or renter
26	to retain rental	of the lot unless the purchaser or renter enters into a rental agreement with the owner of the lot.
27	(3)	(a) A mobile home owner who owns the mobile home but rents the lot has the exclusive right to
28	sell the mobile	home without interference or conditions by the landlord, including the consideration of the age of



1

(c)

- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

1	the mobile home as grounds for disapproving a potential purchaser. The new purchaser shall make suitable
2	arrangements with the landlord in order to become a tenant on the mobile home lot. The purchase of the mobile
3	home does not automatically entitle the purchaser <u>potential buyer</u> purchaser t o rent the mobile home lot. , and a
4	landlord may refuse to lease to a prospective buyer:
5	(i) if the prospective buyer has an adverse credit report;
6	(ii) if a background check indicates that the prospective buyer will pose an unreasonable hazard to
7	the safety or peaceful enjoyment of the residents of the mobile home park; or
8	(iii) for any reasonable and prudent objection determined by the landlord.
9	(b) The age or condition of a mobile home is not grounds for disapproving a prospective buyer for
10	a lease. The landlord may not disapprove an assignment of the lease from the tenant to the tenant's bona fide
11	<u>creditor.</u>
12	(c) The landlord may require the prospective buyer to submit an application for lease or sublease
13	or receive an assignment of the lease for the rental site and may make reasonable review of the new buyer as
14	provided in subsections (3)(a)(i) through (3)(a)(iii). The landlord has 14 calendar days after receiving an
15	application from the prospective buyer to give written notice to the buyer stating the reasons for the disapproval.
16	If the prospective buyer is not provided with a written notice of disapproval within 14 calendar days, the
17	prospective tenant is deemed approved. A notice of denial must also be sent to the selling mobile home owner
18	without details unless the prospective buyer has given written consent to release details to the home owner.
19	(d) The mobile home owner or prospective buyer may seek judicial review of the landlord's refusal
20	to lease to the prospective buyer. To continue with the denial of the lease, the landlord shall prove to the court
21	that the disapproval was objectively reasonable and in good faith. If the court finds that the disapproval was not
22	justified, the court shall order the grant of a site lease and award any actual damages, costs, and reasonable
23	attorney fees to the mobile home owner or prospective buyer.
24	(4) A mobile home owner who wishes to sell a mobile home as allowed in subsection (3) shall
25	notify the landlord of a proposed sale of the home.
26	(5) A landlord may not deny a mobile home owner the right to sell a mobile home on a rented
27	<u>space and may not require a home to be removed from the space solely on the basis of the sale of the home. A</u>
28	landlord may not limit the sale of a home on the basis of the home's age or physical condition or in any way



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

1	misrepresent that the home may not be sold. A landlord may not require that a mobile home owner make any
2	addition or improvement to the home as a condition of sale unless those additions or improvements
3	are required by law.
4	(6) A landlord or an employee of a mobile home park may not act as agent or broker in the sale of
5	a tenant's mobile home and may not exact a commission or fee from the sale of a home owned by a tenant.
6	A landlord or employee of a mobile home park may not require that a tenant use the services of a particular
7	dealer or broker when selling a home.
8	(7) A landlord may not place unreasonable, unfair, or discriminatory restriction on sale
9	advertisement signs or on access to the mobile home park by prospective buyers, realtors, or
10	other representatives of the mobile home owner and may not interfere with the mobile home owner's efforts to
11	sell a mobile home.
12	(8) A landlord may not request, negotiate, or demand an option to purchase a mobile home on
13	resale or termination unless the purchase price is determined by a qualified, neutral third party at the expense
14	of the landlord or based on the first offer of a bona fide purchaser for value."
15	
16	Section 5. Section 70-33-314, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"70-33-314. Resident associations meetings. (1) The membership of a resident association may
18	elect officers of the association at a meeting at which a majority of the members are present. All residents may
19	attend meetings, but. Membership in a resident association is limited to mobile home owners who occupy their
20	mobile homes and residents who have rent-to-own agreements for the mobile home in which they reside.
21	(2) the The landlord and the landlord's employees may not be members of and may not attend
22	meetings unless specifically invited by the tenants' resident association. The landlord may not interfere with or
23	prevent the attendance of an invitee at a resident association's meeting.
24	(2)(3) The landlord may not prohibit, or adopt any rule that prohibits, meetings by a resident
25	association or tenants relating to:
26	(a) mobile home living; or
27	(b) the future plans for the mobile home park, including sale or change of use; or
28	(c) any other purpose related to mobile home park living, including but not limited to social or



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593

1	educational purposes or to forums for or speeches by public officials, candidates for public office, or
2	representatives of community groups or resident associations.
3	(4) (a) The landlord shall permit the resident association to use the common areas and facilities
4	of the mobile home park to conduct meetings and programs. The landlord may not charge a resident or a
5	resident association a fee to use common areas or facilities for meetings of the resident association in excess
6	of the fee normally and uniformly charged for use of the common areas or facilities.
7	(b) The landlord may not require a resident or a resident association to obtain liability insurance in
8	order to use the common areas or facilities of the mobile home park for the purposes allowed in this
9	section unless alcoholic beverages are permitted in common areas or facilities and are to be served at a
10	meeting or private function of the resident association.
11	(5) A resident association is entitled to the protections of this section, regardless of the number
12	or percentage of residents who are members.
13	(6) An officer or member of a resident association is not personally financially responsible for the
14	acts or omissions of the association or of any other officers or members of the association.
15	(7) A landlord may not harass or threaten a resident association or engage in any unfair or
16	deceptive conduct to inhibit or interfere with the creation or operation of a residential association."
17	
18	Section 6. Section 70-33-431, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"70-33-431. Retaliatory conduct by landlord prohibited . (1) Except as provided in this section, a
20	landlord may not retaliate by increasing rent, by decreasing services, <u>by altering or refusing to renew</u> an
21	existing rental agreement, by imposing any fee, by changing mobile home park rules, by enforcing mobile
22	home park rules in an unreasonable or nonuniform manner, by bringing or threatening to bring an action for
23	eviction, or by bringing or threatening to bring an action for possession after the tenant has:
24	(a) has complained of a violation applicable to the premises materially affecting health and safety
25	to a governmental agency charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building or housing code;
26	(b) has complained to the landlord in writing of a violation under 70-33-303; or
27	(c) has organized or become a member of a tenant's union, mobile home park resident
28	association, or similar organization <u>:</u>



- 2023	
68th Legislature 2023	Drafter:

Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593

1	<u>(d)</u>	testified in a judicial or administrative proceeding or before a public body;
2	<u>(e)</u>	expressed an intent to organize, has organized, or is a member of a resident association;
3	<u>(f)</u>	expressed an intent to abate or withhold rent or has abated or withheld rent for the actual and
4	reasonable cos	st of repairing conditions in the mobile home park that are the responsibility of the landlord after
5	giving the land	lord notice and a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs;
6	<u>(g)</u>	engaged in political activity;
7	<u>(h)</u>	retained legal counsel or an agent to represent the tenant's interests;
8	<u>(i)</u>	exercised the tenant's right to freedom of association and assembly or freedom of speech; or
9	<u>(j)</u>	performed or expressed an intent to perform any other act for the purpose of asserting,
10	protecting, or i	nvoking the protection of any right secured to residents under the lease or under any federal,
11	<u>state, or</u> local l	<u>aw</u> .
12	(2)	If the landlord acts in violation of subsection (1) of this section, the tenant is entitled to the
13	remedies provi	ded in 70-33-409 and has a defense in any retaliatory action against the tenant for possession.
14	(3)	In an action by or against the tenant, evidence of a complaint within 6 months before the
15	alleged act of r	retaliation creates a rebuttable presumption that the landlord's conduct was in retaliation. The
16	presumption de	pes not arise if the tenant made the complaint after notice of a proposed rent increase or
17	diminution of s	ervices. For purposes of this subsection, "rebuttable presumption" means that the trier of fact is
18	required to find	the existence of the fact presumed unless evidence is introduced that would support a finding of
19	its nonexistend	xe.
20	(4)	Subsections (1) through (3) do not prevent a landlord from bringing an action for possession if:
21	(a)	the violation of the applicable building or housing code was caused primarily by lack of
22	reasonable car	re by the tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or any other persons on the premises with the
23	tenant's conse	nt;
24	(b)	the tenant is in default in rent; or
25	(c)	compliance with the applicable building or housing code requires alteration, remodeling, or
26	demolition that	would effectively deprive the tenant of use of the lot.
27	(5)	The maintenance of an action under subsection (4) of this section does not release the landlord
28	from liability ur	nder 70-33-404(2)."



1	
2	Section 7. Section 70-33-433, MCA, is amended to read:
3	"70-33-433. Grounds for termination of rental agreement eviction process. (1) If there is a
4	noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or with a provision of 70-33-321, the landlord may
5	deliver a written notice to the tenant pursuant to 70-33-106 specifying the acts or omissions constituting the
6	noncompliance and stating that the rental agreement will terminate upon on the date specified in the notice that
7	may not be less than the minimum number of days after receipt of the notice provided for in this section. The
8	rental agreement terminates as provided in the notice for one or more of the following reasons and subject to
9	the following conditions:
10	(a) as specified in subsection (2), nonpayment of rent, late charges, or common area maintenance
11	fees as established in the rental agreement, for which the notice period is 7 days;
12	(b) <u>pursuant to subsection (5) (4)</u> , a violation of a rule other than provided for in subsection (1)(a)
13	that does not create an immediate threat to the health and safety of any other tenant or the landlord or
14	manager, for which the notice period is 14 days;
15	(c) a violation of a rule that creates an immediate threat to the health and safety of any other
16	tenant or the landlord or manager, for which the notice period is 24 hours;
17	(d) late payment of rent, late charges, or common area maintenance fees, as established in the
18	rental agreement, three or more times within a 12-month period if written notice is given by the landlord after
19	each failure to pay, as required by subsection (1)(a), for which the notice period for termination for the final late
20	payment is 30 days;
21	(e) a violation of a rule that creates an immediate threat to the health and safety of any other
22	tenant or the landlord or manager whether or not notice was given pursuant to subsection (1)(c) and the
23	violation was remedied as provided in subsection (3) <u>(4)</u> (3) , for which the notice period is 14 days;
24	(f) <u>pursuant to subsection (5) (4)</u> , two or more violations within a 6-month period of the same rule
25	for which notice has been given for each prior violation, as provided in subsection (1)(a), (1)(b), or (1)(c), for
26	which the notice period for the final violation is 30 days;
27	(g) two or more violations of 70-33-321(1) within a 6-month period, for which the notice period for
28	the final violation is 14 days;



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Jonathan Karlen - (H) Judiciary - 2023				
		egislature 2023	Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593	HB0889.001.001
	1	(h)	any violation of 70-33-321(3) or (4), for which the notice period is as provided i	n 70-33-422(1);
	2	(i)	disorderly conduct that results in disruption of the rights of others to the peace	ful enjoyment
	3	and use of the	premises, for which the notice period is 7 days;	
	4	(j)	any other noncompliance or violation not covered by subsections (1)(a) throug	h (1)(i) that
	5	endangers othe	er tenants or mobile home park personnel or the landlord or manager or causes	substantial
	6	damage to the	premises, for which the notice period is 14 days;	
	7	(k)	conviction of the mobile home owner or a tenant of the mobile home owner of	a violation of a
	8	federal or state	e law or local ordinance, when the violation is detrimental to the health, safety, or	welfare of other
	9	tenants or the	landlord or manager or the landlord's documentation of a violation of the provision	ons of Title 45,
	10	chapter 9, for v	which the notice period is 14 days; <u>and</u>	
'	11	(I)	changes in the use of the land if the requirements of subsection $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ are	met, for which
۱ <i>.</i>	12	the notice period	od is 180 days <u>;.</u>	
	13	(m) a	any legitimate business reason not covered elsewhere in this subsection (1) if the	e landlord meets
	14	the following re	equirements:	
	15	(i) the	e termination does not violate a provision of this section or any other state statut	e; and
	16	(ii) the	a landlord has given the mobile home owner or tenant of the mobile home owner	a minimum of
	17	90 days' writte i	n notice of the termination.	
'	18	<u>(2)</u>	(a) A landlord may not institute eviction procedures for nonpayment of rent unt	<u>il 45 days</u>
-	19	<u>have elapsed f</u>	rom the date the tenant receives notice that rent is delinquent and only if the ten	ant has not
2	20	tendered the d	elinquent payment during that 45-day period. The notice must state the total am	<u>ount of rent due,</u>
2	21	including an ite	emization, and must inform the tenant that the landlord intends to commence an	eviction
2	22	proceeding unl	less the tenant makes the delinquent payment within 45 days.	
2	23	<u>(b)</u>	Nonpayment of any fees, any late charges or utility charges, or any charges pr	rohibited by law
2	24	<u>is not grounds</u>	for eviction.	
2	25	<u>(c)</u>	Any payment made by a tenant to the landlord must be attributed first to deline	<u>luent rent</u>
2	26	payments, ther	n to current rent payments, and last to utility charges, late fees, and other fees.	
2	27	<u>(d)</u>	The landlord's refusal to accept rent from a tenant is not nonpayment of rent a	<u>nd is not</u>
2	28	grounds for evi	iction. Withholding rent in good faith as allowed in 70-33-431(1)(f) is not nonpayi	<u>ment of rent and</u>



HB0889.001.001

	2	(2)(3)(2) (a) If a landlord plans to change the use of all or part of the premises from mobile home lot
I	3	rentals to some other use, each affected mobile home owner must receive notice from the landlord as follows:
	4	(a)(i) The landlord shall give the mobile home owner and a tenant of the mobile home owner at least
	5	15-30 days' written notice that the landlord will be appearing before a unit of local government to request
	6	permits for a change of use of the premises.
	7	(b)(ii) After all required permits requesting a change of use have been approved by the unit of local
	8	government, the landlord shall give the mobile home owner and a tenant of the mobile home owner 6 <u>12</u>
	9	months' written notice of termination of tenancy. If the change of use does not require local government
	10	permits, the landlord shall give the written notice at least 6 12 months prior to the change of use. In the notice

is not grounds for eviction.

12 (c)(iii) Prior to entering a rental agreement during the 6-month <u>12-month</u> notice period referred to in 13 subsection (2)(b) (3)(a)(ii) (2)(a)(ii), the landlord shall give each prospective mobile home owner and any tenant 14 of the mobile home owner whose identity and address have been provided to the landlord written notice that the 15 landlord is requesting a change in use before a unit of local government or that a change in use has been

the landlord shall disclose and describe in detail the nature of the change of use.

16 approved.

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17 (b) A landlord may terminate a rental agreement in order to change the land use of all or part of
18 the premises of a mobile home park only if the landlord meets the following conditions:

19 (i) the rental agreement or rental renewal agreement clearly and conspicuously discloses a

20 change in land use as a ground for terminating the rental agreement;

21 (ii) the landlord has a present intent to change the land use to a use other than a mobile home

22 park; and

23 (iii) the landlord has notified the board and each mobile home owner or tenant whose lease will be

- 24 terminated of the intended change of land use by certified or registered mail at least 1 year before the date
- 25 of the change of use.

26 (3)(4)(3) Subject to the right to terminate in subsections (1)(d) through (1)(k), if the noncompliance 27 described in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c) is remediable by repairs, the payment of damages, or otherwise 28 and the tenant adequately remedies the noncompliance before the date specified in the notice, the rental



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Toni Henneman, 406-444-3593 HB0889.001.001

1 agreement does not terminate as a result of that noncompliance.

2	(5) (4)	(a)	Violation of a mobile home	park rule or regu	ulation as	provided in subsections	(1)(b)	or

3 (1)(f) is grounds for eviction only if:

- 4 (i)(a) the rule has been properly promulgated pursuant to 70-33-311;
- 5 (ii)(b) the rule is not a significant modification of the existing lease agreement and is not unfair,

6 <u>unreasonable</u>, or unconscionable; and

- 7 (iii)(c) the tenant had at least 60 days' notice of the rule before the violation took place.; and
- 8 (iv) the rule violation is likely to continue or recur and the continuing violation would have a
- 9 significant adverse impact on the mobile home park or its residents.
- 10 (b) Violation of a rule is not grounds for eviction if the conduct or conviction was committed by a

11 <u>member of the tenant's household, and not by the tenant, and the other person is no longer living in the home</u>

- 12 <u>and is not likely to return to the home.</u>
- 13 (4)(6)(5) For the purposes of calculating the total number of notices given within a 12-month period
- 14 under subsection (1)(d), only one notice for each violation per month may be included in the calculation.
- 15 (7)(6) The landlord may terminate the rental agreement as allowed in subsection (1) or evict the

16 tenant only by court process. No eviction may be ordered if the court determines that the eviction proceeding is

- 17 <u>a retaliatory act in violation of 70-33-431.</u>
- 18 (8)(7) This section provides the exclusive procedure and grounds for removing, ejecting, or evicting
- 19 <u>a tenant, regardless of any purported termination of the lease and regardless of whether the tenant's original</u>
- 20 lease has expired or been renewed. The landlord's termination of or refusal to renew a lease on any grounds
- 21 is ineffective unless and until the landlord has obtained a court order under this section. This section is binding
- 22 on any purchaser of the mobile home park and any successor in interest to the landlord."
- 23
- 24 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Additional remedies and protections -- action -- court decision. (1)
- 25 To ensure that the rights of tenants available under this chapter are protected, a court may order temporary and
- 26 permanent injunctive relief and other equitable relief as may be appropriate, including the appointment of a
- 27 receiver to operate the mobile home park.
- 28

(2) If a court finds that a landlord's violation of this chapter is willful or reckless or that the



- 20	23	
68th	Legislature	2023

1	community owner has not attempted to resolve the dispute in good faith, the court shall at least treble the actual
2	damages portion of the award and may award punitive damages greater than treble actual damages.
3	(3) If a court finds that an action brought by a tenant or a resident association was brought in bad
4	faith, knowing that the action was groundless, and was brought for the purpose of harassment, the court shall
5	award the landlord reasonable attorney fees as allowed in 70-33-434.
6	(4) The provisions of this chapter do not bar any claim against any person under the common law
7	or any statute, including any claim under 45-6-317 or 45-6-318.
8	(5) For the purposes of tenant enforcement of rights under the rental agreement allowed in 70-33-
9	201, all terms required by this chapter to be included in the rental agreement must be considered as a matter of
10	law to be part of the rental agreement whether incorporated in the actual agreement or not.
11	(6) The mobile home owner has a lien against the realty on which the mobile home park is situated
12	for any amounts owed the mobile home owner pursuant to this chapter.
13	
14	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Appropriation. There is appropriated \$20,000 from the general fund to
15	the department of commerce for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023, to develop and disseminate educational
16	materials to mobile home owners as defined in 70-33-103 that inform mobile home owners of the statutory
17	revisions to the Montana Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act made in [this act].
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Codification instruction. [Section 8] is intended to be codified as an
20	integral part of Title 70, chapter 33, part 4, and the provisions of Title 70, chapter 33, part 4, apply to [section 8].
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are
23	severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications,
24	the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
25	
26	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
27	- END -

