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68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Todd Everts, 406-444-4023 SB0099.004.001

1	SENATE BILL NO. 99			
2	INTRODUCED BY J. FULLER			
3				
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR A YOUTH HEALTH PROTECTION ACT;			
5	PROHIBITING CERTAIN MEDICAL AND SURGICAL TREATMENTS TO TREAT MINORS WITH GENDER			
6	DYSPHORIA; PROHIBITING PUBLIC FUNDS, PROGRAMS, PROPERTY, AND EMPLOYEES FROM BEING			
7	USED FOR THESE TREATMENTS; PROVIDING THAT A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL WHO VIOLATE			
8	THIS LAW COMMITS PROFESSIONAL MISCONDUCT; PROVIDING A PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION;			
9	PROHIBITING DISCHARGE OF PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY VIA INSURANCE; AND PROVIDING			
10	DEFINITIONS."			
11				
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:			
13				
14	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 6] may be cited as the "Youth Health			
15	Protection Act".			
16				
17	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Purpose. The purpose of [sections 1 through 6] is to enhance the			
18	protection of minors AND THEIR FAMILIES, pursuant to Article II, section 15, of the Montana constitution, from any			
19	form of pressure to RECEIVE HARMFUL, EXPERIMENTAL PUBERTY BLOCKERS AND CROSS-SEX HORMONES AND TO			
20	undergo irreversible medical, LIFE-ALTERING SURGICAL procedures to change sex prior to attaining the age of			
21	majority.			
22				
23	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in this part [SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 6], unless the			
24	context clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply:			
25	(1) "Female" means an individual who is a member of the female sex A MEMBER OF THE HUMAN			
26	SPECIES WHO, UNDER NORMAL DEVELOPMENT, has XX chromosomes and PRODUCES or would produce A			
27	RELATIVELY LARGE, RELATIVELY IMMOBILE GAMETE gametes, or eggs, DURING HER LIFE CYCLE AND HAS A			
28	REPRODUCTIVE AND ENDOCRINE SYSTEM ORIENTED AROUND THE PRODUCTION OF THAT GAMETE those gametes. An			



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individual who would otherwise fall within this definition, but for a biological or genetic condition, is female for
 the purposes of [sections 1 through 6].

- (2) "Gender" means the psychological, behavioral, social, and cultural aspects of being male or female. An individual's gender may or may not align with the individual's sex.
- (3) "Gender dysphoria" is the diagnosis of gender dysphoria under condition defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition.
- (4) "Health care professional" means a person who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of this state to administer health care in the ordinary course of the practice of the person's profession.
- 10 (5) "Male" means an individual who is a member of the male sex A MEMBER OF THE HUMAN SPECIES

 11 WHO, UNDER NORMAL DEVELOPMENT, has XY chromosomes and PRODUCES or would produce SMALL, MOBILE

 12 GAMETES, or sperm, DURING HIS LIFE CYCLE, AND HAS A REPRODUCTIVE AND ENDOCRINE SYSTEM ORIENTED AROUND

 13 THE PRODUCTION OF THOSE GAMETES. An individual who would otherwise fall within this definition, but for a

 14 biological or genetic condition, is male for purposes of [sections 1 through 6].
 - (6) "Mental health professional" means a person who is licensed to diagnose and treat mental health conditions in this state.
- 17 (7) "Minor" means an individual under 18 years of age.
 - (8) "Perceived gender" is a person's internal sense of his or her gender.
- 19 (9) "Perceived sex" is a person's internal sense of his or her sex.
- 20 (10)(8) "Physician" means a person who is licensed to practice medicine in this state.
- 21 (11)(9) "Sex" means the biological indication of male and female in the context of reproductive 22 potential or capacity, such as sex chromosomes, naturally occurring sex hormones, gonads, and unambiguous 23 internal and external genitalia present at birth, including secondary sex characteristics, without regard to an 24 individual's psychological, chosen, or subjective experience of gender. THE ORGANIZATION OF BODY PLANS parts 25 AND GAMETES FOR REPRODUCTION IN HUMAN BEINGS AND OTHER ORGANISMS. IN HUMAN BEINGS, THERE ARE EXACTLY 26 TWO SEXES, MALE AND FEMALE, WITH TWO CORRESPONDING types of GAMETES. THE SEXES ARE DETERMINED BY THE 27 BIOLOGICAL and genetic INDICATION OF MALE OR FEMALE, INCLUDING SEX CHROMOSOMES, NATURALLY OCCURRING SEX 28 CHROMOSOMES, GONADS, AND NONAMBIGUOUS INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL GENITALIA PRESENT AT BIRTH, WITHOUT



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1 REGARD TO AN INDIVIDUAL'S PSYCHOLOGICAL, BEHAVIORAL, SOCIAL, CULTURAL, CHOSEN, OR SUBJECTIVE EXPERIENCE 2 OF GENDER 3 (12)(10)"Social transitioning" means acts other than pharmaceutical or surgical interventions that are 4 offered as treatment to a minor for the purpose of the minor presenting as the opposite sex or an identity other 5 than the minor's sex, including the changing of a minor's preferred pronouns or dress and the recommendation 6 to wear clothing or devices, such as binders, for the purpose of concealing a minor's secondary sex 7 characteristics. 8 9 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Prohibitions. (1) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(C), A PERSON 10 MAY NOT KNOWINGLY PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING medical treatments TO A FEMALE MINOR TO ADDRESS THE MINOR'S 11 PERCEPTION THAT HER GENDER OR SEX IS NOT FEMALE: SURGICAL PROCEDURES, INCLUDING A VAGINECTOMY, HYSTERECTOMY, OOPHORECTOMY, 12 13 OVARIECTOMY, RECONSTRUCTION OF THE URETHRA, METOIDIOPLASTY, PHALLOPLASTY, SCROTOPLASTY, IMPLANTATION 14 OF ERECTION OR TESTICULAR PROTHESES, SUBCUTANEOUS MASTECTOMY, VOICE SURGERY, OR PECTORAL IMPLANTS; 15 (11) SUPRAPHYSIOLOGIC DOSES OF TESTOSTERONE OR OTHER ANDROGENS; OR 16 (III)PUBERTY BLOCKERS SUCH AS GNRH AGONISTS OR OTHER SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT SUPPRESS THE 17 PRODUCTION OF ESTROGEN AND PROGESTERONE TO DELAY OR SUPPRESS PUBERTAL DEVELOPMENT IN FEMALE MINORS. 18 (B) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1)(C), A PERSON MAY NOT KNOWINGLY PROVIDE THE 19 FOLLOWING medical treatments TO A MALE MINOR TO ADDRESS THE MINOR'S PERCEPTION THAT HIS GENDER OR SEX IS 20 NOT MALE: 21 SURGICAL PROCEDURES, INCLUDING A PENECTOMY, ORCHIECTOMY, VAGINOPLASTY, CLITOROPLASTY, 22 VULVOPLASTY, AUGMENTATION MAMMOPLASTY, FACIAL FEMINIZATION SURGERY, VOICE SURGERY, THYROID CARTILAGE 23 REDUCTION, OR GLUTEAL AUGMENTATION; 24 SUPRAPHYSIOLOGIC DOSES OF ESTROGEN; OR (II)25 PUBERTY BLOCKERS SUCH AS GNRH AGONISTS OR OTHER SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT SUPPRESS THE (III)26 PRODUCTION OF TESTOSTERONE OR DELAY OR SUPPRESS PUBERTAL DEVELOPMENT IN MALE MINORS. 27 (C) THE PROCEDURES medical treatments LISTED IN SUBSECTIONS (1)(A) AND (1)(B) ARE PROHIBITED 28 ONLY WHEN KNOWINGLY PROVIDED TO ADDRESS A FEMALE MINOR'S PERCEPTION THAT HER GENDER OR SEX IS NOT



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1	FEMALE OR A MALE MINOR'S PERCEPTION THAT HIS GENDER OR SEX IS NOT MALE. SUBSECTIONS (1)(A) AND (1)(B) DO
2	NOT APPLY FOR OTHER PURPOSES, INCLUDING:
3	(I) TREATMENT FOR A PERSON BORN WITH A MEDICALLY VERIFIABLE DISORDER OF SEX DEVELOPMENT,
4	INCLUDING:
5	(A) A PERSON BORN WITH EXTERNAL BIOLOGICAL SEX CHARACTERISTICS THAT ARE IRRESOLVABLY
6	AMBIGUOUS, INCLUDING AN INDIVIDUAL BORN WITH 46 XX CHROMOSOMES WITH VIRILIZATION, 46 XY CHROMOSOMES
7	WITH UNDERVIRILIZATION, OR HAVING BOTH OVARIAN AND TESTICULAR TISSUE; AND
8	(B) A PERSON WHOM A PHYSICIAN HAS OTHERWISE DIAGNOSED WITH A DISORDER OF SEXUAL
9	DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH THE PHYSICIAN HAS DETERMINED THROUGH GENETIC OR BIOCHEMICAL TESTING THAT THE
10	PERSON DOES NOT HAVE NORMAL SEX CHROMOSOME STRUCTURE, SEX STEROID HORMONE PRODUCTION, OR SEX
11	STEROID HORMONE ACTION FOR A MALE OR FEMALE; AND
12	(II) TREATMENT OF ANY INFECTION, INJURY, DISEASE, OR DISORDER THAT HAS BEEN CAUSED OR
13	EXACERBATED BY THE PERFORMANCE OF A PROCEDURE a medical treatment LISTED IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B),
14	WHETHER OR NOT THE PROCEDURE-medical treatment WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL
15	LAW AND WHETHER OR NOT FUNDING FOR THE PROCEDURE-medical treatment IS PERMISSIBLE UNDER STATE AND
16	FEDERAL LAW.
17	(2) If A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL OR PHYSICIAN VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B):
18	(A) THE HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL OR PHYSICIAN HAS ENGAGED IN UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND IS
19	SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINE BY THE APPROPRIATE LICENSING ENTITY OR DISCIPLINARY REVIEW BOARD WITH COMPETENT
20	JURISDICTION IN THIS STATE. THAT DISCIPLINE MUST INCLUDE SUSPENSION OF THE ABILITY TO ADMINISTER HEALTH CARE
21	OR PRACTICE MEDICINE FOR AT LEAST 1 YEAR.
22	(B) PARENTS OR GUARDIANS OF THE MINOR SUBJECT TO THE VIOLATION HAVE A PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION
23	FOR DAMAGES AND EQUITABLE RELIEF AS THE COURT MAY DETERMINE IS JUSTIFIED. THE COURT MAY ALSO AWARD
24	REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES AND COURT COSTS TO A PREVAILING PARTY.
25	(1)(3) _Public funds may not be directly or indirectly used, granted, paid, or distributed to any
26	individual, entity, or organization that provides or subsidizes medication or surgery as a treatment to address an
27	inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived sex FOR THE PURPOSES OF
28	PROVIDING THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED medical treatments prohibited IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B).



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1 (2)(4) Any individual or entity that receives state funds to pay FOR or subsidize the treatment of 2 minors for psychological conditions, including gender dysphoria, may not use state funds to promote or 3 advocate medication or surgery as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the 4 minor's perceived gender or perceived sex THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED medical treatments prohibited IN 5 SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B). 6 (3)(5) Any amount paid by an individual or entity during a tax year for the provision of either 7 medication or surgery as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's 8 perceived gender or perceived sex is not tax deductible THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR 9 (1)(B) IS NOT TAX DEDUCTIBLE under state law. 10 (4)(6) The Montana medicaid program and children's health insurance programs may not reimburse 11 or provide coverage for medication or surgery as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's 12 sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived sex THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED-medical treatments 13 prohibited IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B). 14 (5)(7) Except to the extent required by the first amendment to the United States constitution, state 15 property, facilities, or buildings may not be KNOWINGLY used to promote or advocate the use of social 16 transitioning, medication, or surgery as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the 17 minor's perceived gender or perceived sex OR THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED medical treatments prohibited IN 18 SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B) TO ADDRESS A FEMALE MINOR'S PERCEPTION THAT HER GENDER OR SEX IS NOT FEMALE 19 OR A MALE MINOR'S PERCEPTION THAT HIS GENDER OR SEX IS NOT MALE. 20 (6)(8) A health care professional or physician employed by the state or a county or local government 21 may not, while engaged in the official duties of employment, KNOWINGLY provide medication or surgery as a 22 treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived 23 sex THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED medical treatments prohibited IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B). 24 (7)(9) State property, facilities, or buildings may not KNOWINGLY be used to provide medication or 25 surgery as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's perceived gender or 26 perceived sex THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED medical treatments prohibited IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B). (8)(10) A state employee whose official duties include the care of minors may not, while engaged in 27 28 those official duties, KNOWINGLY provide or promote the use of social transitioning, medication, or surgery as a



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1 treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived 2 sex PROCEDURES DESCRIBED medical treatments prohibited IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (1)(B). 3 THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY BRING AN ACTION TO ENFORCE COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION. (11)4 (a) Except as provided in subsection (9)(c), a person may not knowingly provide the following 5 treatment, either as a necessary or elective treatment, to a female minor to address the minor's perception that 6 her gender or sex is not female: 7 surgical procedures, including a vaginectomy, hysterectomy, oophorectomy, ovariectomy, 8 reconstruction of the urethra, metoidioplasty, phalloplasty, scrotoplasty, implantation of erection or testicular 9 protheses, subcutaneous mastectomy, voice surgery, or pectoral implants; 10 supraphysiologic doses of testosterone or other androgens; or 11 (iii) puberty blockers such as GnRH agonists or other synthetic drugs that suppress the production 12 of estrogen and progesterone to delay or suppress pubertal development in female minors. 13 Except as provided in subsection (9)(c), a person may not knowingly provide the following 14 treatment, either as a necessary or elective treatment, to a male minor to address the minor's perception that 15 his gender or sex is not male: 16 surgical procedures, including a penectomy, orchiectomy, vaginoplasty, clitoroplasty, 17 vulvoplasty, augmentation mammoplasty, facial feminization surgery, voice surgery, thyroid cartilage reduction, 18 or gluteal augmentation; 19 supraphysiologic doses of estrogen; or 20 puberty blockers such as GnRH agonists or other synthetic drugs that suppress the production 21 of testosterone or delay or suppress pubertal development in male minors. 22 The procedures listed in subsections (9)(a) and (9)(b) are prohibited only when knowingly 23 provided as treatment to address a female minor's perception that her gender or sex is not female or a male 24 minor's perception that his gender or sex is not male. Subsections (9)(a) and (9)(b) do not apply to treatment for 25 other purposes, including: 26 treatment for a person born with a medically verifiable disorder of sex development, including: 27 a person born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably ambiguous, 28 including an individual born with 46 XX chromosomes with virilization, 46 XY chromosomes with



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- (B) a person whom a physician has otherwise diagnosed with a disorder of sexual development in which the physician has determined through genetic or biochemical testing that the person does not have normal sex chromosome structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a male or female; and
- (ii) treatment of any infection, injury, disease, or disorder that has been caused or exacerbated by the performance of a procedure listed in subsection (9)(a) or (9)(b), whether or not the procedure was performed in accordance with state and federal law and whether or not funding for the procedure is permissible under state and federal law.
 - (10) If a health care professional or physician violates subsection (9)(a) or (9)(b):
- (a) the health care professional or physician has engaged in unprofessional conduct and is subject to discipline by the appropriate licensing entity or disciplinary review board with competent jurisdiction in this state. That discipline must include suspension of the ability to administer health care or practice medicine for at least 1 year.
- (b) parents or guardians of the minor subject to the violation have a private cause of action for damages and equitable relief as the court may determine is justified. The court may also award reasonable attorney fees and court costs to a prevailing party.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Private cause of action for subsequent harm. (1) Any health care professional or physician who provides puberty blockers, cross-sex hormones, or surgical procedures as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived sex_THE_PROCEDURES_DESCRIBED_medical_treatments prohibited_IN [SECTION 4(1)(A) OR (1)(B)] is strictly liable to that minor-person_if the medical_treatment or the after-effects of the medical_treatment result in any injury, including physical, psychological, emotional, or physiological harms, within the next 25 years.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person who suffers an injury described in subsection
(1) OR FOR ANY VIOLATION OF [SECTION 4], or the person's legal guardian or estate, or the person's legal guardian or estate may bring a civil action with respect to the injury or for any violation of [section 4] either within 25

years from the day the person reaches 18 years of age or within 4 years from the time of discovery by the



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1	injured party of both the injury and the causal relationship between the <u>medical</u> treatment and the injury,					
2	whichever date	whichever date is later, against the offending health care professional or physician in a court of competent				
3	jurisdiction for:	jurisdiction for:				
4	(a)	declaratory or injunctive relief;				
5	(b)	compensatory damages, including but not limited to pain and suffering, loss of reputation, loss				
6	of income, and loss of consortium, including the loss of expectation of sharing parenthood;					
7	(c)	punitive damages;				
8	(d)	any other appropriate relief; and				
9	(e)	attorney fees and costs.				
10	(3)	(a) If, at the time the person subjected to <u>medical</u> treatment attains 18 years of age <u>DISCOVERS</u>				
11	THE INJURY AND THE CAUSAL RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE medical TREATMENT AND THE INJURY, the person is under					
12	other legal disability, the limitation period in subsection (2) does not begin to run until the removal of the					
13	disability.					
14	(b)	The limitation period in subsection (2) does not run during a time period when the individual is				
15	subject to threats, intimidation, manipulation, fraudulent concealment, or fraud perpetrated by the health care					
16	professional or physician who provided the medical treatment described in subsection (1) or by any person					
17	acting in the interest of the health care professional or physician.					
18	(4)	A health care professional or physician may not be indemnified for potential liability under this				
19	section.					
20	(5)	The attorney general may bring an action to enforce compliance with this section.				
21	(6)	This section does not deny, impair, or otherwise affect any right or authority of the attorney				
22	general, the state, or any agency, officer, or employee of the state, acting under any law other than this section					
23	to institute or intervene in any proceeding.					
24						
25	NEW S	SECTION. Section 6. Prohibited insurance coverage. A professional liability insurance policy				
26	issued to a health care professional or physician may not include coverage for damages assessed against the					
27	health care pro	health care professional or physician who provides any medication or surgical procedure described medical				



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treatment prohibited in [section 4(1)(A) OR (1)(B)] as a treatment to address an inconsistency between a minor's

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1 sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived sex. 2 3 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Medical or surgical transition for minors. Failure of a health care 4 professional, mental health professional, or physician to adhere to [section 4] constitutes unprofessional 5 conduct, with a mandatory minimum suspension of the ability to practice the person's profession for 1 year. 6 7 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Prohibited reimbursement or coverage. Pursuant to [section 4], the 8 Montana medicaid program may not reimburse or provide coverage for medication or surgery as a treatment to 9 address an inconsistency between a minor's sex and the minor's perceived gender or perceived sex ANY 10 MEDICATION OR SURGICAL PROCEDURE DESCRIBED medical treatment prohibited IN [SECTION 4(1)(A) OR (1)(B)]. 11 12 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. (1) [Sections 1 through 6] are intended to be 13 codified as an integral part of Title 50, and the provisions of Title 50 apply to [sections 1 through 6]. 14 (2) [Section 7] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 37, chapter 2, part 3, and the 15 provisions of Title 37, chapter 2, part 3, apply to [section 7]. 16 (3) [Section 8] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 53, chapter 6, part 1, and the 17 provisions of Title 53, chapter 6, part 1, apply to [section 8]. 18 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are 19 20 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications. 21



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