- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Jameson Walker, 406-444-3722 SB0075.002.003

1	SENATE BILL NO. 75
2	INTRODUCED BY S. FITZPATRICK
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING ALCOHOL LAWS RELATING TO
6	LICENSING; REVISING LAWS RELATED TO BREWERS AND BEER IMPORTERS; ALLOWING OUT-OF-
7	STATE BREWERIES TO BE REGISTERED IN MONTANA; ALLOWING CERTAIN SALES AND SHIPPING OF
8	BEER; REVISING LAWS RELATED TO BEER SHIPPED BY BEER WHOLESALERS; PROVIDING THAT AN
9	OUT-OF-STATE BREWERY REGISTERS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO THE SUITABILITY OF LICENSE
10	APPLICANTS; REVISING LAWS RELATING TO LICENSING QUALIFICATIONS; REVISING LAWS
11	RELATING TO NONCONTIGUOUS PREMISES REQUIREMENTS; PROVIDING FOR ALCOHOL
12	DELIVERIES AT A NONCONTIGUOUS STORAGE AREA; ADDING NEW ENTITY TYPES THAT CAN BE
13	VETTED FOR LICENSURE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 16-3-211, 16-3-212, 16-3-214, 16-3-230, <u>16-3-311,</u>
14	16-4-101, 16-4-107, 16-4-314, AND 16-4-401, MCA."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	Section 1. Section 16-3-211, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"16-3-211. Monthly report of brewer, beer importer, or retailer inspection of books and
20	premises. (1) Every brewer and every beer importer licensed or registered to do business in this state shall, on
21	or before the 15th day of each month, as prescribed by the department, make an exact return to the department
22	of the amount of beer manufactured or imported by the brewer or importer, the amount sold by the brewer or
23	importer in the previous month, and the inventory of the brewer or importer. The department may make an
24	examination of any brewer's or beer importer's books and of the brewer's or importer's premises and otherwise
25	check the accuracy of any return or check the alcoholic content of beer manufactured or imported by the brewer
26	or importer.
27	(2) Every retailer licensed to do business in this state shall, on or before the 15th day of each



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jameson Walker, 406-444-3722

SB0075.002.003

- 1 (2) A brewery may not use a common carrier for delivery of the brewery's product to the public or 2 to licensed retailers.
 - (3) A brewery may import or purchase, upon terms and conditions the department may require, necessary flavors and other nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol for blending or manufacturing purposes.
 - (4) An additional license fee may not be imposed on a brewery providing its own products on its licensed premises for consumption on the premises.
 - (5) This section does not prohibit a licensed <u>or registered</u> brewer from shipping and selling beer directly to a wholesaler in this state under the provisions of 16-3-230."

Section 4. Section 16-3-230, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-3-230. Beer required to be shipped to wholesaler. Except as provided in 16-3-214 and 16-4-901, all beer that is to be distributed in Montana, whether manufactured outside of or within the state of Montana, must be consigned to and sold and shipped, either directly or via a licensed storage depot, to a licensed wholesaler and unloaded into the wholesaler's warehouse in Montana or subwarehouse in Montana. A brewer or beer importer may sell only to wholesalers from a storage depot in Montana and shall maintain records of all beer, including the name or kind received, on hand, and sold. The records may at any time be inspected by a representative of the department. The wholesaler shall distribute the beer from the warehouse or subwarehouse and shall keep records at the wholesaler's principal place of business licensed premises of all beer, including the name or kind received, on hand, sold, and distributed. The records may be inspected by a representative of the department at any time."

Section 5. Section 16-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-3-311. Suitable premises for licensed retail establishments. (1) (a) A licensed retailer may use a part of a building as premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages. The licensed retailer must demonstrate that it has adequate control over all alcoholic beverages to prevent self-service, service to underage persons, and service to persons who are actually or apparently intoxicated. Except as



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jameson Walker, 406-444-3722

SB0075.002.003

provided in subsection (8), the premises must be separated from the rest of the building by permanent walls but may have inside access to the rest of the building at all times even if the businesses or uses in the other part of the building are unrelated to the operation of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are served. If the premises are located in a portion of a building, the licensed retailer must be able to demonstrate that there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access.

- (b) A resort retail all-beverages licensee or a retail all-beverages licensee within the boundaries of a resort area may also utilize an alternate alcoholic beverage storage facility as allowed in 16-4-213(8).
- (2) A licensee may alter the approved floorplan of the premises. The alteration must be consistent with the requirements of subsection (1)(a). A licensee shall provide a copy of the revised floorplan with the proposed alteration for the licensed premises to the department within 7 days of beginning the alteration.

 Department approval may not be unreasonably withheld. If the completed alteration differs from the approved alteration due to modifications required for approval by other state or local government entities, such as compliance with fire or building codes, the department must be notified, but preapproval is not required for these modifications. An alteration for the purposes of this section is any structural change in a premises that does not increase the square footage of the existing approved premises. An alteration that increases the square footage of the existing approved by the department prior to beginning the alteration. A cosmetic change, such as painting, carpeting, or other interior decorating, is not considered an alteration under this section.
- (3) The interior portion of the licensed premises must be a continuous area that is under the control of the licensee and not interrupted by any area in which the licensee does not have adequate control, and includes multiple floors on the premises and common areas necessarily shared by multiple building tenants in order to allow patrons to access other tenant businesses or private dwellings in the same building, including but not limited to entryways, hallways, stairwells, and elevators.
- (4) The premises may include one or more exterior patios or decks as long as sufficient physical safeguards are in place to ensure proper service and consumption of alcoholic beverages. An additional



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

Drafter: Jameson Walker, 406-444-3722

SB0075.002.003

- perimeter barrier may not be required if an existing boundary naturally defines the outdoor service area and impedes foot traffic.
 - (5) Premises suitability does not include a minimum number of seats.
- (6) A licensed retailer may apply to the department to have a noncontiguous storage area that is under the control of the licensed retailer approved for ensite-alcoholic beverage storage, either onsite separate from its service area or offsite within 10 miles of the premises, as long as the licensed retailer demonstrates that there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access. The application fee is \$100. A licensed on-premises consumption retailer's keg storage and beer lines running into the licensed premises may be in the same building location provided that the licensee is able to maintain control and adequate safeguards are in place to prevent public access. This includes a location within an off-premises license provided the storage area is segregated between the licensees and each licensee maintains control over its alcohol inventory.
- (7) A licensed retailer operating within a hotel or similar short-term lodging facility may apply to the department to allow for the delivery of alcoholic beverages to guests of accommodation units, and the prestocking of alcoholic beverages in accommodation units is allowed for the accommodation units within the property as long as the purchaser's age is verified and there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent underage service. The application fee is \$100. <u>Licensees may receive alcohol deliveries at a noncontiguous storage area.</u>
- (8) An on-premises consumption retailer may be located adjacent to a brewery or winery if the licensees are able to maintain control of their respective premises through adequate physical separation.
 - (9) (a) For the purposes of this section, "adequate physical separation" means:
- (i) the premises of the retailer and the premises of the brewery or winery are secured after business hours from each other and from any other business, including but not limited to prohibiting a customer from accessing a brewery sample room and purchasing alcohol after the brewery tasting room hours of operation as specified in 16-3-213(2)(b); and
 - (ii) the separation may include doors, gates, or windows that may be left open during business



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Jameson Walker, 406-444-3722 SB0075.002.003

1	hours.
2	(b) The term does not require permanent floor-to-ceiling walls."
3	
4	Section 6. Section 16-4-101, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"16-4-101. Applications for sale, import, or manufacture of beer qualifications of applicant.
6	(1) Except as provided in subsection (4), Any any person desiring to manufacture, import, or sell beer under the
7	provisions of this code shall first apply to the department for a license to do so and pay with such the
8	application the license-fee prescribed. The department shall require of such the applicant satisfactory evidence
9	that the applicant is of good moral character and a law-abiding person.
10	(2) Upon On being satisfied, from such the application or otherwise, that such the applicant is
11	qualified, the department shall issue such a license to such the person, which and the license shall be must at
12	all times <u>be</u> prominently displayed <u>at the licensed premises</u> in the place of business of such applicant.
13	(3) If the department shall find finds that such the applicant is not qualified, no a license shall may
14	<u>not</u> be granted and <u>such-the</u> license fee <u>shall-must</u> be returned.
15	(4) A brewery that is not located in the state or a beer importer that holds the appropriate license
16	from the United States department of the treasury that desires to distribute its beer within this state through
17	licensed beer wholesalers shall apply to the department for registration on forms to be prepared and furnished
18	by the department.
19	(5) A BREWERY OR BEER IMPORTER MAY NOT SHIP BEER INTO THIS STATE UNTIL THE REGISTRATION IS
20	GRANTED BY THE DEPARTMENT. THE REGISTRATION MAY BE CANCELED OR SUSPENDED BY THE DEPARTMENT UPON A
21	FINDING AFTER NOTICE AND HEARING THAT THE REGISTRANT HAS NOT COMPLIED WITH THE TERMS OF ITS
22	REGISTRATION."
23	
24	Section 7. Section 16-4-107, MCA, is amended to read:
25	"16-4-107. Winery license winery and importer registration. (1) (a) Wine, other than for personal
26	consumption in conformity with federal exemptions from holding a basic permit as a bonded winery, may be
27	manufactured or directly distributed to retailers within the state only by a licensed winery, and table wine may

