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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 536		
2	INTRODUCED BY J. DOOLING		
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO WRITE-IN CANDIDATES;		
5	REQUIRING ALL WRITE-IN CANDIDATES TO FILE A DECLARATION OF INTENT; AMENDING SECTIONS		
6	13-10-204, 13-10-211, AND 13-15-206, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."		
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8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
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10	Section 1. Section 13-10-204, MCA, is amended to read:		
11	"13-10-204. Write-in nominations. (1) An individual nominated by having the individual's name		
12	written in and counted as provided in 13-15-206(5) or otherwise placed on the primary ballot and desiring to		
13	accept the nomination may not have the individual's name appear on the general election ballot unless the		
14	individual:		
15	(a)(1) received at least 5% of the total votes cast for the successful candidate for the same office at		
16	the last general election;		
17	(b)(2) files with the secretary of state or election administrator, no later than 10 days after the official		
18	canvass, a written declaration indicating acceptance of the nomination; and		
19	(c)(3) complies with the provisions of 13-37-126.		
20	(2) A write-in candidate who was exempt from filing a declaration of intent under 13-10-211 shall, at		
21	the time of filing the declaration of acceptance, pay the filing fee specified in 13-10-202 or, if indigent, file the		
22	appropriate documents described in 13-10-203."		
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24	Section 2. Section 13-10-211, MCA, is amended to read:		
25	"13-10-211. Declaration of intent for write-in candidates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (7),		
26	a-A person seeking to become a write-in candidate for an office in any election shall file a declaration of intent.		
27	Except for a candidate under 13-38-201(4) or a candidate covered under 7-1-205, a candidate may not file for		
28	more than one public office. The declaration of intent must be filed with the secretary of state or election		



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1 administrator, depending on where a declaration of nomination for the desired office is required to be filed

- 2 under 13-10-201, or with the school district clerk for a school district office. When a county election
- 3 administrator is conducting the election for a school district, the school district clerk or school district office that
- 4 receives the declaration of intent shall notify the county election administrator of the filing. Except as provided in
- 5 13-1-403, 13-1-503, 20-3-305(3)(b), and subsection (2) of this section, the declaration must be filed no later
- 6 than 5 p.m. on the 10th day before the earliest date established under 13-13-205 on which a ballot must be
- 7 available and must contain:
- 8 (a) the candidate's name, including:
- 9 (i) the candidate's first and last names;
- 10 (ii) the candidate's initials, if any, used instead of a first name, or first and middle name, and the
- 11 candidate's last name;
- 12 (iii) the candidate's nickname, if any, used instead of a first name, and the candidate's last name;
- 13 and
- 14 (iv) a derivative or diminutive name, if any, used instead of a first name, and the candidate's last
- 15 name:

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- 16 (b) the candidate's mailing address;
- 17 (c) a statement declaring the candidate's intention to be a write-in candidate;
- 18 (d) the title of the office sought;
- 19 (e) the date of the election;
- 20 (f) the date of the declaration; and
- 21 (g) the candidate's signature.
 - (2) A declaration of intent may be filed after the deadline provided for in subsection (1) but no later than 5 p.m. on the day before the election if, after the deadline prescribed in subsection (1), a candidate for the office that the write-in candidate is seeking dies or is charged with a felony offense and if the election has not
- 25 been canceled as provided by law.
- 26 (3) The secretary of state shall notify each election administrator of the names of write-in 27 candidates who have filed a declaration of intent with the secretary of state. Each election administrator shall
- 28 notify the election judges in the county or district of the names of write-in candidates who have filed a



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1 declaration of intent.

2 (4) A properly completed and signed declaration of intent may be provided to the election

3 administrator or secretary of state:

- (a) by facsimile transmission;
- 5 (b) in person;
- 6 (c) by mail; or
- 7 by electronic mail. (d)
- 8 (5) A declaration is not valid until the filing fee required pursuant to 13-10-202 is received by the 9 secretary of state or the election administrator.
- 10 A write-in candidate who files a declaration of intent for a general election may not file with a (6)11 partisan, nonpartisan, or independent designation.
- 12 (7) Except as provided in 13-38-201(4)(b), the requirements in subsection (1) do not apply if:
- 13 (a) an election is held;
- 14 (b) a person's name is written in on the ballot;
- 15 (c) the person is qualified for and seeks election to the office for which the person's name was written 16 in; and
- 17 (d) no other candidate has filed a declaration or petition for nomination or a declaration of intent."

19 **Section 3.** Section 13-15-206, MCA, is amended to read:

- "13-15-206. Counting votes -- uniformity -- rulemaking -- definitions. (1) When conducting vote counts as provided by law, a counting board, absentee ballot counting board, or recount board shall count and determine the validity of each vote in a uniform manner as provided in this section.
 - (2)A manual count or recount of votes must be conducted as follows:
- 24 One election judge on the board shall read the ballot while the two other judges on the board (a) 25 shall each record on an official tally sheet the number of valid votes cast for each individual or ballot issue. 26 Write-in votes must be counted in accordance with subsection (5) and rules adopted pursuant to subsection (7). 27 If a vote has not been cast according to instructions, the vote must be considered questionable and the entire
- 28 ballot must be set aside and votes on the ballot must be handled as provided in subsection (4).



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1	(b)	(i) After the vote count is complete, the tally sheets of the two judges recording the votes must	
2	be compared.		
3	(ii)	If the two tallies match, the judges shall record in the official results records:	
4	(A)	the names of all individuals who received votes;	
5	(B)	the offices for which individuals received votes;	
6	(C)	the total votes received by each individual as shown by the tally sheets; and	
7	(D)	the total votes received for or against each ballot issue, if any.	
8	(iii)	If the tallies do not match, the count must be conducted again as provided in this subsection (2)	
9	until the two tallies match.		
10	(3)	(a) When a voting system is counting votes:	
11	(i)	if a vote is recognized and counted by the system, it is a valid vote;	
12	(ii)	if a vote is not recognized and counted by the system, it is not a valid vote; and	
13	(iii)	write-in votes must be counted in accordance with rules adopted pursuant to subsection (7).	
14	(b)	If the voting system cannot process the ballot because of the ballot's condition or if the voting	
15	system registers an unmarked ballot or an overvote, which must be considered a questionable vote, the entire		
16	ballot must be set aside and the votes on the ballot must be counted as provided in subsection (4).		
17	(c)	If an election administrator or counting board has reason to believe that a voting system is not	
18	functioning correctly, the election administrator shall follow the procedures prescribed in 13-15-209.		
19	(d)	After all valid votes have been counted and totaled, the judges shall record in the official results	
20	records the information specified in subsection (2)(b)(ii).		
21	(4)	(a) (i) Before being counted, each questionable vote on a ballot set aside under subsection	
22	(2)(a) or (3)(b) must be reviewed by the counting board. The counting board shall evaluate each questionable		
23	vote according to rules adopted by the secretary of state.		

- (ii) If a majority of the counting board members agree that under the rules the voter's intent can be clearly determined, the vote is valid and must be counted according to the voter's intent.
- 26 (iii) If a majority of the counting board members do not agree that the voter's intent can be clearly 27 determined under the rules, the vote is not valid and may not be counted.
 - (b) If a ballot was set aside under subsection (3)(b) because it could not be processed by the



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1 voting system due to the ballot's condition, the counting board shall transfer all valid votes to a new ballot that 2 can be processed by the voting system. 3 (5) A write-in vote may be counted only if: 4 (a) (i) the write-in vote identifies an individual by a designation filed pursuant to 13-10-211(1)(a); 5 or and 6 (ii) pursuant to 13-10-211(7), a declaration of nomination was not filed and the write-in vote identifies 7 an individual who is qualified for the office; and 8 (b) the oval, box, or other designated voting area on the ballot is marked. 9 (6) A vote is not valid and may not be counted if the elector's choice cannot be determined as 10 provided in this section. 11 (7)The secretary of state shall adopt rules defining a valid vote and a valid write-in vote for each 12 type of ballot and for each type of voting system used in the state. The rules must provide a sufficient guarantee 13 that all votes are treated equally among jurisdictions using similar ballot types and voting systems. 14 (8) Local election administrators shall adopt policies to govern local processes that are consistent 15 with the provisions of this title and that provide for: 16 (a) the security of the counting process against fraud; 17 the place and time and public notice of each count or recount; (b) 18 public observance of each count or recount, including observance by representatives (c) 19 authorized under 13-16-411; the recording of objections to determinations on the validity of an individual vote or to the entire 20 (d) 21 counting process; and 22 (e) the keeping of a public record of count or recount proceedings. 23 (9)For purposes of this section, "overvote" means an elector's vote that has been interpreted by 24 the voting system as an elector casting more votes than allowable for a particular office or ballot issue." 25 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval. 26



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