- 2023 68th Legislature 202

1	SENATE BILL NO. 285					
2	INTRODUCED BY C. GLIMM					
3						
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS RELATED TO SUBDIVISION					
5	SANITATION REVIEW; LIMITING THE REGULATION OF INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE FACILITIES TO THOSE					
6	THAT ARE HIG	SHER IN ELEVATION OR LESS THAN 500 FEET AWAY FROM STATE SURFACE WATERS;				
7	REVISING SUE	BDIVISION EXEMPTIONS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS <u>75-5-301, 75-5-317, 76-3-622,</u> 76-4-				
8	102, 76-4-104,	76-4-108, <u>AND</u> 76-4-115, AND 76-4-125, MCA."				
9						
10	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:				
11						
12	Section 1. Section 75-5-301, MCA, is amended to read:					
13	"75-5-3	01. Classification and standards for state waters. Consistent with the provisions of 80-15-				
14	201 and this ch	apter, the department shall:				
15	(1)	establish the classification of all state waters in accordance with their present and future most				
16	beneficial uses	, creating an appropriate classification for streams that, due to sporadic flow, do not support an				
17	aquatic ecosystem that includes salmonid or nonsalmonid fish;					
18	(2)	formulate and adopt standards of water quality, considering the economics of waste treatment				
19	and prevention	. When rules are adopted regarding temporary standards, they must conform with the				
20	requirements o	f 75-5-312. Standards must meet the following requirements:				
21	(a)	for carcinogens, the water quality standard for protection of human health must be the value				
22	associated with	an excess lifetime cancer risk level, assuming continuous lifetime exposure, not to exceed 1 x				
23	10 ⁻³ in the case	of arsenic and 1 x 10 ⁻⁵ for other carcinogens. However, if a standard established at a risk level				
24	of 1 x 10 ⁻³ for a	rsenic or 1 x 10 ⁻⁵ for other carcinogens violates the maximum contaminant level obtained from				
25	40 CFR, part 14	41, then the maximum contaminant level must be adopted as the standard for that carcinogen.				
26	(b)	standards for the protection of aquatic life do not apply to ground water.				
27	(3)	review, from time to time at intervals of not more than 3 years and, to the extent permitted by				



- 2023

1	this chapter, revise established classifications of waters and adopted standards of water quality;					
2	(4) adopt rules governing the granting of mixing zones, requiring that mixing zones granted by the					
3	department be	department be specifically identified and requiring that mixing zones have:				
4	(a)	(a) the smallest practicable size;				
5	(b)	a minimum practicable effect on water uses; and				
6	(c)	definable boundaries;				
7	(5)	adopt rules implementing the nondegradation policy established in 75-5-303, including but not				
8	limited to rules that:					
9	(a)	provide a procedure for department review and authorization of degradation;				
10	(b) establish criteria for the following:					
11	(i)	determining important economic or social development; and				
12	(ii)	weighing the social and economic importance to the public of allowing the proposed project				
13	against the cost to society associated with a loss of water quality;					
14	(c)	establish criteria for determining whether a proposed activity or class of activities, in addition to				
15	those activities identified in 75-5-317, will result in nonsignificant changes in water quality for any parameter in					
16	order that those activities are not required to undergo review under 75-5-303(3). These criteria must be					
17	established in a	manner that generally:				
18	(i)	equates significance with the potential for harm to human health, a beneficial use, or the				
19	environment;					
20	(ii)	considers both the quantity and the strength of the pollutant;				
21	(iii)	considers the length of time the degradation will occur;				
22	(iv)	considers the character of the pollutant so that greater significance is associated with				
23	carcinogens and toxins that bioaccumulate or biomagnify and lesser significance is associated with substances					
24	that are less harmful or less persistent.					
25	(d)	provide that changes of nitrate as nitrogen in ground water are nonsignificant if the discharge				
26	will not cause degradation of surface water and the predicted concentration of nitrate as nitrogen at the					
27	boundary of the ground water mixing zone does not exceed:					



- 2023 68th Legislature 203

1	(i)	7.5 milligrams per liter from sources other than sewage;
2	(ii)	5.0 milligrams per liter from sewage discharged from a system that does not use level two
3	treatment in an	area where the ground water nitrate as nitrogen is 5.0 milligrams per liter or less;
4	(iii)	7.5 milligrams per liter from sewage discharged from a system using level two treatment, which
5	must be define	d in the rules; or
6	(iv)	7.5 milligrams per liter from sewage discharged from a system in areas where the ground water
7	nitrate as nitro	gen level exceeds 5.0 milligrams per liter primarily from sources other than human waste-; and
8	<u>(e)</u>	for septic system discharges that are not subject to ground water permitting requirements
9	under 75-5-401	, establish criteria to determine when the discharges result in nonsignificant changes in surface
10	water quality in	order that those discharges are not required to undergo review under 75-5-303(3) and no
11	further analysis	s under law or rule is required. The criteria must:
12	<u>(i)</u>	be adopted by rule before July 1, 2024; and
13	<u>(ii)</u>	be developed in a manner that generally considers soil type, mixing zone dilution and nitrogen
14	credits, horizon	ntal distance between the discharge and the surface water in the direction of ground water flow,
15	and elevation,	including:
16	<u>(A)</u>	adopt surface water impacts for low flow conditions based on mixing zone dilution
17	concentrations	and other credits for nitrogen;
18	<u>(B)</u>	credit nitrogen degradation at the drainfield and riparian zone attenuation based on soil type;
19	(C)	exempt surface water body impacts when drainfield is lower in elevation than the waterbody;
20	<u>(D)</u>	limit the adjacent to surface water trigger analysis to a maximum of 1/4 or 1/2 mile from the
21	drainfield to a s	surface water, depending on soil type; and
22	<u>(E)</u>	create nonsignificant surface water impact categories of 500 or more feet from the surface
23	water that cons	sider soil texture, ground water depths and other pertinent information.
24	(6)	to the extent practicable, ensure that the rules adopted under subsection (5) establish objective
25	and quantifiable	e criteria for various parameters. These criteria must, to the extent practicable, constitute
26	guidelines for g	granting or denying applications for authorization to degrade high-quality waters under the policy
27	established in 7	75-5-303(2) and (3).



- 2023

(7) adopt rules to implement this section."
Section 1. Section 75-5-317, MCA, is amended to read:
"75-5-317. Nonsignificant activities. (1) The categories or classes of activities identified in
subsection (2) cause changes in water quality that are nonsignificant because of their low potential for harm to
human health or the environment and their conformance with the guidance found in 75-5-301(5)(c).
(2) The following categories or classes of activities are not subject to the provisions of 75-5-303:
(a) existing activities that are nonpoint sources of pollution as of April 29, 1993;
(b) activities that are nonpoint sources of pollution initiated after April 29, 1993, when reasonable
land, soil, and water conservation practices are applied and existing and anticipated beneficial uses will be fully
protected;
(c) use of agricultural chemicals in accordance with a specific agricultural chemical ground water
management plan promulgated under 80-15-212, if applicable, or in accordance with an environmental
protection agency-approved label and when existing and anticipated uses will be fully protected;
(d) changes in existing water quality resulting from an emergency or remedial activity that is
designed to protect public health or the environment and is approved, authorized, or required by the
department;
(e) changes in existing ground water quality resulting from treatment of a public water supply
system, as defined in 75-6-102, or a public sewage system, as defined in 75-6-102, by chlorination or other
similar means that is designed to protect the public health or the environment and that is approved, authorized,
or required by the department;
(f) the use of drilling fluids, sealants, additives, disinfectants, and rehabilitation chemicals in water
well or monitoring well drilling, development, or abandonment, if used according to department-approved water
quality protection practices and if no discharge to surface water will occur;
(g) short-term changes in existing water quality resulting from activities authorized by the
department pursuant to 75-5-308;
(h) land application of animal waste, domestic septage, or waste from public sewage treatment



- 2023

1	systems containing nutrients when the wastes are applied to the land in a beneficial manner, application rates
2	are based on agronomic uptake of applied nutrients, and other parameters will not cause degradation;
3	(i) use of gray water, as defined in 75-5-325, from nonpublic gray water reuse systems for
4	irrigation during the growing season in accordance with gray water reuse rules adopted pursuant to 75-5-305;
5	(j) incidental leakage of water from a public water supply system, as defined in 75-6-102, or from
6	a public sewage system, as defined in 75-6-102, utilizing best practicable control technology designed and
7	constructed in accordance with Title 75, chapter 6;
8	(k) discharges of water to ground water from water well or monitoring well tests, hydrostatic
9	pressure and leakage tests, or wastewater from the disinfection or flushing of water mains and storage
10	reservoirs, conducted in accordance with department-approved water quality protection practices;
11	(I) oil and gas drilling, production, abandonment, plugging, and restoration activities that do not
12	result in discharges to surface water and that are performed in accordance with Title 82, chapter 10, or Title 82,
13	chapter 11;
14	(m) short-term changes in existing water quality resulting from ordinary and everyday activities of
15	humans or domesticated animals, including but not limited to:
16	(i) such recreational activities as boating, hiking, hunting, fishing, wading, swimming, and
17	camping;
18	(ii) fording of streams or other bodies of water by vehicular or other means; and
19	(iii) drinking from or fording of streams or other bodies of water by livestock and other domesticated
20	animals;
21	(n) coal and uranium prospecting that does not result in a discharge to surface water, that does not
22	involve a test pit located in surface water or that may affect surface water, and that is performed in accordance
23	with Title 82, chapter 4;
24	(o) solid waste management systems, motor vehicle wrecking facilities, and county motor vehicle
25	graveyards licensed and operating in accordance with Title 75, chapter 10, part 2, or Title 75, chapter 10, part
26	5;
27	(p) hazardous waste management facilities permitted and operated in accordance with Title 75,



- 2023

1	chapter 10, part 4;
2	(q) metallic and nonmetallic mineral exploration that does not result in a discharge to surface water
3	and that is permitted under and performed in accordance with Title 82, chapter 4, parts 3 and 4;
4	(r) stream-related construction projects or stream enhancement projects that result in temporary
5	changes to water quality but do not result in long-term detrimental effects and that have been authorized
6	pursuant to 75-5-318;
7	(s) diversions or withdrawals of water established and recognized under Title 85, chapter 2;
8	(t) the maintenance, repair, or replacement of dams, diversions, weirs, or other constructed works
9	that are related to existing water rights and that are within wilderness areas so long as existing and anticipated
10	beneficial uses are protected and as long as the changes in existing water quality relative to the project are
11	short term;
12	(u) discharges of total phosphorus or total nitrogen that do not:
13	(i) create conditions that are toxic or harmful to human, animal, plant, and aquatic life;
14	(ii) create conditions that produce undesirable aquatic life; or
15	(iii) cause measurable changes in aquatic life; and
16	(v) impacts to surface water for individual, shared, and multi-user sewage facilities located more
17	than 500 feet or lower in elevation in relationship to state surface waters; and
18	(w) any other activity that is nonsignficant because of its low potential for harm to human health or
19	to the environment and its conformance with the guidance found in 75-5-301(5)(c)."
20	
21	Section 2. Section 76-3-622, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"76-3-622. Water and sanitation information to accompany preliminary plat. (1) Except as
23	provided in subsection (2), the subdivider shall submit to the governing body or to the agent or agency
24	designated by the governing body the information listed in this section for proposed subdivisions that will
25	include new water supply or wastewater facilities. The information must include:
26	(a) a vicinity map or plan that shows:
27	(i) the location, within 100 feet outside of the exterior property line of the subdivision and on the



- 2023

1	proposed lots, of:
2	(A) flood plains;
3	(B) surface water features;
4	(C) springs;
5	(D) irrigation ditches;
6	(E) existing, previously approved, and, for parcels less than 20 acres, proposed water wells and
7	wastewater treatment systems;
8	(F) for parcels less than 20 acres, mixing zones identified as provided in subsection (1)(g); and
9	(G) the representative drainfield site used for the soil profile description as required under
10	subsection (1)(d); and
11	(ii) the location, within 500 feet outside of the exterior property line of the subdivision, of public
12	water and sewer facilities;
13	(b) a description of the proposed subdivision's water supply systems, storm water systems, solid
14	waste disposal systems, and wastewater treatment systems, including:
15	(i) whether the water supply and wastewater treatment systems are individual, shared, multiple
16	user, or public as those systems are defined in rules published by the department of environmental quality; and
17	(ii) if the water supply and wastewater treatment systems are shared, multiple user, or public, a
18	statement of whether the systems will be public utilities as defined in 69-3-101 and subject to the jurisdiction of
19	the public service commission or exempt from public service commission jurisdiction and, if exempt, an
20	explanation for the exemption;
21	(c) a drawing of the conceptual lot layout at a scale no smaller than 1 inch equal to 200 feet that
22	shows all information required for a lot layout document in rules adopted by the department of environmental
23	quality pursuant to 76-4-104;
24	(d) evidence of suitability for new onsite wastewater treatment systems that, at a minimum,
25	includes:
26	(i) a soil profile description from a representative drainfield site identified on the vicinity map, as
27	provided in subsection (1)(a)(i)(G), that complies with standards published by the department of environmental



- 2023

1	quality;
2	(ii) demonstration that the soil profile contains a minimum of 4 feet of vertical separation distance
3	between the bottom of the permeable surface of the proposed wastewater treatment system and a limiting
4	layer; and
5	(iii) in cases in which the soil profile or other information indicates that ground water is within 7 feet
6	of the natural ground surface, evidence that the ground water will not exceed the minimum vertical separation
7	distance provided in subsection (1)(d)(ii);
8	(e) for new water supply systems, unless cisterns are proposed, evidence of adequate water
9	availability:
10	(i) obtained from well logs or testing of onsite or nearby wells;
11	(ii) obtained from information contained in published hydrogeological reports; or
12	(iii) as otherwise specified by rules adopted by the department of environmental quality pursuant to
13	76-4-104;
14	(f) evidence of sufficient water quality in accordance with rules adopted by the department of
15	environmental quality pursuant to 76-4-104;
16	(g) a preliminary analysis of potential impacts to ground water quality from new wastewater
17	treatment systems, using as guidance rules adopted pursuant to 75-5-301 and 75-5-303 related to standard
18	mixing zones for ground water, source specific mixing zones, and nonsignificant changes in water quality. The
19	preliminary analysis may be based on currently available information and must consider the effects of
20	overlapping mixing zones from proposed and existing wastewater treatment systems within and directly
21	adjacent to the subdivision. Instead of performing the preliminary analysis required under this subsection (1)(g),
22	the subdivider may perform a complete nondegradation analysis in the same manner as is required for an
23	application that is reviewed under Title 76, chapter 4.
24	(2) A subdivider whose land division is excluded from review under 76-4-125(1) or whose facilities
25	are excluded from review under 76-4-125(5) is not required to submit the information required in this section.
26	(3) A governing body may not, through adoption of regulations, require water and sanitation
27	information in addition to the information required under this section unless the governing body complies with



- 2023

1	the procedures provided in 76-3-511."				
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3	Section	on 2. Section 76-4-102, MCA, is amended to read:			
4	"76-4- ⁻	102. Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the			
5	following defini	itions apply:			
6	(1)	"Adequate county water and/or sewer district facilities" means facilities provided by a county			
7	water and/or sewer district incorporated under Title 7, chapter 13, that operate in compliance with Title 75,				
8	chapters 5 and 6.				
9	(2)	"Adequate municipal facilities" means municipally, publicly, or privately owned facilities that			
10	supply water, treat sewage, or dispose of solid waste for all or most properties within the boundaries of a				
11	municipality and that are operating in compliance with Title 75, chapters 5 and 6.				
12	(3)	"Board" means the board of environmental review.			
13	(4)	"Certifying authority" means a municipality or a county water and/or sewer district that meets			
14	the eligibility re	equirements established by the department under 76-4-104(6). <u>76-4-104(7).</u>			
15	(5)	"Department" means the department of environmental quality.			
16	(6)	"Extension of a public sewage system" means a sewerline that connects two or more sewer			
17	service lines to a sewer main.				
18	(7)	"Extension of a public water supply system" means a waterline that connects two or more water			
19	service lines to a water main.				
20	(8)	"Facilities" means public or private facilities for the supply of water or disposal of sewage or			
21	solid waste and	d any pipes, conduits, or other stationary method by which water, sewage, or solid wastes might			
22	be transported	or distributed.			
23	(9)	"Individual water system" means any water system that serves one living unit or commercial			
24	unit and that is	not a public water supply system as defined in 75-6-102.			
25	(10)	"Mixing zone" has the meaning provided in 75-5-103.			
26	(11)	(a) "Proposed drainfield mixing zone" means a mixing zone submitted for approval under this			
27	chapter after March 30, 2011.				



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Joe Kolman, 406-444-3747 SB0285.001.001

1 parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and includes any resubdivision, any condominium, 2 townhome, or townhouse, or any parcel, regardless of size, that provides two or more permanent spaces for 3 recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes. 4 (24)"Water service line" means a waterline that connects a single building or living unit to a public 5 water supply system or to an extension of a public water supply system. 6 "Well isolation zone" means the area within a 100-foot radius of a water well." (25)7 8 **Section 3.** Section 76-4-104, MCA, is amended to read: 9 "76-4-104. Rules for administration and enforcement. (1) The department shall, subject to the 10 provisions of 76-4-135, adopt reasonable rules, including adoption of sanitary standards, necessary for 11 administration and enforcement of this part. 12 The rules and standards must provide the basis for approving subdivisions for various types of (2) public and private water supplies, sewage disposal facilities, storm water drainage ways, and solid waste 13 14 disposal. The rules and standards must be related to: 15 (a) size of lots; 16 (b) contour of land; 17 (c) porosity of soil; 18 (d) ground water level; 19 (e) distance from lakes, streams, and wells; 20 (f) type and construction, size, and location and construction of private water and sewage facilities based on site characteristics; and 21 22 other factors affecting public health and the quality of water for uses relating to agriculture, (g) 23 industry, recreation, and wildlife. 24 The storm drainage review requirements of this chapter do not apply to divisions or parcels of 25 land that are exempt from review under 76-3-207(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (1)(e), or (1)(f) that: 26 (a) are used for a single-family residential purpose; or and 27 include no more than 25% that is impervious. (b)



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$\frac{(3)(4)}{(4)}$ (a) Except as provided in subsection $\frac{(3)(b)}{(4)(b)}$, the rules must provide for the review of
subdivisions consistent with 76-4-114 by a local department or board of health, as described in Title 50, chapter
2, part 1, if the local department or board of health employs a registered sanitarian or a registered professional
engineer and if the department certifies under subsection (4) (5) that the local department or board is
competent to conduct the review.

- (b) (i) Except as provided in 75-6-121 and subsection (3)(4)(b)(ii) of this section, a local department or board of health may not review public water supply systems, public sewage systems, or extensions of or connections to these systems.
- (ii) A local department or board of health may be certified by the department to review subdivisions proposed to connect to existing municipal or county water and/or sewer district water and wastewater systems previously approved by the department if no extension of the systems is required.
- (4)(5) The department shall also adopt standards and procedures for certification and maintaining certification to ensure that a local department or board of health is competent to review the subdivisions as described in subsection (3) (4).
 - (5)(6) The department shall review those subdivisions described in subsection (3)(4) if:
- (a) a proposed subdivision lies within more than one jurisdictional area and the respective governing bodies are in disagreement concerning approval of or conditions to be imposed on the proposed subdivision; or
- (b) the local department or board of health elects not to be certified.
- 20 $\frac{(6)(7)}{(6)}$ The rules must further provide for:
- 21 (a) providing the reviewing authority with a copy of the plat or certificate of survey subject to review 22 under this part and other documentation showing the layout or plan of development, including:
- 23 (i) total development area; and
- 24 (ii) total number of proposed units and structures requiring facilities for water supply or sewage 25 disposal;
- 26 (b) adequate evidence that a water supply that is sufficient in terms of quality, quantity, and 27 dependability will be available to ensure an adequate supply of water for the type of subdivision proposed;



- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

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- 1 (c) evidence concerning the potability of the proposed water supply for the subdivision;
- 2 (d) adequate evidence that a sewage disposal facility is sufficient in terms of capacity and 3 dependability;
 - (e) standards and technical procedures applicable to storm drainage plans and related designs, in order to ensure proper drainage ways, except that the rules must provide a basis for not requiring storm water review under this part for parcels 5 acres and larger on which the total impervious area does not and will not exceed 5%. Nothing in this section relieves any person of the duty to comply with the requirements of Title 75, chapter 5, or rules adopted pursuant to Title 75, chapter 5.
 - (f) standards and technical procedures applicable to sanitary sewer plans and designs, including soil testing and site design standards for on-lot sewage disposal systems when applicable;
 - (g) standards and technical procedures applicable to water systems;
- 12 (h) standards and technical procedures applicable to solid waste disposal;
 - (i) adequate evidence that a proposed drainfield mixing zone and a proposed well isolation zone are located wholly within the boundaries of the proposed subdivision where the proposed drainfield or well is located or that an easement or, for public land, other authorization has been obtained from the landowner to place the proposed drainfield mixing zone or proposed well isolation zone outside the boundaries of the proposed subdivision where the proposed drainfield or proposed well is located.
 - (i) A proposed drainfield mixing zone or a proposed well isolation zone for an individual water system well that is a minimum of 50 feet inside the subdivision boundary may extend outside the boundaries of the subdivision onto adjoining land that is dedicated for use as a right-of-way for roads, railroads, or utilities.
 - (ii) This subsection (6)(7)(i) does not apply to the divisions provided for in 76-3-207 except those under 76-3-207(1)(b). Nothing in this section is intended to prohibit the extension, construction, or reconstruction of or other improvements to a public sewage system within a well isolation zone that extends onto land that is dedicated for use as a right-of-way for roads, railroads, or utilities.
 - (j) criteria for granting waivers and deviations from the standards and technical procedures adopted under subsections (6)(7)(e) through (6)(7)(i);
 - (k) evidence to establish that, if a public water supply system or a public sewage system is



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Joe Kolman, 406-444-3747 SB0285.001.001

proposed, provision has been made for the system and, if other methods of water supply or sewage disposal are proposed, evidence that the systems will comply with state and local laws and regulations that are in effect at the time of submission of the subdivision application under this chapter. Evidence that the systems will comply with local laws and regulations must be in the form of a certification from the local health department as provided by department rule.

- (I) evidence to demonstrate that appropriate easements, covenants, agreements, and management entities have been established to ensure the protection of human health and state waters and to ensure the long-term operation and maintenance of water supply, storm water drainage, and sewage disposal facilities;
- (m) eligibility requirements for municipalities and county water and/or sewer districts to qualify as a certifying authority under the provisions of 76-4-127;
- (n) construction details for individual and shared onsite wastewater systems to be reviewed by the local board of health at the time of septic permitting, except that the reviewing authority may require additional construction detail if the wastewater is not residential strength;
- (o) simplified methods for storm water reviews, including acceptable minimum storm water volumes based solely on impervious area for proposed lots with one or two single-family residences; and
- (p) a basis for exempting from review facilities previously approved under this chapter or by a local reviewing authority of the facility is not proposed to be changed, is not affected by a proposed change to another facility and meets the design conditions of its existing approval under this chapter or by the local authority and is operating properly. Existing systems must meet the current setbacks established in rule and subsection (7)(i), unless the lot was created before the relevant effective dates for mixing zones and isolation zones.
- (7)(8) The requirements of subsection (6)(7)(i) regarding proposed drainfield mixing zones and proposed well isolation zones apply to all subdivisions or divisions excluded from review under 76-4-125 created after October 1, 2021, except as provided in subsections (6)(7)(i)(i) and (6)(7)(i)(ii).
- 26 (8)(9) The department shall:
- 27 (a) conduct a biennial review of experimental wastewater system components that have been



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68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Joe Kolman, 406-444-3747 SB0285.001.001

1	granted a	waiver	or deviation	as provided in	subsection	(6)(7)(i)·
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- (b) utilize relevant analysis of wastewater system components approved in other states and data from peer-reviewed third-party studies to conduct the review provided in subsection (8)(9)(a);
 - (c) propose those experimental wastewater system components that meet the purposes and provisions of this part for adoption into the rules pursuant to this section; and
 - (d) report to the local government interim committee biennially, in accordance with 5-11-210, the number and type of experimental wastewater system components reviewed and the number and type of system components approved and provide written findings to explain why a system component was reviewed but not approved.
 - (9)(10) Review and certification or denial of certification that a division of land is not subject to sanitary restrictions under this part may occur only under those rules in effect when a complete application is submitted to the reviewing authority, except that in cases in which current rules would preclude the use for which the lot was originally intended, the applicable requirements in effect at the time the lot was recorded must be applied. In the absence of specific requirements, minimum standards necessary to protect public health and water quality apply.

(10)(11) The reviewing authority may not deny or condition a certificate of subdivision approval under this part unless it provides a written statement to the applicant detailing the circumstances of the denial or condition imposition. The statement must include:

- (a) the reason for the denial or condition imposition;
- (b) the evidence that justifies the denial or condition imposition; and
- 21 (c) information regarding the appeal process for the denial or condition imposition.
- 22 (11)(12) The department may adopt rules that provide technical details and clarification regarding the 23 water and sanitation information required to be submitted under 76-3-622."

25 **Section 4.** Section 76-4-108, MCA, is amended to read:

"76-4-108. Enforcement. (1) If the reviewing authority has reason to believe that a violation of this part or a rule adopted or an order issued under this part has occurred, the reviewing authority may have written



- 2023

Drafter: Joe Kolman, 406-444-3747 68th Legislature 2023 SB0285.001.001

1	Section 5. Section 76-4-115, MCA, is amended to read:			
2	"76-4-115.	Contents of application supplemental information. (1) The application submitted		
3	under 76-4-114 mu	st include preliminary plans and specifications for the proposed development, information		
4	required under rules	s adopted pursuant to this chapter, and any additional information the applicant feels		
5	necessary.			
6	(2) In a	addition to the information required for the submission of the application under subsection		
7	(1), before the revie	ewing authority makes a final decision on the application, the applicant shall provide:		
8	(a) a c	opy of the certification from the local health department required by 76-4-104(6)(k) <u>76-4-</u>		
9	<u>104(7)(k);</u>			
10	(b) if re	equired under Title 76, chapter 3, an approval from the local governing body under Title 76,		
11	chapter 3; and			
12	(c) any	y public comments or summaries of public comments collected as provided in 76-3-604(7)."		
13				
14	Section 7.	Section 76-4-125, MCA, is amended to read:		
15	"76-4-125.	Land divisions excluded from review. (1) A subdivision excluded from the provisions of		
16	chapter 3 must be s	submitted for review according to the provisions of this part, except that the following		
17	divisions or parcels	, unless the exclusions are used to evade the provisions of this part, are not subject to		
18	review:			
19	(a) the	exclusion exclusions cited in 76-3-201 and 76-3-207(1)(f);		
20	(b) divi	isions made for the purpose of acquiring additional land to become part of an approved		
21	parcel, provided that	at water or sewage disposal facilities may not be constructed on the additional acquired		
22	parcel and that the	division does not fall within a previously platted or approved subdivision;		
23	(c) divi	isions made for purposes other than the construction of water supply or sewage or solid		
24	waste disposal facil	ities as the department specifies by rule;		
25	(d) as	certified pursuant to 76-4-127:		
26	(i) nev	w divisions subject to review under the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act;		
27	(ii) div i	isions or previously divided parcels recorded with sanitary restrictions; or		



- 17 -

- 2023

1	(iii) divisions or previously divided parcels of land that are exempt from the Montana Subdivision
2	and Platting Act review under 76-3-203 or 76-3-207(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (1)(e), or (1)(f);
3	(e) subject to the provisions of subsection (2), a remainder of an original tract created by
4	segregating a parcel from the tract for purposes of transfer if:
5	(i) the remainder is served by a public or multiple-user sewage system approved before January
6	1, 1997, pursuant to local regulations or this chapter; or
7	(ii) the remainder is 1 acre or larger and has an individual sewage system serving a discharge
8	source that was in existence prior to April 29, 1993, and, if required when installed, the system was approved
9	pursuant to local regulations or this chapter; and
10	(f) the sale of cabin or home sites as provided for and subject to the limitations in 77-2-318(2).
11	(2) Consistent with the applicable provisions of 50-2-116, a local health officer may require that,
12	prior to the filing of a plat or a certificate of survey subject to review under this part for the parcel to be
13	segregated from the remainder referenced in subsection (1)(e)(ii), the remainder include acreage or features
14	sufficient to accommodate a replacement drainfield.
15	(3) A previously divided parcel that meets the eligibility criteria for an existing exemption from this
16	part may use the exemption in lieu of obtaining a certificate of subdivision approval if the appropriate document,
17	exemption certificate, certificate of survey, or subdivision plat filed with the county clerk and recorder cites the
18	applicable exemption in its entirety.
19	(4) At the request of the owner, the original certificate of subdivision approval shall be reissued for
20	a parcel previously approved under this part if:
21	(a) the parcel was subsequently divided without review and approval under this part; and
22	(b) the unapproved parcels are aggregated to return to the original divided parcel as originally
23	approved.
24	(5) Facilities exempt from the review required by this part include facilities for water supply,
25	wastewater disposal, storm water, or solid waste disposal that do not violate the conditions of a previous
26	approval:
27	(a) as part of a subdivision pursuant to this part; or



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Joe Kolman, 406-444-3747 SB0285.001.001

1 (b) by a local reviewing authority."

2 - END -



