

Fiscal Note 2025 Biennium

Bill informat	ion:							
HB0257 - Rev	vise education laws related to	advanced opportunities pr	ogram (Sprunger	, Courtenay)				
Status:	As Amended in House C	Committee	mmittee					
□Significan	t Local Gov Impact	□Needs to be included in	n HB 2	Technical Concerns				
□Included i	n the Executive Budget	☐Significant Long-Term	Impacts	□Dedicated Revenue Form Attached				
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		FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027			
		Difference	Difference	Difference	Difference			
Expenditure	s:							
General Fu	nd	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,00	90 \$4,000,000	\$4,000,000			
Revenue:								
General Fu	nd	\$0	\$	\$0 \$0	\$0			
Net Impact-	General Fund Balance:	(\$4,000,000)	(\$4,000,00	(\$4,000,000)	(\$4,000,000)			

Description of fiscal impact: HB 257, as amended, expands personalized learning opportunities in K-12 public schools in association with the Advanced Opportunities Aid Program and provides a \$ 4million annual appropriation or a total of \$8 million in the 2025 biennium.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

Assumptions:

- 1. HB 257, Section 1, modifies the funding formula for advanced opportunities aid payments to K-12 school districts as follows:
 - a. elementary districts qualify for 4.5% of the district's prior year total quality educator payment.
 - b. High school districts qualify for 30% of the district's prior year total quality educator payment.
 - c. K-12 districts qualify for 18% of the district's prior year total quality educator payment.
- 2. Current law provides; elementary 3%, high school 20%, and K-12 districts 8.5% of the prior year quality educator payment as advanced opportunities aid payments for those school districts that apply and are chosen for the funding.
- 3. Quality educator component payments are anticipated to be based on a per FTE rate as indicated in the following table:

	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
QEC	\$3,472	\$3,566	\$3,673	\$3,783	\$3,865

4. District FTE is estimated as follows:

	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
Elementary	7,914	7,914	7,914	7,914	7,914
High					
School	3,171	3,171	3,171	3,171	3,171
K-12	2,280	2,280	2,280	2,280	2,280
Total	13,365	13,365	13,365	13,365	13,365

5. The following table includes the count of districts enrolled in the program and total annual distributions for FY 2021 through FY 2023.

	FY 2021		F	Y 2022	FY 2023	
	# of districts funded	Amount Distributed	# of districts funded	Amount Distributed	# of districts funded	Amount Distributed
Elementary	5	\$196,207	14	\$251,860	22	\$307,272
High School	5	\$553,793	16	\$948,668	26	\$1,226,574
K - 12	0	\$0	9	\$114,952	14	\$225,782
Total	10	\$750,000	39	\$1,315,480	62	\$1,759,628
Growth over the prior year			290%		59%	

- 6. Appropriation authority for FY 2021 was \$750,000 and limited the number of districts and amount of funding that could be distributed. In FY 2022, the biennial appropriation was \$1,673,558 and \$1,315,480 was distributed. In FY 2023, the appropriation was \$2,447,973 plus the difference not distributed in FY 2022 of \$358,078 and distribution will be \$1,759,628 leaving a balance of the appropriation to be reverted to the state general fund at the end of FY 2023 of \$1,146,423.
- 7. If the percentages in HB 257 had been in place for FY 2021 through FY 2023, the total distribution in each year of the 2023 biennium would have been more, however, fewer districts would have received funding as shown in the table below compared to the previous table.

	FY 2021		F	Y2022	FY2023	
	# of districts funded	Amount Distributed	# of districts funded	Amount Distributed	# of districts funded	Amount Distributed
Elementary	4	\$231,222	7	\$315,136	19	\$440,968
High School	4	\$518,778	9	\$1,235,900	21	\$1,749,889
K - 12	0	\$0	7	\$122,521	12	\$357,115
Total	8	\$750,000	23	\$1,973,558	52	\$2,547,973
Growth over the prior year			188%		126%	

8. As amended, Section 2 of the bill includes the limit on the number of districts who qualify for advanced opportunities aid based on the appropriation which would then allow all districts to be eligible to apply. Also

- restored is the language directing the requirements for order and priority associated with future year appropriations, reinstating language that was in the initial section of statute.
- 9. The percent of a district's annual distribution of advanced opportunity aid to be spent to address a pupil's out-of-pocket costs adjusts from 60% to 75% in this bill. This will increase funding to students and decrease the amount of funding at the discretion of the district trustees for advanced opportunity purposes.
- 10. The bill expands permissible expenditures by the district of these funds to include costs of participation for qualifying pupils in out-of-school enrichment activities that, in the discretion of the trustees, advance the pupil's opportunity for postsecondary career and educational success.
- 11. Amended language removes the requirement of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to include funding for advanced opportunity aid to support the participation of pupils in grades 6 through 12 in all districts.
- 12. Other factors that may influence increases to future distributions are expanded interest in the program, inflationary adjustments to BASE aid, growth in FTE staff, and the TEACH act (initiated through HB 143, 2021 Session).
- 13. The following table assumes all K-12 school districts in the state would apply for advanced opportunity aid funding per HB 257 and receive the payments each year.

	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
Elementary	\$1,236,462	\$1,269,937	\$1,308,043	\$1,347,216
High School	\$3,303,372	\$3,392,807	\$3,494,610	\$3,599,267
K-12	\$1,425,031	\$1,463,612	\$1,507,529	\$1,552,677
Total	\$5,964,865	\$6,126,356	\$6,310,181	\$6,499,160

- 14. HB 257 provides an annual appropriation of \$4.0 million from the state general fund for the distribution of advanced opportunity aid. The superintendent is directed to estimate an allocation sufficient for distribution in each year of the 2025 biennium in accordance with the definition of advanced opportunity aid pursuant to section 20-7-1503, MCA.
- 15. It is stated that the legislature intends the appropriation to remain as ongoing base is future biennia.
- 16. New section 4 includes coordination language that if both HB 2 and this act pass stating that the appropriated funds in HB 2 are void and the \$4 million annual appropriations are to remain.

(continued)

	FY 2024 Difference	FY 2025 Difference	FY 2026 Difference	FY 2027 Difference					
Fiscal Impact:									
Expenditures:									
Local Assistance	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000					
Unallocated	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
TOTAL Expenditures	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000					
Funding of Expenditures:									
General Fund (01)	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000					
TOTAL Funding of Exp.	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000					
Revenues:									
General Fund (01)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
TOTAL Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Revenue minus Funding of Expenditures):									
General Fund (01)	(\$4,000,000)	(\$4,000,000)	(\$4,000,000)	(\$4,000,000)					

Effect on County or Other Local Revenues or Expenditures:

1. Currently law language associated with the advanced opportunity aid allows a school district to use supplemental funding with matched expenditures from its adopted adult education budget, not to exceed 25% of the district's advanced opportunity aid. Increases associated with advanced opportunities aid formula as indicated in this bill could impact local property taxes in a school district's adult education fund.

NOT SIGNED BY SPONSOR

Sponsor's Initials

Date

Budget Director's Initials

Date