1	HOUSE BILL NO. 912
2	INTRODUCED BY E. BUTCHER, D. BEDEY, J. COHENOUR, F. ANDERSON, S. KERNS, J. SCHILLINGER,
3	C. KNUDSEN, S. GIST, G. NIKOLAKAKOS, K. ZOLNIKOV, S. ESSMANN, B. MITCHELL, P. FIELDER, S.
4	VINTON, L. REKSTEN, L. BREWSTER, J. DOOLING, J. HINKLE, M. BINKLEY, A. REGIER, K. SEEKINS-
5	CROWE, S. GALLOWAY, R. MARSHALL, E. BUTTREY, D. LOGE, B. KEENAN, C. HINKLE, J. READ, R.
6	FITZGERALD, J. GILLETTE, J. BERGSTROM, G. PARRY, M. YAKAWICH, J. ESP, J. FULLER, K. REGIER,
7	S. HINEBAUCH, R. LYNCH, B. USHER, M. NOLAND, D. LENZ, D. BARTEL, C. FRIEDEL, C. GLIMM, K.
8	BOGNER, M. LANG, P. GREEN, G. KMETZ, T. FALK, J. FITZPATRICK, C. SPRUNGER, D. ZOLNIKOV, J.
9	ETCHART, R. MINER, D. EMRICH, J. TREBAS, J. KASSMIER, B. PHALEN, J. KARLEN, T. SMITH, F.
10	MANDEVILLE, N. DURAM, N. HASTINGS, N. NICOL, G. HERTZ, B. BROWN
11	
12	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE CLASSIFICATION AND TAXATION OF
13	CERTAIN LAND AS RECREATIONAL LAND FOR PROPERTY TAX PURPOSES; PROVIDING THAT
14	CERTAIN CONTIGUOUS PARCELS ARE TAXED AS RECREATIONAL LAND UNLESS THE LAND IS BEING
15	UTILIZED FOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN A MANNER THAT GENERATES AT LEAST THE
16	PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY THAT THE AVERAGE MONTANA FARMER OR RANCHER COULD ACHIEVE;
17	PROVIDING THAT A PROPERTY OWNER MAY PROVE THAT THE LAND IS BEING UTILIZED FOR
18	AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION BY SUBMITTING SITE-SPECIFIC AND PERTINENT AVAILABLE
19	INFORMATION; PROVIDING FOR A RATE OF TAX THAT IS HIGHER THAN THE RATE OF TAX FOR
20	AGRICULTURAL LAND; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING
21	SECTIONS 15-6-134, 15-6-229, 15-7-102, 15-7-111, 15-7-202, 15-8-111, AND 15-18-219, MCA; AND
22	PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
23	
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
25	
26	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Class nineteen property description of undeveloped recreational
27	property taxable percentage. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), beginning January 1, 2025,
28	class nineteen property includes contiguous parcels of land totaling 160 acres or more under one ownership



68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

1	that does not o	ualify for valuation, assessment, and taxation as agricultural land each year under 15-7-202
2	because of the	failure of the owner to satisfy the criteria in subsection (2). Property that is classified under this
3	section is refer	red to as undeveloped recreational property.
4	(b)	Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to land that was placed in a land conservation program
5	administered b	y the United States before [the effective date of this act] until after the expiration of the contract.
6	(2)	Class nineteen recreational property does not include property classified as forest land under
7	15-6-143 and p	property described in subsection (1) if:
8	(a)	the owner applies to the department requesting classification of the parcel as agricultural under
9	15-7-202;	
10	(b)	the land and any contiguous leased land of the owner is used primarily for raising and
11	marketin <u>g food</u>	l, fiber commodities, and fuel products that are agricultural by the owner or a lessee; and
12	(c)	the department verifies that the land is being utilized for agricultural production in a manner that
13	generates at le	east the productive capacity that the average Montana farmer or rancher could achieve.
14	(3)	In determining whether subsection (2)(c) is satisfied, the department shall consider soil type,
15	historic produc	tive capacity in the surrounding area with similar property features, any available historical
16	productive cap	acity information for the subject property, soil surveys and maps, livestock per capita fees paid
17	by property ow	mers in the county based on a per acreage basis, and all other site-specific and pertinent
18	available inform	nation, including any information provided by the taxpayer such as:
19	(a)	information detailing actual climate conditions;
20	(b)	information from the United States department of agriculture, including but not limited to:
21	(i)	natural resources conservation service rangeland inventory materials;
22	(ii)	farm service agency materials; and
23	(iii)	Montana agriculture statistics information; and
24	(c)	any other relevant documents or publicly available information that will assist the department in
25	reaching a det	ermination that the land is being utilized for agricultural production in a manner that generates at
26	least the produ	ctive capacity that the average Montana farmer or rancher could achieve.
27	(4)	Class nineteen property is taxed at the rate of tax for class three property in 15-6-133(2) of its
28	productive cap	acity value multiplied by 7.



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation - 2023				
		egislature 2023	Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	HB0912.001.002
	1	(5)	For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
	2	(a)	(i) "Agricultural production" means the business of agricultural production, as	agriculture is
ĺ	3	defined in this	section, including silviculture <u>, food, fiber commodities, and fuel</u> that is reported	on net farm
ļ	4	income reports	for tax purposes as required by the United States internal revenue service.	
	5	(ii)	The term does not mean the business of processing, transporting, or marketi	ng agricultural
	6	products.		
	7	(b)	"Agriculture" has the same meaning as "agricultural" as defined in 15-1-101.	
	8	(c)	"Marketing" has the same meaning as provided in 15-7-202(1)(c).	
	9	(6)	The department may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section.	
	10			
	11	Sectio	n 2. Section 15-6-134, MCA, is amended to read:	
	12	"15-6-	134. Class four property description taxable percentage. (1) Class fo	ur property
	13	includes:		
	14	(a)	subject to subsection (1)(e), all land, except that specifically included in anoth	ier class;
	15	(b)	subject to subsection (1)(e):	
	16	(i)	all improvements, including single-family residences, trailers, manufactured h	omes, or mobile
	17	homes used a	s a residence, except those specifically included in another class;	
	18	(ii)	appurtenant improvements to the residences, including the parcels of land up	on which the
	19	residences are	located and any leasehold improvements;	
	20	(iii)	vacant residential lots; and	
	21	(iv)	rental multifamily dwelling units.	
	22	(c)	all improvements on land that is eligible for valuation, assessment, and taxati	on as agricultural
	23	land under 15-	7-202 or recreational property under [section 1], including 1 acre of real proper	ty beneath
	24	improvements	on land described in 15-6-133(1)(c) or [section 1]. The 1 acre must be valued a	at market value.
	25	(d)	1 acre of real property beneath an improvement used as a residence on land	eligible for
	26	valuation, asse	essment, and taxation as forest land under 15-6-143. The 1 acre must be value	d at market value.
	27	(e)	all commercial and industrial property, as defined in 15-1-101, and including:	
	28	(i)	all commercial and industrial property that is used or owned by an individual,	a business, a

- 3 -



68th Legislature 2023

1	trade, a corporation, a limited liability company, or a partnership and that is used primarily for the production of		
2	income;		
3	(ii)	all golf courses, including land and improvements actually and necessarily used for that	
4	purpose, that c	consist of at least nine holes and not less than 700 lineal yards;	
5	(iii)	commercial buildings and parcels of land upon which the buildings are situated; and	
6	(iv)	vacant commercial lots.	
7	(2)	If a property includes both residential and commercial uses, the property is classified and	
8	appraised as fo	bllows:	
9	(a)	the land use with the highest percentage of total value is the use that is assigned to the	
10	property; and		
11	(b)	the improvements are apportioned according to the use of the improvements.	
12	(3)	(a) Except as provided in 15-24-1402, 15-24-1501, 15-24-1502, and subsection (3)(b), class	
13	four residential property described in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d) of this section is taxed at 1.35% of		
14	market value.		
15	(b)	The tax rate for the portion of the market value of a single-family residential dwelling in excess	
16	of \$1.5 million	is the residential property tax rate in subsection (3)(a) multiplied by 1.4.	
17	(c)	The tax rate for commercial property is the residential property tax rate in subsection (3)(a)	
18	multiplied by 1	.4.	
19	(4)	Property described in subsection (1)(e)(ii) is taxed at one-half the tax rate established in	
20	subsection (3)	(c)."	
21			
22	Sectio	n 3. Section 15-6-229, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	"15-6-2	229. Exemption for land adjacent to transmission line right-of-way easement	
24	application	limitations. (1) Subject to the conditions of this section, for tax years beginning after December	
25	31, 2007, there	e is allowed an exemption from property taxes for land that is within 660 feet on either side of the	
26	midpoint of a tr	ansmission line right-of-way or easement.	
27	(2)	(a) An owner or operator of a transmission line shall apply to the department for an exemption	
28	under this sect	ion on a form provided by the department. The application must include a legal description and a	



68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

1	digitized certific	cate of survey prepared by a surveyor registered with the board of professional engineers and	
2	professional land surveyors provided for in 2-15-1763 of the property in the county for which the exemption is		
3	sought and other information required by the department. A separate application must be made for each county		
4	in which an exe	emption is sought.	
5	(b)	An application for an exemption that would be in effect for the tax year and subsequent tax	
6	years must be	filed with the department by March 1 in the tax year that the exemption is sought.	
7	(3)	(a) The owner or operator of a transmission line shall inform the department of any change in	
8	ownership of th	e land or other circumstances that may affect the eligibility of the land for the exemption. The	
9	department sha	all determine whether any changes have occurred that affect the eligibility of the land for the	
10	exemption.		
11	(b)	The exemption allowed under this section does not apply to:	
12	(i)	the boundaries of an incorporated or unincorporated city or town;	
13	(ii)	a platted and filed subdivision;	
14	(iii)	tracts of land used for residential, commercial, or industrial purposes; or	
15	(iv)	the 1 acre of land beneath improvements on land described in 15-6-133(1)(c), [section 1], and	
16	15-7-206(2).		
17	(4)	For the purposes of this section, "transmission line" means an electric line with a design	
18	capacity of 30	megavoltamperes or greater that is constructed after January 1, 2007."	
19			
20	Sectio	n 4. Section 15-7-102, MCA, is amended to read:	
21	"15-7-1	02. Notice of classification, market value, and taxable value to owners appeals. (1) (a)	
22	Except as prov	ided in 15-7-138, the department shall mail or provide electronically to each owner or purchaser	
23	under contract	for deed a notice that includes the land classification, market value, and taxable value of the	
24	land and impro	vements owned or being purchased. A notice must be mailed or, with property owner consent,	
25	provided electr	onically to the owner only if one or more of the following changes pertaining to the land or	
26	improvements	have been made since the last notice:	
27	(i)	change in ownership;	
28	(ii)	change in classification;	



Ame - 202		Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation	1
	egislature 2023.	Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	HB0912.001.002
1	(iii)	change in valuation; or	
2	(iv)	addition or subtraction of personal property affixed to the land.	
3	(b)	The notice must include the following for the taxpayer's informational and info	rmal classification
4	and appraisal i	review purposes:	
5	(i)	a notice of the availability of all the property tax assistance programs available	e to property
6	taxpayers, incl	luding the intangible land value assistance program provided for in 15-6-240, the	e property tax
7	assistance pro	ograms provided for in Title 15, chapter 6, part 3, and the residential property tax	c credit for the
8	elderly provide	ed for in 15-30-2337 through 15-30-2341;	
9	(ii)	the total amount of mills levied against the property in the prior year;	
10	(iii)	the market value for the prior reappraisal cycle;	
11	(iv)	if the market value has increased by more than 10%, an explanation for the in	icrease in
12	valuation;		
13	(v)	a statement that the notice is not a tax bill; and	
14	(vi)	a taxpayer option to request an informal classification and appraisal review by	/ checking a box
15	on the notice a	and returning it to the department.	
16	(c)	When the department uses an appraisal method that values land and improve	ements as a unit,
17	including the s	ales comparison approach for residential condominiums or the income approac	h for commercial
18	property, the n	notice must contain a combined appraised value of land and improvements.	
19	(d)	Any misinformation provided in the information required by subsection (1)(b) of	loes not affect the
20	validity of the r	notice and may not be used as a basis for a challenge of the legality of the notic	e.
21	(2)	(a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c), the department shall assign each	classification and
22	appraisal to the	e correct owner or purchaser under contract for deed and mail or provide electro	onically the notice
23	in written or ele	ectronic form, adopted by the department, containing sufficient information in a	comprehensible
24	manner desigr	ned to fully inform the taxpayer as to the classification and appraisal of the prope	erty and of
25	changes over t	the prior tax year.	
26	(b)	The notice must advise the taxpayer that in order to be eligible for a refund of	taxes from an
27	appeal of the c	classification or appraisal, the taxpayer is required to pay the taxes under protes	t as provided in
28	15-1-402.		

- 6 -



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

1	(c) The department is not required to mail or provide electronically the notice to a new owner or
2	purchaser under contract for deed unless the department has received the realty transfer certificate from the
3	clerk and recorder as provided in 15-7-304 and has processed the certificate before the notices required by
4	subsection (2)(a) are mailed or provided electronically. The department shall notify the county tax appeal board
5	of the date of the mailing or the date when the taxpayer is informed the information is available electronically.
6	(3) (a) If the owner of any land and improvements is dissatisfied with the appraisal as it reflects the
7	market value of the property as determined by the department or with the classification of the land or
8	improvements, the owner may request an informal classification and appraisal review by submitting an
9	objection on written or electronic forms provided by the department for that purpose or by checking a box on the
10	notice and returning it to the department in a manner prescribed by the department.
11	(i) For property other than class three property described in 15-6-133, class four property
12	described in 15-6-134, and class ten property described in 15-6-143, and class nineteen property described in
13	[section 1], the objection must be submitted within 30 days from the date on the notice.
14	(ii) For class three property described in 15-6-133, and class four property described in 15-6-134,
15	and class nineteen property described in [section 1], the objection may be made only once each valuation
16	cycle. An objection must be made in writing or by checking a box on the notice within 30 days from the date on
17	the classification and appraisal notice for a reduction in the appraised value to be considered for both years of
18	the 2-year valuation cycle. An objection made more than 30 days from the date of the classification and
19	appraisal notice will be applicable only for the second year of the 2-year valuation cycle. For an objection to
20	apply to the second year of the valuation cycle, the taxpayer shall make the objection in writing or by checking a
21	box on the notice no later than June 1 of the second year of the valuation cycle or, if a classification and
22	appraisal notice is received in the second year of the valuation cycle, within 30 days from the date on the
23	notice.
24	(iii) For class ten property described in 15-6-143, the objection may be made at any time but only
25	once each valuation cycle. An objection must be made in writing or by checking a box on the notice within 30
26	days from the date on the classification and appraisal notice for a reduction in the appraised value to be
27	considered for all years of the 6-year appraisal cycle. An objection made more than 30 days after the date of
28	the classification and appraisal notice applies only for the subsequent remaining years of the 6-year reappraisal



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

1	cycle. For an objection to apply to any subsequent year of the valuation cycle, the taxpayer shall make the	
2	objection in writing or by checking a box on the notice no later than June 1 of the year for which the value is	
3	being appealed or, if a classification and appraisal notice is received after the first year of the valuation cycle,	
4	within 30 days from the date on the notice.	
5	(b) If the objection relates to residential or commercial property and the objector agrees to the	
6	confidentiality requirements, the department shall provide to the objector, by posted mail or electronically, within	n
7	8 weeks of submission of the objection, the following information:	
8	(i) the methodology and sources of data used by the department in the valuation of the property;	
9	and	
10	(ii) if the department uses a blend of evaluations developed from various sources, the reasons that	ıt
11	the methodology was used.	
12	(c) At the request of the objector or a representative of the objector, and only if the objector or	
13	representative signs a written or electronic confidentiality agreement, the department shall provide in written or	
14	electronic form:	
15	(i) comparable sales data used by the department to value the property;	
16	(ii) sales data used by the department to value residential property in the property taxpayer's	
17	market model area; and	
18	(iii) if the cost approach was used by the department to value residential property, the	
19	documentation required in 15-8-111(3) regarding why the comparable sales approach was not reliable.	
20	(d) For properties valued using the income approach as one approximation of market value, notice	Э
21	must be provided that the taxpayer will be given a form to acknowledge confidentiality requirements for the	
22	receipt of all aggregate model output that the department used in the valuation model for the property.	
23	(e) The review must be conducted informally and is not subject to the contested case procedures	
24	of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act. As a part of the review, the department may consider the actual	
25	selling price of the property and other relevant information presented by the taxpayer in support of the	
26	taxpayer's opinion as to the market value of the property. The department shall consider an independent	
27	appraisal provided by the taxpayer if the appraisal meets standards set by the Montana board of real estate	
28	appraisers and the appraisal was completed within 6 months of the valuation date pursuant to 15-8-201. If the	



department does not use the appraisal provided by the taxpayer in conducting the appeal, the department shall
provide to the taxpayer the reason for not using the appraisal. The department shall give reasonable notice to
the taxpayer of the time and place of the review.

4 (f) After the review, the department shall determine the correct appraisal and classification of the 5 land or improvements and notify the taxpayer of its determination by mail or electronically. The department may 6 not determine an appraised value that is higher than the value that was the subject of the objection unless the 7 reason for an increase was the result of a physical change in the property or caused by an error in the 8 description of the property or data available for the property that is kept by the department and used for 9 calculating the appraised value. In the notification, the department shall state its reasons for revising the 10 classification or appraisal. When the proper appraisal and classification have been determined, the land must 11 be classified and the improvements appraised in the manner ordered by the department. 12 (4) Whether a review as provided in subsection (3) is held or not, the department may not adjust 13 an appraisal or classification upon the taxpayer's objection unless: 14 the taxpayer has submitted an objection on written or electronic forms provided by the (a) 15 department or by checking a box on the notice; and 16 (b) the department has provided to the objector by mail or electronically its stated reason in writing 17 for making the adjustment. 18 A taxpayer's written objection or objection made by checking a box on the notice and (5) 19 supplemental information provided by a taxpayer that elects to check a box on the notice to a classification or

determination are public records. The department shall make the records available for inspection during regular
 office hours.

appraisal and the department's notification to the taxpayer of its determination and the reason for that

(6) If a property owner feels aggrieved by the classification or appraisal made by the department
after the review provided for in subsection (3), the property owner has the right to first appeal to the county tax
appeal board and then to the Montana tax appeal board, whose findings are final subject to the right of review
in the courts. The appeal to the county tax appeal board, pursuant to 15-15-102, must be filed within 30 days
from the date on the notice of the department's determination. A county tax appeal board or the Montana tax
appeal board may consider the actual selling price of the property, independent appraisals of the property, and



20

	-	equested by: Edward Butcher - (H) T	axation
- 2023 68th Le		Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	HB0912.001.002
1	other relevant information presented b	by the taxpayer as evidence of the market value	e of the property. If the
2	county tax appeal board or the Montar	na tax appeal board determines that an adjustn	nent should be made, the
3	department shall adjust the base value	e of the property in accordance with the board's	s order."
4			
5	Section 5. Section 15-7-111,	MCA, is amended to read:	
6	"15-7-111. Periodic reappra	aisal of certain taxable property. (1) The dep	artment shall administer
7	and supervise a program for the reapp	praisal of all taxable property within class three	under 15-6-133, class four
8	under 15-6-134, and class ten under 1	15-6-143, and class nineteen under [section 1]	as provided in this section.
9	All other property must be revalued an	nnually. Beginning January 1, 2015, all <u>All</u> prop	erty within class three <u>,</u> and
10	class four <u>, and class nineteen</u> must be	e revalued every 2 years, and all property within	n class ten must be
11	revalued every 6 years.		
12	(2) The department shall	value newly constructed, remodeled, or reclass	sified property in a manner
13	consistent with the valuation within the	e same class and the values established pursua	ant to subsection (1) and
14	shall phase in the value of class ten pr	roperty. The department shall adopt rules for de	etermining the assessed
15	valuation of new, remodeled, or reclas	ssified property within the same class and the p	hased-in value of class ten
16	property.		
17	(3) The reappraisal of cla	uss three <u>,</u> a nd class four <u>, and class nineteen</u> pro	operty is complete on
18	December 31 of every second year of	the reappraisal cycle, and the reappraisal of cl	lass ten property is
19	complete on December 31 of the sixth	year of the reappraisal cycle. The amount of the	he change in valuation
20	from the base year for class ten prope	erty must be phased in each year at the rate of	16.66% of the change in
21	valuation.		
22	(4) During the second yea	ar of each reappraisal cycle, the department sh	nall provide the revenue
23	interim committee with a report, in acc	cordance with 5-11-210, of tax rates for the upc	oming reappraisal cycle
24	that will result in taxable value neutrali	ity for each property class.	
25	(5) The department shall	administer and supervise a program for the rea	appraisal of all taxable
26	property within classes three and four.	. The department shall adopt a reappraisal plar	h by rule. The reappraisal
27	plan adopted must provide that all clas	ss three <u>,</u> and class four <u>, and class nineteen</u> pro	operty in each county is
28	revalued by January 1 of the second y	ear of the reappraisal cycle, effective for Janua	ary 1 of the following year,



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

HB0912.001.002

1 and each succeeding 2 years, and must provide that all class ten property in each county is revalued by 2 January 1, 2015, effective for January 1, 2015, and each succeeding 6 years. The resulting valuation changes 3 for class ten property must be phased in for each year until the next reappraisal. If a percentage of change for 4 each year is not established, then the percentage of phasein for class ten property each year is 16.66%. 5 (6) (a) In completing the appraisal or adjustments under subsection (5), the department shall, as 6 provided in the reappraisal plan, conduct individual property inspections, building permit reviews, sales data 7 verification reviews, and electronic data reviews. The department may adopt new technologies for recognizing 8 changes to property. 9 The department shall conduct a field inspection of a sufficient number of taxable properties to (b) 10 meet the requirements of subsection (5). 11 (7) (a) In each notice of reappraisal sent to a taxpayer, the department, with the support of the 12 department of administration, shall provide to the taxpayer information on: 13 the consumer price index adjusted for population and the average annual growth rate of (i) 14 Montana personal income; and 15 (ii) the estimated annualized change in property taxes levied over the previous 10 years by the 16 state, county, and any incorporated cities or towns within the county and local school average mills by county. 17 In every even-numbered year, the department shall publish in a newspaper of general (b) 18 circulation in each county the information required pursuant to subsection (7)(a) by the second Monday in October." 19 20 21 Section 6. Section 15-7-202, MCA, is amended to read: 22 **"15-7-202.** Eligibility of land for valuation as agricultural. (1) (a) Contiguous Except as provided in 23 [section 1], contiguous parcels of land totaling 160 acres or more under one ownership are eligible for valuation, 24 assessment, and taxation as agricultural land each year that none of the parcels is devoted to a residential, 25 commercial, undeveloped recreational, or industrial use. 26 (i) Contiguous parcels of land of 20 acres or more but less than 160 acres under one (b) 27 ownership that are actively devoted to agricultural use are eligible for valuation, assessment, and taxation as 28 agricultural land if:



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

1	(A)	the land is used primarily for raising and marketing, as defined in subsection (1)(c), products
2	that meet the d	lefinition of agricultural in 15-1-101 and if, except as provided in subsection (3), the owner or the
3	owner's immed	liate family members, agent, employee, or lessee markets not less than \$1,500 in annual gross
4	income from th	e raising of agricultural products produced by the land; or
5	(B)	the parcels would have met the qualification set out in subsection (1)(b)(i)(A) were it not for
6	independent, ir	ntervening causes of production failure beyond the control of the producer or a marketing delay
7	for economic a	dvantage, in which case proof of qualification in a prior year will suffice.
8	(ii)	Noncontiguous parcels of land that meet the income requirement of subsection (1)(b)(i) are
9	eligible for valu	ation, assessment, and taxation as agricultural land under subsection (1)(b)(i) if:
10	(A)	the land is an integral part of a bona fide agricultural operation undertaken by the persons set
11	forth in subsec	tion (1)(b)(i) as defined in this section; and
12	(B)	the land is not devoted to a residential, commercial, or industrial use.
13	(iii)	Parcels of land that are part of a family-operated farm, family corporation, family partnership,
14	sole proprietor	ship, or family trust that is involved in Montana agricultural production consisting of 20 acres or
15	more but less t	han 160 acres that do not meet the income requirement of subsection (1)(b)(i) may also be
16	valued, assess	ed, and taxed as agricultural land if the owner:
17	(A)	applies to the department requesting classification of the parcel as agricultural;
18	(B)	verifies that the parcel of land is greater than 20 acres but less than 160 acres and that the
19	parcel is locate	ed within 15 air miles of the family-operated farming entity referred to in subsection (1)(b)(iii)(C);
20	and	
21	(C)	verifies that:
22	(I)	the owner of the parcel is involved in agricultural production by submitting proof that 51% or
23	more of the ow	mer's Montana annual gross income is derived from agricultural production; and
24	(II)	property taxes on the property are paid by a family corporation, family partnership, sole
25	proprietorship,	or family trust that is involved in Montana agricultural production and 51% of the entity's
26	Montana annua	al gross income is derived from agricultural production; or
27	(111)	the owner is a shareholder, partner, owner, or member of the family corporation, family
28	partnership, so	le proprietorship, or family trust that is involved in Montana agricultural production and 51% of



		Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation	
- 202 68th	23 Legislature 2023	Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	HB0912.001.002
1	the person's or	entity's Montana annual gross income is derived from agricultural production.	
2	(c)	For the purposes of this subsection (1):	
3	(i)	"marketing" means the selling of agricultural products produced by the land an	nd includes but is
4	not limited to:		
5	(A)	rental or lease of the land as long as the land is actively used for grazing lives	tock or for other
6	agricultural pur	poses; and	
7	(B)	rental payments made under the federal conservation reserve program or a su	uccessor to that
8	program;		
9	(ii)	land that is devoted to residential use or that is used for agricultural buildings a	and is included in
10	or is contiguous	s to land under the same ownership that is classified as agricultural land, other t	than nonqualified
11	agricultural lan	d described in 15-6-133(1)(c), must be classified as agricultural land, and the la	nd must be
12	valued as provi	ided in 15-7-206.	
13	(2)	Contiguous or noncontiguous parcels of land totaling less than 20 acres under	^r one ownership
14	that are actively	y devoted to agricultural use are eligible for valuation, assessment, and taxation	as agricultural
15	each year that	the parcels meet any of the following qualifications:	
16	(a)	except as provided in subsection (3), the parcels produce and the owner or the	e owner's agent,
17	employee, or le	essee markets not less than \$1,500 in annual gross income from the raising of a	gricultural
18	products as de	fined in 15-1-101;	
19	(b)	the parcels would have met the qualification set out in subsection (2)(a) were i	t not for
20	independent, ir	ntervening causes of production failure beyond the control of the producer or ma	arketing delay for
21	economic adva	ntage, in which case proof of qualification in a prior year will suffice; or	
22	(c)	in a prior year, the parcels totaled 20 acres or more and qualified as agricultur	al land under this
23	section, but the	e number of acres was reduced to less than 20 acres for a public use described	in 70-30-102 by
24	the federal gov	ernment, the state, a county, or a municipality, and since that reduction in acres	, the parcels
25	have not been	further divided.	
26	(3)	For grazing land to be eligible for classification as agricultural land under subs	ections (1)(b)
27	and (2), the lan	nd must be capable of sustaining a minimum number of animal unit months of ca	arrying capacity.
28	The minimum r	number of animal unit months of carrying capacity must equate to \$1,500 in ann	ual gross income



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

HB0912.001.002

1 as determined by the Montana state university-Bozeman college of agriculture. 2 The grazing on land by a horse or other animals kept as a hobby and not as a part of a bona (4) 3 fide agricultural enterprise is not considered a bona fide agricultural operation. 4 (5) (a) Upon application by the property owner, the following parcels of land are eligible for 5 provisional agricultural classification for 5 years to allow crops to reach salable maturity: 6 (i) a fruit orchard consisting of a minimum of 100 live fruit trees maintained using accepted fruit 7 tree husbandry practices, including pest and disease management, fencing, and a watering system; 8 (ii) a vineyard containing a minimum of 120 live vines maintained using accepted husbandry 9 practices, including weed and grass maintenance, pest and disease management, pruning, and trellising and 10 staking; and 11 (iii) property containing a minimum of 2,000 live Christmas trees cultivated according to accepted 12 husbandry practices, including regular shearing. 13 Following the 5th year of provisional agricultural classification, the property owner shall submit (b) 14 an application for agricultural classification. The application must include documentation proving that the 15 property continues to meet the requirements of subsection (5)(a) and that the income requirements of 16 subsection (2)(a) have been met. The department may not classify land less than 160 acres as agricultural unless the owner has 17 (6) 18 applied to have land classified as agricultural land. Land of 20 acres or more but less than 160 acres for which 19 no application for agricultural classification has been made is valued as provided in 15-6-133(1)(c) and is taxed 20 as provided in 15-6-133(3). If land has been valued, assessed, and taxed as agricultural land in any year, it 21 must continue to be valued, assessed, and taxed as agricultural until change of ownership or until the 22 department reclassifies the property. A reclassification does not mean revaluation pursuant to 15-7-111. 23 (7) For the purposes of this part, growing timber is not an agricultural use." 24 25 Section 7. Section 15-8-111, MCA, is amended to read: "15-8-111. Appraisal -- market value standard -- exceptions. (1) All taxable property must be 26 27 appraised at 100% of its market value except as otherwise provided. 28 (2) (a) Market value is the value at which property would change hands between a willing buyer



1 and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge

2 of relevant facts.

3 (b) If the department uses the cost approach as one approximation of market value, the 4 department shall fully consider reduction in value caused by depreciation, whether through physical 5 depreciation, functional obsolescence, or economic obsolescence.

6

(c) If the department uses the income approach as one approximation of market value and 7 sufficient, relevant information on comparable sales and construction cost exists, the department shall rely upon 8 the two methods that provide a similar market value as the better indicators of market value.

9 (d) Except as provided in subsection (4), the market value of special mobile equipment and 10 agricultural tools, implements, and machinery is the average wholesale value shown in national appraisal 11 guides and manuals or the value before reconditioning and profit margin. The department shall prepare 12 valuation schedules showing the average wholesale value when a national appraisal guide does not exist.

13 (a) In valuing class four residential and commercial property described in 15-6-134, the (3) 14 department shall conduct the appraisal following the appropriate uniform standards of professional appraisal 15 practice for mass appraisal promulgated by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal foundation. In 16 valuing the property, the department shall use information available from any source considered reliable. 17 Comparable properties used for valuation must represent similar properties within an acceptable proximity of 18 the property being valued. The department shall use the same valuation method to value residential properties 19 in the same neighborhood or subdivision unless there is a compelling reason to use a different approach.

20 (b) When valuing residential property under the cost approach, the department shall document 21 why the comparable sales model does not support usage of the comparable sales approach, including an 22 analysis of whether the cost approach is used for other class four residential property in the market area.

23 (4) The department may not adopt a lower or different standard of value from market value in 24 making the official assessment and appraisal of the value of property, except:

25 the market value for agricultural implements and machinery is the average wholesale value (a) 26 category as provided in published national agricultural and implement valuation guides. The valuation guide 27 must provide average wholesale values specific to the state of Montana or a region that includes the state of 28 Montana. The department shall adopt by rule the valuation guides used as provided in this subsection (4)(a). If



1	the average wholesale value category is unavailable, the department shall use a comparable wholesale value		
2	category.		
3	(b)	for agricultural implements and machinery not listed in an official guide, the department shall	
4	prepare a sup	plemental manual in which the values reflect the same depreciation as those found in the official	
5	guide;		
6	(c)	(i) for condominium property, the department shall establish the value as provided in	
7	subsection (5)	; and	
8	(ii)	for a townhome or townhouse, as defined in 70-23-102, the department shall determine the	
9	value in a mar	nner established by the department by rule; and	
10	(d)	as otherwise authorized in Titles 15 and 61.	
11	(5)	(a) Subject to subsection (5)(c), if sufficient, relevant information on comparable sales is	
12	available, the	department shall use the sales comparison approach to appraise residential condominium units.	
13	Because the u	individed interest in common elements is included in the sales price of the condominium units, the	
14	department is	not required to separately allocate the value of the common elements to the individual units being	
15	valued.		
16	(b)	Subject to subsection (5)(c), if sufficient, relevant information on income is made available to	
17	the departmer	nt, the department shall use the income approach to appraise commercial condominium units.	
18	Because the u	individed interest in common elements contributes directly to the income-producing capability of	
19	the individual	units, the department is not required to separately allocate the value of the common elements to	
20	the individual	units being valued.	
21	(c)	If sufficient, relevant information on comparable sales is not available for residential	
22	condominium	units or if sufficient, relevant information on income is not made available for commercial	
23	condominium	units, the department shall value condominiums using the cost approach. When using the cost	
24	approach, the	department shall determine the value of the entire condominium project and allocate a	
25	percentage of	the total value to each individual unit. The allocation is equal to the percentage of undivided	
26	interest in the	common elements for the unit as expressed in the declaration made pursuant to 70-23-403,	
27	regardless of	whether the percentage expressed in the declaration conforms to market value.	
28	(6)	For purposes of taxation, assessed value is the same as appraised value.	



Ame - 202		Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation		
68th Legislature 2023		Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022 HB0912.001.002		
1	(7)	The taxable value for all property is the market value multiplied by the tax rate for each class of		
2	property.			
3	(8)	The market value of properties in 15-6-131 through 15-6-134, 15-6-143, and 15-6-145 is as		
4	follows:			
5	(a)	Properties in 15-6-131, under class one, are assessed at 100% of the annual net proceeds		
6	after deducting	ng the expenses specified and allowed by 15-23-503 or, if applicable, as provided in 15-23-515,		
7	15-23-516, 15-	15-23-516, 15-23-517, or 15-23-518.		
8	(b)	Properties in 15-6-132, under class two, are assessed at 100% of the annual gross proceeds.		
9	(c)	Properties in 15-6-133, under class three, are assessed at 100% of the productive capacity of		
10	the lands when valued for agricultural purposes. All lands that meet the qualifications of 15-7-202 are valued as			
11	agricultural lands for tax purposes.			
12	(d)	Properties in 15-6-134, under class four, are assessed at 100% of market value.		
13	(e)	Properties in 15-6-143, under class ten, are assessed at 100% of the forest productivity value		
14	of the land who	e land when valued as forest land.		
15	(f)	Railroad transportation properties in 15-6-145 are assessed based on the valuation formula		
16	described in 1	5-23-205.		
17	<u>(g)</u>	Properties in [section 1], under class nineteen, are assessed at 100% of the productive		
18	capacity of the	e lands and valued in the same manner as agricultural purposes.		
19	(9)	Land and the improvements on the land are separately assessed when any of the following		
20	conditions occ	ur:		
21	(a)	ownership of the improvements is different from ownership of the land;		
22	(b)	the taxpayer makes a written request; or		
23	(c)	the land is outside an incorporated city or town.		
24	(10)	For the purpose of this section, the term "compelling reason" includes but is not limited to the		
25	following:			
26	(a)	there are no comparable sales in the neighborhood or subdivision;		
27	(b)	the comparable sales model prepared by the department shows that the subject property		
28	cannot be valued using the market sales approach; or			



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation - 2023						
	egislature 2023	Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	HB0912.001.002			
1	(c)	other residential properties in the same neighborhood or subdivision are also	valued using the			
2	cost approach	and not the market sales approach."				
3						
4	Sectio	n 8. Section 15-18-219, MCA, is amended to read:				
5	"15-18	-219. Application for tax deed for residential property fee notice. (1)	(a) If a property			
6	tax lien attache	ed to the property provided for in subsection (1)(b) is not redeemed in the time a	llowed under 15-			
7	18-111, the as	signee may file an application after the redemption period has expired with the o	county treasurer			
8	for a tax deed for the property. The tax deed application must contain the same information as is required in 15-					
9	18-211(1). The	county treasurer shall charge the assignee a \$25 application fee. The fee mus	t be deposited in			
10	the county gen	eral fund.				
11	(b)	The following property is subject to the provisions of this section if it contains a	a dwelling that is			
12	currently occup	bied by the legal titleholder of record:				
13	(i)	land classified as residential pursuant to 15-6-134;				
14	(ii)	land classified as agricultural pursuant to 15-6-133(1)(a) and (1)(c); and				
15	(iii)	land classified as forest property pursuant to 15-6-143; and				
16	<u>(iv)</u>	land classified as recreational property pursuant to [section 1].				
17	(c)	For the property provided for in subsection (1)(b)(ii) and (1)(b)(iii) through (1)(b)	<u>b)(iv)</u> , the			
18	provisions of th	nis section also apply to other property of the same class that is included on the	same tax bill.			
19	(2)	An assignee who applies for a tax deed pursuant to this section shall pay the	county treasurer			
20	at the time of t	ne tax deed application:				
21	(a)	the amount required to redeem any unassigned tax liens or tax liens held by o	other assignees;			
22	(b)	any delinquent taxes, penalties, and interest; and				
23	(c)	current taxes due for the property.				
24	(3)	(a) The county treasurer shall have the county clerk and recorder file a notice	of the tax deed			
25	application.					
26	(b)	A person acquiring an interest in the property after the tax deed application no	otice has been			
27	filed is conside	red to be on notice of the pending tax deed auction, and no additional notice is	required. The			
28	sale at auction	of the property automatically releases any filed notice of tax deed application for	or the property.			



1st Posding white Poquested by: Edward Butcher (4) Taxation Α aandr nont

6

- 2023 68th Legislature 2023		Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	IB0912.001.002			
1	(c)	If the property is redeemed, the county treasurer shall file a redemption certifica	te, which			
2	releases the no	releases the notice of tax deed application.				
3	(4)	(a) Between May 1 and May 30 of the year in which the redemption period expir	res, an			
4	assignee apply	assignee applying for a tax deed shall notify the parties as required in subsection (4)(b) that a tax deed will be				
5	auctioned unless the property tax lien is redeemed before the date of the auction.					
6	(b)	(b) The notice required under subsection (4)(a) must be made by certified mail, return receipt				
7	requested, in tl	requested, in the form required by 15-18-215 and as provided in 7-1-2121, to the current occupant, if any, of the				
8	property and to each party, other than a utility, listed on a litigation guarantee, provided that the guarantee:					
9	(i)	has been approved by the insurance commissioner and issued by a licensed titl	e insurance			
10	producer;					
11	(ii)	was ordered on the property by the person required to give notice; and				
12	(iii)	lists the identities and addresses of the parties of record that have an interest or	r possible claim			
13	of an interest ir	an interest in the property designed to disclose all parties of record that would otherwise be necessary to				
14	name in a quie	name in a quiet title action.				
15	(c)	The address to which the notice must be sent is, for each party, the address dis	closed by the			
16	records in the	office of the county clerk and recorder or in the litigation guarantee and, for the oc	cupant, the			
17	street address	or other known address of the subject property.				
18	(5)	The amount of interest and costs continues to accrue until the date of redemption	on. The total			
19	amount of inter	amount of interest and costs that must be paid for redemption must be calculated by the county treasurer as of				
20	the date of payment.					
21	(6)	(a) The county treasurer shall notify the assignee of the obligation to give notice	under			
22	subsection (4)	between January 1 and January 31 of the year in which the redemption period ex	pires. The			
23	notice of obligation must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the assignee at the address					
24	contained on the assignment certificate provided for in 15-17-323.					
25	(b)	If the assignee fails to give notice as required by subsection (4), as evidenced b	y failure to file			
26	proof of notice	with the county clerk and recorder as required in subsection (6)(c), the county tre	asurer shall			
27	cancel the property tax lien evidenced by the tax lien certificate and the assignment certificate. Upon					
28	cancellation of the property tax lien, the county treasurer shall file with the county clerk and recorder a notice of					



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Edward Butcher - (H) Taxation						
- 2023 68th Legislature 2023		Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022	HB0912.001.002			
1	cancellation on a form provided for in 15-18-217.					
2	(c) Proof of notice must	be given as provided in 15-18-216 and must be	filed with the county clerk			
3	and recorder. An assignee must file proof of notice with the county clerk and recorder within 30 days of the					
4	mailing or publishing of the notice. Once filed, the proof of notice is prima facie evidence of the sufficiency of					
5	the notice."					
6						
7	NEW SECTION. Section 9.	Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intend	ded to be codified as an			
8	integral part of Title 15, chapter 6, pa	art 1, and the provisions of Title 15, chapter 6, pa	art 1, apply to [section 1].			
9						
10	NEW SECTION. Section 10	Applicability. [This act] applies to property t	ax years beginning after			
11	December 31, 2024.					

12

- END -

