1	SENATE BILL NO. 514
2	INTRODUCED BY B. MOLNAR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX REFUNDS OF
5	SURPLUS REVENUE; PROVIDING REFUNDABLE INCOME TAX CREDITS FOR SOCIAL SECURITY, TIER
6	1 RAILROAD RETIREMENT, AND MILITARY PENSION OR MILITARY RETIREMENT INCOME SUBJECT TO
7	STATE INCOME TAXES IN-2021 AND 2022; PROVIDING A REFUNDABLE INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR
8	INCOME THAT WAS TAXED AT A RATE EXCEEDING 5.9% IN TAX YEAR 2022; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS;
9	PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-30-2110 AND 15-30-2120, MCA; AND
10	PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES, A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE, AND A TERMINATION DATE."
11	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	
14	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Surplus revenue income tax credits social security and tier 1
15	railroad retirement income military pension and retirement income rate reduction. (1) For tax year
16	2023, an individual resident taxpayer is allowed credits against the taxes imposed by 15-30-2103 in an amount
17	equal to the total amount of state income taxes paid on:
18	(a) social security benefits or tier 1 railroad retirement benefits received or accrued while a resident
19	of the state in tax years 2021 and year 2022;
20	(b) military pensions or military retirement income received or accrued while a resident of the state
21	in tax -years 2021 and <u>year</u> 2022; and
22	(c) taxable income that was taxed at a rate greater than 5.9% while a resident of the state in tax
23	year 2022.
24	(2) For the purpose of subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), the department shall prepare forms that are
25	filed with the 2023 individual income tax return that provide for a calculation of the amount of tax liabilities a
26	taxpayer would have had in tax-years 2021 and year 2022 if social security or tier 1 railroad retirement income
27	and military pension or military retirement income were exempt from income tax in tax-years 2021 and year
28	2022. The credit amount is equal to the amount of tax liability reported on the 2021 and 2022 returns return
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1	minus the tax li	ability as recalculated pursuant to this subsection. The recalculated tax amount must provide for
2	a reduction in t	ax rates pursuant to subsection (3). If the recalculated tax liability is less than zero, the credit
3	must also inclu	de the amount of the refund that would have been issued.
4	(3)	For the purpose of subsection (1)(c), the department shall prepare a form that is filed with the
5	2023 individual	income tax return that provides for a calculation of the amount of tax liabilities a taxpayer would
6	have had in tax	x year 2022 if the rate of tax in 15-30-2103(1)(f) and (1)(g) was 5.9%. The credit amount is equal
7	to the amount o	of tax liability reported on the 2022 return minus the tax liability as recalculated pursuant to this
8	subsection. The	e recalculated tax amount must provide for a reduction in tax liability pursuant to subsection (2).
9	If the recalculat	ted tax liability is less than zero, the credit must also include the amount of the refund that would
10	have been issued.	
11	(4)	The credits provided by this section may be claimed even though the taxpayer has no income
12	taxable under t	his chapter.
13	(5)	The department may adopt rules, prepare forms, and maintain records that are necessary to
14	implement the	credits provided by this section.
15	(6)	The tax credits received pursuant to this section are exempt from state income taxes.
16	(7)	For the purposes of this section, "military pension or military retirement income" means money
17	that is received	by a retired member of:
18	(a)	the armed forces of the United States, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 101;
19	(b)	the Montana army national guard or the army national guard of other states;
20	(c)	the Montana air national guard or the air national guard of other states; or
21	(d)	a reserve component, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101, of the United States armed forces; and
22	(e)	all income received as survivor benefits for military service provided for in subsections (7)(a)
23	through (7)(d).	
24		
25	Sectio	n 2. Section 15-30-2110, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"15-30-	-2110. (Temporary) Adjusted gross income. (1) Subject to subsection (15), adjusted gross
27	income is the ta	axpayer's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code,
28	26 U.S.C. 62, a	and in addition includes the following:



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	egislature 2023	Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022 SB0514.001.002	
1	(a)	(i) interest received on obligations of another state or territory or county, municipality, district, or	
2	other political s	subdivision of another state, except to the extent that the interest is exempt from taxation by	
3	Montana unde	r federal law;	
4	(ii)	exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26	
5	U.S.C. 852(b)(5), that are attributable to the interest referred to in subsection (1)(a)(i);	
6	(b)	refunds received of federal income tax, to the extent that the deduction of the tax resulted in a	
7	reduction of M	ontana income tax liability as determined under subsection (16);	
8	(c)	that portion of a shareholder's income under subchapter S. of Chapter 1 of the Internal	
9	Revenue Code	e that has been reduced by any federal taxes paid by the subchapter S. corporation on the	
10	income;		
11	(d)	depreciation or amortization taken on a title plant as defined in 33-25-105;	
12	(e)	the recovery during the tax year of an amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that	
13	the amount rec	covered reduced the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;	
14	(f)	if the state taxable distribution of an estate or trust is greater than the federal taxable	
15	distribution of t	the same estate or trust, the difference between the state taxable distribution and the federal	
16	taxable distribu	ution of the same estate or trust for the same tax period; and	
17	(g)	except for exempt-interest dividends described in subsection (2)(a)(ii), the amount of any	
18	dividend to the	extent that the dividend is not included in federal adjusted gross income.	
19	(2)	Notwithstanding the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted gross income does not	
20	include the foll	owing, which are exempt from taxation under this chapter:	
21	(a)	(i) all interest income from obligations of the United States government, the state of Montana,	
22	or a county, m	unicipality, district, or other political subdivision of the state and any other interest income that is	
23	exempt from ta	axation by Montana under federal law;	
24	(ii)	exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26	
25	U.S.C. 852(b)(5), that are attributable to the interest referred to in subsection (2)(a)(i);	
26	(b)	interest income earned by a taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older in a tax year up to and	
27	including \$800	for a taxpayer filing a separate return and \$1,600 for each joint return;	
28	(C)	(i) except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii) and subject to subsection (17), the first \$4,070 of	



1 all pension and annuity income received as defined in 15-30-2101;

- 2 (ii) subject to subsection (17), for pension and annuity income described under subsection (2)(c)(i),
 3 as follows:
- 4 (A) each taxpayer filing singly, head of household, or married filing separately shall reduce the total 5 amount of the exclusion provided in subsection (2)(c)(i) by \$2 for every \$1 of federal adjusted gross income in 6 excess of \$33,910 as shown on the taxpayer's return;
- 7 (B) in the case of married taxpayers filing jointly, if both taxpayers are receiving pension or annuity
- 8 income or if only one taxpayer is receiving pension or annuity income, the exclusion claimed as provided in
- 9 subsection (2)(c)(i) must be reduced by \$2 for every \$1 of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$33,910
- 10 as shown on their joint return;
- 11 (d) all Montana income tax refunds or tax refund credits;
- 12 (e) gain required to be recognized by a liquidating corporation under 15-31-113(1)(a)(ii);
- 13 (f) all tips or gratuities that are covered by section 3402(k) or service charges that are covered by
- section 3401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C. 3402(k) or 3401, as amended and applicable on
- 15 January 1, 1983, received by a person for services rendered to patrons of premises licensed to provide food,
- 16 beverage, or lodging;
- 17 (g) all benefits received under the workers' compensation laws;
- 18 (h) all health insurance premiums paid by an employer for an employee if attributed as income to
 19 the employee under federal law;
- 20 (i) all money received because of a settlement agreement or judgment in a lawsuit brought
- against a manufacturer or distributor of "agent orange" for damages resulting from exposure to "agent orange";
- 22 (j) principal and income in a medical care savings account established in accordance with 15-61-
- 23 201 or withdrawn from an account for eligible medical expenses, as defined in 15-61-102, including a medical
- care savings account inherited by an immediate family member as provided in 15-61-202(6);
- 25 (k) principal and income in a first-time home buyer savings account established in accordance with
- 26 15-63-201 or withdrawn from an account for eligible costs, as provided in 15-63-202(7), for the first-time
- 27 purchase of a single-family residence;
- 28

(I) contributions or earnings withdrawn from an account established under the Montana family



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Drafter: Jaret Coles, 406-444-4022

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1	education savi	ngs program, Title 15, chapter 62, or from a qualified tuition program established and maintained
2	by another stat	e as provided by section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
3	529(b)(1)(A)(ii)	, for qualified education expenses, as defined in 15-62-103, of a designated beneficiary;
4	(m)	the recovery during the tax year of any amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
5	the recovered	amount did not reduce the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;
6	(n)	if the federal taxable distribution of an estate or trust is greater than the state taxable
7	distribution of t	he same estate or trust, the difference between the federal taxable distribution and the state
8	taxable distribu	ition of the same estate or trust for the same tax period;
9	(o)	deposits, not exceeding the amount set forth in 15-30-3003, deposited in a Montana farm and
10	ranch risk man	agement account, as provided in 15-30-3001 through 15-30-3005, in any tax year for which a
11	deduction is no	ot provided for federal income tax purposes;
12	(p)	income of a dependent child that is included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income
13	pursuant to the	Internal Revenue Code. The child is required to file a Montana personal income tax return if the
14	child and taxpa	ayer meet the filing requirements in 15-30-2602.
15	(q)	principal and income deposited in a health care expense trust account, as defined in 2-18-
16	1303, or withdr	rawn from the account for payment of qualified health care expenses as defined in 2-18-1303;
17	(r)	the amount of the gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a mobile home park as
18	provided in 15-	31-163;
19	(s)	the amount of a scholarship to an eligible student by a student scholarship organization
20	pursuant to 15	-30-3104; and
21	(t)	a payment received by a private landowner for providing public access to public land pursuant
22	to Title 76, cha	pter 17, part 1 <u>; and</u>
23	<u>(u)</u>	the amount of income tax credits received pursuant to [section 1].
24	(3)	A shareholder of a DISC that is exempt from the corporate income tax under 15-31-102(1)(I)
25	shall include in	the shareholder's adjusted gross income the earnings and profits of the DISC in the same
26	manner as pro	vided by section 995 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 995, for all periods for which the
27	DISC election i	is effective.
28	(4)	(a) A taxpayer who, in determining federal adjusted gross income, has reduced the taxpayer's



1 business deductions:

2 (i) by an amount for wages and salaries for which a federal tax credit was elected under sections
38 and 51(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 38 and 51(a), is allowed to deduct the amount of the
4 wages and salaries paid regardless of the credit taken; or

5

(ii) for which a federal tax credit was elected under the Internal Revenue Code is allowed to

6 deduct the amount of the business expense paid when there is no corresponding state income tax credit or

7 deduction, regardless of the credit taken.

8 (b) The deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made in the year that the wages, salaries, or 9 business expenses were used to compute the credit. In the case of a partnership or small business corporation, 10 the deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made to determine the amount of income or loss of the partnership 11 or small business corporation.

12 (5) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are required to include part of their social 13 security benefits or part of their tier 1 railroad retirement benefits in federal adjusted gross income may split the 14 federal base used in calculation of federal taxable social security benefits or federal taxable tier 1 railroad 15 retirement benefits when they file separate Montana income tax returns. The federal base must be split equally 16 on the Montana return.

17 (6) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are allowed a capital loss deduction under 18 section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1211, and who file separate Montana income tax returns 19 may claim the same amount of the capital loss deduction that is allowed on the federal return. If the allowable 20 capital loss is clearly attributable to one spouse, the loss must be shown on that spouse's return; otherwise, the 21 loss must be split equally on each return.

(7) In the case of passive and rental income losses, married taxpayers filing a joint federal return
and who file separate Montana income tax returns are not required to recompute allowable passive losses
according to the federal passive activity rules for married taxpayers filing separately under section 469 of the
Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 469. If the allowable passive loss is clearly attributable to one spouse, the
loss must be shown on that spouse's return; otherwise, the loss must be split equally on each return.

27 (8) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return in which one or both of the taxpayers are allowed
28 a deduction for an individual retirement contribution under section 219 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.



219, and who file separate Montana income tax returns may claim the same amount of the deduction that is
allowed on the federal return. The deduction must be attributed to the spouse who made the contribution.
(9) (a) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are allowed a deduction for interest paid
for a qualified education loan under section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 221, and who file
separate Montana income tax returns may claim the same amount of the deduction that is allowed on the
federal return. The deduction may be split equally on each return or in proportion to each taxpayer's share of
federal adjusted gross income.

8 (b) Married taxpayers filing a joint federal return who are allowed a deduction for qualified tuition 9 and related expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 222, and who file separate 10 Montana income tax returns may claim the same amount of the deduction that is allowed on the federal return. 11 The deduction may be split equally on each return or in proportion to each taxpayer's share of federal adjusted 12 gross income.

13 A taxpayer receiving retirement disability benefits who has not attained 65 years of age by the (10)14 end of the tax year and who has retired as permanently and totally disabled may exclude from adjusted gross 15 income up to \$100 a week received as wages or payments in lieu of wages for a period during which the 16 employee is absent from work due to the disability. If the adjusted gross income before this exclusion exceeds 17 \$15,000, the excess reduces the exclusion by an equal amount. This limitation affects the amount of exclusion, 18 but not the taxpayer's eligibility for the exclusion. If eligible, married individuals shall apply the exclusion 19 separately, but the limitation for income exceeding \$15,000 is determined with respect to the spouses on their 20 combined adjusted gross income. For the purpose of this subsection, "permanently and totally disabled" means 21 unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determined physical or mental 22 impairment lasting or expected to last at least 12 months.

(11) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana family education savings program or to a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state as provided by section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), may reduce adjusted gross income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of married taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not in excess of \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions to the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat half of the total contributions made by the spouses as being made



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1	by each spous	e. The reduction in adjusted gross income under this subsection applies only with respect to		
2	contributions to an account of which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's			
3	child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of subsection (1)(e)			
4	do not apply w	ith respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced adjusted gross income.		
5	(b)	Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (11) are subject to the recapture tax provided in		
6	15-62-208.			
7	(12)	(a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana		
8	achieving a be	tter life experience program or to a qualified program established and maintained by another		
9	state may redu	ce adjusted gross income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case		
10	of married taxp	ayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not to exceed \$3,000, for the spouses'		
11	contributions to	o the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat one-half of the total contributions made by the		
12	spouses as be	ing made by each spouse. The reduction in adjusted gross income under this subsection (12)(a)		
13	applies only wi	th respect to contributions to an account for which the account owner is the taxpayer, the		
14	taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident.			
15	The provisions of subsection (1)(e) do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced			
16	adjusted gross income.			
17	(b)	Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (12) are subject to the recapture tax provided in		
18	53-25-118.			
19	(13)	(a) A taxpayer may exclude the amount of the loan payment received pursuant to subsection		
20	(13)(a)(iv), not	to exceed \$5,000, from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income if the taxpayer:		
21	(i)	is a health care professional licensed in Montana as provided in Title 37;		
22	(ii)	is serving a significant portion of a designated geographic area, special population, or facility		
23	population in a	federally designated health professional shortage area, a medically underserved area or		
24	population, or a	a federal nursing shortage county as determined by the secretary of health and human services		
25	or by the gover	nor;		
26	(iii)	has had a student loan incurred as a result of health-related education; and		
27	(iv)	has received a loan payment during the tax year made on the taxpayer's behalf by a loan		
28	repayment pro	gram described in subsection (13)(b) as an incentive to practice in Montana.		
	Legislativ Services Division			

Division

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1	(b)	For the purposes of subsection (13)(a), a loan repayment program includes a federal, state, or
2	qualified private	e program. A qualified private loan repayment program includes a licensed health care facility, as
3	defined in 50-5	-101, that makes student loan payments on behalf of the person who is employed by the facility
4	as a licensed h	ealth care professional.
5	(14)	A taxpayer may exclude the amount of loan repayment assistance received during the tax year
6	pursuant to Titl	e 20, chapter 4, part 5, not to exceed \$5,000, from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.
7	(15)	Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), adjusted gross income does not include 40%
8	of capital gains	on the sale or exchange of capital assets before December 31, 1986, as capital gains are
9	determined und	der subchapter P. of Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code as it read on December 31, 1986.
10	(16)	A refund received of federal income tax referred to in subsection (1)(b) must be allocated in the
11	following order	as applicable:
12	(a)	to federal income tax in a prior tax year that was not deducted on the state tax return in that
13	prior tax year;	
14	(b)	to federal income tax in a prior tax year that was deducted on the state tax return in that prior
15	tax year but dio	I not result in a reduction in state income tax liability in that prior tax year; and
16	(c)	to federal income tax in a prior tax year that was deducted on the state tax return in that prior
17	tax year and th	at reduced the taxpayer's state income tax liability in that prior tax year.
18	(17)	By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the amount of pension and annuity
19	income contain	ed in subsection (2)(c)(i) and the federal adjusted gross income amounts in subsection (2)(c)(ii)
20	by the inflation	factor for the following tax year, rounded to the nearest \$10. The resulting amounts are effective
21	for that followin	g tax year and must be used as the basis for the exemption determined under subsection (2)(c).
22	(Repealed effe	ctive January 1, 2024secs. 65, 70(1), Ch. 503, L. 2021; subsection (2)(f) terminates on
23	occurrence of o	contingencysec. 3, Ch. 634, L. 1983; subsection (2)(o) terminates on occurrence of
24	contingencyse	ec. 9, Ch. 262, L. 2001; subsection (2)(t) terminates June 30, 2027sec. 10, Ch. 374, L. 2017;
25	subsection (2)(s) terminates December 31, 2029sec. 20, Ch. 480, L. 2021.)"
26		
27	Sectio	n 3. Section 15-30-2120, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"1 5- 30-	-2120. (Effective January 1, 2024) Adjustments to federal taxable income to determine



1	Montana taxal	ole income. (1) The items in subsection (2) are added to and the items in subsection (3) are
2	subtracted from	n federal taxable income to determine Montana taxable income.
3	(2)	The following are added to federal taxable income:
4	(a)	to the extent that it is not exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law, interest from
5	obligations of a	territory or another state or any political subdivision of a territory or another state and exempt-
6	interest dividen	ds attributable to that interest except to the extent already included in federal taxable income;
7	(b)	that portion of a shareholder's income under subchapter S. of Chapter 1 of the Internal
8	Revenue Code	that has been reduced by any federal taxes paid by the subchapter S. corporation on the
9	income;	
10	(c)	depreciation or amortization taken on a title plant as defined in 33-25-105;
11	(d)	the recovery during the tax year of an amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
12	the amount rec	overed reduced the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;
13	(e)	an item of income, deduction, or expense to the extent that it was used to calculate federal
14	taxable income	if the item was also used to calculate a credit against a Montana income tax liability;
15	(f)	a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary that was included
16	in the federal ta	axable income of an estate or trust in accordance with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal
17	Revenue Code	, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661;
18	(g)	a withdrawal from a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, used for
19	a purpose othe	r than an eligible medical expense or long-term care of the employee or account holder or a
20	dependent of the	ne employee or account holder;
21	(h)	a withdrawal from a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63,
22	used for a purp	ose other than for eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family residence;
23	(i)	for a taxpayer that deducts the qualified business income deduction pursuant to section 199A
24	of the Internal F	Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 199A, an amount equal to the qualified business income deduction
25	claimed; and	
26	(j)	for a taxpayer that deducts state income taxes pursuant to section 164(a)(3) of the Internal
27	Revenue Code	, 26 U.S.C. 164(a)(3), an additional amount equal to the state income tax deduction claimed, not
28	to exceed the a	amount required to reduce the federal itemized amount computed under section 161 of the



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1 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 161, to the amount of the federal standard deduction allowable under

2 section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 63(c).

3 (3) To the extent they are included as income or gain or not already excluded as a deduction or

4 expense in determining federal taxable income, the following are subtracted from federal taxable income:

5 (a) a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary in accordance

6 with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661, recalculated according to the

- 7 additions and subtractions in subsections (2) and (3)(b) through (3)(m) (3)(n);
- 8 (b) if exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law:
- 9 (i) interest from obligations of the United States government and exempt-interest dividends

10 attributable to that interest; and

11 (ii) railroad retirement benefits;

(c) (i) salary received from the armed forces by residents of Montana who are serving on active
 duty in the regular armed forces and who entered into active duty from Montana;

14 (ii) the salary received by residents of Montana for active duty in the national guard. For the

15 purposes of this subsection (3)(c)(ii), "active duty" means duty performed under an order issued to a national

16 guard member pursuant to:

- 17 (A) Title 10, U.S.C.; or
- 18 (B) Title 32, U.S.C., for a homeland defense activity, as defined in 32 U.S.C. 901, or a contingency

19 operation, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 101, and the person was a member of a unit engaged in a homeland

- 20 defense activity or contingency operation.
- 21 (iii) the amount received pursuant to 10-1-1114 or from the federal government by a service

22 member, as defined in 10-1-1112, as reimbursement for group life insurance premiums paid;

23 (iv) the amount received by a beneficiary pursuant to 10-1-1201; and

24 (v) all payments made under the World War I bonus law, the Korean bonus law, and the veterans'

25 bonus law. Any income tax that has been or may be paid on income received from the World War I bonus law,

26 Korean bonus law, and the veterans' bonus law is considered an overpayment and must be refunded upon the

27 filing of an amended return and a verified claim for refund on forms prescribed by the department in the same

28 manner as other income tax refund claims are paid.



1		(d)	interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, that
2	are reta	ined in a	a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, and any withdrawal for
3	paymen	nt of elig	ible medical expenses or for the long-term care of the employee or account holder or a
4	depend	ent of th	e employee or account holder;
5		(e)	contributions or earnings withdrawn from a family education savings account provided for in
6	Title 15	, chapte	r 62, or from a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state as
7	provide	d in sec	tion 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), for qualified
8	educatio	on expe	nses, as defined in 15-62-103, of a designated beneficiary;
9		(f)	interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, that
10	are reta	ined in a	a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63, and any withdrawal
11	for payr	ment of e	eligible costs for the first-time purchase of a single-family residence;
12		(g)	for each taxpayer that has attained the age of 65, an additional subtraction of \$5,500;
13		(h)	the amount of a scholarship to an eligible student by a student scholarship organization
14	pursuar	nt to 15-3	30-3104;
15		(i)	a payment received by a private landowner for providing public access to public land pursuant
16	to Title	76, chap	oter 17, part 1;
17		(j)	the amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state or
18	any oth	er taxing	g jurisdiction to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes but not
19	previou	sly allow	ved as a deduction for Montana income tax purposes;
20		(k)	the recovery during the tax year of any amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
21	the reco	overed a	mount did not reduce the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;
22		(I)	an amount equal to 30% of net-long term capital gains, as defined in section 1222 of the
23	Internal	Revenu	ue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1222, if and to the extent such gain is taken into account in computing
24	federal taxable income; and		
25		(m)	the amount of the gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a mobile home park as
26	provide	d in 15-3	31-163 <u>; and</u>
27		<u>(n)</u>	the amount of income tax credits received pursuant to [section 1].
28		(4)	(a) A taxpayer who, in determining federal taxable income, has reduced the taxpayer's



1 business deductions:

2 (i) by an amount for wages and salaries for which a federal tax credit was elected under sections
38 and 51(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 38 and 51(a), is allowed to deduct the amount of the
4 wages and salaries paid regardless of the credit taken; or

5 (ii) for which a federal tax credit was elected under the Internal Revenue Code is allowed to

6 deduct the amount of the business expense paid when there is no corresponding state income tax credit or

7 deduction, regardless of the credit taken.

- 8 (b) The deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made in the year that the wages, salaries, or 9 business expenses were used to compute the credit. In the case of a partnership or small business corporation, 10 the deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made to determine the amount of income or loss of the partnership 11 or small business corporation.
- 12 (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana (5) 13 family education savings program or to a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state 14 as provided in section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), may reduce 15 taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of married taxpayers, each 16 spouse is entitled to a reduction, not in excess of \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions to the accounts. 17 Spouses may jointly elect to treat half of the total contributions made by the spouses as being made by each 18 spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (5)(a) applies only with respect to contributions 19 to an account of which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's child or 20 stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of subsection (2)(d) do not 21 apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced federal taxable income.
- (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (5) are subject to the recapture tax provided for
 in 15-62-208.
- (6) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
 achieving a better life experience program or to a qualified program established and maintained by another
 state may reduce taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of
 married taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not to exceed \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions
 to the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat one-half of the total contributions made by the spouses as



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1	being made by each spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (6)(a) applies only with
2	respect to contributions to an account for which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or
3	the taxpayer's child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of
4	subsection (2)(d) do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced taxable income.
5	(b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (6) are subject to the recapture tax provided in
6	53-25-118.
7	(7) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the subtraction from federal taxable
8	income for a taxpayer that has attained the age of 65 contained in subsection (3)(g) by the inflation factor for
9	that tax year, rounding the result to the nearest \$10. The resulting amount is effective for that tax year and must
10	be used as the basis for the subtraction from federal taxable income determined under subsection (3)(g)."
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
13	integral part of Title 15, chapter 30, part 23, and the provisions of Title 15, chapter 30, part 23, apply to [section
14	1].
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is
17	effective on passage and approval.
18	(2) [Section 3] is effective January 1, 2024.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Retroactive applicability. [Sections 1 and 2] apply retroactively, within
21	the meaning of 1-2-109, to the tax year beginning January 1, 2023.
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Termination. [Sections 1 through 3] terminate December 31, 2024.
24	- END -

