- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Division

Drafter: Megan Moore, 406-444-4496

1		HOUS	E BILL NO. 911	
2	INTRODUC	CED BY J. KARLEN, J. HAMILTON,	J. COHENOUR, M. MAR	LER, L. BISHOP, M. THANE, K.
3		ABBOTT, P. TUSS, B. C.	ARTER, M. ROMANO, S.	HOWELL
4				
5	A BILL FOR A	N ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENEF	RALLY REVISING INDIVI	DUAL INCOME TAX LAWS;
6	REVISING IND	DIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATES; IN	CREASING THE EARNE	D INCOME TAX CREDIT;
7	REVISING TH	E TAX RATES APPLICABLE TO CE	RTAIN NET LONG-TER	M CAPITAL GAINS;
8	ESTABLISHIN	G A CHILD TAX CREDIT FOR MON	ITANA RESIDENT TAXF	PAYERS; PROVIDING A MAXIMUM
9	REFUNDABLE	CREDIT AMOUNT FOR A CHILD S	5 YEARS OF AGE OR YO	OUNGER; CREATING A CIRCUIT
10	BREAKER INC	COME TAX CREDIT FOR PROPER	Y TAXES PAID AND RE	NT-EQUIVALENT PROPERTY
11	TAXES PAID;	PROVIDING THAT A TAXPAYER M	AY CLAIM EITHER THE	CIRCUIT BREAKER TAX CREDIT
12	OR THE RESI	DENTIAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT	FOR THE ELDERLY AN	ND PARTICIPATE IN THE
13	PROPERTY T	AX ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OR T	HE DISABLED VETERA	N ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OR
14	RECEIVE THE	INTANGIBLE LAND VALUE PROP	ERTY EXEMPTION; PRO	OVIDING DEFINITIONS;
15	AMENDING S	ECTIONS 15-6-240, 15-6-302, 15-7-	102, 15-16-101, 15-17-12	25, 15-30-2103, 15-30-2120, 15-30-
16	2303, 15-30-23	318, AND 15-30-2341, MCA; AND P	ROVIDING EFFECTIVE	DATES AND AN APPLICABILITY
17	DATE."			
18				
19	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE	STATE OF MONTANA:	
20				
21	NEW S	SECTION. Section 1. Child tax cr	edit. (1) Except as provid	led in subsection (3), a resident
22	taxpayer who i	s permitted a child tax credit under s	ection 24 of the Internal I	Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 24, is
23	allowed a cred	it against the taxes imposed by this	chapter for each qualifyin	g child of the taxpayer.
24	(2)	Subject to subsection (6), the amo	unt of the credit is \$1,200) for each qualifying child.
25	(3)	The credit is not allowed if the taxp	ayer's federal adjusted g	ross income exceeds the threshold
26	amount.			
27	(4)	(a) Except as provided in subsection	on (4)(b), to claim the cre	dit, a taxpayer must have:
28	(i)	proof of earned income;		
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1	(ii)	investment income of less than \$10,300; and	
2	(iii)	a valid social security number for each child claimed.	
3	(b)	The requirement to have proof of earned income does not apply to:	
4	(i)	the parent of a child eligible to receive home and community-based services und	ler Title 53,
5	chapter 6, part	t 4, because of the child's physical or developmental disabilities;	
6	(ii)	a parent who receives social security disability insurance benefit payments unde	er 42 U.S.C.
7	423 or veteran	n disability compensation under 38 U.S.C. 1114; or	
8	(iii)	a grandparent who claims a grandchild as a dependent.	
9	(5)	The taxpayer is entitled to a refund equal to the amount by which the credit exce	eds the
10	taxpayer's tax	liability or, if the taxpayer has no tax liability under this chapter, a refund equal to t	he amount of
11	the credit. The	e credit may be claimed by filing a Montana income tax return.	
12	(6)	The credit in subsection (2) is reduced at a rate of \$90 for each \$1,000 of the tax	(payer's federal
13	adjusted gross	s income in excess of \$50,000.	
14	(7)	For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
15	(a)	"Earned income" means earned income as defined in section 32 of the Internal F	Revenue Code,
16	26 U.S.C. 32.		
17	(b)	"Investment income" means disqualified income as defined in section 32 of the I	nternal
18	Revenue Code	e, 26 U.S.C. 32.	
19	(c)	"Qualifying child" means a child of the taxpayer who is 5 years of age or younge	r as of the
20	close of the ca	alendar year in which the taxpayer's tax year begins.	
21	(d)	"Threshold amount" is \$56,000, regardless of the individual taxpayer's filing state	JS.
22			
23	NEW S	SECTION. Section 2. Property tax and rent-equivalent property tax circuit b	reaker credit -
24	- definitions.	As used in [sections 2 through 5], the following definitions apply:	
25	(1)	"Claim period" means the tax year for claimants required to file a Montana tax re	turn or returns
26	under chapter	⁻ 30 and the calendar year for claimants not required to file returns.	
27	(2)	"Claimant" means a person who is eligible to file a claim for a credit under [section	ons 2 through
28	5].		



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1	(3)	"Gross rent" means the total rent in cash or its equivalent actually paid during the claim period
2	by the renter or	r lessee for the right of occupancy of the qualified rental residence pursuant to an arm's-length
3	transaction with	n the landlord.
4	(4)	(a) "Household" means an association of persons who live in the same dwelling, sharing its
5	furnishings, fac	ilities, accommodations, and expenses.
6	(b)	The term does not include bona fide lessees, tenants, or roomers and boarders on contract.
7	(5)	"Household income" means all income received by all persons of a household in a tax year
8	while they are	members of the household.
9	(6)	(a) "Income" means, except as provided in subsection (6)(b), federal adjusted gross income,
10	without regard	to loss, as that quantity is defined in the Internal Revenue Code, plus all nontaxable income,
11	including but no	ot limited to:
12	(i)	the amount of any pension or annuity, including Railroad Retirement Act benefits and veterans'
13	disability benef	ïts;
14	(ii)	the amount of capital gains excluded from adjusted gross income;
15	(iii)	alimony;
16	(iv)	support money;
17	(v)	nontaxable strike benefits;
18	(vi)	cash public assistance and relief;
19	(vii)	interest on federal, state, county, and municipal bonds; and
20	(viii)	all payments received under federal social security except social security income paid directly
21	to a nursing ho	me.
22	(b)	For the purposes of this subsection (6), income is reduced by the taxpayer's basis.
23	(7)	"Property tax billed" means taxes levied against the qualified residence, including special
24	assessments a	nd fees, but excluding penalties or interest during the claim period.
25	(8)	(a) (i) "Qualified rental residence" means any class four residential dwelling that is a single-
26	family dwelling	unit, unit of a multiple-unit dwelling, trailer, manufactured home, or mobile home that is rented
27	from a third par	rty, located in the state, and subject to property taxes and as much of the surrounding land, not
28	exceeding 1 ac	re, as is reasonably necessary for its use as a dwelling.

Amendment -	1st Reading-	white - Requested by: Jonathan Karlen - (H) T	axation
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1	(ii)	The term includes a single-family dwelling unit or unit of a multiple-unit dwelling that is rented
2	from a county	or municipal housing authority as provided in Title 7, chapter 15.
3	(b)	Except for dwellings rented from a county or municipal housing authority, the term does not
4	include rented	dwellings or rented lands that are not subject to Montana property taxes during the claim period.
5	(9)	"Qualified residence" means any owner-occupied class four residential dwelling that is a single-
6	family dwelling	unit, unit of a multiple-unit dwelling, trailer, manufactured home, or mobile home located in the
7	state that is su	bject to property taxes and as much of the surrounding land, not exceeding 1 acre, as is
8	reasonably neo	cessary for its use as a dwelling.
9	(10)	"Rent-equivalent property tax paid" means 15% of gross rent.
10	(11)	"Tax year" means the property tax year preceding the current year in which a claim for a
11	property tax cir	cuit breaker credit is made.
12	(12)	"Threshold amount" means the amount determined based on household income as follows:
13	(a)	on the first \$20,000 of household income, 1%;
14	(b)	on \$20,001 to \$40,000 of household income, 2.5%;
15	(c)	on \$40,001 to \$60,000 of household income, 3.5%;
16	(d)	on \$60,001 to \$80,000 of household income, 5.5%;
17	(e)	on \$80,001 to \$100,000 of household income, 7.5%; and
18	(f)	on household income above \$100,000, 9.5%.
19		
20	NEW S	SECTION. Section 3. Property tax and rent equivalent property tax circuit breaker credit
21	eligibility. (1)	In order to make a claim for a credit under [sections 2 through 5], the individual must have:
22	(a)	resided in the state for at least 9 months of the tax year for which the claim is made; and
23	(b)	occupied one or more qualified residences as an owner or one or more qualified rental
24	residences as	a renter or lessee for at least 6 months of the tax year; and
25	(c)	household income of less than \$110,000.
26	(2)	A person is not disqualified from claiming the credit under [sections 2 through 5] because of a
27	change of resid	dence during the claim period if the person occupies a qualified residence as an owner or a
28	qualified rental	residence as a renter or lessee in the state for at least 7 months during the claim period.

Amendment - 2023	- 1st	Reading-white - Requested by: Jonathan Karlen - (H) T	axation
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1	(3)	A taxpayer may not claim the credit provided for in [sections 2 throug	h 5] and the residential

2 property tax credit for the elderly provided for in 15-30-2337 through 15-30-2341.

3 (4) Only one claim for a property tax circuit breaker credit or the residential property tax credit for
4 the elderly provided for in 15-30-2337 through 15-30-2341 may be made with respect to any qualified
5 residence.

6 (5) A claim for the credit may not be allowed for any portion of property tax billed or rent-equivalent 7 property tax paid that is derived from a public tax subsidy program or a public rent subsidy program.

8 (6) A claim is disallowed if the department finds that the claimant received title to the claimant's 9 qualified residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under [sections 2 through 5].

10 (7) When the landlord and tenant have not dealt at arm's length and the department judges the

11 gross rent charged to be excessive, the department may adjust the amount considered gross rent to a

12 reasonable amount.

13

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 4. Property tax and rent-equivalent property tax circuit breaker credit -

15 - credit amount. (1) There is a credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter for a portion of property tax

16 billed or rent-equivalent property tax paid by a claimant in the tax year as provided in this section.

17 (2) The amount of the credit allowed under this section is equal to the property tax billed or rent-18 equivalent property tax paid in the tax year times 0.75 minus the threshold amount.

19 (3) If the amount determined is equal to or less than zero, there is no credit.

20 (4) If two or more individuals share a qualified rental residence, each individual may claim the

21 credit based on the proportional share that the individual pays of the gross rent.

(5) If the amount of the credit exceeds the claimant's liability under this chapter, the amount of the
excess must be refunded to the claimant. The credit may be claimed even though the claimant has no taxable
income under this chapter.

25

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Property tax and rent-equivalent property tax circuit breaker credit -

- filing date -- denial of claim. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), a claim for the credit must be

submitted at the same time the claimant's tax return is due under chapter 30. For an individual not required to



1 file a tax return, the claim must be submitted on or before April 15 of the year following the year for which the 2 credit is sought. 3 (2) A receipt showing property taxes billed or gross rent paid must be filed with each claim. Each 4 claimant shall, at the request of the department, supply all additional information necessary to support a claim. 5 (3) The department may grant a reasonable extension for filing a claim whenever, in its judgment, 6 good cause exists. 7 (4) If an individual who would have a claim under [sections 2 through 5] dies before filing the claim, 8 the personal representative of the estate of the decedent may file the claim. 9 (5) The department or an individual may revise a return and make a claim under [sections 2] 10 through 5] within 3 years from the last day prescribed for filing a claim for relief. 11 (6) A person filing a false or fraudulent claim under the provisions of [sections 2 through 5] must be 12 charged with the offense of unsworn falsification to authorities pursuant to 45-7-203. If a false or fraudulent 13 claim has been paid, the amount paid, penalties, and interest may be recovered as provided in 15-1-216. 14 15 Section 6. Section 15-6-240, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "15-6-240. Intangible land value property exemption -- application procedure. (1) There is an 17 intangible land value assistance program that provides graduated levels of property tax exemptions to assist 18 owners of primary residences with land values that are disproportionate to the value of a primary residence and 19 improvements. To be eligible for the exemption, applicants must meet the requirements of this section. 20 If the total appraised value of the land is equal to or less than 150% of the appraised value of (2)21 the primary residence and improvements situated on the land, then the land exemption provided in this section 22 does not apply. 23 (3) Subject to subsection (6) (7), if the total appraised value of the land is greater than 150% of the 24 appraised value of the primary residence and improvements situated on the land, then the land is valued at 25 150% of the appraised value of the primary residence and improvements situated on the land, subject to the 26 minimum equalization of value requirement in subsection (4), and the remainder of the land value is exempt from taxation. 27 28 (4) If the calculation in subsection (3) creates a land value that is less than the statewide average



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1	value of land t	hen the value of the land may not be reduced in an amount that is less than the	atatowida
		hen the value of the land may not be reduced in an amount that is less than the	Slalewide
2	-	of land multiplied by the acreage of land for the subject property.	
3	(5)	This section does not provide an exemption for the primary residence and imp	rovements
4	situated on the		
5	<u>(6)</u>	Property eligible for the exemption provided for in this section is not eligible for	the property tax
6	assistance pro	grams provided for in Title 15, chapter 6, part 3.	
7	(6) (7)	(a) A claim for assistance must be filed by March 1 of the tax year for which th	e exemption is
8	sought, on an a	application form provided by the department. After an exemption is approved, th	e applicant
9	remains eligibl	e for the exemption for the remainder of the 2-year valuation cycle provided for i	n 15-7-111 as
10	long as the pro	operty is continually used as a primary residence by the applicant. An applicant v	vho does not
11	apply for assis	tance during the first year of the valuation cycle may apply during the second ye	ar of the cycle.
12	(b)	The application form must contain:	
13	(i)	an affirmation that the applicant owns and maintains the land and improvemer	ts as the primary
14	residence;		
15	(ii)	an affirmation that the land has been owned by the applicant or a family memb	per of the
16	applicant within	n the third degree of consanguinity for at least 30 consecutive years; and	
17	(iii)	any other information required by the department that is relevant to the applica	nt's eligibility.
18	(c)	When providing information to the department for qualification under this section	on, applicants
19	are subject to t	the false swearing penalties established in 45-7-202.	
20	(d)	The department may investigate the information provided in an application and	l an applicant's
21	continued eligi	bility.	
22	(e)	The department may request applicant verification of the primary residence.	
23	(7)<u>(</u>8)	_As used in this section the following definitions apply:	
24	(a)	"Land" means:	
25	(i)	parcels of land or lots of not more than 5 acres under single ownership that su	pport the primary
26	residential imp	rovements. The term does not include parcels of land or lots that do not support	the primary
27	residential imp	rovements, regardless of whether those parcels or lots are contiguous with or ac	ljacent to the
28	primary reside	ntial property.	



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1	(ii)	subject to the limitations in subsection (7) (8)(a)(i), separately assessed land on which a mobile
2	or manufacture	ed home is located, but only if the mobile or manufactured home and the land are both owned by
3	the applicant.	
4	(b)	"Primary residence" means a single-family dwelling:
5	(i)	in which an applicant can demonstrate the applicant lived for at least 7 months of the year for
6	which benefits	are claimed;
7	(ii)	that is the only residence for which the land exemption claimed in this section is claimed by the
8	applicant; and	
9	(iii)	that is owned or under contract for deed by the applicant.
10	(c)	"Single-family dwelling" means a residential dwelling, manufactured home, trailer, or mobile
11	home. The terr	n does not include a condominium unit or a unit of a multiple-unit dwelling.
12	(d)	"Statewide average value of land" is a value calculated by the department that is equal to the
13	statewide aver	age market value of 1 acre of class four real property described in 15-6-134(1)(a) through (1)(d).
14		
15	Sectio	n 7. Section 15-6-302, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"15-6-3	802. Property tax assistance rulemaking. (1) The requirements of this section must be met
17	for a taxpayer	to qualify for property tax assistance under 15-6-305 or 15-6-311.
18	(2)	For the property tax assistance programs provided for in 15-6-305 and 15-6-311, the residentia
19	real property m	nust be owned by the applicant or under contract for deed and be the primary residence as
20	defined in 15-6	-301. The department shall make rules specifying the indicators used for determining whether a
21	residence is a	primary residence for purposes of property tax assistance programs.
22	(3)	An applicant's qualifying income, as defined in 15-6-301, may not exceed the threshold
23	established in	15-6-305 or 15-6-311 or in rules established pursuant to those sections.
24	(4)	(a) A claim for assistance must be submitted on a form prescribed by the department.
25	(b)	The form must contain:
26	(i)	the qualifying income of the applicant and the applicant's spouse;
27	(ii)	an affirmation that the applicant owns and maintains the land and improvements as the primary
28	residence as d	efined in 15-6-301;



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1	(iii)	the social security number of the applicant and of the applicant's spouse; and	
2			ant'a aligibility
	(iv)	any other information required by the department that is relevant to the applica	
3	(5)	(a) An application must be filed by April 15 of the year for which assistance is t	
4	(b)	Once assistance is approved, the applicant remains eligible for property tax as	
5		ars through the annual verification process defined in 15-6-301 without the need	
6	(c)	A taxpayer shall inform the department of any change in eligibility occurring fro	om one year to
7	the next.		
8	(6)	The department may verify an applicant's and an applicant's spouse's social section of the secti	ecurity number
9	and benefits wi	th the social security administration and the U.S. department of veterans affairs	
10	(7)	The department must annually verify an applicant's eligibility, including the app	plicant's and
11	spouse's incom	ne, and approve, renew, or deny benefits for the current year based upon the fin	dings.
12	(8)	(a) When providing information for property tax assistance under 15-6-305 or	15-6-311,
13	applicants are	subject to the false swearing penalties established in 45-7-202.	
14	(b)	The department may investigate the information provided in an application and	d an applicant's
15	continued eligil	pility.	
16	(c)	The department may request applicant verification of the primary residence.	
17	(9)	The department may address unusual circumstances of ownership and incom-	e that arise in
18	administering t	axpayer assistance programs provided for in 15-6-305 and 15-6-311.	
19	(10)	A temporary stay in a nursing home or similar facility does not change a taxpa	yer's primary
20	residence for th	ne purposes of taxpayer assistance programs provided for in 15-6-305 and 15-6	-311.
21	(11)	The department shall award property assistance under the property tax assistance	ance program
22	that provides th	ne greatest benefit to the taxpayer by reviewing applications and eligibility requir	ements, and
23	notify the appli	cant of the department's decision. <u>Assistance may not be granted for property re</u>	eceiving the
24	intangible land	value property exemption provided for in 15-6-240."	
25			
26	Sectio	n 8. Section 15-7-102, MCA, is amended to read:	
27	"15-7-1	02. Notice of classification, market value, and taxable value to owners	appeals. (1) (a)
28	Except as prov	ided in 15-7-138, the department shall mail or provide electronically to each own	ner or purchaser
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1 under contract for deed a notice that includes the land classification, market value, and taxable value of the

2 land and improvements owned or being purchased. A notice must be mailed or, with property owner consent,

3 provided electronically to the owner only if one or more of the following changes pertaining to the land or

4 improvements have been made since the last notice:

- 5 (i) change in ownership;
- 6 (ii) change in classification;
- 7 (iii) change in valuation; or
- 8 (iv) addition or subtraction of personal property affixed to the land.
- 9 (b) The notice must include the following for the taxpayer's informational and informal classification

10 and appraisal review purposes:

11 (i) a notice of the availability of all the property tax assistance programs available to property

12 taxpayers, including the intangible land value assistance program provided for in 15-6-240, the property tax

13 assistance programs provided for in Title 15, chapter 6, part 3, the property tax and rent-equivalent property tax

14 <u>circuit breaker credit provided for in [sections 2 through 5], and the residential property tax credit for the elderly</u>

15 provided for in 15-30-2337 through 15-30-2341;

16 (ii) the total amount of mills levied against the property in the prior year;

- 17 (iii) the market value for the prior reappraisal cycle;
- 18 (iv) if the market value has increased by more than 10%, an explanation for the increase in
- 19 valuation;
- 20 (v) a statement that the notice is not a tax bill; and
- 21 (vi) a taxpayer option to request an informal classification and appraisal review by checking a box 22 on the notice and returning it to the department.
- 23 (c) When the department uses an appraisal method that values land and improvements as a unit,

24 including the sales comparison approach for residential condominiums or the income approach for commercial

- 25 property, the notice must contain a combined appraised value of land and improvements.
- 26 (d) Any misinformation provided in the information required by subsection (1)(b) does not affect the 27 validity of the notice and may not be used as a basis for a challenge of the legality of the notice.
- 28

(2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c), the department shall assign each classification and



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1 appraisal to the correct owner or purchaser under contract for deed and mail or provide electronically the notice 2 in written or electronic form, adopted by the department, containing sufficient information in a comprehensible 3 manner designed to fully inform the taxpayer as to the classification and appraisal of the property and of 4 changes over the prior tax year. 5 (b) The notice must advise the taxpayer that in order to be eligible for a refund of taxes from an 6 appeal of the classification or appraisal, the taxpayer is required to pay the taxes under protest as provided in 7 15-1-402. 8 (c) The department is not required to mail or provide electronically the notice to a new owner or 9 purchaser under contract for deed unless the department has received the realty transfer certificate from the 10 clerk and recorder as provided in 15-7-304 and has processed the certificate before the notices required by 11 subsection (2)(a) are mailed or provided electronically. The department shall notify the county tax appeal board 12 of the date of the mailing or the date when the taxpayer is informed the information is available electronically. 13 (a) If the owner of any land and improvements is dissatisfied with the appraisal as it reflects the (3) 14 market value of the property as determined by the department or with the classification of the land or 15 improvements, the owner may request an informal classification and appraisal review by submitting an 16 objection on written or electronic forms provided by the department for that purpose or by checking a box on the 17 notice and returning it to the department in a manner prescribed by the department.

(i) For property other than class three property described in 15-6-133, class four property
described in 15-6-134, and class ten property described in 15-6-143, the objection must be submitted within 30
days from the date on the notice.

21 For class three property described in 15-6-133 and class four property described in 15-6-134, (ii) 22 the objection may be made only once each valuation cycle. An objection must be made in writing or by 23 checking a box on the notice within 30 days from the date on the classification and appraisal notice for a 24 reduction in the appraised value to be considered for both years of the 2-year valuation cycle. An objection 25 made more than 30 days from the date of the classification and appraisal notice will be applicable only for the 26 second year of the 2-year valuation cycle. For an objection to apply to the second year of the valuation cycle. 27 the taxpayer shall make the objection in writing or by checking a box on the notice no later than June 1 of the 28 second year of the valuation cycle or, if a classification and appraisal notice is received in the second year of



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1 the valuation cycle, within 30 days from the date on the notice.

2 For class ten property described in 15-6-143, the objection may be made at any time but only (iii) 3 once each valuation cycle. An objection must be made in writing or by checking a box on the notice within 30 4 days from the date on the classification and appraisal notice for a reduction in the appraised value to be 5 considered for all years of the 6-year appraisal cycle. An objection made more than 30 days after the date of 6 the classification and appraisal notice applies only for the subsequent remaining years of the 6-year reappraisal 7 cycle. For an objection to apply to any subsequent year of the valuation cycle, the taxpayer shall make the 8 objection in writing or by checking a box on the notice no later than June 1 of the year for which the value is 9 being appealed or, if a classification and appraisal notice is received after the first year of the valuation cycle, 10 within 30 days from the date on the notice. 11 (b) If the objection relates to residential or commercial property and the objector agrees to the 12 confidentiality requirements, the department shall provide to the objector, by posted mail or electronically, within 13 8 weeks of submission of the objection, the following information: 14 (i) the methodology and sources of data used by the department in the valuation of the property; 15 and 16 (ii) if the department uses a blend of evaluations developed from various sources, the reasons that 17 the methodology was used. 18 At the request of the objector or a representative of the objector, and only if the objector or (c) 19 representative signs a written or electronic confidentiality agreement, the department shall provide in written or 20 electronic form: 21 (i) comparable sales data used by the department to value the property; 22 (ii) sales data used by the department to value residential property in the property taxpayer's 23 market model area; and 24 (iii) if the cost approach was used by the department to value residential property, the 25 documentation required in 15-8-111(3) regarding why the comparable sales approach was not reliable. 26 For properties valued using the income approach as one approximation of market value, notice (d) 27 must be provided that the taxpayer will be given a form to acknowledge confidentiality requirements for the 28 receipt of all aggregate model output that the department used in the valuation model for the property.



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1 (e) The review must be conducted informally and is not subject to the contested case procedures 2 of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act. As a part of the review, the department may consider the actual 3 selling price of the property and other relevant information presented by the taxpayer in support of the 4 taxpayer's opinion as to the market value of the property. The department shall consider an independent 5 appraisal provided by the taxpayer if the appraisal meets standards set by the Montana board of real estate 6 appraisers and the appraisal was completed within 6 months of the valuation date pursuant to 15-8-201. If the 7 department does not use the appraisal provided by the taxpayer in conducting the appeal, the department shall 8 provide to the taxpayer the reason for not using the appraisal. The department shall give reasonable notice to 9 the taxpayer of the time and place of the review.

10 (f) After the review, the department shall determine the correct appraisal and classification of the 11 land or improvements and notify the taxpayer of its determination by mail or electronically. The department may 12 not determine an appraised value that is higher than the value that was the subject of the objection unless the 13 reason for an increase was the result of a physical change in the property or caused by an error in the 14 description of the property or data available for the property that is kept by the department and used for 15 calculating the appraised value. In the notification, the department shall state its reasons for revising the 16 classification or appraisal. When the proper appraisal and classification have been determined, the land must 17 be classified and the improvements appraised in the manner ordered by the department.

18 (4) Whether a review as provided in subsection (3) is held or not, the department may not adjust
19 an appraisal or classification upon the taxpayer's objection unless:

20 (a) the taxpayer has submitted an objection on written or electronic forms provided by the

21 department or by checking a box on the notice; and

(b) the department has provided to the objector by mail or electronically its stated reason in writing
 for making the adjustment.

A taxpayer's written objection or objection made by checking a box on the notice and
supplemental information provided by a taxpayer that elects to check a box on the notice to a classification or
appraisal and the department's notification to the taxpayer of its determination and the reason for that
determination are public records. The department shall make the records available for inspection during regular
office hours.



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1	(6)	If a property owner feels aggrieved by the classification or appraisal made by the department
2	after the reviev	r provided for in subsection (3), the property owner has the right to first appeal to the county tax
3	appeal board a	nd then to the Montana tax appeal board, whose findings are final subject to the right of review
4	in the courts. T	he appeal to the county tax appeal board, pursuant to 15-15-102, must be filed within 30 days
5	from the date of	on the notice of the department's determination. A county tax appeal board or the Montana tax
6	appeal board n	nay consider the actual selling price of the property, independent appraisals of the property, and
7	other relevant	nformation presented by the taxpayer as evidence of the market value of the property. If the
8	county tax app	eal board or the Montana tax appeal board determines that an adjustment should be made, the
9	department sha	all adjust the base value of the property in accordance with the board's order."
10		
11	Sectio	n 9. Section 15-16-101, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"15-16	-101. Treasurer to publish notice manner of publication. (1) Within 10 days after the
13	receipt of the p	roperty tax record, the county treasurer shall publish a notice specifying:
14	(a)	that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable before 5 p.m. on the next
15	November 30 o	or within 30 days after the notice is postmarked and that unless paid prior to that time the amount
16	then due will be	e delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% a month from the time of delinquency
17	until paid and 2	2% will be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty;
18	(b)	that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable on or before 5 p.m. on
19	the next May 3	1 and that unless paid prior to that time the taxes will be delinquent and will draw interest at the
20	rate of 5/6 of 1	% a month from the time of delinquency until paid and 2% will be added to the delinquent taxes
21	as a penalty; a	nd
22	(c)	the time and place at which payment of taxes may be made.
23	(2)	(a) The county treasurer shall send to the last-known address of each taxpayer a written notice,
24	postage prepai	d, showing the amount of taxes and assessments due for the current year and the amount due
25	and delinquent	for other years. The written notice must include:
26	(i)	the taxable value of the property;
27	(ii)	the total mill levy applied to that taxable value;
28	(iii)	itemized city services and special improvement district assessments collected by the county;



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1	(iv)	the number of the school district in which the property is located;	
2	(v)	the amount of the total tax due itemized by mill levy that is levied as city tax, o	county tax, state
3	tax, school dis	trict tax, and other tax;	
4	(vi)	an indication of which mill levies are voted levies, including voted levies to im	pose a new mill
5	levy, to increas	se a mill levy that is required to be submitted to the electors, or to exceed the m	ill levy limit
6	provided for in	15-10-420; and	
7	(vii)	a notice of the availability of all the property tax assistance programs availabl	e to property
8	taxpayers, incl	luding the intangible land value assistance program provided for in 15-6-240, th	e property tax
9	assistance pro	ograms under Title 15, chapter 6, part 3, <u>the property tax and rent-equivalent pro</u>	operty tax circuit
10	breaker credit	provided for in [sections 2 through 5], and the residential property tax credit for	the elderly under
11	15-30-2337 th	rough 15-30-2341.	
12	(b)	If a tax lien is attached to the property, the notice must also include, in a man	ner calculated to
13	draw attention	, a statement that a tax lien is attached to the property, that failure to respond w	ill result in loss of
14	property, and t	that the taxpayer may contact the county treasurer for complete information.	
15	(3)	The municipality shall, upon request of the county treasurer, provide the infor	mation to be
16	included under	r subsection (2)(a)(iii) ready for mailing.	
17	(4)	The notice in every case must be given as provided in 7-1-2121. Failure to pu	ublish or post
18	notices does n	not relieve the taxpayer from any tax liability. Any failure to give notice of the tax	due for the
19	current year o	r of delinquent tax will not affect the legality of the tax.	
20	(5)	If the department revises an assessment that results in an additional tax of \$	5 or less, an
21	additional tax i	is not owed and a new tax bill does not need to be prepared."	
22			
23	Sectio	on 10. Section 15-17-125, MCA, is amended to read:	
24	"15-17	7-125. Attachment of tax lien and preparation of tax lien certificate. (1) (a)) The county
25	treasurer shall	attach a tax lien no later than the first working day in August to properties on w	hich the taxes are
26	delinquent and	d for which proper notification was given as provided in 15-17-122 and subsection	on (4) of this
27	section. Upon	attachment of a tax lien, the county is the possessor of the tax lien unless the ta	ax lien is assigned
28	pursuant to 15	5-17-323.	

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1	(b)	The county treasurer may not attach a tax lien to a property on which taxes are	delinquent but
2	for which prope	er notice was not given.	
3	(2)	After attaching a tax lien, the county treasurer shall prepare a tax lien certificate	e that must
4	contain:		
5	(a)	the date on which the property taxes became delinquent;	
6	(b)	the date on which a property tax lien was attached to the property;	
7	(c)	the name and address of record of the person to whom the taxes were assessed	ed;
8	(d)	a description of the property on which the taxes were assessed;	
9	(e)	a separate listing of the amount of the delinquent taxes, penalties, interest, and	costs;
10	(f)	a statement that the tax lien certificate represents a lien on the property that ma	ay lead to the
11	issuance of a ta	ax deed for the property;	
12	(g)	a statement specifying the date on which the county or an assignee will be entit	tled to a tax
13	deed; and		
14	(h)	an identification number corresponding to the tax lien certificate.	
15	(3)	The tax lien certificate must be signed by the county treasurer. A copy of the ta	x lien certificate
16	must be filed by	y the treasurer in the office of the county clerk. A copy of the tax lien certificate m	iust also be
17	mailed to the p	erson to whom the taxes were assessed, at the address of record, together with	a notice that the
18	person may co	ntact the county treasurer for further information on property tax liens.	
19	(4)	Prior to attaching a tax lien to the property, the county treasurer shall send notic	ce of the
20	pending attach	ment of a tax lien to the person to whom the property was assessed. The notice	must include the
21	information list	ed in subsection (2), state that the tax lien may be assigned to a third party, and	provide notice of
22	the availability	of all the property tax assistance programs available to property taxpayers, inclue	ding the
23	property tax as	ssistance programs under Title 15, chapter 6, part 3, <u>the property tax and rent-eq</u>	uivalent property
24	tax circuit brea	ker credit provided for in [sections 2 through 5], and the residential property tax c	redit for the
25	elderly under 1	5-30-2337 through 15-30-2341. The notice must have been mailed at least 2 we	eks prior to the
26	date on which t	the county treasurer attaches the tax lien.	
27	(5)	The county treasurer shall file the tax lien certificate with the county clerk and re	ecorder."

28



1	Section 11. Section 15-30-2103, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"15-30-2103. (Temporary) Rate of tax. (1) Except as provided in 15-30-3704 there must be levied,
3	collected, and paid for each tax year upon the taxable income of each taxpayer subject to this tax, after making
4	allowance for exemptions and deductions as provided in this chapter, a tax on the brackets of taxable income
5	as follows:
6	(a) on the first \$2,900 of taxable income or any part of that income, 1%;
7	(b) on the next \$2,200 of taxable income or any part of that income, 2%;
8	(c) on the next \$2,700 of taxable income or any part of that income, 3%;
9	(d) on the next \$2,700 of taxable income or any part of that income, 4%;
10	(e) on the next \$3,000 of taxable income or any part of that income, 5%;
11	(f) on the next \$3,900 of taxable income or any part of that income, 6%;
12	(g) on any taxable income in excess of \$17,400 or any part of that income, [6.75%].
13	(2) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the bracket amount contained in
14	subsection (1) by the inflation factor for the following tax year and round the cumulative brackets to the nearest
15	\$100. The resulting adjusted brackets are effective for that following tax year and must be used as the basis for
16	imposition of the tax in subsection (1) of this section. (Bracketed language is temporarily amended to "6.9%" on
17	occurrence of contingency for income tax years 2022 and 2023 until December 31, 2023secs. 8, 10, Ch. 488,
18	L. 2021see compiler's comment.)
19	15-30-2103. (Effective January 1, 2024) Rate of tax <u> net long-term capital gains definitions</u> .
20	(1) Except as provided in 15-30-3704 and subsection (2) of this section subsections (2) and (3), there must be
21	levied, collected, and paid for each tax year upon on the Montana taxable income of each taxpayer subject to
22	this chapter a tax on the brackets of taxable income as follows:
23	(a) for every married individual who files a joint return and for every surviving spouse:
24	(i) on the first \$41,000 of Montana taxable income or any part of that income, 4.7%;
25	(ii) on any -Montana taxable income in excess of \$41,000 <u>and less than \$400,000</u> or any part of
26	that income, <u>5.9%;</u>
27	(iii) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$400,000 and less than \$600,000, 6.5%;
28	(iv) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$600,000 and less than \$800,000, 7.5%;



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Jonathan Karlen - (H) Taxation - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Megan Moore, 406-444-4496 HB0911.001.001 1 <u>(v)</u> on Montana taxable income in excess of \$800,000 and less than \$1 million, 8.2%; and 2 (vi) on any Montana taxable income in excess of \$1 million, 8.9%; 3 for every head of household: (b) on the first \$30,750 of Montana taxable income or any part of that income, 4.7%; 4 (i) 5 on any-Montana taxable income in excess of \$30,750 and less than \$300,000 or any part of (ii) 6 that income, 5.9%; 7 on Montana taxable income in excess of \$300,000 and less than \$450,000, 6.5%; (iii) 8 (iv) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$450.000 and less than \$600.000, 7.5%: 9 (v) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$600,000 and less than \$750,000, 8.2%; and on any Montana taxable income in excess of \$750,000, 8.9%; 10 (vi) 11 (c) for every individual other than a surviving spouse or head of household who is not a married 12 individual: 13 on the first \$20,500 of Montana taxable income or any part of that income, 4.7%; (i) on any-Montana taxable income in excess of \$20,500 and less than \$200,000 or any part of 14 (ii) 15 that income, 5.9%; 16 (iii) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$200,000 and less than \$300,000, 6.5%; 17 (iv) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$300,000 and less than \$400,000, 7.5%; 18 (v) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$400,000 and less than \$500,000, 8.2%; and 19 on any Montana taxable income in excess of \$500,000, 8.9%; and (vi) 20 (d) for every married individual who does not make a joint return and for every estate or trust not 21 exempt from taxation under the Internal Revenue Code: 22 (i) on the first \$20,500 of Montana taxable income or any part of that income, 4.7%; 23 (ii) on any-Montana taxable income in excess of \$20,500 and less than \$200,000 or any part of 24 that income, 5.9%; 25 (iii) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$200,000 and less than \$300,000, 6.5%; 26 on Montana taxable income in excess of \$300,000 and less than \$400,000, 7.5%; (iv) 27 (v) on Montana taxable income in excess of \$400,000 and less than \$500,000, 8.2%; and 28 (vi) on any Montana taxable income in excess of \$500,000, 8.9%.



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1	(2) Except as provided in 15-30-3704 and subsection (3) of this section, that portion of a taxpayer's
2	Montana taxable income that consists of net long-term capital gains after accounting for amounts included in
3	taxable income that is not net long-term capital gains is subject to a tax on the brackets of net long-term capital
4	gains as follows:
5	(a) for every married individual who files a joint return and for every surviving spouse:
6	(i) on the first \$41,000 less nonqualified taxable income of net long-term capital gains, 3.0%; and
7	(ii) on net long-term capital gains that exceed \$41,000 less nonqualified taxable income but are
8	less than \$400,000 less nonqualified taxable income, 4.1%, except that if the total nonqualified taxable income
9	is \$41,000 or greater, all of the net long-term capital gains are taxed at 4.1%; and
10	(iii) on net long-term capital gains that exceed \$400,000 less nonqualified taxable income, the
11	rates provided in subsection (1);
12	(b) for every head of household:
13	(i) on the first \$30,750 less nonqualified taxable income of net long-term capital gains, 3.0%; and
14	(ii) on any net long-term capital gains that exceed \$30,750 less nonqualified taxable income but
15	are less than \$300,000 less nonqualified taxable income, 4.1% , except that if the total nonqualified taxable
16	income is \$30,750 or greater, all of the net long-term capital gains are taxed at 4.1%; and
17	(iii) on net long-term capital gains that exceed \$300,000 less nonqualified taxable income, the
18	rates provided in subsection (1);
19	(c) for every individual other than a surviving spouse or head of household who is not a married
20	individual:
21	(i) on the first \$20,500 less nonqualified taxable income of net long-term capital gains, 3.0%; and
22	(ii) on any net long-term capital gains that exceed \$20,500 less nonqualified taxable income but
23	are less than \$200,000 less nonqualified taxable income, 4.1%, except that if the total nonqualified taxable
24	income is \$20,500 or greater, all of the net long-term capital gains are taxed at 4.1%; and
25	(iii) on net long-term capital gains that exceed \$200,000 less nonqualified taxable income, the
26	rates provided in subsection (1); and
27	(d) for every married individual who does not make a joint return and for every estate or trust that
28	is not exempt from taxation under the Internal Revenue Code:



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1	(i) on the first \$20,500 less nonqualified taxable income of net long-term capital gains, 3.0%; and
2	(ii) on any net long-term capital gains that exceed \$20,500 less nonqualified taxable income but
3	are less than \$200,000 less nonqualified taxable income, 4.1%, except that if the total nonqualified taxable
4	income is \$20,500 or greater, all of the net long-term capital gains are taxed at 4.1%; and
5	(iii) on net long-term capital gains that exceed \$200,000 less nonqualified taxable income, the
6	rates provided in subsection (1).
7	(2)(3) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the bracket amounts contained in
8	subsection-subsections (1) and (2) by the inflation factor for the following tax year and round the cumulative
9	brackets to the nearest \$100. The resulting adjusted brackets are effective for that following tax year and must
10	be used as the basis for imposition of the tax in subsection subsections (1) and (2).
11	(4) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
12	(a) "Net long-term capital gains" means net long-term capital gains as that term is defined in
13	section 1222 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1222.
14	(b) "Nonqualified taxable income" means Montana taxable income that is not considered net long
15	term capital gains."
16	
17	Section 12. Section 15-30-2120, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"15-30-2120. (Effective January 1, 2024) Adjustments to federal taxable income to determine
19	Montana taxable income. (1) The items in subsection (2) are added to and the items in subsection (3) are
20	subtracted from federal taxable income to determine Montana taxable income.
21	(2) The following are added to federal taxable income:
22	(a) to the extent that it is not exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law, interest from
23	obligations of a territory or another state or any political subdivision of a territory or another state and exempt-
24	interest dividends attributable to that interest except to the extent already included in federal taxable income;
25	(b) that portion of a shareholder's income under subchapter S. of Chapter 1 of the Internal
26	Revenue Code that has been reduced by any federal taxes paid by the subchapter S. corporation on the
27	income;
28	(c) depreciation or amortization taken on a title plant as defined in 33-25-105;



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1	(d)	the recovery during the tax year of an amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
2	the amount rec	overed reduced the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;
3	(e)	an item of income, deduction, or expense to the extent that it was used to calculate federal
4	taxable income	if the item was also used to calculate a credit against a Montana income tax liability;
5	(f)	a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary that was included
6	in the federal ta	exable income of an estate or trust in accordance with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal
7	Revenue Code	, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661;
8	(g)	a withdrawal from a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, used for
9	a purpose othe	r than an eligible medical expense or long-term care of the employee or account holder or a
10	dependent of the	ne employee or account holder;
11	(h)	a withdrawal from a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63,
12	used for a purp	ose other than for eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family residence;
13	(i)	for a taxpayer that deducts the qualified business income deduction pursuant to section 199A
14	of the Internal I	Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 199A, an amount equal to the qualified business income deduction
15	claimed; and	
16	(j)	for a taxpayer that deducts state income taxes pursuant to section 164(a)(3) of the Internal
17	Revenue Code	, 26 U.S.C. 164(a)(3), an additional amount equal to the state income tax deduction claimed, not
18	to exceed the a	mount required to reduce the federal itemized amount computed under section 161 of the
19	Internal Reven	ue Code, 26 U.S.C. 161, to the amount of the federal standard deduction allowable under
20	section 63(c) o	f the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 63(c).
21	(3)	To the extent they are included as income or gain or not already excluded as a deduction or
22	expense in det	ermining federal taxable income, the following are subtracted from federal taxable income:
23	(a)	a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary in accordance
24	with sections 6	51 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661, recalculated according to the
25	additions and s	ubtractions in subsections (2) and (3)(b) through (3) (m)(I) ;
26	(b)	if exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law:
27	(i)	interest from obligations of the United States government and exempt-interest dividends
28	attributable to t	hat interest; and



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1	(ii)	railroad retirement benefits;		
2	(c)	(i) salary received from the armed forces by residents of Montana who are se	rving on active	
3		ular armed forces and who entered into active duty from Montana;	C C	
4	(ii)	the salary received by residents of Montana for active duty in the national gua	rd. For the	
5	purposes of th	is subsection (3)(c)(ii), "active duty" means duty performed under an order issue	ed to a national	
6	guard member	pursuant to:		
7	(A)	Title 10, U.S.C.; or		
8	(B)	Title 32, U.S.C., for a homeland defense activity, as defined in 32 U.S.C. 901,	or a contingency	
9	operation, as c	lefined in 10 U.S.C. 101, and the person was a member of a unit engaged in a l	nomeland	
10	defense activit	y or contingency operation.		
11	(iii)	the amount received pursuant to 10-1-1114 or from the federal government by	y a service	
12	member, as de	efined in 10-1-1112, as reimbursement for group life insurance premiums paid;		
13	(iv)	the amount received by a beneficiary pursuant to 10-1-1201; and		
14	(v)	all payments made under the World War I bonus law, the Korean bonus law, a	and the veterans'	
15	bonus law. An	y income tax that has been or may be paid on income received from the World	Nar I bonus law,	
16	Korean bonus	law, and the veterans' bonus law is considered an overpayment and must be re	funded upon the	
17	filing of an amended return and a verified claim for refund on forms prescribed by the department in the same			
18	manner as oth	er income tax refund claims are paid.		
19	(d)	interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to Jan	uary 1, 2024, that	
20	are retained in	a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, and any wi	thdrawal for	
21	payment of eli	gible medical expenses or for the long-term care of the employee or account ho	lder or a	
22	dependent of t	he employee or account holder;		
23	(e)	contributions or earnings withdrawn from a family education savings account	provided for in	
24	Title 15, chapte	er 62, or from a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another	state as	
25	provided in see	ction 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), fo	or qualified	
26	education expe	enses, as defined in 15-62-103, of a designated beneficiary;		
27	(f)	interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to Jan	uary 1, 2024, that	
28	are retained in	a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63, an	d any withdrawal	



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1	for payment of	eligible costs for the first-time purchase of a single-family residence;	
2	(g)	for each taxpayer that has attained the age of 65, an additional subtraction of	\$5,500;
3	(h)	the amount of a scholarship to an eligible student by a student scholarship or	ganization
4	pursuant to 15	-30-3104;	
5	(i)	a payment received by a private landowner for providing public access to pub	lic land pursuant
6	to Title 76, cha	apter 17, part 1;	
7	(j)	the amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed	by this state or
8	any other taxir	ng jurisdiction to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purp	oses but not
9	previously allo	wed as a deduction for Montana income tax purposes;	
10	(k)	the recovery during the tax year of any amount deducted in any prior tax year	[.] to the extent that
11	the recovered	amount did not reduce the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted	l; <u>and</u>
12	(I) ar	amount equal to 30% of net-long term capital gains, as defined in section 122	2 of the Internal
13	Revenue Code	e, 26 U.S.C. 1222, if and to the extent such gain is taken into account in compu	ting federal
14	taxable income	ə; and	
15	(m)<u>(</u>l)	the amount of the gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a mobile h	ome park as
16	provided in 15	-31-163.	
17	(4)	(a) A taxpayer who, in determining federal taxable income, has reduced the ta	axpayer's
18	business dedu	ictions:	
19	(i)	by an amount for wages and salaries for which a federal tax credit was elected	d under sections
20	38 and 51(a) c	of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 38 and 51(a), is allowed to deduct the	amount of the
21	wages and sal	aries paid regardless of the credit taken; or	
22	(ii)	for which a federal tax credit was elected under the Internal Revenue Code is	allowed to
23	deduct the am	ount of the business expense paid when there is no corresponding state incom	e tax credit or
24	deduction, reg	ardless of the credit taken.	
25	(b)	The deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made in the year that the wages	, salaries, or
26	business expe	nses were used to compute the credit. In the case of a partnership or small bus	iness corporation,
27	the deductions	in subsection (4)(a) must be made to determine the amount of income or loss	of the partnership
28	or small busine	ess corporation.	



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Drafter: Megan Moore, 406-444-4496

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1 (5) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana 2 family education savings program or to a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state 3 as provided in section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), may reduce 4 taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of married taxpayers, each 5 spouse is entitled to a reduction, not in excess of \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions to the accounts. 6 Spouses may jointly elect to treat half of the total contributions made by the spouses as being made by each 7 spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (5)(a) applies only with respect to contributions 8 to an account of which the account owner is the taxpaver, the taxpaver's spouse, or the taxpaver's child or 9 stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of subsection (2)(d) do not 10 apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced federal taxable income. 11 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (5) are subject to the recapture tax provided for 12 in 15-62-208. 13 (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana (6) 14 achieving a better life experience program or to a qualified program established and maintained by another 15 state may reduce taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of 16 married taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not to exceed \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions 17 to the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat one-half of the total contributions made by the spouses as 18 being made by each spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (6)(a) applies only with 19 respect to contributions to an account for which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or 20 the taxpayer's child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of 21 subsection (2)(d) do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced taxable income. 22 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (6) are subject to the recapture tax provided in 23 53-25-118. 24 (7) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the subtraction from federal taxable 25 income for a taxpayer that has attained the age of 65 contained in subsection (3)(g) by the inflation factor for 26 that tax year, rounding the result to the nearest \$10. The resulting amount is effective for that tax year and must 27 be used as the basis for the subtraction from federal taxable income determined under subsection (3)(g)." 28



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1	Saatia	n 12 Section 15 20 2202 MCA is smanded to read		
1		n 13. Section 15-30-2303, MCA, is amended to read:		
2		-2303. Tax credits subject to review by interim committee. (1) The following	-	
3		ved during the biennium commencing July 1, 2019, and during each biennium c	ommencing 10	
4	years thereafte			
5	(a)	the credit for contractor's gross receipts provided for in 15-50-207; and		
6	(b)	the credit for elderly homeowners and renters provided for in 15-30-2337 thro	ugh 15-30-2341 <u>;</u>	
7	and			
8	<u>(c)</u>	the property tax and rent-equivalent property tax circuit breaker credit provide	d for in [sections	
9	<u>2 through 5]</u> .			
10	(2)	The following tax credits must be reviewed during the biennium commencing	July 1, 2021, and	
11	during each bie	ennium commencing 10 years thereafter:		
12	(a)	the credit for donations to an educational improvement account provided for in	า 15-30-2334, 15-	
13	30-3110, and 1	5-31-158; and		
14	(b)	the credit for donations to a student scholarship organization provided for in 1	5-30-2335, 15-	
15	30-3111, and 15-31-159 <u>; and</u>			
16	<u>(c)</u>	the child tax credit provided for in [section 1].		
17	(3)	The following tax credits must be reviewed during the biennium commencing	July 1, 2023, and	
18	during each bie	ennium commencing 10 years thereafter:		
19	(a)	the credit for infrastructure use fees provided for in 17-6-316;		
20	(b)	the credit for contributions to a qualified endowment provided for in 15-30-232	?7 through 15-30-	
21	2329, 15-31-16	61, and 15-31-162; and		
22	(c)	the credit for property to recycle or manufacture using recycled material provid	ded for in Title 15,	
23	chapter 32, par	rt 6.		
24	(4)	The following tax credits must be reviewed during the biennium commencing	July 1, 2025, and	
25	during each bie	ennium commencing 10 years thereafter:		
26	(a)	the credit for preservation of historic buildings provided for in 15-30-2342 and	15-31-151;	
27	(b)	the credit for unlocking state lands provided for in 15-30-2380;		
28	(c)	the job growth incentive tax credit provided for in 15-30-2361 and 15-31-175;	and	



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1	(d)	the credit for trades education and training provided for in 15-30-2359 and 15-3	31-174.
2	(5)	The following tax credits must be reviewed during the biennium commencing J	
3		ennium commencing 10 years thereafter:	,,,
4	(a)	the credit for hiring a registered apprentice or veteran apprentice provided for i	n 15-30-2357
5	and 15-31-173		
6	(b)	the earned income tax credit provided for in 15-30-2318; and	
7	(c)	the media production and postproduction credits provided for in 15-31-1007 an	ıd 15-31-1009.
8	(6)	The revenue interim committee shall review the tax credits scheduled for review	
9		ons in accordance with 5-11-210 at the conclusion of the full review to the legisla	
10		ninate or revise the credits. The committee shall also review any tax credit with a	
11		date that is not listed in this section in the biennium before the credit is scheduled	•
12	terminate.		
13	(7)	The revenue interim committee shall review the credits using the following crite	eria:
14	(a)	whether the credit changes taxpayer decisions, including whether the credit rev	wards decisions
15	that may have	been made regardless of the existence of the tax credit;	
16	(b)	to what extent the credit benefits some taxpayers at the expense of other taxpa	ayers;
17	(c)	whether the credit has out-of-state beneficiaries;	
18	(d)	the timing of costs and benefits of the credit and how long the credit is effective	Э;
19	(e)	any adverse impacts of the credit or its elimination and whether the benefits of	continuance or
20	elimination out	weigh adverse impacts; and	
21	(f)	the extent to which benefits of the credit affect the larger economy. (Subsection	n (4)(d)
22	terminates Dec	cember 31, 2026sec. 7, Ch. 248, L. 2021; subsection (4)(c) terminates Decemb	er 31, 2028
23	sec. 24(1), Ch.	550, L. 2021.)"	
24			
25	Sectio	n 14. Section 15-30-2318, MCA, is amended to read:	
26	"15-30	-2318. Earned income tax credit. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), a	resident
27	taxpayer is allo	wed as a credit against the tax imposed by 15-30-2103 a percentage of the cred	lit allowed for the
28	federal earned income credit for which the individual taxpayer is eligible for the tax year under section 32 of the		



1	Internal Reven	ue Code, 26 U.S.C. 32.
2	(2)	The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (1) is $\frac{3\%}{25\%}$ of the amount of the credit
3	determined for	the tax year under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 32.
4	(3)	(a) Except for married taxpayers living apart who are treated as single under section 7703(b) of
5	the Internal Re	evenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 7703(b), the credit is not allowed to married taxpayers if the spouses
6	report their inc	ome on separate tax forms. Married taxpayers filing separately on the same form may allocate
7	the credit betw	reen spouses.
8	(b)	The credit is not allowed on earned income that is treated as a dividend received by a member
9	of an agricultu	ral organization provided for in section 501(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 501(d).
10	For the purpos	e of this subsection (3)(b), the amount of the state tax credit provided for in subsection (2) is
11	reduced by the	e reduction percentage.
12	(4)	The taxpayer is entitled to a refund equal to the amount by which the credit exceeds the
13	taxpayer's tax	liability or, if the taxpayer has no tax liability under this chapter, a refund equal to the amount of
14	the credit. The	credit may be claimed by filing a Montana income tax return.
15	(5)	For the purpose of this section, the following definitions apply:
16	(a)	"Earned income" means earned income, as defined in section 32 of the Internal Revenue
17	Code, 26 U.S.	C. 32, that was used to determine the amount of the federal earned income tax credit under
18	subsection (2)	
19	(b)	"Reduction percentage" means a percentage that is calculated by dividing the earned income
20	that is disallow	red under subsection (3)(b) by the total amount of earned income."
21		
22	Sectio	on 15. Section 15-30-2341, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"15-30	-2341. Residential property tax credit for elderly limitations denial of claim. (1) Only
24	one claimant p	er household in a claim period under the provisions of 15-30-2337 through 15-30-2341 is entitled
25	to relief.	
26	<u>(2)</u>	A taxpayer may not claim the property tax and rent-equivalent property tax circuit breaker credit
27	provided for in	[sections 2 through 5] and the residential property tax credit for the elderly.
28	(2) (3)	Except as provided in subsection (3) (4), a claim for relief may not be allowed for any portion of



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1	property taxes	billed or rent-equivalent ta	axes paid that is derived from a public re	ent or tax subsidy program.
2	(3)<u>(4)</u>	Except for dwellings ren	ted from a county or municipal housing	authority, a claim for relief may
3	not be allowed	on rented lands or rented	dwellings that are not subject to Monta	na property taxes during the
4	claim period.			
5	(4)<u>(5)</u>	A person filing a false or	fraudulent claim under the provisions c	of 15-30-2337 through 15-30-
6	2341 must be	charged with the offense of	of unsworn falsification to authorities pur	rsuant to 45-7-203. If a false or
7	fraudulent clair	n has been paid, the amo	unt paid, penalties, and interest may be	recovered as provided in 15-1-
8	216."			
9				
10	NEW S	ECTION. Section 16.	Codification instruction. [Sections 1 th	rough 5] are intended to be
11	codified as an	ntegral part of Title 15, ch	hapter 30, part 23, and the provisions of	Title 15, chapter 30, part 23,
12	apply to [section	ns 1 through 5].		
13				
14	NEW S	ECTION. Section 17.	Effective dates. (1) Except as provided	in subsection (2), [this act] is
15	effective on pa	ssage and approval.		
16	(2)	[Sections 8 through 12]	are effective January 1, 2024.	
17				
18	NEW S	ECTION. Section 18.	Applicability. (1) Except as provided in	subsection (2), [this act] applies
19	to income tax y	ears beginning after Dece	ember 31, 2023.	
20	(2)	[Sections 2 through 5] a	pply to property tax and rent-equivalent	property tax circuit breaker
21	credits claimed	in income tax years begi	nning on or after January 1, 2024, for pr	operty taxes billed after
22	December 31,	2023.		
23			- END -	

