Division

1		НО	USE BILL NO. 29	
2		INTRODI	JCED BY J. CARLSON	١
3	BY REQUEST OF	THE CHILDREN, FAMILIES	, HEALTH, AND HUMA	AN SERVICES INTERIM COMMITTEE
4				
5	A BILL FOR AN AC	T ENTITLED: "AN ACT GEN	ERALLY REVISING LA	AWS REGARDING THE
6	INVOLUNTARY CO	MMITMENT OF INDIVIDUAL	S WITH ALZHEIMER	S DISEASE, OTHER FORMS OF
7	DEMENTIA, OR TR	AUMATIC BRAIN INJURY; E	NDING INVOLUNTAR	Y COMMITMENT OF THE
8	INDIVIDUALS AFTE	R JUNE 30, 2025, WHEN O	NLY CERTAIN COMM	ITMENT CRITERIA ARE MET;
9	REQUIRING THE D	EPARTMENT OF PUBLIC H	EALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES TO TRANSITION
10	MONTANA STATE I	HOSPITAL PATIENTS WITH	I THOSE DIAGNOSES	TO COMMUNITY SERVICES;
11	ESTABLISHING A T	EMPORARY TRANSITION	REVIEW COMMITTEE	; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION;
12	AMENDING SECTION	ONS 53-21-126, 53-21-127, {	53-21-401, AND 53-21-	402, MCA; AND PROVIDING
13	EFFECTIVE DATES	S AND A TERMINATION DAT	ΓΕ."	
14				
15	BE IT ENACTED BY	THE LEGISLATURE OF TH	IE STATE OF MONTA	NA:
16				
17	Section 1. S	Section 53-21-126, MCA, is a	mended to read:	
18	"53-21-126.	Trial or hearing on petition	on. (1) The respondent	must be present unless the
19	respondent's presen	ice has been waived as provi	ded in 53-21-119(2), a	nd the respondent must be represented
20	by counsel at all stag	ges of the trial. The trial must	be limited to the deter	mination of whether or not the
21	respondent is sufferi	ing from a mental disorder ar	nd requires commitmen	t. At the trial, the court shall consider all
22	the facts relevant to	the issues of whether the res	spondent is suffering fro	om a mental disorder. If the court
23	determines that the	respondent is suffering from	a mental disorder, the o	court shall then determine whether the
24	respondent requires	commitment. In determining	whether the responder	nt requires commitment and the
25	appropriate dispositi	ion under 53-21-127, the cou	rt shall consider the fol	lowing:
26	(a) whe	ther the respondent, becaus	e of a mental disorder,	is substantially unable to provide for the
27	respondent's own ba	asic needs of food, clothing, s	shelter, health, or safety	y;
28	(b) whe	ther the respondent has rece	ently, because of a mer	ntal disorder and through an act or an
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1 omission, caused self-injury or injury to others;

- 2 (c) whether, because of a mental disorder, there is an imminent threat of injury to the respondent
  3 or to others because of the respondent's acts or omissions; and
- 4 (d) (i) whether the respondent's mental disorder, as demonstrated by the respondent's recent acts
  5 or omissions, will, if untreated, predictably result in deterioration of the respondent's mental condition to the
  6 point at which the respondent will:
- 7 (A) become a danger to self or to others; or

8 (B) will be unable to provide for the respondent's own basic needs of food, clothing, shelter, health,
9 or safety.

10 (ii) Predictability may be established by the respondent's relevant medical history.

11 (2) The standard of proof in a hearing held pursuant to this section is proof beyond a reasonable 12 doubt with respect to any physical facts or evidence and clear and convincing evidence as to all other matters. 13 However, the respondent's mental disorder must be proved to a reasonable medical certainty. Imminent threat 14 of self-inflicted injury or injury to others must be proved by overt acts or omissions, sufficiently recent in time as 15 to be material and relevant as to the respondent's present condition.

16 (3) The professional person appointed by the court must be present for the trial and subject to 17 cross-examination. The trial is governed by the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure. However, if the issues are 18 tried by a jury, at least two-thirds of the jurors shall concur on a finding that the respondent is suffering from a 19 mental disorder and requires commitment. The written report of the professional person that indicates the 20 professional person's diagnosis may be attached to the petition, but any matter otherwise inadmissible, such as 21 hearsay matter, is not admissible merely because it is contained in the report. The court may order the trial 22 closed to the public for the protection of the respondent.

(4) The professional person may testify as to the ultimate issue of whether the respondent is
 suffering from a mental disorder and requires commitment. This testimony is insufficient unless accompanied
 by evidence from the professional person or others that:

(a) the respondent, because of a mental disorder, is substantially unable to provide for the
 respondent's own basic needs of food, clothing, shelter, health, or safety;

28

(b) the respondent has recently, because of a mental disorder and through an act or an omission,



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1	caused self-injury or injury to others;		
2	(c)	because of a mental disorder, there is an imminent threat of injury to the respondent or to	
3	others because	e of the respondent's acts or omissions; or	
4	(d)	(i) the respondent's mental disorder:	
5	(A)	has resulted in recent acts, omissions, or behaviors that create difficulty in protecting the	
6	respondent's life or health;		
7	(B)	is treatable, with a reasonable prospect of success;	
8	(C)	has resulted in the respondent's refusing or being unable to consent to voluntary admission for	
9	treatment; and		
10	(ii)	will, if untreated, predictably result in deterioration of the respondent's mental condition to the	
11	point at which the respondent will become a danger to self or to others or will be unable to provide for the		
12	respondent's own basic needs of food, clothing, shelter, health, or safety. Predictability may be established by		
13	the respondent's relevant medical history.		
14	(5)	The court, upon the showing of good cause and when it is in the best interests of the	
15	respondent, may order a change of venue.		
16	(6)	An individual with a primary diagnosis of a mental disorder who also has a co-occurring	
17	diagnosis of chemical dependency may satisfy criteria for commitment under this part.		
18	<u>(7)</u>	An individual with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, other forms of dementia, or	
19	traumatic brain injury may be committed under this part only if the person meets the criteria outlined in		
20	subsection (1)(b), (1)(c), or (1)(d)(i)(A)."		
21			
22	Sectio	n 2. Section 53-21-127, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	"53-21	-127. Posttrial disposition. (1) If, <u>A respondent must be discharged and the petition dismissed</u>	
24	if, upon trial, it is determined that the respondent:		
25	<u>(a)</u>	_is not suffering from a mental disorder <del>or;</del>	
26	<u>(b)</u>	_does not require commitment within the meaning of this part, the respondent must be	
27	discharged and the petition dismissed; or		
28	<u>(c)</u>	is suffering from a mental disorder but the respondent's primary diagnosis is Alzheimer's	



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1 disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury and the respondent meets only the commitment 2 criteria outlined in 53-21-126(1)(a) or (1)(d)(i)(B). 3 (2) If it is determined that the respondent is suffering from a mental disorder and requires 4 commitment within the meaning of this part, the court shall hold a posttrial disposition hearing. The disposition 5 hearing must be held within 5 days (including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays unless the fifth day falls on a 6 Saturday, Sunday, or holiday), during which time the court may order further evaluation and treatment of the 7 respondent. 8 (3) At the conclusion of the disposition hearing and pursuant to the provisions in subsection (7). 9 the court shall: 10 subject to the provisions of 53-21-193, commit the respondent to the state hospital or to a (a) 11 behavioral health inpatient facility for a period of not more than 3 months; 12 (b) commit the respondent to a community facility, which may include a category D assisted living 13 facility, or a community program or to any appropriate course of treatment, which may include housing or 14 residential requirements or conditions as provided in 53-21-149, for a period of: 15 (i) not more than 3 months; or 16 (ii) not more than 6 months in order to provide the respondent with a less restrictive commitment in 17 the community rather than a more restrictive placement in the state hospital if a respondent has been 18 previously involuntarily committed for inpatient treatment in a mental health facility and the court determines 19 that the admission of evidence of the previous involuntary commitment is relevant to the criterion of 20 predictability, as provided in 53-21-126(1)(d), and outweighs the prejudicial effect of its admission, as provided 21 in 53-21-190; or 22 (c) commit the respondent to the Montana mental health nursing care center for a period of not 23 more than 3 months if the following conditions are met: 24 (i) the respondent meets the admission criteria of the center as described in 53-21-411 and 25 established in administrative rules of the department; and 26 (ii) the superintendent of the center has issued a written authorization specifying a date and time 27 for admission. (4) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b)(ii), a treatment ordered pursuant to this section may not 28



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1 affect the respondent's custody or course of treatment for a period of more than 3 months.

2 (5) In determining which of the alternatives in subsection (3) to order, the court shall choose the
3 least restrictive alternatives necessary to protect the respondent and the public and to permit effective
4 treatment.

5 (6) The court may authorize the chief medical officer of a facility or a physician designated by the 6 court to administer appropriate medication involuntarily if the court finds that involuntary medication is 7 necessary to protect the respondent or the public or to facilitate effective treatment. Medication may not be 8 involuntarily administered to a patient unless the chief medical officer of the facility or a physician designated by 9 the court approves it prior to the beginning of the involuntary administration and unless, if possible, a 10 medication review committee reviews it prior to the beginning of the involuntary administration or, if prior review 11 is not possible, within 5 working days after the beginning of the involuntary administration. The medication 12 review committee must include at least one person who is not an employee of the facility or program. The 13 patient and the patient's attorney or advocate, if the patient has one, must receive adequate written notice of 14 the date, time, and place of the review and must be allowed to appear and give testimony and evidence. The 15 involuntary administration of medication must be again reviewed by the committee 14 days and 90 days after 16 the beginning of the involuntary administration if medication is still being involuntarily administered. The mental 17 disabilities board of visitors and the director of the department of public health and human services must be 18 fully informed of the matter within 5 working days after the beginning of the involuntary administration. The 19 director shall report to the governor on an annual basis.

20 (7) Satisfaction Except as provided in 53-21-126(7), satisfaction of any one of the criteria listed in 21 53-21-126(1) justifies commitment pursuant to this chapter. However, if the court relies solely <del>upon on</del> the 22 criterion provided in 53-21-126(1)(d), the court may require commitment only to a community facility, which may 23 include a category D assisted living facility, or a program or an appropriate course of treatment, as provided in 24 subsection (3)(b), and may not require commitment at the state hospital, a behavioral health inpatient facility, or 25 the Montana mental health nursing care center.

26 (8) In ordering commitment pursuant to this section, the court shall make the following findings of27 fact:

28

(a) a detailed statement of the facts upon which the court found the respondent to be suffering



1	from a mental	disorder and requiring commitment;	
2	(b)	the alternatives for treatment that were considered;	
3	(c)	the alternatives available for treatment of the respondent;	
4	(d)	the reason that any treatment alternatives were determined to be unsuitable for the	
5	respondent;		
6	(e)	the name of the facility, program, or individual to be responsible for the management and	
7	supervision of	the respondent's treatment;	
8	(f)	if the order includes a requirement for inpatient treatment, the reason inpatient treatment was	
9	chosen from a	mong other alternatives;	
10	(g)	if the order commits the respondent to the Montana mental health nursing care center, a finding	
11	that the respondent meets the admission criteria of the center and that the superintendent of the center has		
12	issued a writte	en authorization specifying a date and time for admission;	
13	(h)	if the order provides for an evaluation to determine eligibility for entering a category D assisted	
14	living facility, a	a finding that indicates whether:	
15	(i)	the respondent meets the admission criteria;	
16	(ii)	there is availability in a category D assisted living facility; and	
17	(iii)	a category D assisted living facility is the least restrictive environment because the respondent	
18	is unlikely to b	enefit from involuntary commitment to facilities with more intensive treatment; and	
19	(i)	if the order includes involuntary medication, the reason involuntary medication was chosen	
20	from among other alternatives."		
21			
22	Sectio	on 3. Section 53-21-401, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	" <b>53-2</b> 1	I-401. Legislative intent. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that geriatric patients at the	
24	Montana state	hospital and geriatric residents of the state who may in the future be placed at be at risk of	
25	commitment to the Montana state hospital and who do not need intensive psychiatric care receive care and		
26	treatment in nursing homes located in community settings.		
27	(2)	It is the further intent of the legislature that nursing homes providing such care and treatment	
28	be located reg	ionally so that the residents may be near their homes and families.	



1	(3)	It is the further intent of the legislature that these nursing homes shall must be located in	
2	communities with:		
3	(a)	a labor pool large enough to ensure adequate and qualified staffing;	
4	(b)	sufficient medical facilities and medical professionals to provide necessary medical services;	
5	and		
6	(c)	if possible, an institution or institutions of higher learning with educational programs in	
7	disciplines with relevance to the problems of aging.		
8	<u>(4)</u>	It is the further intent of the legislature to:	
9	<u>(a)</u>	end the involuntary commitment of individuals who have a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's	
10	disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury when those individuals meet only the commitment		
11	criteria outline	<u>d in 53-21-126(1)(a) or (1)(d)(i)(B); and</u>	
12	<u>(b)</u>	develop, based on consultation and collaboration between providers and the department,	
13	services in the community for those individuals."		
14			
15	Section	on 4. Section 53-21-402, MCA, is amended to read:	
16	" <b>53-2</b> 1	-402. Powers and duties of department of public health and human services. The	
17	department of	public health and human services:	
18	(1)	shall contract with nonprofit corporations which that demonstrate expertise in and the capability	
19	of providing rehabilitative and restorative programs for aged citizens for the operation and management of		
20	nursing homes established under this part;		
21	(2)	shall ensure that nursing homes established and operated under this part are in compliance	
22	with all applica	able federal and state regulations;	
23	(3)	shall adopt rules for staffing requirements and the admission of patients;	
24	(4)	shall provide that geriatric residents of the Montana state hospital have first priority for	
25	admission to nursing homes established under this part be given to:		
26	<u>(a)</u>	Montana state hospital patients who are geriatric; and	
27	<u>(b)</u>	people with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic	
28	brain injury wh	<u>10:</u>	



- 1 (i) have been involuntarily committed to the Montana state hospital but no longer need the 2 intensive treatment provided by the hospital; or 3 are substantially unable to provide for their basic needs of food, clothing, shelter, health, or (ii) 4 safety; shall provide members of the transition review committee provided for in [section 6] with the 5 (5) information necessary to carry out the committee's duties; 6 7 shall implement, in consultation and collaboration with the transition review committee, a plan (6) 8 to prepare for the end of involuntary commitment of many individuals with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's 9 disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury; and 10 (5)(7) may accept grants, gifts, bequests, and contributions in money or property or any other form 11 from individuals, corporations, associations, or federal, state, and local government agencies for the purposes 12 of establishing and operating nursing homes under this part." 13 14 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Placement of individuals with Alzheimer's disease, other forms of 15 dementia, or traumatic brain injury -- direction to department. To accomplish the intent of 53-21-401(4), the 16 legislature directs the department to: 17 (1) by June 30, 2025, develop and implement a plan to ensure the availability of community-based 18 services for individuals with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic 19 brain injury who might otherwise be at risk of involuntary commitment; 20 collaborate with the transition review committee provided for in [section 6] to identify the (2) 21 community-based services needed to ensure that individuals with those diagnoses can be safely and effectively 22 served in the community; 23 (3) transfer funds as authorized by 17-7-139, [section 8], and federal laws and regulations to 24 develop the services needed in the community; and
- 25 (4) by June 30, 2025, transition out of the Montana state hospital and into community services the 26 Montana state hospital patients whose primary diagnosis involves Alzheimer's disease, other forms of 27 dementia, or traumatic brain injury and who meet only the commitment criteria of 53-21-126(1)(a) or (1)(d)(i)(B). 28 As part of this transition, the legislature intends for the department to actively pursue the timely discharge of



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those Montana state hospital patients.		
NEW S	SECTION. Section 6. Transition review committee membership meetings	
reimbursemer	nt. (1) There is a transition review committee to monitor the need for and progress in developing	
community-bas	sed services for individuals who have been or are at risk of being involuntarily committed to the	
Montana state	hospital and who have a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, other forms of dementia, or	
traumatic brain	injury.	
(2)	The committee must consist of:	
(a)	four legislators appointed as provided in subsection (4); and	
(b)	seven members appointed by the governor or the governor's designee as follows:	
(i)	one representative of a statewide association whose primary purpose is representing skilled	
nursing facilities and assisted living facilities;		
(ii)	one representative of the state protection and advocacy system for individuals with mental	
illness authorized under 42 U.S.C. 10803;		
(iii)	one representative of a statewide association whose primary purpose is representing	
individuals with Alzheimer's disease or other forms of dementia;		
(iv)	one representative of a statewide association whose primary purpose is representing	
individuals with traumatic brain injury;		
(v)	one physician with experience in geriatric psychiatry;	
(vi)	one family member or guardian of an individual who is or has, within the previous 5 years, been	
committed to the Montana state hospital and whose diagnosis included Alzheimer's disease, other forms of		
dementia, or traumatic brain injury; and		
(vii)	one representative of the department of public health and human services.	
(3)	Appointments must be made no later than May 15, 2023.	
(4)	(a) Legislative members of the committee must, in consultation with the minority party, be	
appointed as provided in this subsection (4).		
(b)	(i) The committee on committees shall appoint two members of the Montana senate, one from	
the majority party and one from the minority party.		
	NEW S         reimbursemen         community-bass         Montana state         traumatic brain         (2)         (a)         (b)         (i)         nursing facilities         (iii)         illness authoriz         (iii)         individuals with         (v)         (vi)         committed to th         dementia, or th         (vii)         (3)         (4)         appointed as p         (b)	



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1 (ii) The speaker of the house shall appoint two members of the Montana house, one from the 2 majority party and one from the minority party. 3 Two of the appointees must have served on the section b joint appropriations subcommittee, (c) 4 and two of the appointees must have been members of the house human services committee or senate public 5 health, welfare, and safety committee. 6 (d) Legislative appointees to the committee may continue to serve on the committee if they are not 7 members of the 69th legislature. 8 (5) A vacancy on the committee must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. 9 (6) The committee shall elect a presiding officer and vice presiding officer from among the 10 legislative members of the committee. The committee shall meet quarterly during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and must be 11 (7) 12 disbanded no later than June 30, 2025. 13 (8) (a) A legislative member of the committee is entitled to salary and expenses as provided in 5-2-14 302. 15 (b) A nonlegislative member of the committee is entitled to reimbursement for travel expenses as 16 provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503. 17 (9) The legislative services division shall provide staff support to the committee. 18 19 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Transition review committee duties -- reporting requirement. (1) The 20 transition review committee shall: 21 hear regular reports from the department and, as necessary, the office of budget and program (a) 22 planning on: 23 (i) the number of Montana state hospital patients with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, 24 other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury; 25 (ii) efforts the department is making to find community placements for individuals with those 26 diagnoses, including any barriers to discharging the individuals from the Montana state hospital and the steps 27 being taken to alleviate the barriers; and 28 activities being taken to identify and develop community-based services and to transition into (iii)



1	those services	individuals with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, other forms of dementia, or	
2	traumatic brain injury who meet only the commitment criteria of 53-21-126(1)(a) or (1)(d)(i)(B);		
3	(b)	hear reports from providers on matters related to serving individuals with Alzheimer's disease,	
4	other forms of	dementia, or traumatic brain injury, including but not limited to information on the resources	
5	needed for serving the individuals in the community and recommendations for meeting those needs;		
6	(c)	review, as needed, efforts undertaken in other states to reduce the involuntary commitment of	
7	individuals with	a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury	
8	and to identify	practices in those states that may assist Montana in ending involuntary commitment of	
9	individuals with those diagnoses;		
10	(d)	advise the department of problems it is observing with the transition process; and	
11	(e)	make recommendations to the department and the legislature on potential solutions for	
12	alleviating problems encountered in the transition process.		
13	(2)	The department reports on Montana state hospital patients required under subsection (1)(a)(i)	
14	must include, for each period covered by the report:		
15	(a)	the number of those patients admitted to the hospital;	
16	(b)	the number currently receiving treatment; and	
17	(c)	the number discharged.	
18	(3)	The committee shall report regularly to the children, families, health, and human services	
19	interim committee and at least once to the house human services committee and the senate public health,		
20	welfare, and sa	afety committee of the 69th legislature on:	
21	(a)	its review of the department's efforts and progress in:	
22	(i)	transitioning individuals from the Montana state hospital; and	
23	(ii)	developing the community-based services needed to prepare for the scheduled discontinuance	
24	on July 1, 2025	5, of the use of involuntary commitments for individuals with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's	
25	disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury who meet only the commitment criteria of 53-21-		
26	126(1)(a) or (1)(d)(i)(B); and		
27	(b)	any recommendations for additional legislation needed to accomplish the purposes of [sections	
28	5 through 9].		



1			
2	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Certain transfers of funds authorized. Funds appropriated to the		
3	department for the operation of the Montana state hospital may be used for carrying out the purposes of		
4	[section 5] if:		
5	(1) Montana state hospital patients are transferred to a community-based nursing home or other		
6	community setting that results in lower expenditures than allowed by legislative appropriation; and		
7	(2) a transfer of appropriations between programs is:		
8	(a) made as provided in 17-7-139; and		
9	(b) approved by the governor.		
10			
11	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Limitation on expenditures. For the biennium beginning July 1, 2023,		
12	the department may spend up to \$9 million a year to place individuals with a primary diagnosis of Alzheimer's		
13	disease, other forms of dementia, or traumatic brain injury in a community setting rather than at the Montana		
14	state hospital when those individuals meet only the commitment criteria of 53-21-126(1)(a) or (1)(d)(i)(B).		
15			
16	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Appropriation. There is appropriated \$39,775 from the general fund to		
17	the legislative services division for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, for costs of the transition review		
18	committee provided for in [section 6].		
19	(2) The legislature intends that this is a one-time-only appropriation.		
20			
21	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction. [Sections 5 through 9] are intended to be		
22	codified as an integral part of Title 53, chapter 21, part 4, and the provisions of Title 53, chapter 21, part 4,		
23	apply to [sections 5 through 9].		
24			
25	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), [this		
26	act] is effective on passage and approval.		
27	(2) [Sections 1 and 2] are effective July 1, 2025.		
28	(3) [Section 10] is effective July 1, 2023.		



1		
2	NEW SECTION. Section 13.	Termination. [Sections 4(5), 4(6), 6, and 7] terminate June 30, 2025.
3		- END -