

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 894
2 INTRODUCED BY E. BUTTREY, K. ZOLNIKOV
3
4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING ALCOHOL LAWS; REVISING LAWS
5 RELATING TO AGENCY LIQUOR STORES; REVISING LAWS RELATED TO ALL BEVERAGES LICENSEES
6 AND RESORT AREA ALL BEVERAGES LICENSEES; PROVIDING FOR BUILDINGS, SWIMMING POOLS,
7 AND SKI HILLS ON THE LICENSED LOCATION; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO PREMISES SUITABILITY
8 FOR A LICENSED RETAILER OPERATING A HOTEL OR SHORT-TERM LODGING FACILITY; REVISING
9 PREMISES SUITABILITY REQUIREMENTS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO ALTERATION OF A
10 PREMISES; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO NONCONTIGUOUS PREMISES REQUIREMENTS;
11 PROVIDING FOR ALCOHOL DELIVERIES AT A NONCONTIGUOUS STORAGE AREA; REVISING LAWS
12 RELATING TO FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO POSSESSION LIQUOR IN
13 A KITCHEN OF A LICENSED PREMISES; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO RESORT AREA VALUATION;
14 REVISING LAWS RELATING TO LAPSE OF RESORT AREA DETERMINATIONS AND RESORT AREA
15 BOUNDARY; PROVIDING A FEE FOR RESORT AREA LICENSES; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO
16 RESORT AREA ACCOMMODATION UNITS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO CONCESSION
17 AGREEMENTS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO LICENSE ADMINISTRATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-
18 2-109, 16-3-302, 16-3-311, 16-4-105, 16-4-201, 16-4-212, 16-4-213, 16-4-406, 16-4-418, AND 16-4-420, MCA;
19 AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22

23 **Section 1.** Section 16-2-109, MCA, is amended to read:

24 **"16-2-109. Number and location of agency liquor stores.** (1) (a) In a community with a population
25 of 12,000 or less, there may be one agency liquor store. In communities with populations greater than 12,000,
26 there may be one agency liquor store for the first 12,000 inhabitants and one additional agency liquor store
27 within increments of population of 40,000 inhabitants above 12,000 inhabitants. In determining population, the
28 department shall use the same methods used for determining increases in the retail license quota system as

1 provided in 16-4-201.

2 (b) In communities that are eligible for more than one agency liquor store, an agency liquor store
3 established after April 25, 1995, may not be located within a 1-mile radius of any other agency liquor store in
4 the community.

5 (2) An agency liquor store established after April 25, 1995, may not be located in a community that is
6 closer than 35 miles to another community in which an agency liquor store is presently located, except in the
7 circumstance when the most recent population estimates show a 25% growth in population or a growth of 1,000
8 inhabitants within a 2-year period, whichever is greater, and when this population increase is reasonably
9 expected to continue for at least 5 years.

10 (3) Nothing in subsection (2) prohibits a community with an existing agency liquor store from
11 obtaining additional agency liquor stores when the population allows as provided in subsection (1)."

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13 **Section 2.** Section 16-3-302, MCA, is amended to read:

14 **"16-3-302. Sale by retailer for consumption on premises.** (1) It is lawful for a licensed retailer to
15 sell and serve beer, either on draught or in containers, to the public to be consumed on the premises of the
16 retailer.

17 (2) It is lawful for a licensee who has an all-beverages license that the licensee uses at a golf course
18 to sell alcoholic beverages and for a licensee who has a golf course beer and wine license issued under 16-4-
19 109 to sell beer and wine:

20 (a) in the building or other structural premises constituting the clubhouse or primary indoor
21 recreational quarters of the golf course; and

22 (b) at any place within the boundaries of the golf course, from a portable satellite vehicle or other
23 movable satellite device that is moved from place to place, whether inside or outside of a building or other
24 structure.

25 (3) It is lawful to consume alcoholic beverages sold as provided in subsection (2) at any place within
26 the boundaries of the golf course, whether inside or outside of a building or other structure.

27 (4) (a) It is lawful for a licensee who has an all-beverages ~~licensee~~ license or a resort area all-
28 beverages ~~licensee~~ license to sell alcoholic beverages:

1 (i) in the building or other structural premises constituting the primary indoor lodging quarters of
2 the hotel or other short-term lodging facility;

3 (b)(ii) If if the licensee's premises includes a swimming pool, the premises may have in a permanent
4 licensed alcohol service structure in the swimming pool area separate from the main licensed premises.;

5 (c)(iii) If if the licensee's premises includes a ski hill, the premises may have in up to 2-two permanent
6 alcohol service structures separate from the main licensed premises, within the exterior boundaries of the same
7 premises that are owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of, and operated by the same property owner,
8 licensee, and if applicable, concessionaire.;

9 (d)(iv) if the licensee's premises includes a golf course, the premises in addition to the main licensed
10 premises may include:

11 (A) the building or alcohol service structure constituting the clubhouse or primary recreational
12 quarters of the golf course that is separate from the main licensed premises; and

13 (B) the outdoor area within the boundaries of the golf course.

14 (b) All-buildingsBuildings or structural premises allowed under this subsection (4) may be separate
15 from the building comprising the main licensed premises but must otherwise must meet the premises suitability
16 requirements of 16-3-311. The licensee shall pay an application fee of \$100 for each area allowed under this
17 subsection (4)."

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19 **Section 3.** Section 16-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:

20 **"16-3-311. Suitable premises for licensed retail establishments.** (1) (a) A licensed retailer may
21 use a part of a building as premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages, except as
22 otherwise allowed in 16-3-302(4). The licensed retailer must demonstrate that it has adequate control over all
23 alcoholic beverages to prevent self-service, service to underage persons, and service to persons who are
24 actually or apparently intoxicated. Except as provided in subsection (8), the premises must be separated from
25 the rest of the building by permanent walls but may have inside access to the rest of the building at all times
26 even if the businesses or uses in the other part of the building are unrelated to the operation of the premises in
27 which the alcoholic beverages are served. A licensee may lease the kitchen or another specified area to allow
28 another business entity to operate a food service business within its premises without permanent floor-to-

1 ceilings walls and without a concession agreement if the other business does not take orders for, serve, or
2 deliver alcohol and has a separate point of sale system. If the premises are located in a portion of a building,
3 the licensed retailer must be able to demonstrate that there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent public
4 access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other security features
5 such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access.

6 (b) A resort retail all-beverages licensee ~~or~~, a retail all-beverages licensee, or an on-premises
7 consumption beer and wine licensee within the boundaries of a resort area may also utilize up to three an
8 alternate alcoholic beverage storage facility facilities as allowed in 16-4-213(8).

9 (2) A licensee may alter the approved floorplan of the premises. The alteration must be consistent
10 with the requirements of subsection (1)(a). A licensee shall provide a copy of the revised floorplan with the
11 proposed alteration for the licensed premises to the department within 7 days of beginning the alteration.
12 Department approval may not be unreasonably withheld. If the completed alteration differs from the approved
13 alteration due to modifications required for approval by other state or local government entities, such as
14 compliance with fire or building codes, the department must be notified, but preapproval is not required for
15 these modifications. An alteration for the purposes of this section is any structural change in a premises that
16 does not increase the square footage of the existing approved premises. An alteration that increases the
17 square footage of the existing approved premises must be approved by the department prior to beginning the
18 alteration. A cosmetic change, such as painting, carpeting, or other interior decorating, is not considered an
19 alteration under this section. If the alteration does not require the licensee to obtain a building permit, then
20 inspections by local government agencies may not be required for department approval.

21 (3) The interior portion of the licensed premises must be a continuous area that is under the control of
22 the licensee and not interrupted by any area in which the licensee does not have adequate control, and
23 includes multiple floors on the premises and common areas necessarily shared by multiple building tenants in
24 order to allow patrons to access other tenant businesses or private dwellings in the same building, including but
25 not limited to entryways, hallways, stairwells, and elevators.

26 (4) The premises may include one or more exterior patios or decks as long as sufficient physical
27 safeguards are in place to ensure proper service and consumption of alcoholic beverages. An additional
28 perimeter barrier may not be required if an existing boundary naturally defines the outdoor service area and

1 impedes foot traffic.

2 (5) Premises suitability does not include a minimum number of seats.

3 (6) A licensed on-premises retailer may apply to the department to have a ~~up to three~~ noncontiguous
4 storage ~~area areas area~~ that is ~~are is~~ under the control of the licensed on-premises retailer approved for ~~onsite~~
5 alcoholic beverage storage, either onsite separate from its service area or offsite within 10 miles of the
6 premises as long as the licensed on-premises retailer demonstrates that there are adequate safeguards in
7 place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or
8 other security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access. Alcohol stored at
9 an offsite noncontiguous storage area must be transported only by the licensee or the licensee's employees
10 who are 21 years of age or older. The application fee is \$100. An on-premises consumption retailer's keg
11 storage and beer lines running into the licensed premises may be in the same building location provided that
12 the licensee is able to maintain control and adequate safeguards are in place to prevent public access. This
13 includes a location within an off-premises license provided the storage area is segregated between the
14 licensees and each licensee maintains control over its alcohol inventory a noncontiguous storage area provided
15 that the licensee is able to maintain control and adequate safeguards are in place to prevent public access.

16 (7) A licensed retailer operating within a hotel or similar short-term lodging facility may apply to the
17 department to allow for the delivery of alcoholic beverages to guests of accommodation units, and the
18 prestocking of alcoholic beverages in accommodation units is allowed for the accommodation units within the
19 property as long as the purchaser's age is verified and there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent
20 underage service. The application fee is \$100. Licensees may receive alcohol deliveries at a noncontiguous
21 storage area.

22 (8) An on-premises consumption retailer may be located adjacent to a brewery or winery if the
23 licensees are able to maintain control of their respective premises through adequate physical separation.

24 (9) (a) For the purposes of this section, "adequate physical separation" means:

25 (i) the premises of the retailer and the premises of the brewery or winery are secured after business
26 hours from each other and from any other business, including but not limited to prohibiting a customer from
27 accessing a brewery sample room and purchasing alcohol after the brewery tasting room hours of operation as
28 specified in 16-3-213(2)(b); and

1 (ii) the separation may include doors, gates, or windows that may be left open during business hours.

2 (b) The term does not require permanent floor-to-ceiling walls."

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4 **Section 4.** Section 16-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"16-4-105. Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- limitation on use of**

6 **license -- exceptions -- competitive bidding -- rulemaking.** (1) Except as provided in 16-4-109, 16-4-110,
7 16-4-115, 16-4-420, and chapter 4, part 3, of this title, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine at retail, in
8 accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person or
9 business entity that is approved by the department, subject to the following exceptions:

10 (a) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within
11 incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities and towns
12 must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:

13 (i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the
14 towns, not more than one retail beer license;

15 (ii) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not more than 2,000
16 inhabitants and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities or towns, one retail beer license for every 500
17 inhabitants;

18 (iii) in incorporated cities of more than 2,000 inhabitants and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the
19 cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the next
20 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction of 2,000 inhabitants, and one additional retail beer license for each
21 additional 2,000 inhabitants.

22 (b) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the number
23 of inhabitants residing within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the number of retail beer
24 licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the city or
25 town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of an incorporated city or incorporated town must be
26 measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest
27 corporate boundary of the city or town. A license that is restricted by quota limitations in this section may not be
28 located farther than:

1 (i) the county boundary within which the incorporated city or incorporated town is located; or

2 (ii) the line that separates the incorporated city's or incorporated town's boundary from another
3 incorporated city or incorporated town as specified in this section.

4 (c) (i) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
5 boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
6 straight line equidistant between each city or town.

7 (ii) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town terminates
8 from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses existing as
9 of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a result of the
10 straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

11 (A) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
12 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
13 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
14 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
15 where it falls in the new quota areas.

16 (B) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
17 along Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

18 (C) In the Polson and Ronan quota areas, the straight line will be drawn from U.S. highway 93 west
19 on Pablo West road to the quota area boundary and east on Clairmont road extending out to the quota area
20 boundary. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, within the Polson quota area will become a Polson
21 license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017,
22 within the Ronan quota area will become a Ronan license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas.

23 (d) Retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and retail beer licenses issued under 16-4-110
24 that are in excess of the limitations in this section are renewable, but new licenses may not be issued in
25 violation of the limitations.

26 (e) The limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer
27 license to an enlisted persons', noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal military
28 reservation on May 13, 1985, or to a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a

1 recognized national fraternal organization if the veterans' or fraternal organization has been in continuous
2 existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949, and it is applying for a license at the same
3 location that it has occupied for the last 5 years. A lodge of a fraternal order or post of a nationally chartered
4 veterans' organization that has held a fraternal or veterans' license within the past 10 years is not subject to the
5 5-year same location requirement.

6 (f) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated
7 outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within 5 miles of the corporate
8 limits or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated area must be determined by the department in
9 its discretion, except that a retail beer license may not be issued for any premises so situated unless the
10 department determines that the issuance of the license is required by public convenience and necessity
11 pursuant to 16-4-203. Subsection (8) does not apply to licenses issued under this subsection (1)(f). The owner
12 of the license whose premises are situated outside of an incorporated city or incorporated town may offer
13 gambling, regardless of when the license was issued, if the owner and premises qualify under Title 23, chapter
14 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

15 (2) (a) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses or licenses that resulted
16 from applications in process as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as
17 provided in subsection (1)(c) may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of the combined
18 quota area prior to November 24, 2017.

19 (b) If any new retail beer licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area that existed as of
20 November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (1)(c), the department shall publish the availability of no more
21 than one new beer license a year until the quota has been reached.

22 (c) If any new retail beer licenses are allowed by license transfers as provided in subsection (2)(a),
23 the department may publish the availability of more than one new license a year until the quota has been
24 reached.

25 (3) A license issued under subsection (1)(f) that becomes located within 5 miles of an incorporated
26 city or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another location within the
27 city quota area any sooner than 5 years from the date of the annexation.

28 (4) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a new retail beer license under

1 subsection (1) or (2)(b), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in 16-4-430 to
2 determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for the new license.

3 (5) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), when more than one new beer license becomes available
4 at the same time in the same quota area, the department shall conduct a separate competitive bidding process
5 at separate times for each available license.

6 (6) (a) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply to
7 the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The
8 department may issue an amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine
9 for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. Except for
10 beer and wine licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-420, a person holding a beer and wine license may sell wine for
11 consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, means automatic
12 loss of the wine amendment license.

13 (b) A person licensed under this subsection (6) may apply to the department and pay a fee for an
14 endorsement to, with the licensee's own employees 21 years of age or older, deliver beer and wine in original
15 packaging if the delivery includes food that is prepared by the licensee at the licensee's premises. The
16 purchase price of the delivered beer and wine may not exceed the purchase price of the delivered food.

17 (c) A person licensed under this subsection (6) may possess and use liquor in the kitchen of the
18 licensed premises only for the preparation of food and as long as the alcohol content is cooked out of the food
19 at the time of serving. Nothing in this subsection (6)(c) authorizes a licensee to consume, sell, ~~or serve, or give~~
20 away liquor.

21 (7) A license issued under this section may offer curbside pickup between 8 a.m. and 2 a.m. in
22 original packaging, prepared servings, or growlers.

23 (8) Except as provided in subsection (1)(f), a license issued pursuant to this section after October 1,
24 1997, must have a conspicuous notice that the license may not be used for premises where gambling is
25 conducted.

26 (9) An applicant for a license issued through a competitive bidding process in 16-4-430 shall pay a
27 \$25,000 new license fee and in subsequent years pay the annual fee for the license as provided in 16-4-501.

28 (10) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."

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Section 5. Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-4-201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell liquor, beer, and table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:

(a) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the towns, not more than two retail licenses;

(b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not more than 3,000 inhabitants and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities and towns, three retail licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;

(c) in incorporated cities of more than 3,000 inhabitants and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,500 inhabitants.

(2) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the number of retail licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the city or town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town must be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town. A license that is restricted by quota limitations in this section may not be located farther than:

(a) the county boundary within which the incorporated city or incorporated town is located; or

(b) the line that separates the incorporated city's or incorporated town's boundary from another incorporated city or incorporated town as specified in this section.

(3) (a) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile

1 boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
2 straight line equidistant between each city or town.

3 (b) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town
4 terminates from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses
5 existing as of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a
6 result of the straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

7 (i) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
8 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
9 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
10 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
11 where it falls in the new quota areas.

12 (ii) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
13 along Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

14 (iii) In the Polson and Ronan quota areas, the straight line will be drawn from U.S. highway 93 west
15 on Pablo West road to the quota area boundary and east on Clairmont road extending out to the quota area
16 boundary. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, within the Polson quota area will become a Polson
17 license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017,
18 within the Ronan quota area will become a Ronan license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas.

19 (4) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses or licenses that resulted
20 from applications in process as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as
21 provided in subsection (3) may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of the combined
22 quota area prior to November 24, 2017.

23 (5) (a) If any new retail all-beverages licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area
24 that existed as of November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (3), the department shall publish the
25 availability of no more than one new retail all-beverages license a year until the quota has been reached. The
26 department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in 16-4-430 to determine the party afforded the
27 opportunity to apply for the new license.

28 (b) If any new all-beverages licenses are allowed by license transfers as provided in subsection

1 (4), the department may publish the availability of more than one new license a year until the quota has been
2 reached.

3 (6) Except as provided in subsection (5)(a), when more than one new all-beverages license
4 becomes available at the same time in the same quota area, the department shall conduct a separate
5 competitive bidding process at separate times for each available license.

6 (7) Retail all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and all-beverages licenses issued
7 under 16-4-209 that are in excess of the limitations in subsections (1) and (2) are renewable, but new licenses
8 may not be issued in violation of the limitations.

9 (8) The limitations in subsections (1) and (2) do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and
10 nonassignable, as to ownership only, retail license to:

11 (a) an enlisted personnel, noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal
12 military reservation on May 13, 1985;

13 (b) any post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national
14 fraternal organization if the veterans' or fraternal organization has been in continuous existence for a period of 5
15 years or more prior to January 1, 1949, and is applying for a license at the same location that it has occupied
16 for the last 5 years. A post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a recognized national
17 fraternal organization that has held a veterans' or fraternal license within the past 10 years is not subject to the
18 5-year same-location requirement; or,

19 (c) a continuing care retirement community as provided in 16-4-315.

20 (9) The number of retail all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises
21 situated more than 5 miles outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town may not be more than one
22 license for each 750 in population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and
23 incorporated towns in the county.

24 (10) An all-beverages license issued under subsection (9) that becomes located within 5 miles of an
25 incorporated city or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another location
26 within the city quota area any sooner than 5 years from the date of annexation.

27 (11) A license issued under this section may offer curbside pickup between 8 a.m. and 2 a.m. in
28 original packaging, prepared servings, or growlers.

1 (12) A person licensed under this section may apply to the department and pay a fee for an
 2 endorsement to, with the licensee's own employees 21 years of age or older, deliver beer and wine in original
 3 packaging if the delivery includes food that is prepared by the licensee at the licensee's premises. The
 4 purchase price of the delivered beer and wine may not exceed the purchase price of the delivered food.

5 (13) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."
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7 **Section 6.** Section 16-4-212, MCA, is amended to read:

8 **"16-4-212. Resort area determination.** (1) To obtain a resort area designation, the resort area
 9 developer or landowner must submit an application with a plat setting forth the resort area boundaries and
 10 designating the ownership of the lands within the resort area. The plat must show the location and general
 11 design of the buildings and other improvements existing or to be built in the resort area. A master plan for the
 12 development of the resort area may be filed by the resort area developer in satisfaction of this section.

13 (2) (a) In addition to the other requirements of this code, at the time of application, a resort area
 14 must:

15 (i) not be located within the boundaries of a quota area as described in 16-4-201;

16 (ii) have a current actual valuation of resort or recreational facilities, including land and improvements,
 17 of not less than \$1 million, at least half of which valuation must be for a structure or structures within the resort
 18 area;

19 (iii) be under the sole ownership or control of one person or entity;

20 (iv) contain a minimum of 50 acres of land; and

21 (v) provide details of the recreational facilities that are or will be on the grounds of the resort that
 22 warrant the resort designation being granted. These recreational facilities must be completed prior to licenses
 23 being issued in 16-4-213.

24 (b) A resort area's current actuarial valuation under subsection (2)(a)(ii) may be determined by
 25 using an independent appraisal or the department's tax appraisals of the property.

26 (b)(c) For the purposes of this ~~section~~ subsection (2), "control" means land or improvements that are
 27 owned or that are held under contract, lease, option, or permit.

28 (3) Within 15 business days after the application is filed, the department shall schedule a public

1 hearing to be held in the proposed area to determine whether the facility proposed by the resort area developer
2 or landowner is a resort area. At least 30 days prior to the date of the hearing, the department shall publish
3 notice of the hearing in a newspaper published in the county or counties in which the resort area is located,
4 once a week for 4 consecutive weeks. The notice must include a description of the proposed resort area. The
5 resort area developer or landowner shall, at the time of filing an application, pay to the department an amount
6 sufficient to cover the costs of publication.

7 (4) A person may present, in person or in writing, a statement to the department at the hearing in
8 opposition to or in support of the application.

9 (5) Within 30 days after the hearing, the department shall approve or deny the application. If the
10 application is denied, the applicant may request a review of the decision of the department pursuant to the
11 Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

12 (6) Once a resort area has been approved by the department, the boundaries of a resort area may
13 not be changed without a new application.

14 (7) (a) Except as provided in subsection (7)(b), an approved resort area designation lapses if no
15 resort retail all-beverages licenses are issued pursuant to 16-4-213 within 5 years of the department's approval
16 of the resort area.

17 (b) A resort area designation that received department approval prior to January 1, 2024, lapses if
18 no resort retail all-beverages licenses are issued pursuant to 16-4-213 by January 1, 2028.

19 (c) A developer or landowner of a lapsed resort area may reapply to the department to obtain a
20 new resort area determination."

21

22 **Section 7.** Section 16-4-213, MCA, is amended to read:

23 **"16-4-213. Resort retail all-beverages licenses.** (1) After a resort area has been approved,
24 applications may be filed with the department for the issuance of resort retail all-beverages licenses within the
25 resort area.

26 (2) (a) Except as provided in subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c), the department may issue one resort retail
27 all-beverages license for the first 100 accommodation units and an additional license for each additional 50
28 accommodation units within an approved resort area as long as the recreational facilities under 16-4-212 have

1 also been completed.

2 (b) For a resort area with a perimeter containing at least 1,000 contiguous acres that has a current
3 actual valuation of completed recreational facilities, including land and improvements, of not less than \$30
4 million, the department may issue up to 10 resort retail all-beverages licenses regardless of the number of
5 accommodation units.

6 (c) (i) A resort area designation application to the department that received approval prior to
7 January 1, 1999, is entitled to the issuance of one resort retail all-beverages license for a \$20,000 license fee.

8 (ii) If the resort area is located within the boundaries of a quota area as provided in 16-4-201(1) or
9 (2) as of the date of submission for a resort retail all-beverages license, then notwithstanding the number of
10 accommodation units, the resort area is entitled to ~~six-three~~ additional resort retail all-beverages licenses for a
11 one-time fee of \$400,000 each.

12 (iii) If the resort area is located within the boundaries of a quota area as provided in 16-4-201(1) or
13 (2) as of the date of submission for a resort retail all-beverages license, then notwithstanding the number of
14 accommodation units, the resort area is not eligible for additional resort retail all-beverages licenses beyond
15 those issued prior to January 1, 2028, and described in subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii). Any additional resort
16 retail all beverages licenses issued to a resort area under this subsection (2)(c) must meet the accommodation
17 unit requirement in subsection (2)(a) of this section and pay the license fee and renewal fees as provided in 16-
18 4-501.

19 (d) (i) For purposes of this code, "accommodation unit" means a unit that is available for short-term
20 guest rental and includes:

21 (A)(i) a single-family home;

22 (B)(ii) a single unit of an apartment, condominium, or multiplex;

23 (C)(iii) a single room of a hotel or motel; or

24 (D)(iv) similar living space. A space under this subsection (2)(d)(i)(D) (2)(d)(iv) must be distinctly
25 separated from other living spaces within the building and have its own sleeping, bath, and toilet facilities.

26 (ii) ~~In order to qualify toward the required total for the purposes of subsection (2)(a), accommodation~~
27 ~~units may not be located within the boundaries of a quota area as provided in 16-4-201(1) or (2) as of the date~~
28 ~~of submission for a resort retail all beverages license.~~

1 (3) Regardless of how many resort area all-beverages licenses are issued in a resort area, no more
2 than 20 gambling machine permits may be issued for the resort area.

3 (4) A resort retail all-beverages license within the resort area:

4 (a) is subject to all other requirements of an all-beverages license in this code, except:

5 (i) for the purposes of premises suitability under 16-3-311 and 16-3-302(4), a licensed retailer may
6 use a part of the building as a licensed premises for the consumption of alcoholic beverages on the premises.

7 The premises must be separated from the rest of the building by permanent walls but may have inside access
8 to the rest of the building at all times even if the businesses or uses in the other part of the building are
9 unrelated to the operation of the premises in which alcoholic beverages are served. If the premises are located
10 in a portion of a building, the licensed retailer must be able to demonstrate that there are adequate safeguards
11 in place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door
12 or other security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access;

13 (ii) the interior portion of the licensed premises must be a continuous area that is under the control of
14 the licensee and not interrupted by any area in which the licensee does not have adequate control, and
15 includes multiple floors on the premises and common areas necessarily shared by multiple building tenants in
16 order to allow patrons to access other tenant businesses or private dwellings in the same building, including but
17 not limited to entryways, hallways, stairwells, and elevators; and

18 (iii) the premises may include one or more exterior patios or decks as long as sufficient physical
19 safeguards are in place to ensure proper service and consumption of alcoholic beverages. An additional
20 perimeter barrier may not be required if an existing boundary naturally defines the outdoor service area and
21 impedes foot traffic.

22 (b) is not subject to the quota limitations set forth in 16-4-201; and

23 (c) is transferable to another location within the boundaries of the resort area or to another owner to
24 be used at a location within the boundaries of the resort area.

25 (5) For licenses issued under this section, a licensee may apply to the department to allow for the
26 delivery of alcohol to guests of accommodation units and the prestocking of alcoholic beverages in
27 accommodation units within the designated resort area property as long as the purchaser's age is verified. The
28 application fee is \$100.

1 (6) Employees of the resort licensee who sell, serve, or deliver alcohol must be trained as provided in
2 16-4-1005.

3 (7) A resort retail all-beverages licensee whose license was issued under subsection (2)(c)(i) may
4 enter into one concession agreement as provided in 16-4-418, regardless of whether the licensee's premises is
5 located outside of a quota area as defined in 16-4-201(1) or (2). A resort retail all-beverages licensee whose
6 premises is located outside of a quota area as defined in 16-4-201(1) or (2) may enter into a maximum of one
7 concession agreement per license with an unlicensed entity to serve alcoholic beverages. Except for 16-4-
8 418(1), the provisions of 16-4-418 apply.

9 (8) If a resort area has two or more resort retail all-beverage licenses or retail all-beverages licenses
10 within the boundaries of the resort, the licensees may also apply to use a resort alternate alcoholic beverage
11 storage facility to be located within the resort area. The application fee is \$100. The alternate storage facility will
12 be considered part of each licensee's existing licensed premises, though it does not need to be contiguous to
13 qualify for approval. The licensees using the alternate storage facility must meet all requirements to ensure the
14 secure storage of alcoholic beverages and prevent on-site consumption of alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic
15 beverages in sealed containers belonging to multiple licensees within the resort area may be stored in the
16 same storage facility. A resort retail licensee or retail licensee who is approved to use the alternate storage
17 facility may accept delivery of alcoholic beverages at the alternate storage facility and may transfer alcoholic
18 beverages to another licensee approved to use the alternate storage facility. Any transfer of alcoholic
19 beverages between approved licensees must be properly accounted for. Approval to use the alternate storage
20 facility must be documented on the face of each license within the resort area that applies to use the alternate
21 storage facility.

22 (9) A license issued under this section may offer curbside pickup between 8 a.m. and 2 a.m. in
23 original packaging, prepared servings, or growlers.

24 (10) Applications may be made to the department for resort retail all-beverages licenses provided in
25 subsection (2)(c)(i) or (2)(c)(ii) at any time before January 1, 2028. If the applicant does not have a premises,
26 the department may approve the applications without approving the premises if all other requirements of this
27 code related to an applicant are met. A license issued without a premises must be immediately put on nonuse
28 status until a premises is approved by the department and may not be transferred to another person or

1 business entity prior to approval of the premises unless that transfer is due to death of an owner or was
2 reasonably beyond the control of the licensee. On issuance of a license without a premises as provided in this
3 subsection, the licensee shall apply for a premises located within the resort area and must have the premises
4 approved no later than January 1, 2029."

5

6 **Section 8.** Section 16-4-406, MCA, is amended to read:

7 **"16-4-406. Renewal -- suspension or revocation -- penalty -- mitigating and aggravating**

8 **circumstances -- contrived events.** (1) The department shall, upon a written, verified complaint of a person,
9 request that the department of justice investigate the action and operation of a brewer, winery, wholesaler,
10 domestic distillery, table wine distributor, beer or wine importer, retailer, concessionaire, or any other person or
11 business licensed or registered under this code.

12 (2) Subject to the opportunity for a hearing under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, if the
13 department, after reviewing admissions of either the licensee or concessionaire or receiving the results of the
14 department of justice's or a local law enforcement agency's investigation, has reasonable cause to believe that
15 a licensee or concessionaire has violated a provision of this code or a rule of the department, it may, in its
16 discretion and in addition to the other penalties prescribed:

17 (a) reprimand a licensee or concessionaire or both;

18 (b) proceed to revoke the license of the licensee or the concession agreement of the concessionaire
19 or both only if the violations jeopardize health, welfare, and safety or there is not a proposed cure in place;

20 (c) suspend the license or the concession agreement or both for a period of not more than 3 months;

21 (d) refuse to grant a renewal of the license or concession agreement or both after its expiration only if
22 the violations jeopardize health, welfare, and safety or there is not a proposed cure in place; or

23 (e) impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,500.

24 (3) The department shall consider mitigating circumstances and may adjust penalties within penalty
25 ranges based on its consideration of mitigating circumstances. Examples of mitigating circumstances are:

26 (a) there have been no violations by the licensee or concessionaire or both within the past 3 years;

27 (b) there have been good faith efforts by the licensee or concessionaire or both to prevent a violation;

28 (c) written policies exist that govern the conduct of the licensee's employees or the concessionaire's

1 employees or both;

2 (d) there has been cooperation in the investigation of the violation that shows that the licensee or
3 concessionaire or both or an employee or agent of the licensee or concessionaire or both accepts
4 responsibility; or

5 (e) the licensee or concessionaire or both have provided responsible alcohol server training to all of
6 their employees.

7 (4) The department shall may not consider aggravating circumstances unless there are more than 3
8 violations within the last 3 years arising out of separate occurrences and may adjust penalties within penalty
9 ranges based on its consideration of aggravating circumstances. Examples of aggravating circumstances are:

- 10 (a) ~~prior warnings about compliance problems;~~
11 (b) ~~prior violations within the past 3 years;~~
12 (c) ~~lack of written policies governing employee conduct;~~
13 (d) ~~multiple violations during the course of the investigation;~~
14 (e) ~~efforts to conceal a violation;~~
15 (f) ~~the intentional nature of the violation; or~~
16 (g) ~~involvement of more than one patron or employee in a violation.~~

17 (5) The department may not issue a violation to a licensee or a concessionaire provided the
18 investigation was not based on complaints or on observed misconduct but was based solely on a contrived
19 event by the investigating authority or another designated organization creating the opportunity for a violation.
20 The department may issue a violation only if the licensee or concessionaire fails more than two contrived event
21 investigations within a 3-year period beginning with the first failure. For purposes of this section, the first two
22 violations resulting from a contrived event investigation within a 3-year period do not constitute a violation of
23 this code, and the department may not consider these violations in considering any mitigating circumstances
24 and penalties as provided in this section."

25

26 **Section 9.** Section 16-4-418, MCA, is amended to read:

27 **"16-4-418. Concession agreements.** (1) Except for entities licensed under 16-4-105(1)(e) or 16-4-
28 201(8) on or after January 1, 2021, the department may allow entities licensed under 16-4-105 or 16-4-201 to

1 enter into concession agreements with unlicensed entities to serve alcoholic beverages. A licensee may enter
2 into a maximum of three concession agreements for each license at any given time.

3 (2) To be considered for approval, a concession agreement must:

4 (a) demonstrate that the licensed premises is a contiguous premises that includes the space utilized
5 by the concessionaire; and

6 (b) provide that the licensee retains ultimate control over and responsibility for operating the license,
7 including:

8 (i) the ordering, purchase, sale, and service of alcoholic beverages;

9 (ii) the right to discipline or otherwise sanction any employee in relation to the service of alcoholic
10 beverages;

11 (iii) reconciling the proceeds of alcoholic beverage sales at least monthly;

12 (iv) terminating the concession agreement with cause where cause includes but is not limited to any
13 violation of Title 16 and the sale or transfer of the license; and

14 (v) the exclusive operation of all gaming activities if the licensee offers any gaming.

15 (3) A licensee's gaming endorsement may not be extended through a concession agreement.

16 (4) Nothing in this section precludes a licensee and a concessionaire from sharing employees.

17 (5) A licensee may enter into a management agreement to satisfy the provisions of subsection (2)(b).

18 (6) (a) The licensee may compensate the concessionaire for the sale of alcoholic beverages based
19 only on one of the following or a combination of the following considerations:

20 (i) a percentage of gross alcoholic beverage sales;

21 (ii) a percentage of gross alcoholic beverage revenue less cost of goods;

22 ~~(ii)~~(iii) a percentage of employee overhead; and

23 ~~(iii)~~(iv) a fixed dollar amount to be negotiated by the parties.

24 (b) If the licensee and concessionaire change the structure of the compensation arrangement, the
25 department must be provided with a copy of the amended compensation arrangement but does not have the
26 ability to deny the amended compensation arrangement as long as it meets the requirements of this section.

27 (7) (a) Other than changes provided in subsection (6)(b), a licensee shall submit any proposed
28 modification to an existing concession agreement for review and approval by the department. Changes include

1 but are not limited to proposed changes in ownership of the license and the parties of an existing concession
2 agreement choosing to operate under the provisions of this section. The department shall approve or deny the
3 application within 30 business days unless additional information is required. A new or modified concession
4 agreement that does not alter the existing floorplan may not require inspections by local government agencies
5 for department approval. The existing concession agreement may remain in place pending department
6 approval or denial. An applicant may apply for temporary operating authority pending approval for a change in
7 ownership of a license or to operate under the provisions of this section without terminating an existing
8 concession agreement.

9 (b) Parties with a concession agreement existing prior to May 14, 2021, that elect to operate under
10 the provisions of this section shall operate under the existing concession agreement pending department
11 approval of the new concession agreement.

12 (8) A concession agreement does not constitute an ownership interest in the license.

13 (9) The department shall create a standardized concession agreement that includes only the
14 requirements of this section.

15 (10) The concessionaire shall pay the department an application fee of \$500 for each new concession
16 agreement or for existing concession agreements that elect to operate under the provisions of this section. The
17 new concession agreement application fee does not apply to modification of existing concession agreements.
18 The annual renewal fee for each concession agreement is \$100.

19 (11) (a) For the purposes of this section, the term "contiguous premises" means the interior portion of
20 the premises that must be a continuous area under the control of the licensee or the concessionaire and not
21 interrupted by any area in which one of the parties does not have control.

22 (b) The term includes multiple floors on the premises and common areas necessarily shared by
23 multiple building tenants in order to allow patrons to access other tenant businesses or private dwellings in the
24 same building, including but not limited to entryways, hallways, stairwells, and elevators."

25

26 **Section 10.** Section 16-4-420, MCA, is amended to read:

27 **"16-4-420. Restaurant beer and wine license -- competitive bidding -- rulemaking.** (1) The
28 department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to an applicant whenever the department determines

1 that the applicant, in addition to satisfying the requirements of this section, meets the following qualifications
2 and conditions:

3 (a) the applicant complies with the licensing criteria provided in 16-4-401 for an on-premises
4 consumption license;

5 (b) the applicant operates a restaurant at the location where the restaurant beer and wine license will
6 be used or satisfies the department that:

7 (i) the applicant intends to open a restaurant that will meet the requirements of subsection (6) and
8 intends to operate the restaurant so that at least 65% of the restaurant's gross income during its first year of
9 operation is expected to be the result of the sale of food;

10 (ii) the restaurant beer and wine license will be used in conjunction with that restaurant, that the
11 restaurant will serve beer and wine only to a patron who orders food, and that beer and wine purchases will be
12 stated on the food bill; and

13 (iii) the restaurant will serve beer and wine from a service bar, as service bar is defined by the
14 department by rule;

15 (c) the applicant understands and acknowledges in writing on the application that this license prohibits
16 the applicant from being licensed to conduct any gaming or gambling activity or operate any gambling
17 machines and that if any gaming or gambling activity or machine exists at the location where the restaurant
18 beer and wine license will be used, the activity must be discontinued or the machines must be removed before
19 the restaurant beer and wine license takes effect; and

20 (d) the applicant states the planned seating capacity of the restaurant, if it is to be built, or the current
21 seating capacity if the restaurant is operating.

22 (2) (a) A restaurant that has an existing retail license for the sale of beer, wine, or any other alcoholic
23 beverage may not be considered for a restaurant beer and wine license at the same location.

24 (b) (i) An on-premises retail licensee who sells the licensee's existing retail license may not apply for
25 a license under this section for a period of 1 year from the date that license is transferred to a new purchaser.

26 (ii) A person, including an individual, with an ownership interest in an existing on-premises retail
27 license that is being transferred to a new purchaser may not attain an ownership interest in a license applied for
28 under this section for a period of 1 year from the date that the existing on-premises retail license is transferred

1 to a new purchaser.

2 (3) A completed application for a license under this section and the appropriate application fee, as
3 provided in subsection (11), must be submitted to the department. The department shall investigate the items
4 relating to the application as described in subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b). Based on the results of the investigation
5 and the exercise of its sound discretion, the department shall determine whether:

6 (a) the applicant is qualified to receive a license; and

7 (b) (i) the applicant's premises are suitable for the carrying on of the business;

8 (ii) the applicant is qualified to receive a license prior to a determination that the applicant's premises
9 are suitable for carrying on with the business in accordance with 16-4-417; or

10 (iii) if the applicant has already been issued a license, the proposed premises are suitable for the
11 carrying on of the business and the seating capacity stated on the application is correct.

12 (4) An application for a beer and wine license submitted under this section is subject to the provisions
13 of 16-4-203, 16-4-207, and 16-4-405.

14 (5) If a premises proposed for licensing under this section is a new or remodeled structure, then the
15 department may issue a license prior to completion of the premises based on reasonable evidence, including a
16 statement from the applicant's architect or contractor confirming that the seating capacity stated on the
17 application is correct, that the premises will be suitable for the carrying on of business as a bona fide
18 restaurant, as defined in subsection (6). If a license is issued without a premises, the license will immediately
19 be placed on nonuse status until the premises are approved subject to 16-4-417.

20 (6) (a) For purposes of this section, "restaurant" means a public eating place:

21 (i) where individually priced meals are prepared and served for on-premises consumption;

22 (ii) where at least 65% of the restaurant's annual gross income from the operation must be from the
23 sale of food and not from the sale of alcoholic beverages. Each year after a license is issued, the applicant shall
24 file with the department a statement, in a form approved by the department, attesting that at least 65% of the
25 gross income of the restaurant during the prior year resulted from the sale of food.

26 (iii) that has a dining room, a kitchen, and the number and kinds of employees necessary for the
27 preparation, cooking, and serving of meals in order to satisfy the department that the space is intended for use
28 as a full-service restaurant; and

1 (iv) that serves an evening dinner meal at least 4 days a week for at least 2 hours a day between the
2 hours of 5 p.m. and 11 p.m. The provisions of subsection (6)(b) and this subsection (6)(a)(iv) do not apply to a
3 restaurant for which a restaurant beer and wine license is in effect as of April 9, 2009, or to subsequent
4 renewals of that license.

5 (b) The term does not mean a fast-food restaurant that, excluding any carry-out business, serves a
6 majority of its food and drink in throw-away containers not reused in the same restaurant.

7 (7) (a) A restaurant beer and wine license not issued through a competitive bidding process as
8 provided in 16-4-430 may be transferred, on approval by the department, from the original applicant to a new
9 owner of the restaurant only after 1 year of use by the original owner, unless that transfer is due to the death of
10 an owner.

11 (b) A license issued under this section may be jointly owned, and the license may pass to the
12 surviving joint tenant upon the death of the other tenant. However, the license may not be transferred to any
13 other person or entity by operation of the laws of inheritance or succession or any other laws allowing the
14 transfer of property upon the death of the owner in this state or in another state.

15 (c) An estate may, upon the sale of a restaurant that is property of the estate and with the approval of
16 the department, transfer a restaurant beer and wine license to a new owner.

17 (8) (a) The department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to a qualified applicant:

18 (i) except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of
19 5,000 persons or fewer, as the quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant
20 beer and wine licenses issued in that quota area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses
21 that may be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-4-105;

22 (ii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 5,001 to 20,000 persons, as the quota
23 area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that
24 quota area is equal to or less than 160% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area
25 pursuant to 16-4-105;

26 (iii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 20,001 to 60,000 persons, as the quota
27 area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that
28 quota area is equal to or less than 100% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area

1 pursuant to 16-4-105;

2 (iv) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 60,001 persons or more, as the quota
3 area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that
4 quota area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area
5 pursuant to 16-4-105; and

6 (v) for a restaurant located in a quota area that is also a resort community, as defined in 7-6-1501, if
7 the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in the quota area that is also a resort community is
8 equal to or less than 200% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-
9 4-105.

10 (b) In determining the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses that may be issued under this
11 subsection (8) based on the percentage amounts described in subsections (8)(a)(i) through (8)(a)(v), the
12 department shall round to the nearer whole number.

13 (c) If the department has issued the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses authorized for a
14 quota area under subsection (8)(a)(i), there must be a one-time adjustment of four additional licenses for that
15 quota area.

16 (d) (i) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
17 boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
18 straight line equidistant between each city or town. A license that is restricted by quota limitations in this section
19 may not be located farther than:

20 (A) the county boundary within which the incorporated city or incorporated town is located; or

21 (B) the line that separates the incorporated city's or incorporated town's boundary from another
22 incorporated city or incorporated town as specified in this section.

23 (ii) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town terminates
24 from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses existing as
25 of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a result of the
26 straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

27 (A) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
28 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area

1 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
2 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
3 where it falls in the new quota areas.

4 (B) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
5 along Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

6 (C) In the Polson and Ronan quota areas, the straight line will be drawn from U.S. highway 93 west
7 on Pablo West road to the quota area boundary and east on Clairmont road extending out to the quota area
8 boundary. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, within the Polson quota area will become a Polson
9 license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017,
10 within the Ronan quota area will become a Ronan license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas.

11 (9) (a) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses or licenses that resulted
12 from applications in process as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as
13 provided in 16-4-105 and subsection (8)(d) of this section may be transferred between the two quota areas if
14 they were part of the combined quota area prior to November 24, 2017.

15 (b) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area
16 that existed as of November 24, 2017, as provided in 16-4-105 and subsection (9)(a) of this section, the
17 department shall publish the availability of no more than one new restaurant beer and wine license a year until
18 the quota has been reached.

19 (c) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by license transfers as provided in
20 subsection (9)(a), the department may publish the availability of more than one new license a year until the
21 quota has been reached.

22 (10) Except as provided in subsection (9)(b), when more than one new restaurant beer and wine
23 license becomes available at the same time in the same quota area, the department shall conduct a separate
24 competitive bidding process at separate times for each available license.

25 (11) When a restaurant beer and wine license becomes available by the initial issuance of licenses
26 under this section or as the result of an increase in the population in a quota area, the nonrenewal of a
27 restaurant beer and wine license, or the lapse or revocation of a license by the department, then the
28 department shall advertise the availability of the license in the quota area for which it is available.

1 (12) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a new restaurant beer and wine
2 license under subsection (9) or (11), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in 16-
3 4-430 to determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for a new license.

4 (13) (a) Except as provided in subsection (13)(b), beer and wine may be sold for off-premises
5 consumption, including curbside pickup, during the hours of 11 a.m. and 11 p.m. in original packaging,
6 prepared servings, or growlers. If offering off-premises sales, food must also be ordered, the beer or wine must
7 be stated on the food bill, and the sales must count toward the 65% limit as provided in this section.

8 (b) A restaurant beer and wine licensee may apply to the department and pay a fee for an
9 endorsement to, with the licensee's own employees 21 years of age or older, deliver beer and wine in original
10 packaging if the delivery includes food that is prepared by the licensee at the licensee's premises. The
11 purchase price of the delivered beer and wine may not exceed the purchase price of the delivered food.

12 (14) An application for a restaurant beer and wine license must be accompanied by a fee equal to 20%
13 of the initial licensing fee. If the department does not decide either to grant or to deny the license within 4
14 months of receipt of a complete application, the department shall pay interest on the application fee at the rate
15 of 1% a month until a license is issued or the application is denied. Interest may not accrue during any period
16 that the processing of an application is delayed by reason of a protest filed pursuant to 16-4-203 or 16-4-207. If
17 the department denies an application, the application fee, plus any interest, less a processing fee established
18 by rule, must be refunded to the applicant. Upon the issuance of a license, the licensee shall pay the balance of
19 the initial licensing fee. The amount of the initial licensing fee is determined according to the following schedule:

- 20 (a) \$5,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 60 persons or fewer;
21 (b) \$10,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 61 to 100 persons; or
22 (c) \$20,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 101 persons or more.

23 (15) The annual fee for a restaurant beer and wine license is \$400.

24 (16) If a restaurant licensed under this part increases the stated seating capacity of the licensed
25 restaurant or if the department determines that a licensee has increased the stated seating capacity of the
26 licensed restaurant, then the licensee shall pay to the department the difference between the fees paid at the
27 time of filing the original application and issuance of a license and the applicable fees for the additional seating.

28 (17) The number of beer and wine licenses issued to restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 101

1 persons or more may not exceed 25% of the total licenses issued.

2 (18) Possession of a restaurant beer and wine license is not a qualification for licensure of any gaming
3 or gambling activity. A gaming or gambling activity may not occur on the premises of a restaurant with a
4 restaurant beer and wine license.

5 (19) A person licensed under this section may have and possess liquor in the kitchen of the licensed
6 premises only for the purpose of the preparation of food if the alcohol content is cooked out at the time of
7 selling. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to allow the licensee to consume, sell, ~~or~~ serve, or give
8 away liquor.

9 (20) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."

10

11 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

12

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