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68th	Legislature 2023	

Division

Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

1	SENATE BILL NO. 510		
2		INTRODUCED BY S. FITZPATRICK	
3			
4	A BILL FOR A	N ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROPERTY TAX INCENTIVES FOR ALTERNATIVE	
5	FUEL PRODU	CTION; PROVIDING A PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENT FOR RENEWABLE DIESEL AND	
6	SUSTAINABLI	E AVIATION FUEL PRODUCTION FACILITIES; REVISING CLASS FOURTEEN PROPERTY	
7	TO INCLUDE	TAXATION OF RENEWABLE DIESEL AND SUSTAINABLE AVIATION FUEL PRODUCTION	
8	FACILITIES; F	PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-6-157, 15-6-158, 15-24-3102, AND 15-	
9	24-3111, MCA	; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."	
10			
11	BE IT ENACTI	ED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
12			
13	Sectio	on 1. Section 15-6-157, MCA, is amended to read:	
14	"15-6-	157. Class fourteen property description taxable percentage. (1) Class fourteen	
15	property includ	les:	
16	(a)	wind generation facilities of a centrally assessed electric power company;	
17	(b)	wind generation facilities owned or operated by an exempt wholesale generator or an entity	
18	certified as an	exempt wholesale generator pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 16451;	
19	(c)	noncentrally assessed wind generation facilities owned or operated by any electrical energy	
20	producer;		
21	(d)	wind generation facilities owned or operated by cooperative rural electric associations	
22	described und	er 15-6-137;	
23	(e)	biomass generation facilities up to 25 megawatts in nameplate capacity of a centrally assessed	
24	electric power	company;	
25	(f)	biomass generation facilities up to 25 megawatts in nameplate capacity owned or operated by	
26	an exempt wholesale generator or an entity certified as an exempt wholesale generator pursuant to 42 U.S.C.		
27	16451;		
28	(g)	noncentrally assessed biomass generation facilities up to 25 megawatts in nameplate capacity	
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1	owned or oper	rated by any electrical energy producer;
2	(h)	biomass generation facilities up to 25 megawatts in nameplate capacity owned or operated by
3	cooperative ru	ral electric associations described under 15-6-137;
4	(i)	energy storage facilities of a centrally assessed electric power company;
5	(j)	energy storage facilities owned or operated by an exempt wholesale generator or an entity
6	certified as an	exempt wholesale generator pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 16451;
7	(k)	noncentrally assessed energy storage facilities owned or operated by any electrical energy
8	producer;	
9	(I)	energy storage facilities owned or operated by cooperative rural electrical associations
10	described und	er 15-6-137;
11	(m)	battery energy storage systems that comply with federal standards on the manufacture and
12	installation of	the systems that are owned and operated by an electrical energy storage producer, electrical
13	energy produc	er, or energy trading entity or by the owner or operator of an electrical vehicle charging site;
14	(n)	all property of a biodiesel production facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, that has commenced
15	construction a	fter June 1, 2007;
16	(o)	all property of a biogas production facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, that has commenced
17	construction a	fter June 1, 2007;
18	(p)	all property of a biomass gasification facility, as defined in 15-24-3102;
19	(q)	all property of a coal gasification facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, except for property in
20	subsection (1)	(t) of this section, that sequesters carbon dioxide;
21	(r)	all property of an ethanol production facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, that has commenced
22	construction a	fter June 1, 2007;
23	(s)	all property of a geothermal facility, as defined in 15-24-3102;
24	(t)	all property of an integrated gasification combined cycle facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, that
25	sequesters ca	rbon dioxide, as required by 15-24-3111(4)(c);
26	(u)	all property or a portion of the property of a renewable energy manufacturing facility, as defined
27	in 15-24-3102	, that has commenced construction after June 1, 2007;
28		all property of a natural gas combined cycle facility;
20	(v)	all property of a flatural gas combined cycle facility,

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1	(w)	equipment that is used to capture and to prepare for transport carbon dioxide that will be
2	sequestered or	r injected for the purpose of enhancing the recovery of oil and gas, other than that equipment at
3	coal combustic	on plants of the types that are generally in commercial use as of December 31, 2007, that
4	commence cor	nstruction after December 31, 2007;
5	(x)	high-voltage direct-current transmission lines and associated equipment and structures,
6	including conve	erter stations and interconnections, other than property classified under 15-6-159, that:
7	(i)	originate in Montana with a converter station located in Montana east of the continental divide
8	and that are co	onstructed after July 1, 2007;
9	(ii)	are certified under the Montana Major Facility Siting Act; and
10	(iii)	provide access to energy markets for Montana electrical generation facilities listed in this
11	section that co	mmenced construction after June 1, 2007;
12	(y)	all property of electric transmission lines, including substations, that originate at facilities
13	specified in this	s subsection (1), with at least 90% of electricity carried by the line originating at facilities specified
14	in this subsecti	on (1) and terminating at an existing transmission line or substation that has commenced
15	construction af	ter June 1, 2007;
16	(z)	the qualified portion of an alternating current transmission line and its associated equipment
17	and structures,	including interconnections, that has commenced construction after June 1, 2007;
18	<u>(aa)</u>	all property of a renewable diesel production facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, that has
19	commenced co	onstruction after December 31, 2020; and
20	<u>(bb)</u>	all property of a sustainable aviation fuel production facility, as defined in 15-24-3102, that has
21	commenced co	onstruction after December 31, 2020.
22	(2)	(a) The qualified portion of an alternating current transmission line in subsection (1)(z) is that
23	percentage, as	determined by the department of environmental quality, of rated transmission capacity of the
24	line contracted	for on a firm basis by buyers or sellers of electricity generated by facilities specified in
25	subsection (1)	that are located in Montana.
26	(b)	The department of revenue shall classify the total value of an alternating current transmission
27	line in accorda	nce with the determination made by the department of environmental quality pursuant to
28	subsection (2)	(a).



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1	(c)	The owner of property described under this subsection (2) shall disclose the location of the	
2	generation faci	lities specified in subsection (1) and information sufficient to demonstrate that there is a firm	
3	contract for transmission capacity available throughout the year. For purposes of the initial qualification, the		
4	owner is not re	quired to disclose financial terms and conditions of contracts beyond that needed for	
5	classification.		
6	(3)	Class fourteen property does not include facilities:	
7	(a)	at which the standard prevailing rate of wages for heavy construction, as provided in 18-2-414,	
8	was not paid d	uring the construction phase; or	
9	(b)	that are exempt under 15-6-225.	
10	(4)	For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
11	(a)	"Biomass generation facilities" means any combination of boilers, generators, associated prime	
12	movers, and ot	her associated property, including appurtenant land and improvements and personal property,	
13	that are norma	lly operated together to produce electric power from the burning of organic material other than	
14	coal, petroleum	n, natural gas, or any products derived from coal, petroleum, or natural gas, with the use of	
15	natural gas or o	other fuels allowed for ignition and to stabilize boiler operations.	
16	(b)	(i) "Compressed air energy storage" means the conversion of electrical energy to compressed	
17	air by using an	electrically powered turbocompressor for storage in vessels designed for that purpose and in the	
18	earth, including	but not limited to deep saline formations, basalt formations, aquifers, depleted oil or gas	
19	reservoirs, aba	ndoned mines, and mined rock cavities.	
20	(ii)	The term includes the conversion of compressed air into electrical energy by using	
21	turboexpander	equipment and electrical generation equipment.	
22	(c)	(i) "Energy storage facilities" means hydroelectric pumped storage property, compressed air	
23	energy storage	property, regenerative fuel cells, batteries, flywheel storage property, or any combination of	
24	energy storage	facilities directly connected to the electrical power grid and associated property, appurtenant	
25	land and impro	vements, and personal property that are designed to:	
26	(A)	receive and store electrical energy as potential energy; and	
27	(B)	convert the stored energy into electrical energy for sale as an energy commodity or as	
28	electricity servi	ces to balance energy flow on the electrical power grid in order to maintain a stable transmission	



1 grid, including but not limited to frequency regulation ancillary services and frequency control.

- 2 (ii) The term includes only property that in the aggregate can store at least 0.25 megawatt hour
- 3 and has a power rating of at least 1 megawatt for a period of at least 0.25 hour.
- 4 (iii) The term does not include property, including associated property and appurtenant land and 5 improvements, that is used to hold water in ponds, reservoirs, or impoundments related to hydroelectric 6 pumped storage as defined in subsection (4)(e).
- 7 (d) "Flywheel storage" means a process that stores energy kinetically in the form of a rotating
- 8 flywheel. Energy stored by the rotating flywheel can be converted to electrical energy through the flywheel's
- 9 integrated electric generator.
- (e) "Hydroelectric pumped storage" means a process that converts electrical energy to potential
  energy by pumping water to a higher elevation, where it can be stored indefinitely and then released to pass
  through hydraulic turbines and generate electrical energy.
- (f) (i) "Regenerative fuel cell" means a device that produces hydrogen and oxygen from electricity
   and water and alternately produces electrical energy and water from stored hydrogen and oxygen.
- 15 (ii) The term does not include a green hydrogen facility, green hydrogen pipeline, or green
- 16 hydrogen storage system as defined in 15-6-163.
- (g) "Wind generation facilities" means any combination of a physically connected wind turbine or
   turbines, associated prime movers, and other associated property, including appurtenant land and
- 19 improvements and personal property, that are normally operated together to produce electric power from wind.
- 20 (5) (a) The department of environmental quality shall determine whether to certify that a 21 transmission line meets the criteria of subsection (1)(x), (1)(y), or (1)(z), as applicable, based on an application 22 provided for in 15-24-3112. The department of environmental quality shall review the certification 10 years after 23 the line is a set of the line is the set of the set of the set of the line is (4)(x), (4)(x)
- 23 the line is operational, and if the property no longer meets the requirements of subsection (1)(x), (1)(y), or
- (1)(z), the certification must be revoked.
- (b) If the department of revenue finds that a certification previously granted was based on an
  application that the applicant knew was false or fraudulent, the property must be placed in class nine under 156-141. If the application was fraudulent, the applicant may be liable for additional taxes, penalty, and interest
  from the time that the certification was in effect.



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1 2	(6)	Class fourteen property is taxed at 3% of its market value."	
3	Sect	ion 2. Section 15-6-158, MCA, is amended to read:	
4	"15-6	6-158. Class fifteen property description taxable percentage. (1) Class f	ifteen property
5	includes:		
6	(a)	carbon dioxide pipelines certified by the department of environmental quality u	inder 15-24-3112
7	for the transp	ortation of carbon dioxide for the purposes of sequestration or for use in closed-lo	op enhanced oil
8	recovery ope	rations;	
9	(b)	qualified liquid pipelines certified by the department of environmental quality u	nder 15-24-3112;
10	(c)	carbon sequestration equipment;	
11	(d)	equipment used in closed-loop enhanced oil recovery operations; and	
12	(e)	all property of pipelines, including pumping and compression equipment, carry	ring products
13	other than ca	rbon dioxide, that originate at facilities specified in 15-6-157(1), with at least 90%	of the product
14	carried by the	e pipeline originating at facilities specified in 15-6-157(1) and terminating at an exi	sting pipeline or
15	facility.		
16	(2)	For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
17	(a)	"Carbon dioxide pipeline" means a pipeline that transports carbon dioxide from	า a plant or
18	facility that pr	roduces or captures carbon dioxide to a carbon sequestration point, including a cle	osed-loop
19	enhanced oil	recovery operation.	
20	(b)	"Carbon sequestration" means the long-term storage of carbon dioxide from a	carbon dioxide
21	pipeline in ge	ologic formations, including but not limited to deep saline formations, basalt or oil	shale
22	formations, d	epleted oil and gas reservoirs, unminable coal beds, and closed-loop enhanced o	il recovery
23	operations.		
24	(c)	"Carbon sequestration equipment" means the equipment used for carbon sequ	uestration,
25	including equ	ipment used to inject carbon dioxide at the carbon sequestration point and equipr	nent used to
26	retain carbon	dioxide in the sequestration location.	
27	(d)	"Carbon sequestration point" means the location where the carbon dioxide is t	o be confined for
28	sequestratior	1.	

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1 (e) "Closed-loop enhanced oil recovery operation" means all oil production equipment, as 2 described in 15-6-138(1)(c), owned by an entity that owns or operates an operation that, after construction, 3 installation, and testing has been completed and the full enhanced oil recovery process has been commenced. 4 injects carbon dioxide to increase the amount of crude oil that can be recovered from a well and retains as 5 much of the injected carbon dioxide as practicable, but not less than 85% of the carbon dioxide injected each 6 year absent catastrophic or unforeseen occurrences. 7 (f) "Liquid pipeline" means a pipeline that is dedicated to using 90% of its pipeline capacity for 8 transporting fuel or methane gas from a coal gasification facility, biodiesel production facility, biogas production 9 facility, or ethanol production facility, renewable diesel production facility, or sustainable aviation fuel production 10 facility. 11 (g) "Plant or facility that produces or captures carbon dioxide" means a facility that produces a flow 12 of carbon dioxide that can be sequestered or used in a closed-loop enhanced oil recovery operation. This does 13 not include wells from which the primary product is carbon dioxide. 14 Class fifteen property does not include a carbon dioxide pipeline, liquid pipeline, or closed-loop (3) 15 enhanced oil recovery operation for which, during construction, the standard prevailing wages for heavy 16 construction, as provided in 18-2-414, were not paid during the construction phase. 17 (4) (a) Except as provided in subsection (4)(b), class fifteen property is taxed at 3% of its market 18 value. 19 (b) Carbon sequestration equipment placed in service after January 1, 2014, that is certified as 20 provided in subsection (5) and that has a current granted tax abatement under 15-24-3111 is taxed at 1.5% of 21 its reduced market value during the gualifying period provided for in 15-24-3111(7). 22 (5) (a) Requests for certification must be made on forms available from the department of revenue. 23 Certification may not be granted unless the applicant is in substantial compliance with all applicable rules, laws, 24 orders, or permit conditions. Certification remains in effect only as long as substantial compliance continues. 25 The board of oil and gas conservation shall promulgate rules specifying procedures, including (b) 26 timeframes for certification application, and definitions necessary to identify carbon sequestration equipment for 27 certification and compliance. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules pertaining to the valuation of 28 carbon sequestration equipment. The board of oil and gas conservation shall identify and track compliance in



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1	the use of carb	oon sequestration equipment and report continuous acts or patterns of noncomp	liance at a facility
2	to the departm	ent of revenue. Casual or isolated incidents of noncompliance at a facility do no	t affect
3	certification.		
4	(c)	A person may appeal the certification, classification, and valuation of the prope	erty to the
5	Montana tax a	ppeal board. Appeals on the property certification must name the board of oil an	d gas
6	conservation a	is the respondent, and appeals on the classification or valuation of the equipmer	it must name the
7	department of	revenue as the respondent."	
8			
9	Sectio	on 3. Section 15-24-3102, MCA, is amended to read:	
10	"15-24	-3102. Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context requires otherwise	, the following
11	definitions app	ly:	
12	(1)	"Biodiesel" has the meaning provided in 15-70-401.	
13	(2)	"Biodiesel production facility" means improvements and personal property use	d for the
14	production and	d onsite storage of biodiesel.	
15	(3)	"Biogas" means methane gas produced through controlled biochemical proces	ses in which
16	bacteria digest	t animal, municipal, or other organic wastes in an oxygen-free environment. The	term includes
17	naturally occur	rring methane gas formed underground in landfills.	
18	(4)	"Biogas production facility" means improvements and personal property used	for the production
19	of biogas and t	the generation of electricity at the facility.	
20	(5)	"Biomass" means any renewable organic matter, including dedicated energy o	rops and trees,
21	agricultural foc	od and feed crops, agricultural crop wastes and residues, wood wastes and resid	lues, aquatic
22	plants, animal	wastes, municipal wastes, and other organic waste materials.	
23	(6)	"Biomass gasification" means a technology that uses a thermochemical proce	ss to convert
24	biomass into a	low-Btu or medium-Btu gas for the purpose of producing electricity, methane ga	as, transportation
25	fuels, or chemi	icals. The technology includes the pretreatment of biomass feedstock involving o	Jrying,
26	pulverizing, an	d screening.	
27	(7)	"Biomass gasification facility" means improvements and personal property use	d for the
28	production of f	uel or chemicals and the generation of electricity from biomass at the facility.	

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1 (8) "Carbon sequestration" means the long-term storage of carbon dioxide from a plant or facility 2 that produces or captures carbon dioxide, as defined in 15-6-158, in geologic formations, including but not 3 limited to deep saline formations, basalt or oil shale formations, depleted oil and gas reservoirs, unminable coal 4 beds, and closed-loop enhanced oil recovery operations.

- 5 (9) "Clean advanced coal research and development equipment" means equipment used primarily 6 for research and development of emerging methods for pollution control, carbon capture, and carbon 7 sequestration. The term includes equipment used for research and development of effective and efficient 8 removal of various pollutants and the capture, storage, transportation, compression, and injection of carbon
- 9 dioxide from coal combustion utility and industrial facilities and advanced coal conversion facilities.

10 (10) "Coal gasification" means a process that converts coal into a synthesis gas composed of 11 carbon monoxide, hydrogen, and other gases. The coal gasification process includes the reaction of coal 12 feedstock, prepared in either a dry or slurried form, with steam and oxygen at high temperature and pressure in 13 a reducing atmosphere. The synthesis gas is then used to produce electricity, liquid fuels, methane gas, or 14 chemicals.

(11) "Coal gasification facility" means improvements and personal property used for coal
gasification that are used for the production of fuel or chemicals, the generation of electricity, or any
combination of those things at the facility. The term includes a coal-to-liquid facility or an integrated gasification
combined cycle facility.

(12) "Coal-to-liquid facility" means improvements and personal property used for the production of
 synthetic liquid fuels from coal. The term includes a facility that uses the Fischer-Tropsch process or other
 processes to convert synthesis gas produced by coal gasification into liquid fuel.

(13) "Commencement of construction" means initiation of onsite fabrication, erection, or installation
 of, but not limited to, the following:

- 24 (a) building supports or foundations;
- 25 (b) laying of underground pipework; or

26 (c) construction of storage structures.

(14) "Ethanol" means nominally anhydrous ethyl alcohol that has been denatured as specified in 27
CFR, parts 20 and 21, and that meets the standards for ethanol adopted pursuant to 82-15-103.



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1	(15)	"Ethanol production facility" means improvements and personal property used	d for the
2	production and	l onsite storage of ethanol made from cellulose or other nonfoodstuff materials.	
3	(16)	"Geothermal facility" means improvements and personal property used for the	e production of
4	electricity from	geothermal sources.	
5	(17)	"Integrated gasification combined cycle facility" means improvements and per	rsonal property of
6	an electrical ge	eneration facility that uses a coal gasification process and routes synthesis gas	to a combustion
7	turbine to gene	erate electricity and captures the heat from the combustion to drive a steam turk	oine to produce
8	more electricity	y. The facility may also use incidental amounts of natural gas or other fuels in th	e combustion
9	turbine.		
10	<u>(18)</u>	"Renewable diesel" means a biomass-derived fuel that is suitable for use in d	iesel engines that
11	<u>is hydrocarbon</u>	produced by hydrotreating and also through gasification, pyrolysis, or other bio	ochemical and
12	thermochemica	al technology, or any combination of these technologies. The term includes ren	ewable diesel fuel
13	that meets the	ASTM D975 specification for petroleum diesel in the United States.	
14	<u>(19)</u>	"Renewable diesel production facility" means improvements and personal pro	perty used for the
15	production and	l onsite storage of renewable diesel.	
16	<del>(18)<u>(</u>2(</del>	0) "Renewable energy" includes the following:	
17	(a)	solar energy;	
18	(b)	wind energy;	
19	(c)	geothermal energy;	
20	(d)	energy from the conversion of biomass;	
21	(e)	energy from biogas;	
22	(f)	energy from fuel cells that do not require a petroleum-based fuel;	
23	(g)	energy from waste heat; and	
24	(h)	cellulosic ethanol.	
25	<del>(19)<u>(</u>2</del>	1) (a) "Renewable energy manufacturing facility" means improvements and per	rsonal property
26	used by a facil	ity with its principal business being the manufacturing of material, component p	arts, systems, or
27	similar equipm	ent for use in facilities that convert renewable energy into forms of energy useful	ul to people,
28	including elect	ricity. The term includes facilities for manufacturing of electric motor vehicles or	hybrid electric



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1 motor vehicles.

2	(b)	For purposes of subsection (19)(a) (21)(a), "principal business" means a renewable energy
3	manufacturing	facility with at least 50%, by value, of its annual production suitable for sale as renewable energy
4	material, comp	onent parts, systems, or similar equipment.
5	<del>(20)<u>(</u>22</del>	2) "Renewable energy research and development equipment" means equipment used primarily
6	for research ar	d development of the efficient use of renewable energy sources. The term includes equipment
7	used for resear	rch and development of electric motor vehicles or hybrid electric motor vehicles.
8	<u>(23)</u>	"Sustainable aviation fuel" means an aviation fuel derived from renewable resources that
9	<u>enables a redu</u>	ction in net life cycle carbon dioxide emissions compared to conventional fuels. The term
10	includes fuel th	at meets the ASTM D7566 specification for nonpetroleum synthesized jet fuel in the United
11	<u>States.</u>	
12	<u>(24)</u>	"Sustainable aviation fuel production facility" means improvements and personal property used
13	for the product	ion and onsite storage of sustainable aviation fuel."
14		
15	Sectio	<b>n 4.</b> Section 15-24-3111, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"15-24	-3111. Energy production or development tax abatement eligibility. (1) A facility listed
17	in subsection (	3), clean advanced coal research and development equipment, and renewable energy research
18	and developme	ent equipment may qualify for an abatement of property tax liability pursuant to this part.
19	(2)	(a) If the abatement is granted for a facility listed in subsection (3), the qualifying facility must
20	be assessed a	t 50% of its taxable value for the qualifying period.
21	(b)	If the abatement is granted for clean advanced coal research and development equipment or
22	renewable ene	rgy research and development equipment, the qualifying equipment, up to the first \$1 million of
23	the value of eq	uipment at a facility, must be assessed at 50% of its taxable value for the qualifying period.
24	There is no aba	atement for any portion of the value of equipment at a facility in excess of \$1 million.
25	(c)	The abatement applies to all mills levied against the qualifying facility or equipment.
26	(3)	Subject to subsections (4) and (5), the following facilities or property may qualify for the
27	abatement allo	wed under this part:
28	(a)	biodiesel production facilities;



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4	(b)	biogon production facilities	
1	(b)	biogas production facilities;	
2	(c)	biomass gasification facilities;	
3	(d)	coal gasification facilities for which carbon dioxide from the coal gasification pro	Cess Is
4	sequestered;		
5	(e)	ethanol production facilities;	
6	(f)	geothermal facilities;	
7	<u>(g)</u>	renewable diesel production facilities;	
8	<del>(g)(h)</del>		
9	<del>(h)<u>(i)</u></del>	clean advanced coal research and development equipment and renewable ene	rgy research
10	and developm	ment equipment;	
11	<del>(i)(j)</del>	a natural gas combined cycle facility that offsets a portion of the carbon dioxide	produced
12	through carbo	on credit offsets;	
13	<del>(j)<u>(k)</u></del>	transmission lines and associated equipment and structures classified in 15-6-1	57;
14	<del>(k)<u>(</u>l)</del>	converter stations classified under 15-6-159;	
15	<del>(I)<u>(</u>m)</del>	) carbon sequestration equipment as defined in 15-6-158; <del>and</del>	
16	<del>(m)<u>(</u>n</del>	n) pipelines classified under 15-6-158 <u>; and</u>	
17	<u>(o)</u>	sustainable aviation fuel production facilities.	
18	(4)	(a) In order to qualify for the abatement under this part, a facility listed in subsec	ction (3) must
19	meet the follo	owing requirements:	
20	(i)	commencement of construction of the facility must occur after June 1, 2007; and	d
21	(ii)	the standard prevailing rate of wages for heavy construction, as provided in 18-	2-414, must be
22	paid during th	he construction phase of the facility.	
23	(b)	In order to qualify for the abatement under this part, clean advanced coal resea	rch and
24	development	equipment and renewable energy research and development equipment must be p	placed into
25	service after .	June 30, 2007.	
26	(c)	For the facility to qualify under subsection (3)(d), the carbon dioxide produced f	rom the
27	gasification process must be sequestered at a rate that is practically obtainable but may not be less than 65%.		ess than 65%.
28	(d)	Integrated gasification combined cycle facilities for which a permit under Title 75	5, chapter 2, is
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- 2023 68th L	egislature 2023	Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022 SB0510.001.001		
1	applied for afte	er December 31, 2014, do not qualify under subsection (3)(d).		
2	(e)	To qualify under subsection (3)(i) (3)(j), the facility shall offset carbon dioxide emissions by the		
3	percentage de	termined in 15-24-3116.		
4	(5)	To qualify for an abatement, the facility or clean advanced coal research and development		
5	equipment and	I renewable energy research and development equipment must be certified as provided in 15-24-		
6	3112.			
7	(6)	Upon termination of the qualifying period, the abatement ceases and the property for which the		
8	abatement had	been granted must be assessed at 100% of its taxable value.		
9	(7)	For the purposes of this section, "qualifying period" means the construction period and the first		
10	15 years after	the facility commences operation or the clean advanced coal research and development		
11	equipment or r	enewable energy research and development equipment is purchased. The total time of the		
12	qualifying perio	od may not exceed 19 years."		
13				
14	NEW S	SECTION. Section 5. Applicability. [This act] applies to a renewable diesel production facility		

- 15 or a sustainable aviation fuel production facility that commences construction after December 31, 2020, and the
- 16 abatement provided by [this act] applies to property tax years beginning after December 31, 2023.

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