68th L	egislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	SB0096.001.001
1		SENATE BILL NO. 96	
2		INTRODUCED BY B. USHER	
3		BY REQUEST OF THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE OVERSIGHT COUN	ICIL
4			
5	A BILL FOR /	AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING A SEPARATE DEFINITION FC	R A PERSISTENT
6	FELONY OF	FENDER UNDER SUPERVISION; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 46-1-202	2, 46-13-108, AND 46-
7	18-502, MCA	n	
8			
9	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
10			
11	Secti	on 1. Section 46-1-202, MCA, is amended to read:	
12	"46-1	-202. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires other	wise, the following
13	definitions ap	ply:	
14	(1)	"Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual certified as a	an advanced practice
15	registered nu	rse provided for in 37-8-202, with a clinical specialty in psychiatric mental	health nursing.
16	(2)	"Arraignment" means the formal act of calling the defendant into open o	court to enter a plea
17	answering a c	charge.	
18	(3)	"Arrest" means taking a person into custody in the manner authorized b	oy law.
19	(4)	"Arrest warrant" means a written order from a court directed to a peace	officer or to some other
20	person specif	ically named commanding that officer or person to arrest another. The ter	m includes the original
21	warrant of arr	est and a copy certified by the issuing court.	
22	(5)	"Bail" means the security given for the primary purpose of ensuring the	presence of the
23	defendant in	a pending criminal proceeding.	
24	(6)	"Charge" means a written statement that accuses a person of the comr	nission of an offense,
25	that is presen	ted to a court, and that is contained in a complaint, information, or indictm	ent.
26	(7)	"Conviction" means a judgment or sentence entered upon a guilty or no	olo contendere plea or
27	upon a verdic	t or finding of guilty rendered by a legally constituted jury or by a court of o	competent jurisdiction
28	authorized to	try the case without a jury.	
	Legislati	ve - 1 - Authoriz	ed Print Version – SB 96

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1	(8)	"Court" means a place where justice is judicially administered and includes the judge	of the
2	court.		
3	(9)	"Included offense" means an offense that:	
4	(a)	is established by proof of the same or less than all the facts required to establish the	
5	commission of	f the offense charged;	
6	(b)	consists of an attempt to commit the offense charged or to commit an offense otherwis	se
7	included in the	e offense charged; or	
8	(c)	differs from the offense charged only in the respect that a less serious injury or risk to	the same
9	person, proper	erty, or public interest or a lesser kind of culpability suffices to establish its commission.	
10	(10)	"Judge" means a person who is vested by law with the power to perform judicial functi	ons.
11	(11)	"Judgment" means an adjudication by a court that the defendant is guilty or not guilty,	and if the
12	adjudication is	s that the defendant is guilty, it includes the sentence pronounced by the court.	
13	(12)	"Make available for examination and reproduction" means to make material and inform	nation
14	that is subject	to disclosure available upon request at a designated place during specified reasonable	times and
15	to provide suita	table facilities or arrangements for reproducing it. The term does not mean that the disclo	osing
16	party is require	ed to make copies at its expense, to deliver the materials or information to the other part	y, or to
17	supply the faci	ilities or materials required to carry out tests on disclosed items. The parties may by mut	ual
18	consent make	e other or additional arrangements.	
19	(13)	"New trial" means a reexamination of the issue in the same court before another jury a	after a
20	verdict or findi	ing has been rendered.	
21	(14)	"Notice to appear" means a written direction that is issued by a peace officer and that	requests
22	a person to ap	opear before a court at a stated time and place to answer a charge for the alleged comm	ission of
23	an offense.		
24	(15)	"Offense" means a violation of any penal statute of this state or any ordinance of its po	olitical
25	subdivisions.		
26	(16)	"Parole" means the release to the community of a prisoner by a decision of the board	of
27	pardons and p	parole prior to the expiration of the prisoner's term subject to conditions imposed by the b	oard of
28	pardons and p	parole and the supervision of the department of corrections.	



68th Legislature

Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367

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1	(17)	"Peace officer" means any person who by virtue of the person's office or public employment is
2	vested by law v	vith a duty to maintain public order and make arrests for offenses while acting within the scope of
3	the person's au	ithority.

- 4 (18) "Persistent felony offender" means an offender who has previously been convicted of two
 5 separate felonies and who is presently being sentenced for a third felony committed on a different occasion
 6 than either of the first two felonies, except for an offender who was is currently an inmate or on conditional
- 7 release, felony probation, or felony parole at the time the felony for which the offender is presently being
- 8 <u>sentenced was committed</u>. At least one of the three felonies must be a sexual offense or a violent offense as
- 9 those terms are defined in 46-23-502. An offender is considered to have previously been convicted of two
- 10 separate felonies if:
- 11 (a) the two previous felonies were for offenses that were committed in this state or any other
- 12 jurisdiction for which a sentence of imprisonment in excess of 1 year could have been imposed;
- 13 (b) less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and either:
- 14 (i) the most recent of the two felony convictions; or
- 15 (ii) the offender's release on parole or otherwise from prison or other commitment imposed as a
- 16 result of a previous felony conviction; and
- 17 (c) the offender has not been pardoned on the ground of innocence and the conviction has not
- 18 been set aside at a postconviction hearing.
- 19 (19) (a) "Persistent felony offender under supervision" means an offender who:
- 20 (i) was is currently an inmate or on conditional release, felony probation, or felony parole at the
- 21 time the offense for which the offender is presently being sentenced was committed;
- 22 (ii) has previously been convicted of two separate felonies; and
- 23 (iii) is presently being sentenced for a third felony, except as provided in subsection (19)(c).
- 24 (b) An offender is considered to have previously been convicted of two separate felonies if:
- 25 (i) the two previous felonies were for offenses that were committed in this state or any other
- 26 jurisdiction for which a sentence of imprisonment in excess of 1 year could have been imposed;
- 27 (ii) less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and either:
- 28 (A) the most recent of the two felony convictions; or



68th Legisture Drifter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5307 \$00000.001 1 (6) the offender's release on parole or otherwise from prison or other commitment imposed as a result of a previous felony conviction; and 2 (iii) the offender has not been pardoned on the ground of innocence and the conviction has not been set aside at a postconviction hearing. 3 (i) A third felony may not include criminal possession of dangerous drugs pursuant to 45-9-102, ar failure to register pursuant to furth or subsequent offense of driving under the influence pursuant to 61-8-1002, or failure to register pursuant to that will hear the cause is situated. 6 (49)(20) "Place of trial" means the geographical location and political subdivision in which the court that will hear the cause is situated. 7 (49)(20) "Place of trial" means a hearing before a judge for the purpose of determining for there is probable cause to believe a felony has been committed by the defendant. 7 (24)(22) "Probation" means release by the court without imprisonment of a defendant found guily of a crime. The release is subject to the supervision of the department of corrections upon direction of the court. 7 (24)(22) "Probation" means conduct consisting of a series of acts or omissions that are motivated by: 8 (a) a purpose to accomplish a criminal objective and that are necessary or incidental to the accomplishment of that objective; or 9 (b) a common purpose or plan that results in the repeated commission of the same offense or effect upon the same person or the property of the same person. 24 (c) in writing: <	Amendment - 1st Reading/2nd House-blue - Requested by: Barry Usher - (H) Judiciary			
2 result of a previous felony conviction; and 3 (iii) the offender has not been pardoned on the ground of innocence and the conviction has not 4 been set aside at a postconviction hearing. 5 (c) A third felony may not include criminal possession of dangerous drugs pursuant to 45-9-102, a 6 fourth or subsequent offense of driving under the influence pursuant to 61-8-1002, or failure to register pursuant 7 to Title 46, chapter 23. 8 (49)(20) "Place of trial" means the geographical location and political subdivision in which the court 9 that will hear the cause is situated. 10 (20)(21) "Preliminary examination" means a hearing before a judge for the purpose of determining if 11 there is probable cause to believe a felony has been committed by the defendant. 12 (21)(22) "Probation" means release by the court without imprisonment of a defendant found guilty of a 13 crime. The release is subject to the supervision of the department of corrections upon direction of the court. 14 (22)(23) "Prosecutor" means an elected or appointed attorney who is vested by law with the power to 16 (12)(24) "Same transaction" means conduct consisting of a series of acts or omissions that are 17 motivated by: 18 (a) a purpose to accomplish a criminal objective and that ar	68th L	egislature	Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367	SB0096.001.001
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24 (b) in the name of the state;	22	(24)<u>(</u>2	25) "Search warrant" means an order that is:	
	23	(a)	in writing;	
25 (c) signed by a judge;	24	(b)	in the name of the state;	
	25	(c)	signed by a judge;	
26 (d) a particular description of the place, object, or person to be searched and the evidence,	26	(d)	a particular description of the place, object, or person to be searched and the	evidence,
27 contraband, or person to be seized; and	27	contraband, c	or person to be seized; and	
28 (e) directed to a peace officer and commands the peace officer to search for evidence,	28	(e)	directed to a peace officer and commands the peace officer to search for evide	ence,



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1	contraband, o	or persons.	
2	(25)<u>(</u>2	26) "Sentence" means the judicial disposition of a criminal proceeding upon a ple	a of guilty or
3	nolo contende	ere or upon a verdict or finding of guilty.	
4	(26)<u>(</u>2	27) "Statement" means:	
5	(a)	a writing signed or otherwise adopted or approved by a person;	
6	(b)	a video or audio recording of a person's communications or a transcript of the	communications;
7	and		
8	(c)	a writing containing a summary of a person's oral communications or admission	ons.
9	(27)<u>(</u>2	<u>28)</u> "Summons" means a written order issued by the court that commands a pers	son to appear
10	before a court	t at a stated time and place to answer a charge for the offense set forth in the ord	ler.
11	(28)<u>(</u>2	29) "Superseded notes" means handwritten notes, including field notes, that have	e been
12	substantially i	incorporated into a statement. The notes may not be considered a statement and	are not subject
13	to disclosure	except as provided in 46-15-324.	
14	(29) (3	<u>30)</u> "Temporary road block" means any structure, device, or means used by a pe	ace officer for the
15	purpose of co	ontrolling all traffic through a point on the highway where all vehicles may be slow	ed or stopped.
16	(30)<u>(3</u>	31) "Witness" means a person whose testimony is desired in a proceeding or inv	estigation by a
17	grand jury or i	in a criminal action, prosecution, or proceeding.	
18	(31)<u>(</u>3	<u>32)</u> "Work product" means legal research, records, correspondence, reports, and	l memoranda,
19	both written a	and oral, to the extent that they contain the opinions, theories, and conclusions of	the prosecutor,
20	defense coun	sel, or their staff or investigators."	
21			
22	Secti	ion 2. Section 46-13-108, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	"46-1	3-108. Notice by prosecutor seeking persistent felony offender status. (1)	Except for good
24	cause shown,	, if the prosecution seeks treatment of the accused as a persistent felony offende	r <u>or a persistent</u>
25	felony offende	er under supervision, notice of that fact must be given at or before the omnibus he	earing pursuant
26	to 46-13-110.		
27	(2)	The notice must specify the alleged prior convictions and may not be made kn	own to the jury
28	before the ver	rdict is returned except as allowed by the Montana Rules of Evidence.	



68th Legislature Drafter: Rachel Weiss, 406-444-5367 SB0096.001.001 1 (3) If the defendant objects to the allegations contained in the notice, the judge shall conduct a 2 hearing to determine if the allegations in the notice are true. 3 The hearing must be held before the judge alone. If the judge finds any allegations of the prior (4) 4 convictions are true, the accused must be sentenced as provided by law. 5 (5) The notice must be filed and sealed until the time of trial or until a plea of guilty or nolo 6 contendere is given by the defendant." 7 8 Section 3. Section 46-18-502, MCA, is amended to read: 9 "46-18-502. Sentencing of persistent felony offender. (1) Except as provided in 46-18-219 and 10 subsection (2) of this section, a persistent felony offender or a persistent felony offender under supervision shall 11 be imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less than 5 years or more than 100 years or shall be fined an 12 amount not to exceed \$50,000, or both, if the offender was 21 years of age or older at the time of the 13 commission of the present offense. 14 Except as provided in 46-18-219, an offender shall be imprisoned in a state prison for a term of (2) 15 not less than 10 years or more than 100 years or shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$50,000, or both, if: 16 (a) the offender was a persistent felony offender or a persistent felony offender under supervision. 17 as defined in 46-1-202, at the time of the offender's previous felony conviction; 18 (b) less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and: the previous felony conviction; or 19 (i) 20 (ii) the offender's release on parole, from prison, or from other commitment imposed as a result of 21 the previous felony conviction; and 22 (c) the offender was 21 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the present offense. (3) 23 Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 5 years of a sentence 24 imposed under subsection (1) of this section or the first 10 years of a sentence imposed under subsection (2) of 25 this section may not be deferred or suspended. 26 Any sentence imposed under subsection (2) must run consecutively to any other sentence (4) 27 imposed." 28 - END -

