Amendment - 1st Reading/2nd House-blue - Requested by: Greg Hertz - (H) Judiciary

68th Legislature Drafter: Joe Carroll, 406-444-3804 SB0268.002.001

1	SENATE BILL NO. 268
2	INTRODUCED BY G. HERTZ
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING SHORT-TERM RENTAL LAWS;
5	ESTABLISHING THAT A SHORT-TERM RENTAL IS A RESIDENTIAL USE OF PROPERTY; ESTABLISHING
6	THAT SHORT-TERM RENTALS ARE PERMISSIBLE UNLESS PROHIBITED THROUGHOUT A ZONING
7	DISTRICT; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-1-111, 70-24-104, 76-2-205 <u>76-2-203</u> , AND 76-2-303, MCA; AND
8	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE, A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE, AND AN
9	APPLICABILITY DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short-term rentals. (1) Unless the clear and express terms of a
14	covenant provide otherwise, a short-term rental is a residential use of property.
15	(2) As used in this section, "short-term rental" has the meaning provided in 15-68-101.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Short-term rentals. (1) Unless the clear and express terms of a
18	homeowners' association's bylaws or other governing instrument provide otherwise, a short-term rental is a
19	residential use of property.
20	(2) As used in this section, "short-term rental" has the meaning provided in 15-68-101.
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Short-term rentals. (1) A short-term rental is a residential use of
23	property.
24	(2) (a) Unless expressly prohibited in the entirety of a jurisdictional area or a zoning district, if the
25	jurisdictional area is divided into zoning districts, short-term rentals are permissible in areas zoned for
26	residential use.
27	(b) An express prohibition on short-term rentals may not preclude the short-term rental of all or par
28	of :



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1	(i) a property owner's primary residence <u>and:</u> ; or
2	(ii) a property adjacent to the property owner's primary residence.
3	(II)(i) A SINGLE, SEPARATE RESIDENCE ON THE SAME PARCEL AS A PROPERTY OWNER'S PRIMARY
4	RESIDENCE; OR
5	(III)(II) A SINGLE RESIDENCE ON A SEPARATE PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY OWNER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE
6	THAT SHARES A BOUNDARY WITH THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(b), INCLUSIVE OF PROPERTIES
7	THAT ARE SEPARATED BY A PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY BUT WOULD OTHERWISE SHARE A BOUNDARY.
8	(3) As used in this section,:
9	(A) "PRIMARY RESIDENCE" MEANS A DWELLING IN WHICH THE PROPERTY OWNER CAN DEMONSTRATE THE
10	OWNER'S OCCUPANCY AT LEAST 7 MONTHS OF THE YEAR; AND
11	(B) "short-term rental" has the meaning provided in 15-68-101.
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Short-term rentals. (1) A short-term rental is a residential use of
14	property.
15	(2) (a) Unless expressly prohibited in the entirety of a municipality or a zoning district, if the
16	municipality is divided into zoning districts, short-term rentals are permissible in areas zoned for residential use.
17	(b) An express prohibition on short-term rentals may not preclude the short-term rental of all or part
18	of .
19	(i) a property owner's primary residence and:; er
20	(ii) a property adjacent to the property owner's primary residence
21	(II)(i) A SINGLE, SEPARATE RESIDENCE ON THE SAME PARCEL AS A PROPERTY OWNER'S PRIMARY
22	RESIDENCE; OR
23	(III)(II) A SINGLE RESIDENCE ON A SEPARATE PROPERTY FROM THE PROPERTY OWNER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE
24	THAT SHARES A BOUNDARY WITH THE PROPERTY described IN SUBSECTION (2)(b), INCLUSIVE OF PROPERTIES
25	THAT ARE SEPARATED BY a PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAYright-of-way BUT ARE OTHERWISE ADJACENT.
26	(3) As used in this section,:
27	(A) "PRIMARY RESIDENCE" MEANS A DWELLING IN WHICH THE PROPERTY OWNER CAN DEMONSTRATE THE
28	OWNER'S OCCUPANCY AT LEAST 7 MONTHS OF THE YEAR; AND



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1	(B) "short-term rental" has the meaning provided in 15-68-101.
2	
3	Section 5. Section 7-1-111, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"7-1-111. Powers denied. A local government unit with self-government powers is prohibited from
5	exercising the following:
6	(1) any power that applies to or affects any private or civil relationship, except as an incident to the
7	exercise of an independent self-government power;
8	(2) any power that applies to or affects the provisions of 7-33-4128 or Title 39, except that subject
9	to those provisions, it may exercise any power of a public employer with regard to its employees;
10	(3) any power that applies to or affects the public school system, except that a local unit may
11	impose an assessment reasonably related to the cost of any service or special benefit provided by the unit and
12	shall exercise any power that it is required by law to exercise regarding the public school system;
13	(4) any power that prohibits the grant or denial of a certificate of compliance or a certificate of
14	public convenience and necessity pursuant to Title 69, chapter 12;
15	(5) any power that establishes a rate or price otherwise determined by a state agency;
16	(6) any power that applies to or affects any determination of the department of environmental
17	quality with regard to any mining plan, permit, or contract;
18	(7) any power that applies to or affects any determination by the department of environmental
19	quality with regard to a certificate of compliance;
20	(8) any power that defines as an offense conduct made criminal by state statute, that defines an
21	offense as a felony, or that fixes the penalty or sentence for a misdemeanor in excess of a fine of \$500, 6
22	months' imprisonment, or both, except as specifically authorized by statute;
23	(9) any power that applies to or affects the right to keep or bear arms;
24	(10) any power that applies to or affects a public employee's pension or retirement rights as
25	established by state law, except that a local government may establish additional pension or retirement
26	systems;



(11)

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28

established pursuant to Title 37 as prerequisites to the carrying on of a profession or occupation;

any power that applies to or affects the standards of professional or occupational competence