Amendment - 1	st Reading-white - R	equested by: Walt Sales - (\$	३) Natural Resour	ces
- 2023				
68th Legislature 20	23	Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-164	)	SB0072.001.001

1	SENATE BILL NO. 72
2	INTRODUCED BY S. FITZPATRICK
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE POWERS, DUTIES, TERMS, DESIGNATIONS,
6	APPOINTMENTS, OPERATIONS, AND JURISDICTION OF THE WATER COURT; PROVIDING FOR THE
7	GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENT OF WATER JUDGES; PROVIDING FOR WATER COURT JURISDICTION
8	OVER WATER DISTRIBUTION; REVISING THE APPOINTMENT OF WATER COMMISSIONERS;
9	DESIGNATING WATER JUDGES TO WATER DIVISIONS; PROVIDING THAT WATER JUDGES ENFORCE
10	FINAL DECREES; PROVIDING FOR A WATER COURT ADMINISTRATOR; REVISING THE POWERS AND
11	DUTIES OF WATER MASTERS; REVISING THE PROCESS TO PETITION FOR DEPARTMENT ACTION ON
12	UNPERFECTED WATER RIGHTS; REVISING JUDICIAL REVIEW OF CERTAIN CONTESTED CASES;
13	PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-4-702, 3-1-
14	101, 3-1-901, 3-1-905, 3-7-101, 3-7-102, 3-7-103, 3-7-201, 3-7-202, 3-7-203, 3-7-204, 3-7-211, 3-7-212, 3-7-
15	221, 3-7-223, 3-7-224, 3-7-301, 3-7-311, 3-7-401, 3-7-501, 3-7-502, 19-5-301, 85-2-112, 85-2-114, 85-2-122,
16	85-2-123, 85-2-125, 85-2-236, 85-2-309, 85-2-313, 85-2-314, 85-2-315, 85-2-405, 85-2-406, 85-5-101, 85-5-
17	102, 85-5-103, 85-5-104, 85-5-106, 85-5-107, 85-5-108, 85-5-109, 85-5-110, 85-5-111, 85-5-201, 85-5-202, 85-
18	5-203, 85-5-204, 85-5-205, 85-5-206, 85-5-301, AND 85-5-407, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 3-7-222 AND
19	3-7-225, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
20	

21 WHEREAS, Article VII, section 1, of the Montana Constitution provides that the "judicial power of the 22 state is vested in one supreme court, district courts, justice courts, and such other courts as may be provided 23 by law"; and

24 WHEREAS, the Montana Legislature possesses the authority to constitute a water court and similarly 25 set forth mechanisms for the appointment and election of judges for the court; and

WHEREAS, neither the Water Court nor its judgeships are mandated or created by the Montana
Constitution but rather are judgeships maintained by the Montana Legislature.

28



Authorized Print Version – SB 72

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

2

3

Section 1. Section 2-4-702, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-4-702. (Temporary) Initiating judicial review of contested cases. (1) (a) Except as provided in
75-2-213 and 75-20-223, a person who has exhausted all administrative remedies available within the agency
and who is aggrieved by a final written decision in a contested case is entitled to judicial review under this
chapter. This section does not limit use of or the scope of judicial review available under other means of review,
redress, relief, or trial de novo provided by statute.

9 (b) A party who proceeds before an agency under the terms of a particular statute may not be 10 precluded from questioning the validity of that statute on judicial review, but the party may not raise any other 11 question not raised before the agency unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that there was good 12 cause for failure to raise the question before the agency.

(2) (a) Except as provided in 75-2-211, 75-2-213, and subsections (2)(c) and (2)(e) of this section,
proceedings for review must be instituted by filing a petition in district court within 30 days after service of the
final written decision of the agency or, if a rehearing is requested, within 30 days after the written decision is
rendered. Except as otherwise provided by statute, subsection (2)(d), or subsection (2)(e), the petition must be
filed in the district court for the county where the petitioner resides or has the petitioner's principal place of
business or where the agency maintains its principal office. Copies of the petition must be promptly served
upon the agency and all parties of record.

20 (b) The petition must include a concise statement of the facts upon which jurisdiction and venue 21 are based, a statement of the manner in which the petitioner is aggrieved, and the ground or grounds specified 22 in 2-4-704(2) upon which the petitioner contends to be entitled to relief. The petition must demand the relief to 23 which the petitioner believes the petitioner is entitled, and the demand for relief may be in the alternative.

(c) If a petition for review is filed pursuant to 33-16-1012(2)(c), the workers' compensation court,
 rather than the district court, has jurisdiction and the provisions of this part apply to the workers' compensation
 court in the same manner as the provisions of this part apply to the district court.

(d) If a petition for review is filed challenging a licensing or permitting decision made pursuant to
Title 75 or Title 82, the petition for review must be filed in the county where the facility is located or proposed to



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Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640

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1 be located or where the action is proposed to occur.

2 (i) A party who is aggrieved by a final decision on an application for a permit or change in (e) 3 appropriation right filed under Title 85, chapter 2, part 3, may petition the district court or the water court for 4 judicial review of the decision. The water court has jurisdiction over the petitions and the provisions of this part 5 apply. If a petition for judicial review is filed in the water court, the water court rather than the district court has 6 jurisdiction and the provisions of this part apply to the water court in the same manner as they apply to the 7 district court. The time for filing a petition is the same as provided in subsection (2)(a). 8 (ii) If more than one party is aggrieved by a final decision on an application for a permit or change in 9 appropriation right filed under Title 85, chapter 2, part 3, the district court where the appropriation right is 10 located has jurisdiction. If more than one aggrieved party files a petition but no aggrieved party files a petition in

11 the district court where the appropriation right is located, the first judicial district, Lewis and Clark County, has

12 jurisdiction.

(iii) If a petition for judicial review is filed in the district court, the petition for review must be filed in the
 district court in the county where the appropriation right is located.

15 (3) Unless otherwise provided by statute, the filing of the petition may not stay enforcement of the 16 agency's decision. The agency may grant or the reviewing court may order a stay upon terms that it considers 17 proper, following notice to the affected parties and an opportunity for hearing. A stay may be issued without 18 notice only if the provisions of 27-19-315 through 27-19-317 are met.

(4) Within 30 days after the service of the petition or within further time allowed by the court, the
agency shall transmit to the reviewing court the original or a certified copy of the entire record of the proceeding
under review. By stipulation of all parties to the review proceedings, the record may be shortened. A party
unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be required by the court to pay the additional costs.
The court may require or permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record. (Terminates September 30,
2025-sec. 6, Ch. 126, L. 2017.)

25 2-4-702. (Effective October 1, 2025) Initiating judicial review of contested cases. (1) (a) Except
 as provided in 75-2-213 and 75-20-223, a person who has exhausted all administrative remedies available
 within the agency and who is aggrieved by a final written decision in a contested case is entitled to judicial
 review under this chapter. This section does not limit use of or the scope of judicial review available under other



1 means of review, redress, relief, or trial de novo provided by statute.

2 (b) A party who proceeds before an agency under the terms of a particular statute may not be 3 precluded from guestioning the validity of that statute on judicial review, but the party may not raise any other question not raised before the agency unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that there was good 4 5 cause for failure to raise the question before the agency. 6 (2) (a) Except as provided in 75-2-211, 75-2-213, and subsection (2)(c) of this section, proceedings 7 for review must be instituted by filing a petition in district court within 30 days after service of the final written 8 decision of the agency or, if a rehearing is requested, within 30 days after the written decision is rendered. 9 Except as otherwise provided by statute or subsection (2)(d), the petition must be filed in the district court for 10 the county where the petitioner resides or has the petitioner's principal place of business or where the agency 11 maintains its principal office. Copies of the petition must be promptly served upon the agency and all parties of 12 record. (b) The petition must include a concise statement of the facts upon which jurisdiction and venue are 13 14 based, a statement of the manner in which the petitioner is aggrieved, and the ground or grounds specified in 2-15 4-704 (2) upon which the petitioner contends to be entitled to relief. The petition must demand the relief to 16 which the petitioner believes the petitioner is entitled, and the demand for relief may be in the alternative. 17 (c) If a petition for review is filed pursuant to 33-16-1012 (2)(c), the workers' compensation court, 18 rather than the district court, has jurisdiction and the provisions of this part apply to the workers' compensation 19 court in the same manner as the provisions of this part apply to the district court. 20 (d) If a petition for review is filed challenging a licensing or permitting decision made pursuant to Title 75 or Title 82, the petition for review must be filed in the county where the facility is located or proposed to be 21 22 located or where the action is proposed to occur. 23 (3) Unless otherwise provided by statute, the filing of the petition may not stay enforcement of the 24 agency's decision. The agency may grant or the reviewing court may order a stay upon terms that it considers 25 proper, following notice to the affected parties and an opportunity for hearing. A stay may be issued without 26 notice only if the provisions of 27-19-315 through 27-19-317 are met. (4) Within 30 days after the service of the petition or within further time allowed by the court, the 27 agency shall transmit to the reviewing court the original or a certified copy of the entire record of the proceeding 28



#### - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640 SB0072.001.001 1 under review. By stipulation of all parties to the review proceedings, the record may be shortened. A party 2 unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be required by the court to pay the additional costs. 3 The court may require or permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record." 4 5 Section 2. Section 3-1-101, MCA, is amended to read: "3-1-101. The several courts of this state. The following are courts of justice of this state: 6 7 (1) the court of impeachment, which is the senate; 8 (2) the supreme court; 9 (3) the district courts; 10 (4) the municipal courts; 11 (5) the justices' courts; 12 (6) the water court; and the city courts and such other courts of limited jurisdiction as the legislature may establish in 13 <del>(6)</del>(7) 14 any incorporated city or town." 15 16 Section 3. Section 3-1-901, MCA, is amended to read: 17 "3-1-901. Judicial vacancy -- notice. (1) (a) Upon On receiving notice from the chief justice of the 18 supreme court, the governor shall appoint a candidate, as provided in this part, to fill any vacancy on the 19 supreme court or the district court. 20 The chief justice of the supreme court governor shall appoint a candidate to fill any water judge (b) 21 term or vacancy for the chief water judge or associate water judge pursuant to 3-7-221. 22 (2) Within 10 days of the date of receipt by the governor of the notice from the chief justice of the 23 supreme court that a vacancy has occurred or the effective date of a judicial resignation has been announced, 24 the governor shall notify the public, including media outlets with general statewide circulation and other 25 appropriate sources, that a vacancy has been announced, including the deadline within which applications must 26 be received." 27 28 Section 4. Section 3-1-905, MCA, is amended to read:

Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Walt Sales - (S) Natural Resources



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1	"3-1-905. Appointments. (1) The governor, or the chief justice of the supreme court for the office
2	described in 3-7-221, shall make an appointment within 30 days of the close of the public comment period from
3	the list of applicants.
4	(2) For the purposes of Article VII, section 8, of the Montana constitution, the governor must be
5	construed to receive the names of the nominees at the close of the public comment period provided for in 3-1-
6	904.
7	(3) If the governor fails to appoint within 30 days of the close of the public comment period
8	provided for in subsection (1), the chief justice shall make the appointment from the same list of applicants
9	within 30 days of the governor's failure to appoint."
10	
11	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:
12	(1) "Water court" means a court comprised of four water division courts that preside over water
13	disputes and controversies that arise within the boundaries of the water division as described in 3-7-102.
14	(2) "Water judge" means a judge presiding over any matter under 3-7-101 in a water division.
15	
16	Section 6. Section 3-7-101, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"3-7-101. Water divisions Powers and duties of water court. To adjudicate existing water rights
18	and to conduct hearings in cases certified under 85-2-309, water divisions are established as defined in 3-7-
19	<del>102. A</del> water division shall be presided over by <del>a water judge</del> <u>one or more water judges. <del>A water judge</del> Water</u>
20	judges of the water court shall:
21	(1) prior to and including the issuance of a final decree in a basin pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-2-
22	235, administer the adjudication of existing water rights in the basin by:
23	(a) coordinating with the department of natural resources and conservation to:
24	(i) compile information submitted on water claim forms under Title 85, chapter 2, part 2; and
25	(ii) expeditiously and properly transfer that information to the water judge in each division; and
26	(b) ensuring any contested or conflicting claims are expeditiously tried and adjudicated.
27	(2) conduct proceedings for petitions for judicial review filed with the water court under 2-4-
28	<u>702(2)(e);</u>



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1	<u>(3)</u>	review decisions made by a compact board or other administrative entity as p	provided in Title
2	<u>85, chapter 20</u>	) <u>;</u>	
3	<u>(4)</u>	review motions brought pursuant to Rule 59 or 60, M.R.Civ.P., concerning the	e adjudication of
4	an existing wa	ter right and orders pursuant to 85-2-234(8);	
5	<u>(5)</u>	hear and resolve disputes arising under the interpretation of a final decree iss	sued under 85-2-
6	<u>234;</u>		
7	<u>(6)</u>	hear and resolve issues related to judicial enforcement actions for waste, unla	awful use,
8	interference, c	or other violations pursuant to 85-2-114 and 85-2-122;	
9	<u>(7)</u>	hear and resolve issues related to enforcement actions brought pursuant to c	ommon law
10	remedies, incl	uding but not limited to the waste of water, unlawful use of water, abandonment	, or interference
11	with the use o	f water, including the right to injunctive relief under Title 27, chapter 19;	
12	<u>(8)</u>	conduct abandonment proceedings under 85-2-404 and 85-2-405;	
13	<u>(9)</u>	hear and determine matters related to objections to permits or changes in ap	propriation rights
14	factual and leg	gal issues involving the adjudication or determination of water rights certified to	the water court
15	<u>under 85-2-30</u>	<u>9;</u>	
16	<u>(10)</u>	hear and determine matters related to a dispute over ownership of a water rig	ht certified to the
17	<u>water court un</u>	<u>der 85-2-424(9);</u>	
18	<u>(11)</u>	hear and determine rights and issues related to water distribution controversion	<u>es under 85-2-</u>
19	<u>406;</u>		
20	<u>(12)</u>	appoint and supervise water commissioners or water mediators under Title 8	<u>5, chapter 5;</u>
21	<u>(13)</u>	hear and resolve ditch easement matters ancillary to a water right dispute or	<u>controversy, as a</u>
22	water right is o	defined in 85-2-102;	
23	<u>(14)</u>	promulgate rules for use across all water divisions for practice and procedure	pursuant to Title
24	<u>3, chapter 7;</u>		
25	<u>(15)</u>	prescribe forms for use pursuant to Title 3, chapter 7; and	
26	<u>(16)</u>	determine and interpret existing water rights, including without limitation the a	djudication of total
27	or partial abar	ndonment of existing water rights occurring at any time."	
28			



1 Section 7. Section 3-7-102, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "3-7-102. Water divisions court division boundaries. There are four water court divisions whose 3 boundaries are formed by the natural divides between drainages and the borders of the state of Montana and 4 which are described as follows: 5 (1) The Yellowstone River basin water division consists of those areas drained by the Yellowstone and Little Missouri Rivers and any remaining areas in Carter County. 6 7 (2) The lower Missouri River basin water division consists of those areas drained by the Missouri 8 River from below the mouth of the Marias River and any remaining areas in Glacier and Sheridan Counties. 9 (3) The upper Missouri River basin water division consists of those areas drained by the Missouri 10 River to below the mouth of the Marias River. 11 (4) The Clark Fork River basin water division consists of the areas drained by the Clark Fork River, the Kootenai River, and any remaining areas in Lincoln County." 12 13 14 Section 8. Section 3-7-103, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "3-7-103. Promulgation of rules and prescription of forms -- advisory committee. (1) As soon as 16 practicable the Montana supreme court may promulgate special rules of practice and procedure and shall 17 prescribe forms for use in connection with this chapter with 3-7-101(1) and Title 85, chapter 2, parts 2 and 7, in 18 consultation with the chief water judge and the department of natural resources and conservation. 19 (2) (a) The chief water judge shall appoint a water adjudication advisory committee to provide 20 recommendations to the water court, the Montana supreme court, the department of natural resources and 21 conservation, and the legislature on methods to improve and expedite the water adjudication process. 22 (b) The committee consists of three nongovernmental attorneys who practice before the water 23 court, one district court judge, and three water users who have filed statements of claim with the department of 24 natural resources and conservation under this chapter. 25 The chief water judge or the judge's designee shall serve as an ex officio member of the (c) 26 committee. The Montana supreme court may appoint the attorney general or the attorney general's designee, a 27 representative from the department of natural resources and conservation, and a representative of the United 28 States government as ex officio members of the committee.



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1	(d)	The committee memb	pers shall serve at the p	leasure of the water cou	urt and shall serve without
2	compensation				
3	(e)	The committee shall	file a report with the Mo	ntana supreme court <del>by</del>	October 1, 1996, and as
4	often as deterr	nined by the Montana s	supreme court."		
5					
6	<u>NEW</u>	SECTION. Section 9.	Venue for water right	s determinations. All m	natters under 3-7-101(2)
7	through (16) m	ust be brought before o	or immediately transferr	ed to the water judge in	the appropriate water
8	division. Any p	roceedings for matters	arising under 3-7-101(2	?) through (16) must be c	conducted within the water
9	division or cou	nty in which the controv	ersy arises unless othe	erwise determined by mu	utual agreement of the
10	parties.				
11					
12	Sectio	<b>on 10.</b> Section 3-7-201,	MCA, is amended to re	ad:	
13	"3-7-2	01. Designation of w	r <b>ater judge.</b> (1) A water	judge must be designat	ted for each water division
14	<del>by a majority v</del>	ote of a committee com	<del>posed of the district co</del>	urt judge from each sing	l <del>le-judge judicial district</del>
15	and the chief o	listrict judge from each	<del>multijudge judicial distri</del>	<del>ct, wholly or partly withir</del>	n the division. Except as
16	provided in sul	<del>osection (2), a water jud</del>	<del>lge must be a district co</del>	ourt judge or retired distr	rict court judge of a judicial
17	district wholly	or partly within the wate	<del>r division</del> <u>subject to the</u>	terms of office in 3-7-22	<u>21</u> .
18	(2)	A district court judge,	er-retired district court j	udge <u>, retired water judg</u>	<u>e, or water judge</u>
19	appointed to a	<u>nother water division</u> m	ay sit as a <u>substitute</u> wa	ater judge <del>in more than c</del>	o <del>ne division i</del> f requested by
20	the chief justic	e of the supreme court	or the water judge of the	e division in which the ju	udge is requested to sit. <u>A</u>
21	substitute wate	er judge has the same p	owers as a water judge	e appointed pursuant to 3	<u>3-7-221.</u>
22	(3)	A water judge, when	presiding over a water o	livision, <del>presides<u>has</u> as<u>t</u></del>	the duties and powers of a
23	district court ju	dge in and for each jud	icial district wholly or pa	artly within the water divi	sion <u>, including the ability</u>
24	<u>to appoint a ju</u>	dge pro tempore and st	anding masters pursual	<u>nt to Title 3, chapter 5, p</u>	<u>part 1</u> ."
25					
26	Sectio	<b>on 11.</b> Section 3-7-202,	MCA, is amended to re	ad:	
27	"3-7-2	02. Term of office. $\mp$	ne <u>On a retention electi</u>	on pursuant to 13-14-21	2 Pursuant to 3-5-203, the
28	term of office f	or <del>water judges is from</del>	the date of initial appoir	ntment as provided in 3-	7-201 to June 30, 1985.



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Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640

1	After June 30, 1985, the term of office of a water judge is 4 years, subject to continuation of the water divisions
2	by the legislature a water judge is <u>6</u> years."
3	
4	Section 12. Section 3-7-203, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"3-7-203. Vacancies. (1) If a vacancy in the office of water judge occurs, it must be filled in the
6	manner provided in <del>3-7-201 for the initial designation of a water judge <u>3-1-901 Title 3, chapter 1, part 9</u>.</del>
7	(2) (a)The senate shall confirm each appointment made pursuant to 3-1-901 and 3-1-905 An
8	appointment of a water judge is subject to senate confirmation at the next regular legislative session, except for
9	an appointment made while the legislature is not in regular session, for which the appointment expires prior to
10	the next regular legislative session.
11	(b) An appointment made while the senate is not in session is effective until the end of the next
12	legislative session.
13	(3) Except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, prior
14	to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-2-235, and after the appointment and
15	confirmation of a water judge, that water judge is subject to a statewide retention election pursuant to 13-14-
16	212 to be held on the next general election day in an even-numbered year Prior to the issuance of final decrees
17	in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to
18	Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, and after appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of a water
19	judge, at the end of the water judge's term the judge must be an unopposed incumbent candidate in a
20	statewide retention election. The ballot must follow the form provided in 13-14-212. The election must be held
21	on the next general election day in an even-numbered year.
22	(4) Except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, prior
23	to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-2-235, and after the appointment and
24	confirmation of a water judge, that water judge is subject to a retention election pursuant to 13-14-212 to be
25	held on the next general election day in an even-numbered year within the assigned water division After the
26	issuance of final decrees in basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing
27	water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, and after appointment by the governor and confirmation
28	by the senate of a water judge, at the end of the water judge's term the judge must be an unopposed incumbent



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1	candidate in a retention election to be held on the next general election day in an even-numbered year within
2	the assigned water division. The ballot must follow the form provided in 13-14-212.
3	(5) A vacancy is created when a water judge dies, resigns, retires, is not elected to a subsequent
4	term retained in a retention election, forfeits the judicial position, is removed, or is otherwise unable to complete
5	the term as a water judge."
6	
7	Section 13. Section 3-7-204, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"3-7-204. Supervision and administration by supreme court. (1) The Montana supreme court shall
9	supervise the activities of the water judges, water masters, and associated water court personnel in
10	implementing this chapter and Title 85, chapter 2, part 2.
11	(2) The supreme court shall pay the <u>salaries and expenses</u> of the water judges and the salaries
12	and expenses of the water judges' staffs and the salaries and expenses of the water masters and the water
13	masters' staffs, from appropriations made for that purpose associated water court personnel. "Salaries and
14	expenses" as used in this section include but are not limited to the salaries and expenses of personnel, the cost
15	of office equipment and office space, and other necessary expenses that may be incurred in the administration
16	of this chapter and Title 85, chapter 2, part 2.
17	(3) A water judge must receive the same salary and expense allowance as provided for a district
18	court judge pursuant to 3-5-211.
19	(4) The office of the water court, as described in 3-7-223, must be at a location designated by the
20	chief justice of the Montana supreme court. "
21	
22	Section 14. Section 3-7-211, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"3-7-211. Appointment of water commissioners. (1) Except as provided in 85-20-1902, the district
24	court having jurisdiction over the hydrologically interrelated portion of a water division, as described in 85-2-
25	231(3), water judge having jurisdiction over a water division in which the controversy arises may appoint and
26	supervise a water commissioner as provided for in Title 85, chapter 5.
27	(2) A water judge having jurisdiction over a water division in which the judicial district is situated
28	may transfer a petition for a water commissioner under Title 85, chapter 5, to the appropriate district court



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1	judge, who shall sit as a water division judge in the matter, if the petition:
2	(a) seeks the appointment of a water commissioner that would act wholly within a single judicial
3	district; and
4	(b) requests that the district court judge appoint and supervise the water commissioner. "
5	
6	Section 15. Section 3-7-212, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"3-7-212. Enforcement of decrees. The district water court judge having jurisdiction may over a
8	water division shall water court has jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of a final decree within that water
9	division. In the absence of any final decree having been issued, the district water court judge having jurisdiction
10	over the water division may water court has jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of a temporary preliminary
11	decree, preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree entered under 85-2-231, as modified by a water
12	judge after objections and hearings."
13	
14	Section 16. Section 3-7-221, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"3-7-221. Appointment of <del>chief water judge and associate water judge <u>water judges</u> terms of</del>
15 16	"3-7-221. Appointment of chief water judge and associate water judge water judges terms of office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title
16	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title
16 17	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge.
16 17 18	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-5-235 85-2-235, except in
16 17 18 19	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-5-235 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge
16 17 18 19 20	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-5-235 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge serving as of October 1, 2023, shall serve the remainder of the judge's term of office. On the expiration of the
16 17 18 19 20 21	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-5-235 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge serving as of October 1, 2023, shall serve the remainder of the judge's term of office. On the expiration of the term of office or in the case of a vacancy in the office, the governor shall fill the vacancy subject to 3-7-203, and
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-5-235 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge serving as of October 1, 2023, shall serve the remainder of the judge's term of office. On the expiration of the term of office or in the case of a vacancy in the office, the governor shall fill the vacancy subject to 3-7-203, and the governor:
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and 85-5-235 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge serving as of October 1, 2023, shall serve the remainder of the judge's term of office. On the expiration of the term of office or in the case of a vacancy in the office, the governor shall fill the vacancy subject to 3-7-203, and the governor: (a) may appoint additional water judges;
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and <u>85-5-235</u> 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge serving as of October 1, 2023, shall serve the remainder of the judge's term of office. On the expiration of the term of office or in the case of a vacancy in the office, the governor shall fill the vacancy subject to 3-7-203, and the governor: (a) may appoint additional water judges; (b) shall assign each water judge to one or more water divisions in order to exercise their powers
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	office. (1) The chief justice of the Montana supreme court shall appoint a chief water judge as provided in Title 3, chapter 1, part 9. The chief justice of the Montana supreme court may appoint an associate water judge. Prior to the issuance of final decrees in all basins pursuant to 85-2-234 and <u>85-5-235</u> 85-2-235, except in basins that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, water judges a water judge serving as of October 1, 2023, shall serve the remainder of the judge's term of office. On the expiration of the term of office or in the case of a vacancy in the office, the governor shall fill the vacancy subject to 3-7-203, and the governor: (a) may appoint additional water judges; (b) shall assign each water judge to one or more water divisions in order to exercise their powers and duties under 3-7-101(2) through (16); and



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1	<u>that contain existing water rights pursuant to Title 85, chapter 20, part 10, and after the chief water judge</u>
2	certifies to the governor's office and the Montana supreme court that all final decrees have been issued, the
3	governor:
4	(a) shall assign sitting water judges to a water division or divisions for the remainder of their term;
5	(b) may appoint additional water judges to each of the remaining water divisions to serve as that
6	division's judge. The governor may appoint additional water judges to any division as needed afterward.
7	(c) shall designate one water judge to serve as chief water judge.
8	(2)(3) To be eligible for the office of chief water judge or associate water judge, a person shall must
9	have the qualifications for district court or supreme court judges found in Article VII, section 9, of the Montana
10	constitution.
11	(3) The term of office of the chief water judge and the associate water judge is 4 years, subject to
12	continuation of the water divisions by the legislature."
13	
14	
15	Section 17. Section 3-7-223, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"3-7-223. (Temporary) Duties of chief water judge operation of water court. (1) The chief water
17	judge shall:
18	(1) administer the adjudication of existing water rights by:
19	(a) coordinating with the department of natural resources and conservation in compiling information
20	submitted on water claim forms under Title 85, chapter 2, part 2, to ensure that the information is expeditiously
21	and properly compiled and transferred to the water judge in each water division;
22	(b) ensuring that the water judge in each water division moves without unreasonable delay to enter
23	the required preliminary decree; and
24	(c) ensuring that any contested or conflicting claims are tried and adjudicated as expeditiously as
25	<del>possible;</del>
26	(2) conduct hearings in cases certified to the district court under 85-2-309 ;
27	(3) conduct proceedings for petitions for judicial review filed with the water court under 2-4-702 ;
28	(4) assign court personnel to divisions and duties as needed;



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1	(5) assign the associate water judge to divisions and cases as needed; and	
2	(6) request and secure the transfer of water judges between divisions as needed. (Terr	minataa
		HIHALES
3	September 30, 2025sec. 6, Ch. 126, L. 2017.)	
4	(a) provide for the efficient management of the water court business in cooperation	with the other
5	water judges and the water court administrator;	
6	(b) assign water court personnel to divisions and duties as needed; and	
7	(c) oversee the office of the water court.	
8	(2) (a) There is established a single office of the water court that shall maintain all re	<u>ecords, accept</u>
9	all filings, and conduct other clerical duties in matters before the water judges of the water court.	
10	(b) The office of the water court is comprised of a water court administrator and all p	personnel
11	necessary for the water court administrator to perform their duties.	
12	(c) The water court administrator shall perform duties assigned by the chief water ju	<u>idge.</u>
13	(d) As used in this section, a "filing" in the water court or with a water judge means a	a filing in the
14	office of the water court.	
15	3-7-223. (Effective October 1, 2025) Duties of chief water judge. The chief water jud	<del>dge shall:</del>
16	(1) administer the adjudication of existing water rights by:	
17	(a) coordinating with the department of natural resources and conservation in compiline	g information
18	submitted on water claim forms under Title 85, chapter 2, part 2, to assure that the information is	-expeditiously
19	and properly compiled and transferred to the water judge in each water division;	
20	(b) assuring that the water judge in each water division moves without unreasonable de	əlay to enter
21	the required preliminary decree;	
22	(c) assuring that any contested or conflicting claims are tried and adjudicated as exped	itiously as
23	possible;	
24	(2) conduct hearings in cases certified to the district court under 85-2-309 ;	
25	(3) assign court personnel to divisions and duties as needed;	
26	(4) assign the associate water judge to divisions and cases as needed; and	
27	(5) request and secure the transfer of water judges between divisions as needed."	
28		



1 Section 18. Section 3-7-224, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "3-7-224. (Temporary) Jurisdiction of chief water judge and associate water judge water 3 judges. (1) The chief water judge and the associate water judge may, at the discretion of the chief justice of the 4 Montana supreme court, also serve as water judge for one of the water divisions. 5 (2) The chief water judge and the associate water judge have jurisdiction over cases certified to the 6 district court under 85-2-309, all matters relating to the determination of existing water rights within the 7 boundaries of the state of Montana, and all petitions for judicial review filed with the water court under 2-4-702. 8 (3)—With regard to the consideration of a matter within the chief a water judge's jurisdiction, the chief 9 water judge and the associate water judge have a water judge has the same powers as a district court judge. 10 The chief water judge and the associate A water judge may issue orders, on the motion of an interested party 11 or on the judge's own motion, that may reasonably be required to allow the judge to fulfill the judge's 12 responsibilities, including but not limited to requiring the joinder of persons not parties to the administrative 13 hearing being conducted by the department pursuant to 85-2-309 or 85-2-402 as considered necessary to 14 resolve any factual or legal issue certified pursuant to 85-2-309(2). 15 (2) The water court shall-has jurisdiction to administer and enforce all final decrees pursuant to 3-16 7-212 and Title 85, chapter 20. (Terminates September 30, 2025--sec. 6, Ch. 126, L. 2017.) 17 3-7-224. (Effective October 1, 2025) Jurisdiction of chief water judge and associate water 18 judge. (1) The chief water judge and the associate water judge may, at the discretion of the chief justice of the 19 Montana supreme court, also serve as water judge for one of the water divisions. 20 (2) The chief water judge and the associate water judge have jurisdiction over cases certified to the 21 district court under 85-2-309 and all matters relating to the determination of existing water rights within the 22 boundaries of the state of Montana. 23 (3) With regard to the consideration of a matter within the chief water judge's jurisdiction, the chief 24 water judge and the associate water judge have the same powers as a district court judge. The chief water 25 judge and the associate water judge may issue orders, on the motion of an interested party or on the judge's 26 own motion, that may reasonably be required to allow the judge to fulfill the judge's responsibilities, including but not limited to requiring the joinder of persons not parties to the administrative hearing being conducted by 27 28 the department pursuant to 85-2-309 or 85-2-402 as considered necessary to resolve any factual or legal issue



1	certified pursuant to 85-2-309 (2)."
2	
3	Section 19. Section 3-7-301, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"3-7-301. Appointment of water masters removal. (1) The chief water judge or the <u>A</u> water judge
5	in each water division may appoint one or more water masters when performing the duties of 3-7-101(1).
6	(2) A water master may be appointed after July 1, 1980, and must be appointed on or before July 1,
7	<del>1982.</del>
8	(3)(2) In appointing a water master, the <u>a</u> water judge shall consider a potential master's experience
9	with water law, water use, and water rights.
10	(4)(3) A water master shall serve at the pleasure of the chief water judge who appointed the water
11	master and may be removed by the chief water judge.
12	(5) A water master may serve in any water division and may be moved among the water divisions at
13	the discretion of the chief water judge."
14	
15	Section 20. Section 3-7-311, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"3-7-311. Duties of water masters. (1) The water master has the general powers given to a master
17	by Rule 53(c), M.R.Civ.P.
18	(2) Within a reasonable time after June 30, 1983, the water master shall issue a report to the water
19	judge meeting the requirements for the preliminary decree as specified in 85-2-231.
20	(3)(2) After a water judge issues a preliminary decree, the <u>The</u> water master shall assist the water
21	judge in the performance of the water division's further duties <u>under 3-7-101(1)</u> as ordered by the water judge.
22	(4) A water master may be appointed by a district court to serve as a special master to a district court
23	for actions brought pursuant to 85-2-114 (1) or (3) or 85-5-301 if the appointment is approved by the chief water
24	<del>judge.</del> "
25	
26	Section 21. Section 3-7-401, MCA, is amended to read:
27	"3-7-401. Definitions. For the purposes of this part, the following definitions apply:
28	(1) "Fiduciary" includes such relationships as executor, administrator, trustee, or guardian.
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Division

Amendment -	1st Reading-white - F	equested by: Walt Sale	s - (S) Natural Resou	rces
- 2023	_			
68th Legislature 2	2023	Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444	-1640	SB0072.001.001

1	(2) "Financial interest" means ownership of a legal or equitable interest, however small, or a
2	relationship as director, advisor, or other active participant in the affairs of a party, except that:
3	(a) ownership in a mutual or common investment fund that holds securities is not a financial
4	interest in such securities unless the judge or water master participates in the management of the fund;
5	(b) an office in an educational, religious, charitable, fraternal, or civic organization is not a financial
6	interest in securities held by the organization;
7	(c) the proprietary interest of a policyholder in a mutual insurance company or a depositor in a
8	mutual savings association or a similar proprietary interest is a financial interest in the organization only if the
9	outcome of the proceeding could substantially affect the value of the interest; and
10	(d) ownership of government securities is a financial interest in the issuer only if the outcome of the
11	proceeding could substantially affect the value of the securities.
12	(3) "Proceeding" includes <u>a</u> prehearing, hearing, <u>or</u> appellate review, or other stages of
13	adjudication conducted by the water master or water judge."
14	
15	Section 22. Section 3-7-501, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"3-7-501. Jurisdiction. (1) The jurisdiction of each judicial district concerning the determination and
17	interpretation of cases certified to the court under 85-2-309 or of existing water rights is exercised exclusively
18	by it through the water division or water divisions that contain the judicial district wholly or partly. The water
19	court has the jurisdiction to preside over and determine all matters assigned to the water court pursuant to 3-7-
20	<u>101.</u>
21	(2) A water judge may not preside over matters concerning the determination and interpretation of
22	cases certified to the court under 85-2-309 or of existing water rights beyond the boundaries specified in 3-7-
23	102 for the judge's division except as provided in 3-7-201.
24	(3) The water judge for each division shall exercise jurisdiction over all matters concerning cases
25	certified to the court under 85-2-309 or concerning the determination and interpretation of existing water rights
26	within the judge's division as specified in 3-7-102 that are considered filed in or transferred to a judicial district
27	wholly or partly within the division.
28	(4) The determination and interpretation of existing water rights includes, without limitation, the



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1	adjudication of total or partial abandonment of existing water rights occurring at any time before the entry of the
2	final decree."
3	
4	Section 23. Section 3-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"3-7-502. Jurisdictional disputes. Whenever a question arises concerning which water judge shall
6	preside over adjudication of a matter concerning a case certified to the court under 85-2-309 or the
7	determination and interpretation of existing water rights a case that could be heard in more than one water
8	division, the question shall be settled by the water judges involved chief water judge."
9	
10	Section 24. Section 19-5-301, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"19-5-301. Membership inactive vested members inactive nonvested members. (1) Except
12	for a judge or justice who elected in writing to remain under the public employees' retirement system on or
13	before October 1, 1985, a judge of a district court, a justice of the supreme court, and the chief water judge or
14	associate water judge a water judge provided for in 3-7-221 must be members of the Montana judges'
15	retirement system.
16	(2) A judge pro tempore is not eligible for active membership in the retirement system.
17	(3) A member with at least 5 years of membership service who terminates service and does not
18	take a refund of the member's accumulated contributions is an inactive vested member and retains the right to
19	purchase service credit and to receive a retirement benefit under the provisions of this chapter.
20	(4) A member with less than 5 years of membership service who terminates service and leaves the
21	member's accumulated contributions in the pension trust fund is an inactive nonvested member and is not
22	eligible for any benefits from the retirement system. An inactive nonvested member is eligible only for a refund
23	of the member's accumulated contributions."
24	
25	Section 25. Section 85-2-112, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"85-2-112. Department duties. The department shall:
27	(1) enforce and administer this chapter and rules adopted under 85-2-113, subject to the powers
28	and duties of the supreme court under 3-7-204;



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1 (2) prescribe procedures, forms, and requirements for applications, permits, certificates, claims of 2 existing rights, and proceedings under this chapter and prescribe the information to be contained in any 3 application, claim of existing right, or other document to be filed with the department under this chapter not 4 inconsistent with the requirements of this chapter; 5 (3) establish and keep in its Helena office a centralized record system of all existing rights and a public record of permits, certificates, claims of existing rights, applications, and other documents filed in its 6 7 office under this chapter; 8 (4) cooperate with, assist, advise, and coordinate plans and activities with the federal, state, and 9 local agencies in matters relating to this chapter; 10 upon request by any person, cooperate with, assist, and advise that person in matters (5) 11 pertaining to measuring water or filing claims of existing rights with a district the water court under this chapter; 12 adopt rules necessary to reject, modify, or condition permit applications in highly appropriated (6) 13 basins or subbasins as provided in 85-2-319." 14 15 Section 26. Section 85-2-114, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "85-2-114. Judicial enforcement. (1) If the department ascertains, by a means reasonably 17 considered sufficient by it, that a person is wasting water, using water unlawfully, preventing water from moving 18 to another person having a prior right to use the water, or violating a provision of this chapter, it may petition the 19 district court supervising the distribution of water among appropriators from the source-water court to: 20 regulate the controlling works of an appropriation as may be necessary to prevent the wasting (a) 21 or unlawful use of water or to secure water to a person having a prior right to its use; 22 (b) order the person wasting, unlawfully using, or interfering with another's rightful use of the water 23 to cease and desist from doing so and to take steps that may be necessary to remedy the waste, unlawful use, 24 or interference; or 25 issue a temporary, preliminary, or permanent injunction to prevent a violation of this chapter. (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 27, chapter 19, part 3, a temporary restraining order must be granted if it 26

27 clearly appears from the specific facts shown by affidavit or by the verified complaint that a provision of this

28 chapter is being violated.



<b>Ame</b> - 2023		Reading-white - Requested by: Walt Sales - (S) Natural Resou	rces
	egislature 2023	Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640	SB0072.001.001
1	(2)	Upon the issuance of an order or injunction, the department may attach to the	controlling works
2		e, properly dated and signed, setting forth the fact that the controlling works have	Ū
3		. The notice constitutes legal notice to all persons interested in the appropriation	
4	the water.		
5	(3)	The department may also direct its own attorney or request the attorney gene	ral or county
6		ng suit to enjoin the waste, unlawful use, interference, or violation.	
			unlowful uno
7	(4)	The county attorney or the attorney general may bring suit to enjoin the waste	
8		or violation or bring an action under 85-2-122(1) without being requested to do so	b by the
9	department.		
10	(5)	A county attorney who takes action pursuant to subsection (3) or (4) may requ	lest assistance
11	from the attorn		
12	(6)	When enforcing the provisions of this section, the department, the county atto	rney, and the
13	attorney gener	ral shall give priority to protecting the water rights of a prior appropriator under a	n existing water
14	right, a certific	ate, a permit, or a state water reservation.	
15	(7)	After considering the provisions of subsection (6), the department may attemp	t to obtain
16	voluntary com	pliance through warning, conference, or any other appropriate means before per	titioning the
17	district-water c	court under subsection (1). An attempt to obtain voluntary compliance under this	subsection must
18	extend over a	period of at least 7 days and may not exceed 30 working days.	
19	(8)	Pursuant to 85-20-1902, the provisions of this section do not apply within the	exterior
20	boundaries of	the Flathead Indian reservation.	
21	(9)	The provisions of this section do not limit a water right owner from seeking rel	ief, including
22	injunctive relie	f, in <u>district-the water</u> court under Title 27, chapter 19, or this chapter."	
23			
24	Sectio	on 27. Section 85-2-122, MCA, is amended to read:	
25	"85-2-	<b>122.</b> Penalties. (1) Except as provided in 85-2-410(6), a person who violates of	or refuses or
26	neglects to co	mply with the provisions of 85-2-114, any order of the department, or any rule of	the department
27	is subject to a	civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 per violation. Each day of violation constitutes	s a separate
28	violation.		



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - F	Requested by: Walt Sales - (S) Natural Resou	rces
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1	(2)	Except as provided in subsection (3), fines collected by the department or a district the water
2	court under sul	bsection (1) must be deposited in the account established in 85-2-318 for use by the department
3	in the enforcen	nent of 85-2-114.
4	(3)	If a fine is collected by an independent action brought by:
5	(a)	the county attorney, the fine must be deposited in the general fund of the county; or
6	(b)	the county attorney with assistance from the attorney general or by the attorney general, the
7	fine must be de	eposited in the water right enforcement account created in 44-4-1101 and must be used to
8	enforce the pro	ovisions of 85-2-114."
9		
10	Sectio	n 28. Section 85-2-123, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"85-2-*	<b>123.</b> Deposit of fees and penalties. Except as provided in 85-2-122 and 85-2-124, all fees and
12	penalties colled	cted under this chapter must be deposited in the water right appropriation account established in
13	85-2-318. <del>Exce</del>	ept for fines collected by a district court under 85-2-122, all penalties or fines imposed by any
14	court other tha	n a justice's court for a violation of this chapter must be deposited in the general fund of the
15	county where t	he court presides and must be disposed of in the same manner as any other penalty or fine."
16		
17	Sectio	n 29. Section 85-2-125, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"85-2-*	125. Recovery of costs and attorney fees by prevailing party. (1) If a final decision of the
19	department on	an application for a permit or a change in appropriation right is appealed to district court the
20	water court, the	e district water court may award the prevailing party reasonable costs and attorney fees.
21	(2)	The party obtaining injunctive relief in an action to enforce a water right must be awarded
22	reasonable cos	sts and attorney fees. For the purposes of this section, "enforce a water right" means an action
23	by a party with	a water right to enjoin the use of water by a person that does not have a water right."
24		
25	Sectio	n 30. Section 85-2-236, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"85-2-2	236. Certificate of water right. When a final decree is entered, the water judge shall send a
27	copy to the dep	partment. Except as provided in 85-2-306 and subject to 85-2-315, the department shall on the
28	basis of the fin	al decree issue a certificate of water right to each person decreed an existing right. The original



1 of the certificate shall be sent to the person to whom the right is decreed. The department shall keep a copy of

- 2 the certificate in its office in Helena."
- 3

4

Section 31. Section 85-2-309, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"85-2-309.** Hearings on objections -- jurisdiction. (1) If the department determines that an objection 6 to an application for a permit under 85-2-311 or change in appropriation right under 85-2-402 states a valid 7 objection, it shall hold a contested case hearing, pursuant to Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, on the objection within 90 8 days from the date set by the department for the filing of objections after serving notice of the hearing by first-9 class mail upon the applicant and the objector, unless the department certifies an issue to the district water 10 court for determination by a water judge under subsection (2). The department may consolidate hearings if 11 more than one objection is filed to an application. The department may extend the 90-day deadline for good 12 cause shown or upon request of the applicant and all objectors. The department shall file in its records proof of 13 the service by affidavit of the department.

(2) (a) At any time prior to commencement or before the conclusion of a hearing as provided in
subsection (1), the department may in its discretion certify to the district water court all factual and legal issues
involving the adjudication or determination of the water rights at issue in the hearing, including but not limited to
issues of abandonment, quantification, or relative priority dates. Certified controversies must be given priority by
a water judge over all other adjudication matters.

(b) If the department fails to certify an issue as provided in this section after a timely request by a
party to the hearing, the department shall include its denial to certify as part of the record of the hearing.

(c) Upon determination of the issues certified to it by the department, the court shall remand the
 matter to the department for further processing of the application under this chapter.

23 (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in the case of a matter considered at a hearing under this
24 section pursuant to 85-2-316 or 85-2-322."

25

26 Section 32. Section 85-2-313, MCA, is amended to read:

27 "85-2-313. Provisional permit permits and change authorizations changes in appropriation
 28 rights -- petitions after final decree. (1) A permit or change in appropriation right issued prior to a final



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1	determination of existing water rights pursuant to 85-2-234 is provisional and is subject to that final
2	determination <u>final decree</u> . Upon On a petition <u>pursuant to 85-2-314(2)</u> subsection (2), the amount of the
3	appropriation granted in a provisional permit or change in appropriation right must be reduced, modified, or
4	revoked by the department following a show cause hearing in which it is determined that reduction,
5	modification, or revocation is necessary to protect and guarantee existing water rights determined in the final
6	decree. Because a provisional permit is issued on a reasonable determination of legal availability under 85-2-
7	311(1)(b), in a show cause hearing under this section, legal availability must be determined on a consideration
8	of the final decree in the affected basin or subbasin. A person may not obtain any vested right to an
9	appropriation obtained under a provisional permit or change in appropriation right by virtue of construction of
10	diversion works, purchase of equipment to apply water, planting of crops, or other action <u>by the person</u> where
11	the permit or change in appropriation right would have been denied or modified if the final decree had been
12	available to the department.
13	(2) (a) A person has standing to file a petition under this section if a water right of the petitioner is
14	adversely affected by the permit or change in appropriation right authorized prior to the final decree.
15	(b) A correct and complete petition must be submitted on a form designated by the department
16	within 120 days after the issuance of the final decree for the basin or subbasin, in which the permit or change in
17	appropriation right is located.
18	(c) The department shall provide written notice of its determination concerning the petition to the
19	petitioner and the permittee or holder of the change in appropriation right subject to the petition. Within 30 days
20	of the notice, the petitioner or the permittee or holder of the change in appropriation right may request a hearing
21	to show cause by a preponderance of evidence as to why the proposed action should not be taken. If a request
22	for a show cause hearing is not requested, the determination becomes final."
23	
24	Section 33. Section 85-2-314, MCA, is amended to read:
25	<b>*************************************</b>
26	work on an appropriation or change in appropriation right is not commenced, prosecuted, or completed within
27	the time stated in the permit or an extension of the time stated in the permit, if the water is not being applied to
28	the beneficial use contemplated in the permit or change in appropriation right, if the permit or change in



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Division

Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640

1	appropriation right would have been denied or modified had the final decree been available to the department,			
2	or if the permit	r change in appropriation right is otherwise not being followed, the department may, after		
3	notice, require the permittee or the holder of the change in appropriation right to show cause why the permit or			
4	change in appropriation right should not be modified or revoked.			
5	(b)	If the permittee or holder of the change in appropriation right fails to show sufficient cause, the		
6	department ma	modify or revoke the permit or change in appropriation right.		
7	(2)	(a) A permittee, or holder of a change in appropriation right, or holder of a water right may		
8	petition the dep	artment <u>to enforce subsection (1) or 85-2-313</u> to <u>:</u> modify or remove a condition of approval or		
9	reduce the amo	unt of the permit or change authorization		
10	<u>(i)</u>	revoke;		
11	<u>(ii)</u>	<u>modify;</u>		
12	<u>(iii)</u>	modify a condition of approval; or		
13	<u>(iv)</u>	reduce the amount of the permit or change authorization.		
14	<u>(b)</u>	A petition brought to enforce 85-2-313 must be filed within 120 days after the issuance of the		
15	final decree for	he basin in which the permit or change in appropriation right is located A permittee or holder of		
16	<u>a change in ap</u>	ropriation right may petition the department to modify or remove a condition of approval or to		
17	reduce the am	unt of the person's own permit or change authorization.		
18	(b)(c)(b) The <u>A correct and complete</u> petition must be submitted on a form designated by the			
19	department, is	ubject to the criteria of 85-2-311 and 85-2-402, and must be processed in the same manner as		
20	an application	nade pursuant to 85-2-302, 85-2-307 through 85-2-309, and 85-2-310(1) through (5) except that:		
21	(i)	the department may waive the public notice of a preliminary determination to grant the petition		
22	if the departme	t finds, on the basis of information reasonably available to it, that the petition as proposed in the		
23	application will	not adversely affect the rights of other appropriators;		
24	(ii)	if the department issues a preliminary determination to grant the petition and waives public		
25	notice, the dete	mination becomes final;		
26	(iii)	the department may condition a preliminary determination to grant the petition in order to meet		
27	the criteria und	r 85-2-311 and 85-2-402; and		
28	(iv)	a preliminary determination to deny a petition is final. Denial of a petition does not affect the		
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1	permit or change authorization.
2	(3) The department shall provide written notice of its determination concerning the petition. Within
3	30 days of the notice, the petitioner, permittee, or holder of the change in appropriation right may request a
4	<u>hearing to show cause by a preponderance of the evidence why the proposed action should not be taken. If a</u>
5	request for a show cause hearing is not made, the determination becomes final."
6	
7	Section 34. Section 85-2-315, MCA, is amended to read:
8	<b>"85-2-315.</b> Certificate of water right. Upon On actual application of water to the proposed beneficial
9	use within the time allowed, the permittee a person holding an issued permit or a change in appropriation right
10	shall notify the department that the appropriation has been completed. The notification must contain a certified
11	statement by a person with experience in the design, construction, or operation of appropriation works
12	describing how the appropriation was completed. The <u>After the resolution of any petition filed under 85-2-314</u>
13	85-2-313, the department shall review the certified statement and may then inspect the appropriation, and if it
14	determines that the appropriation has been completed in substantial accordance with the permit or change
15	authorization in addition to any final determination made pursuant to 85-2-313 or 85-2-314, it shall issue the
16	permittee person a certificate of water right. The original of the certificate shall must be sent to the permittee
17	<u>person holding an issued permit or a change in appropriation right</u> , and a <del>duplicate<u>copy</u> shall <u>must</u> be <del>kept in</del></del>
18	the office of the department in Helena and maintained in a centralized database."
19	
20	Section 35. Section 85-2-405, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"85-2-405. Procedure for declaring appropriation rights abandoned. (1) When the department
22	has reason to believe that an appropriator may have abandoned an appropriation right under 85-2-404 or when
23	another appropriator in the opinion of the department files a valid claim that the appropriator has been or will be
24	injured by the resumption of use of an appropriation right alleged to have been abandoned, the department
25	shall petition the district water court that determined the existing rights in the source of the appropriation in
26	question to hold a hearing to determine whether the appropriation right has been abandoned. Proceedings
27	under this section must be conducted in accordance with the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure, and appeal
00	must be taken in accordance with the Mantene Dules of Annellate December.

28 must be taken in accordance with the Montana Rules of Appellate Procedure.



Amei - 2023		Reading-white - R	equested by: Walt S	ales - (S) Natural R	lesources
	egislature 2023		Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406	3-444-1640	SB0072.001.001
1	(2)	At the hearing, the bu	urden of proof is on the de	partment, which shall es	stablish by a
2	preponderance	e of the evidence that t	ne appropriation has beer	າ abandoned under 85-2-	-404.
3	(3)	The determination of	the court must be append	<del>led to the final decree. T</del>	he department shall
4	keep a copy o	the determination in it	<del>s office in Helena <u>that the</u></del>	water right is abandoned	<u>d must include an order</u>
5	to the departm	ent to update the centr	<u>alized</u> <u>records system</u> ."		
6					
7	Sectio	<b>n 36.</b> Section 85-2-400	6, MCA, is amended to rea	ad:	
8	"85-2-	406. <del>District</del> <u>Water</u> o	ourt supervision of wat	er distribution. (1) <u>The v</u>	water court shall retain
9	jurisdiction over	er the administration an	d enforcement of any fina	<u>l judgment</u> or decree iss	ued by the water court,
10	including those	e pursuant to Title 85, c	hapter 20, consistent with	the provisions of those	<u>compacts.</u> The <del>district</del>
11	<del>courts</del> -water c	ourt shall supervise the	distribution of water amo	ng all appropriators. This	supervisory authority
12	includes the s	pervision of all water o	commissioners <del>appointed</del>	prior or subsequent to Ju	<del>Jy 1, 1973</del> . The
13	supervision m	ust be governed by the	principle that first in time	is first in right.	
14	(2)	(a) <del>A district <u>The</u> wat</del>	<u>er</u> court may order the dis	tribution of water pursua	nt to <del>a district court</del>
15	decree entere	<del>l prior to July 1, 1973,</del>	until an enforceable decre	e is entered under part 2	<u>2 of this chapter or the</u>
16	matter has bee	en adjudicated under th	e procedure set forth in s	ubsection (2)(b). <u>the tern</u>	ns of the governing
17	<u>decree and by</u>	the terms of an application	able certificate of water rig	<u>ht, permit, state water re</u>	servation, compact, or
18	<u>change in app</u>	ropriation right. A decre	ee entered prior to July 1,	<u>1973, is enforceable:</u>	
19	<u>(i)</u>	<u>for the valid claims fil</u>	ed pursuant to 85-2-221 t	<u>hat are based on an exis</u>	<u>sting right contained in</u>
20	<u>the decree;</u>				
21	<u>(ii)</u>	until an enforceable o	decree is entered under p	<del>art 2 of this chapter; or</del>	
22	<u>(iii)</u>	until the existing right	s have been adjudicated	<u>under the procedure set</u>	forth in subsections
23	<del>(2)(b), (3), or (</del>	4 <del>)</del> for a valid claim filed	pursuant to 85-2-221 tha	t is based on an existing	right contained in the
24	decree until ar	enforceable decree is	entered under part 2 of the	<u>iis chapter or until the ex</u>	isting rights have been
25	adjudicated ur	der the procedure set i	forth in subsections (2)(b)	<u>, (3), or (4).</u>	
26	(b)	<u>(i)</u> When a water dist	ribution controversy arises	s <del>upon <u>on</u> a source of wa</del>	ater in which not all
27	existing rights	have been conclusively	/ determined according to	part 2 of this chapter, ar	ny party to the
28	controversy m	ay petition <del>the district c</del>	ourt to certify the matter to	ə the chief water judge. I	f a certification request



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1 is made, the district court shall certify to the chief water judge the water court for a determination of the existing 2 rights that are involved in the controversy according to part 2 of this chapter. 3 The district court from which relief is sought presiding water judge shall retain exclusive (ii) 4 jurisdiction to grant injunctive or other relief that is necessary and appropriate pending adjudication of the 5 existing water rights certified to the water judge. Certified controversies 6 Controversies arising under this subsection (2)(b) must be given priority over all other (iii) 7 adjudication matters. 8 After determination of the matters certified, the water judge shall return the decision to the (iv) 9 district court issue a decision with a tabulation or list of the existing rights and their relative priorities that are 10 subject to the water distribution controversy. 11 (3) A controversy between appropriators from a source concerning a water right that has been the 12 subject of a final decree under part 2 of this chapter must be settled by the district court water judge presiding 13 over the water division. The order of the district court water judge settling the controversy may not alter the 14 existing rights and priorities established in the final decree water rights except to the extent the court alters 15 rights based upon on abandonment, waste, or illegal enlargement or change of right. In cases involving permits 16 issued by the department, the court may not amend the respective rights established in the permits or alter any 17 terms of the permits unless the permits are inconsistent or interfere with rights and priorities established in the 18 final decree. The order settling the controversy must be appended to the final decree, and a copy must be filed 19 with the department include an order to the department to update its centralized records system for an altered 20 water right. The department must be served with process in any proceeding under this subsection, and the 21 department may, in its discretion, intervene in the proceeding. 22 (4) A temporary preliminary decree or preliminary decree or a portion of a temporary preliminary 23 decree or preliminary decree as modified after objections and hearings is enforceable and administrable 24 according to its terms. If an action to enforce a temporary preliminary decree or preliminary decree is 25 commenced, the presiding water judge shall upon referral from the district court establish, in a form determined 26 to be appropriate by the chief water judge, one or more tabulations or lists of all existing rights and their relative 27 priorities. 28 (5) A person whose existing rights and priorities are determined in a temporary preliminary decree



1 or preliminary decree or a person exercising a suspension under 85-2-217 and part 7 of this chapter may

2 appeal a determination made pursuant to subsection (2)."

3

4

Section 37. Section 85-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"85-5-101.** Appointment of water commissioners. (1) (a) Whenever the rights of persons to use the 6 waters of any stream, ditch or extension of ditch, watercourse, spring, lake, reservoir, or other source of supply 7 have been determined by a decree of a court of competent jurisdiction, including temporary preliminary, 8 preliminary, and final decrees issued by a water judge, it is the duty of the judge of the district court having 9 jurisdiction of the subject matter water judge having jurisdiction, upon on the application of the owners of at 10 least 15% of the water rights affected by the decree or at least 15% of the flow rate of the water rights affected 11 by the decree and after notice of the application and an opportunity to comment by all water right holders 12 subject to enforcement under the application, in the exercise of the judge's discretion, to appoint one or more 13 commissioners.

14 (b) The commissioners have authority to admeasure and distribute to the parties owning water 15 rights in the source affected by the decree the waters to which they are entitled, according to their rights as 16 fixed by the decree and by any certificates, permits, and changes in appropriation right issued under chapter 2 17 of this title. When petitioners make proper showing that they are not able to obtain the application of the owners 18 of at least 15% of the water rights affected or at least 15% of the flow rate of the water rights affected and they 19 are unable to obtain the water to which they are entitled, the judge of the district court water judge of the water 20 <u>division</u> having jurisdiction may appoint a water commissioner.

21 (2) When the existing rights of all appropriators from a source or in an area have been determined 22 in a temporary preliminary decree, preliminary decree, or final decree issued under chapter 2 of this title, the 23 judge of the district court water judge of the water division may, upon on application by both the department of 24 natural resources and conservation and one or more holders of valid water rights in the source, appoint a water 25 commissioner. The water commissioner shall distribute to the appropriators, from the source or in the area, the 26 water to which they are entitled.

27 (3) The department of natural resources and conservation or any person or corporation operating
 28 under contract with the department or any other owner of stored waters may petition the court water judge



# Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Walt Sales - (S) Natural Resources- 202368th Legislature 2023Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640SB0072.001.001

1 <u>having jurisdiction</u> to have stored waters distributed by the water commissioners appointed by the district water

2 court. The <u>water</u> court may order the commissioner or commissioners appointed by the court to distribute

3 stored water when and as released to water users entitled to the use of the water.

4 (4) Pursuant to 3-7-211, a water judge having jurisdiction over a water commissioner appointment
 5 made under this chapter may appoint a district court judge to preside as the water judge supervising the water
 6 commissioner.

7 (4)(5) At the time of the appointment of a water commissioner or commissioners, the district water 8 court shall fix their compensation, require a commissioner or commissioners to purchase a workers' 9 compensation insurance policy and elect coverage on themselves, and require the owners and users of the 10 distributed waters, including permittees, certificate holders, and holders of a change in appropriation right, to 11 pay their proportionate share of fees and compensation, including the cost of workers' compensation insurance 12 purchased by a water commissioner or commissioners. The water judge may include the department in the 13 apportionment of costs if it applied for the appointment of a water commissioner under subsection (2).

14 (5)(6) Upon On the application of the board or boards of one or more irrigation districts entitled to the 15 use of water stored in a reservoir that is turned into the natural channel of any stream and withdrawn or diverted 16 at a point downstream for beneficial use, the <del>district court of the judicial district water judge having jurisdiction</del>

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17 where the most irrigable acres of the irrigation district or districts are situated may appoint a water

18 commissioner to equitably admeasure and distribute stored water to the irrigation district or districts from the

19 channel of the stream into which it has been turned. A commissioner appointed under this subsection has the

20 powers of any commissioner appointed under this chapter, limited only by the purposes of this subsection. A

21 commissioner's compensation is set by the appointing <u>water</u> judge and paid by each district and other users of

stored water affected by the admeasurement and distribution of the stored water. In all other matters, the

23 provisions of this chapter apply so long as they are consistent with this subsection.

24 (6)(7) A water commissioner appointed by a district water court is not an employee of the judicial
 25 branch, a local government, or a water user.

A water commissioner who fails to obtain workers' compensation insurance coverage required by subsection (4) (5) is precluded from receiving benefits under Title 39, chapter 71, as a result of the performance of duties as a water commissioner."



1	
2	Section 38. Section 85-5-102, MCA, is amended to read:
3	"85-5-102. Appointment of chief commissioner. When the judge of the district court a water judge
4	appoints two or more commissioners to admeasure and distribute the waters mentioned in 85-5-101, the water
5	judge may appoint one of them as chief commissioner and empower the chief commissioner to exercise
6	direction and control over the other commissioners in the discharge of their duties. The water judge may
7	depose the person appointed as chief commissioner from that position and appoint another as chief
8	commissioner whenever it appears to the judge that better service may be given to the water users by making
9	the change."
10	
11	Section 39. Section 85-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"85-5-103. Oath and bond. Each water commissioner appointed by the water court shall subscribe
13	and file with the clerk of the district court water court administrator an oath of office before commencing the
14	discharge of duties as commissioner and shall file with the clerk water court administrator a bond executed by
15	the commissioner, with two or more sureties, in a sum that the judge of the court water judge may designate, to
16	ensure the faithful discharge of the commissioner's duties Before commencing the discharge of duties as
17	commissioner, each water commissioner appointed by the water judge shall file with the clerk of the district
18	court or water court administrator, as directed by the water judge:
19	(1) an oath of office subscribed by the commissioner; and
20	(2) a bond executed by the commissioner, with two or more sureties, in a sum that the water judge
21	may designate, to ensure the faithful discharge of the commissioner's duties."
22	
23	Section 40. Section 85-5-104, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"85-5-104. Term of office. A water commissioner holds office for the time during the irrigation season
25	of each year that may be designated by the <u>water</u> judge in the order making the appointment. The <u>water</u> judge
26	may fix the date of the commencement of the term and may, in in the judge's discretion or when requested in
27	writing by at least three persons entitled to the use of the waters, change the term for closing of the
28	commissioner's service."



1					
2	Section 41. Section 85-5-106, MCA, is amended to read:				
3	"85-5-106. Maintenance and repair of ditches or systems. Upon On written request of the owners				
4	of at least 51% of the water rights in any adjudicated ditch or single water system, the water judge of the district				
5	<del>court</del> may empower the commissioner to maintain and keep in reasonable repair such the water ditch or water				
6	system at the expense of the owners thereof, and for such-these purposes the commissioner shall have				
7	authority to enter and work upon on any ditch, canal, aqueduct, or other source of conveying the waters				
8	affected by the decree and the right-of-way thereof and to visit, inspect, and adjust all headgates or other				
9	means of distribution of such the waters."				
10					
11	Section 42. Section 85-5-107, MCA, is amended to read:				
12	"85-5-107. Record of distribution of water. (1) Each water commissioner shall keep a daily record,				
13	unless a different recording schedule is ordered by the district water judge, of the amount of water distributed to				
14	each water user and shall file a summary of the record with the clerk of the court water court administrator clerk				
15	of the district court or water court administrator, as directed by the water judge, monthly or seasonally, at the				
16	discretion of the district water judge during the judge's term of service. The report must show in detail the total				
17	amount of water distributed to each water user during the month or the season and the cost of distributing the				
18	water, based upon on the water commissioner's or commissioners' daily salary, other costs of the water				
19	commissioner or commissioners approved by the district water judge, and the proportionate amount of water				
20	distributed. When two or more water commissioners serve under the same decree or decrees by order of the				
21	water judge, they may file a joint summary of their records with the clerk of the court water court administrator				
22	the clerk of the district court or water court administrator, as directed by the water judge, or the chief				
23	commissioner, if one has been appointed by the <u>water judge</u> , may file a summary on behalf of all of them.				
24	(2) If the district water court judge determines that it is necessary to establish a billing cycle prior to				
25	a distribution season, as provided in 85-5-204, the report or reports must serve as the basis for the amounts				
26	billed."				
27					
28	Section 43. Section 85-5-108, MCA, is amended to read:				



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Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640

1	<b>*************************************</b>
2	chapter 5, parts 1 through 3, each commissioner appointed by the <u>water</u> court has the authority to enter upon
3	any ditch, canal, aqueduct, or other source for conveying the waters affected by the decree and to visit, inspect
4	and adjust all headgates or other means of distributing the waters and has the same powers as a sheriff or
5	constable to arrest any person interfering with the distribution made by the commissioner, to be dealt with
6	according to law."
7	
8	Section 44. Section 85-5-109, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"85-5-109. Failure to perform duty as contempt of court. If a commissioner fails to perform any of
10	the duties imposed <del>upon <u>on</u> the commissioner by the order of the judge of the district <u>water</u> court, the</del>
11	commissioner is guilty of contempt of court."
12	
13	Section 45. Section 85-5-110, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"85-5-110. Appointment of water mediators duties. (1) Except as provided in 85-20-1902, the
15	water judge of the district court may appoint a water mediator to mediate a water controversy in a decreed or
16	nondecreed basin under the following circumstances:
17	(a) upon <u>on</u> request of the governor;
18	(b) upon <u>on</u> petition by at least 15% of the owners of water rights in a decreed or nondecreed
19	basin; or
20	(c) in the discretion of the district court water judge having jurisdiction.
21	(2) A water mediator appointed under this section may:
22	(a) discuss proposed solutions to a water controversy with affected water right holders;
23	(b) review options related to scheduling and coordinating water use with affected water right
24	holders;
25	(c) discuss water use and water needs with persons and entities affected by the existing water
26	use;
27	(d) meet with principal parties to mediate differences over the use of water; and
28	(e) hold public meetings and conferences to discuss and negotiate potential solutions to



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4							
1		over use of water.					
2	(3) If the governor requests or a state agency petitions for a water mediator, the governor						
3	agency shall pay all or a majority of the costs of the water mediator as determined equitable by the district cou						
4	water judge having jurisdiction.						
5	(4)	The governor may use funds appropriated under 75-1-1101 to pay the costs o	f a water				
6	mediator.						
7	(5)	This section does not allow a water mediator to require any valid water right he	older to				
8	compromise or	reduce any of the holder's existing water rights.					
9	(6)	If an appropriator voluntarily ceases to use all or part of an appropriation right	or voluntarily				
10	ceases to use an appropriation right according to its terms and conditions as a result of the efforts of a mediator						
11	appointed unde	er this section, the appropriator may not be considered to have abandoned all o	r any portion of				
12	the appropriation right."						
13							
14	Sectio	n 46. Section 85-5-111, MCA, is amended to read:					
15	"85-5-1	<b>111. Water commissioner and mediator education.</b> (1) The department of m	atural resources				
16	and conservation	on, in cooperation with the Montana supreme court, the Montana water courts, t	he district courts				
17	<del>of Montana,</del> the	e Montana university system, and other appropriate state <u>, tribal,</u> and federal age	encies, shall				
18	develop an edu	ucational program for water commissioners and mediators that includes:					
19	(a)	an annual seminar on commissioner and mediator duties, mediation technique	es, and water				
20	measuring tech	nniques;					
21	(b)	preparation and, as necessary, revision of a water commissioner and mediato	r manual; and				
22	(c)	an outreach program that identifies persons who might serve as water commis	ssioners or				
23	mediators.						
24	(2)	Unless a district court water judge having jurisdiction determines otherwise, a	water				
25	commissioner appointed pursuant to 85-5-101 shall complete at least one educational program as provided in						
26	subsection (1)	prior to administering water."					
27							

Section 47. Section 85-5-201, MCA, is amended to read:



28

#### Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Walt Sales - (S) Natural Resources - 2023 68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640 SB0072.001.001

**1 "85-5-201. Distribution of water and related expenses.** (1) Each water commissioner appointed by
2 the <u>water</u> judge of the <u>district court appropriate water division</u> for the purpose of distributing water has the
3 authority to determine the appropriate quantity and distribute to the parties interested, under a decree, permit,
4 certificate, or change in appropriation right, the water to which those who are parties to the decree or holders of
5 a permit, certificate, or change in appropriation right, or privy to a permit, certificate, or change in appropriation
6 right, are entitled, according to their priority as established by the decree, permit, certificate, or change in
7 appropriation right.

8 (2) The water commissioner may incur necessary expenses in the making of headgates or dams 9 for the distribution of the waters if the parties fail or refuse to do so. Expenses associated with making 10 headgates or dams for the distribution of water must be assessed against and paid by the party or parties for 11 whom the ditch or ditches were repaired or the dams or headgates were made. In the discretion of the court, 12 the costs or expenses may be assessed against the land <u>upon on</u> which or for the benefit of which the expense 13 had been incurred.

(3) (a) At the district water court's discretion, a water commissioner may bill water users prior to
 the beginning of a distribution season for the purpose of offsetting costs associated with distributing water and
 water commissioner duties by submitting the information necessary for the billing to the water court
 administrator or clerk of the district court, as directed by the water judge. A billing issued prior to the beginning

- 18 of a distribution season:
- 19 (i) must be assessed on a per-user basis;

20 (ii) must be based on the report provided for in 85-5-107 for the prior year; and

(iii) may not exceed 80% of the amount that was provided to the district court pursuant to 85-5-107
for the prior distribution season on a per-user basis.

- 23 (b) Upon On receipt of the information from the water commissioner and as directed by the water
- 24 judge, the water court administrator or clerk of district court shall proceed as provided in 85-5-204."
- 25
- 26 Section 48. Section 85-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:

27 "85-5-202. Repair expenses. The <u>water</u> judge may allow as a charge any expenses necessarily

incurred by the water commissioner in the discharge of duties in the employment of extra labor for the repair of



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1	dams, headgates, ditches, or flumes when immediate action is necessary to preserve the rights of the parties					
2	entitled to the waters of a stream or when the <u>water</u> judge has, in the order appointing the commissioner,					
3	required the co	mmissioner to repair ditches and keep in repair necessary headgates, ditches, or flumes. The				
4	water commissioner shall report all expenses, and the cost must be taxed against the party or parties for whose					
5	benefit the expenses were incurred. In the discretion of the court, the costs or expenses may be assessed					
6	against the land upon on which or for the benefit of which the expense had been incurred."					
7						
8	Sectio	n 49. Section 85-5-203, MCA, is amended to read:				
9	"85-5-2	<b>203.</b> Telephone expenses. The <u>water</u> judge may also allow as a charge reasonable expenses				
10	incurred by a w	rater commissioner in telephoning to the water judge for instructions in cases of emergency.				
11	When there are	e two or more commissioners acting under the <u>water j</u> udge's order, reasonable expenses				
12	incurred in communicating with each by telephone or with the <u>water</u> judge of the district court, in order to carry					
13	on the distribution of the waters harmoniously and in accordance with the decree, shall be deemed a necessary					
14	expense. These expenses shall-must be reported by the water commissioner or commissioners at the close of					
15	the season and shall <u>must</u> be taxed against all the water users affected by the decree or decrees ratably in					
16	proportion to the whole amount of water distributed to them during the season."					
17						
18	Sectio	n 50. Section 85-5-204, MCA, is amended to read:				
19	"85-5-2	204. Apportionment of fees and expenses. (1) Upon On the filing of the report by the water				
20	commissioner of	or water commissioners, the <del>clerk of court <u>water court administrator</u> clerk of the district court or</del>				
21	water court adr	ninistrator, as directed by the water judge, shall notify by letter each person mentioned in the				
22	report:					
23	(a)	of the amount the water user is made liable for by the report;				
24	(b)	that objections to the report and the amount taxed against the water user may be made by any				
25	person interested in the report or the amount assessed against the water user within 20 days after the date of					
26	the mailing of the notice; and					
27	(c)	that, unless objections are filed, an order will be made by the water judge of the district court				

finally fixing and determining the amount due from each of the water users.



1 (2) The affidavit of the <u>clerk-water court administrator</u> that the <u>clerk-administrator</u> has mailed a 2 notice to each person mentioned in the report at the person's last-known post-office address, in the usual 3 manner, must be considered prima facie evidence that the person received the notice provided for in this 4 section.

5 (3) At the discretion of the district-water judge, the water commissioner may issue a bill prior to the 6 beginning of a distribution season for the purpose of offsetting costs associated with distributing water and 7 water commissioner duties by submitting the information necessary for the billing to the <del>clerk of the district court</del> 8 <u>water court administrator</u>. The bill for each water user may not exceed 80% of the amount that was provided to 9 the <del>district</del> water court pursuant to 85-5-107 for the prior distribution season.

10 (4) If the cost of distributing water during a distribution season is less than the amount that was 11 collected through a bill issued prior to a distribution season, the water commissioner shall refund the money to 12 the water user based on the amount of water that the water user received during the distribution season. The 13 water commissioner shall submit a refund report, along with proof that any refunds were issued, to the <del>clerk of</del> 14 <del>district court</del>-water court administrator for filing."

15

16

Section 51. Section 85-5-205, MCA, is amended to read:

17 "85-5-205. Objections to expenses -- hearing. At the expiration of the 20 days' notice, as provided 18 for in the preceding section, if objections to said the report have been filed or a motion to retax the same has 19 been made, the court or water judge shall fix a time for the hearing of such the objections or motion to retax, 20 which and the time of hearing shall must be as soon as the water judge or a court can conveniently hear the 21 same. Any person objecting to said the report shall be entitled to at least 5 days' notice of the date and time of 22 such the hearing. At such the hearing the court or water judge shall hear and determine the motion or 23 objections and shall make an order fixing and determining the amount found due from each of said the water 24 users to such the commissioner or commissioners. In case no objections are filed within the 20 days, as 25 hereinbefore provided for pursuant to this section, such the order shall must be made as a matter of course, 26 and in either case said-the order shall-must be the final determination of the matter." 27

28

Section 52. Section 85-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-1640

SB0072.001.001

1 "85-5-206. Effect of order fixing fees. After the order of the water court fixing the fees and 2 compensation and expenses of the water commissioner is final, the order has the force and effect of a 3 judgment against the person to whom the water was or will be distributed and for whose benefit it was used or 4 will be used. When the expenses of a commissioner or commissioners has been assessed against the land for 5 which the service of the commissioner or commissioners has been rendered, the assessment is a lien against 6 the land. The lien has the same effect as a judgment. The lien may be executed in the same manner as a 7 judgment upon on order of the water court. The water commissioner, at the water commissioner's discretion, 8 may withhold further determinations of quantity or distribution of water to any person entitled to the water until 9 the person has paid all fees, compensation, and expenses of the water commissioner or commissioners fixed 10 by the water court and apportioned and charged to the person, including bills sent prior to the beginning of a 11 distribution season. The commissioner may withhold the determination of quantity and distribution of water from any land against which there exists any lien that is the result of lack of payment pursuant to this section until the 12 13 lien has been fully discharged."

14

15

Section 53. Section 85-5-301, MCA, is amended to read:

16 "85-5-301. Complaint by dissatisfied user. (1) A person owning or using any of the waters of the 17 stream or ditch or extension of the ditch who is dissatisfied with the method of distribution of the waters of the 18 stream or ditch by the water commissioner or water commissioners and who claims to be entitled to more water 19 than the person is receiving or to a right prior to that allowed the person by the water commissioner or water 20 commissioners may file a written complaint, duly verified, setting forth the facts of the claim to the appropriate 21 water division.

22 (2) Upon-On receipt of the complaint, the chief water judge shall assign the complaint to a judge 23 who is not supervising the water commission against whom the complaint is filed. the The assigned judge shall 24 fix a time for the hearing of the petition and shall direct that notice be given to the parties interested in the 25 hearing as the water judge considers necessary. At the time fixed for the hearing, the water judge shall hear 26 and examine the complainant and other parties who appear to support or resist the claim and examine the water commissioner or water commissioners and witnesses regarding the charges contained in the complaint. 27 28 (3) Upon On the determination of the hearing, the water judge shall make findings and issue an



1 order that the <u>water</u> judge considers just and proper. If it appears to the <u>water</u> judge that the water

2 commissioner or water commissioners have not properly distributed the water according to the provisions of the

3 decree, permit, certificate, or change in appropriation right, the <u>water judge shall give the proper instructions for</u>

4 distribution of the water.

5 (4) The <u>water</u> judge may remove any water commissioner and appoint a new water commissioner 6 if the <u>water</u> judge determines that the interests of the parties in the waters mentioned in the decree, permit, 7 certificate, or change in appropriation right will be best served by appointing a new water commissioner. If it 8 appears to the <u>water</u> judge that the water commissioner has willfully failed to perform the water commissioner's 9 duties, the water commissioner may be proceeded against for contempt of court, as provided in contempt 10 cases. The <u>water</u> judge shall make an order regarding the payment of costs of the hearing that the <u>water</u> judge 11 determines is just and proper."

12

13

Section 54. Section 85-5-407, MCA, is amended to read:

14 "85-5-407. Appointment of water commissioner after final decree. When the rights of the 15 respective parties in an action to the use of the waters flowing in a ditch are adjudicated, the water judge of the 16 district court having jurisdiction of the subject matter having jurisdiction in the water division, upon on the 17 application of the owners of at least 10% of the waters of the ditch, may, in the exercise of the water judge's 18 discretion, appoint a water commissioner to divide, apportion, and distribute the waters of the ditch to the 19 respective parties according to their respective rights as set forth in the decree. When a commissioner is 20 appointed under the provisions of this chapter to apportion and distribute the waters of the stream from which 21 the water flowing in a ditch is taken, the commissioner shall, when directed by the judge or water court, 22 apportion and distribute the waters of the ditch according to the decree by which the rights of the respective 23 owners were adjudicated."

24

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 55. Repealer. The following sections of the Montana Code Annotated are
 26 repealed:

27 3-7-222. Salary -- office space.

28 3-7-225. (Temporary) Duties of associate water judge.



Amendment - 1st Reading-white - Requested by: Walt Sales - (S) Natural Resources						
	, egislature 2023		Drafter: Jason Mohr, 406-444-164	10	SB0072.001.001	
1						
2	NEW S	SECTION. Section 56.	Notification to tribal governme	ents. The secretary of	state shall send a	
3	copy of [this act] to each federally recognized tribal government in Montana.					
4						
5	NEW S	SECTION. Section 57.	Transition. In order to stagger t	he terms of water cour	t judges and to	
6	end initial term	s consistently with 3-5-2	203, the initial term of a water judg	e may be less than 6	years at the	
7	discretion of th	e appointing official.				
8						
9	NEW S	SECTION. Section 58.	Codification instruction. (1) [S	ection 5] is intended to	be codified as	
10	an integral part	t of Title 3, chapter 7, ai	nd the provisions of Title 3, chapte	r 7, apply to [section 5	j].	
11	(2)	[Section 9] is intended	l to be codified as an integral part	of Title 3, chapter 7, p	art 1, and the	
12	provisions of T	itle 3, chapter 7, part 1,	apply to [section 9].			
13						
14	<u>NEW S</u>	SECTION. Section 59.	Effective dates. (1) Except as p	provided in subsection	(2), [this act] is	
15	effective on pa	ssage and approval.				
16	(2)	[Section 33] is effectiv	e 120 days after [the effective dat	e provided in subsecti	on (1)] in basins	
17	that <u>for which</u> a	a water judge has enter	ed a final decree pursuant to 85-2	-234.		
18			- END -			

