Division

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 569
2	INTRODUCED BY T. MOORE
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING PENSION LAWS; PROVIDING
5	SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING FOR THE HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, THE
6	SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, AND THE GAME WARDENS' AND PEACE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT
7	SYSTEM TO AMORTIZE THE SYSTEMS IN 25 YEARS; PROVIDING APPROPRIATIONS; REVISING
8	CONTRIBUTIONS IN THE JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, THE HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS'
9	RETIREMENT SYSTEM, THE SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, AND THE GAME WARDENS' AND
10	PEACE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO PROVIDE FOR AN ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED
11	CONTRIBUTION; REVISING RETIREMENT CRITERIA FOR NEW MEMBERS IN THE SHERIFFS'
12	RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND THE HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM; AMENDING
13	SECTIONS 15-10-420, 17-7-502, 19-2-405, 19-2-409, 19-5-404, 19-6-404, <u>19-6-501,</u> 19-7-403, 19-7-404, <u>19-7-</u>
14	501, AND 19-8-504, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	NEW SECTION. SECTION 1. HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM APPROPRIATION. THERE IS
19	APPROPRIATED \$27.6 MILLION FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE MONTANA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD
20	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2023, TO AMORTIZE THE HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM IN
21	25 YEARS.
22	
23	NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM APPROPRIATION. THERE IS APPROPRIATED
24	\$26.8 MILLION FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE MONTANA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD FOR THE FISCAL
25	YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2023, TO AMORTIZE THE SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM IN 25 YEARS.
26	
27	NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. GAME WARDENS' AND PEACE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM. THERE IS
28	APPROPRIATED \$41.2 MILLION FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE MONTANA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD
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1 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2023, TO AMORTIZE THE GAME WARDENS' AND PEACE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT

2 SYSTEM IN 25 YEARS.

3

4

Section 4. Section 15-10-420, MCA, is amended to read:

5 "15-10-420. Procedure for calculating levy. (1) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, a 6 governmental entity that is authorized to impose mills may impose a mill levy sufficient to generate the amount 7 of property taxes actually assessed in the prior year plus one-half of the average rate of inflation for the prior 3 8 years. The maximum number of mills that a governmental entity may impose is established by calculating the 9 number of mills required to generate the amount of property tax actually assessed in the governmental unit in 10 the prior year based on the current year taxable value, less the current year's newly taxable value, plus one-half 11 of the average rate of inflation for the prior 3 years.

(b) A governmental entity that does not impose the maximum number of mills authorized under
subsection (1)(a) may carry forward the authority to impose the number of mills equal to the difference between
the actual number of mills imposed and the maximum number of mills authorized to be imposed. The mill
authority carried forward may be imposed in a subsequent tax year.

16 (c) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a), the department shall calculate one-half of the average 17 rate of inflation for the prior 3 years by using the consumer price index, U.S. city average, all urban consumers, 18 using the 1982-84 base of 100, as published by the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of 19 labor.

20 (2) A governmental entity may apply the levy calculated pursuant to subsection (1)(a) plus any 21 additional levies authorized by the voters, as provided in 15-10-425, to all property in the governmental unit, 22 including newly taxable property.

23

(3) (a) For purposes of this section, newly taxable property includes:

24 (i) annexation of real property and improvements into a taxing unit;

25 (ii) construction, expansion, or remodeling of improvements;

26 (iii) transfer of property into a taxing unit;

27 (iv) subdivision of real property; and

28 (v) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable status.



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1 (b) Newly taxable property does not include an increase in value:

2 (i) that arises because of an increase in the incremental value within a tax increment financing

3 district; or

4 (ii) caused by the termination of an exemption that occurs due to the American Rescue Plan Act, 5 Public Law 117-2, and section 14, Chapter 506, Laws of 2021.

6

(4) (a) For the purposes of subsection (1), the taxable value of newly taxable property includes the 7 release of taxable value from the incremental taxable value of a tax increment financing district because of:

8 (i) a change in the boundary of a tax increment financing district;

9 (ii) an increase in the base value of the tax increment financing district pursuant to 7-15-4287; or

the termination of a tax increment financing district. 10 (iii)

11 (b) If a tax increment financing district terminates prior to the certification of taxable values as

12 required in 15-10-202, the increment value is reported as newly taxable property in the year in which the tax

13 increment financing district terminates. If a tax increment financing district terminates after the certification of

14 taxable values as required in 15-10-202, the increment value is reported as newly taxable property in the

15 following tax year.

16 (c) For the purpose of subsection (3)(a)(ii), the value of newly taxable class four property that was 17 constructed, expanded, or remodeled property since the completion of the last reappraisal cycle is the current 18 year market value of that property less the previous year market value of that property.

19 (d) For the purpose of subsection (3)(a)(iv), the subdivision of real property includes the first sale

20 of real property that results in the property being taxable as class four property under 15-6-134 or as

21 nonqualified agricultural land as described in 15-6-133(1)(c).

22 (5) Subject to subsection (8), subsection (1)(a) does not apply to:

23 (a) school district levies established in Title 20; or

24 a mill levy imposed for a newly created regional resource authority. (b)

25 (6) For purposes of subsection (1)(a), taxes imposed do not include net or gross proceeds taxes 26 received under 15-6-131 and 15-6-132.

27 In determining the maximum number of mills in subsection (1)(a), the governmental entity: (7)

28

may increase the number of mills to account for a decrease in reimbursements; and (a)



1	(b)	may not increase the number of mills to account for a loss of tax base because of legislative
2	action that is re	imbursed under the provisions of 15-1-121(7).
3	(8)	The department shall calculate, on a statewide basis, the number of mills to be imposed for
4	purposes of 15	-10-109, 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-360, and 20-25-439. However, the number of mills calculated
5	by the departm	ent may not exceed the mill levy limits established in those sections. The mill calculation must
6	be established	in tenths of mills. If the mill levy calculation does not result in an even tenth of a mill, then the
7	calculation mus	st be rounded up to the nearest tenth of a mill.
8	(9)	(a) The provisions of subsection (1) do not prevent or restrict:
9	(i)	a judgment levy under 2-9-316, 7-6-4015, or 7-7-2202;
10	(ii)	a levy to repay taxes paid under protest as provided in 15-1-402;
11	(iii)	an emergency levy authorized under 10-3-405, 20-9-168, or 20-15-326;
12	(iv)	a levy for the support of a study commission under 7-3-184;
13	(v)	a levy for the support of a newly established regional resource authority;
14	(vi)	the portion that is the amount in excess of the base contribution of a governmental entity's
15	property tax lev	y for contributions for group benefits excluded under 2-9-212 or 2-18-703;
16	(vii)	a levy for reimbursing a county for costs incurred in transferring property records to an
17	adjoining count	y under 7-2-2807 upon relocation of a county boundary;
18	(viii)	a levy used to fund the sheriffs' retirement system under 19-7-404(2)(b) <u>19-7-404(3)(b)</u>; or
19	(ix)	a governmental entity from levying mills for the support of an airport authority in existence prior
20	to May 7, 2019	, regardless of the amount of the levy imposed for the support of the airport authority in the past.
21	The levy under	this subsection (9)(a)(ix) is limited to the amount in the resolution creating the authority.
22	(b)	A levy authorized under subsection (9)(a) may not be included in the amount of property taxes
23	actually assess	ed in a subsequent year.
24	(10)	A governmental entity may levy mills for the support of airports as authorized in 67-10-402, 67-
25	11-301, or 67-1	1-302 even though the governmental entity has not imposed a levy for the airport or the airport
26	authority in eith	er of the previous 2 years and the airport or airport authority has not been appropriated
27	operating funds	s by a county or municipality during that time.
28	(11)	The department may adopt rules to implement this section. The rules may include a method for



1	calculating the per	rcentage of change in valuation for purposes of determining the elimination of property, new
2	improvements, or	newly taxable value in a governmental unit. (Subsection (3)(b)(ii) terminates December 31,
3	2025sec. 13(5),	Ch. 506, L. 2021.)"
4		
5	Section 5	5. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"17-7-502	2. Statutory appropriations definition requisites for validity. (1) A statutory
7	appropriation is ar	n appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency without
8	the need for a bier	nnial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
9	(2) E	xcept as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with
10	both of the following	ng provisions:
11	(a) T	he law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
12	(b) T	he law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a
13	statutory appropria	ation is made as provided in this section.
14	(3) T	he following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-17-105; 5-11-120; 5-
15	11-407; 5-13-403;	; 5-13-404; 7-4-2502; 7-4-2924; 7-32-236; 10-1-108; 10-1-1202; 10-1-1303; 10-2-603; 10-2-
16	807; 10-3-203; 10	-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-3-802; 10-3-1304; 10-4-304; 10-4-310; 15-1-121; 15-1-218;
17	15-31-165; 15-31-	-1004; 15-31-1005; 15-35-108; 15-36-332; 15-37-117; 15-39-110; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 15-
18	70-130; 15-70-433	3; 16-11-119; 16-11-509; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; 17-3-222; 17-3-241; 17-6-101; 17-7-215; 18-11-
19	112; 19-3-319; 19	-3-320; 19-6-404; 19-6-410; 19-9-702; 19-13-604; 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-19-305; 19-19-
20	506; 19-20-604; 1	9-20-607; 19-21-203; 20-8-107; 20-9-534; 20-9-622; [20-15-328]; 20-26-617; 20-26-1503;
21	22-1-327; 22-3-11	6; 22-3-117; [22-3-1004]; 23-4-105; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-612; 23-7-301; 23-7-402; 30-
22	10-1004; 37-43-20	04; 37-50-209; 37-54-113; 39-71-503; 41-5-2011; 42-2-105; 44-4-1101; 44-12-213; 44-13-
23	102; 46-32-108; 5	0-1-115; 53-1-109; 53-6-148; 53-9-113; 53-24-108; 53-24-206; 60-5-530; 60-11-115; 61-3-
24	321; 61-3-415; 67	-1-309; 69-3-870; 69-4-527; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 75-26-308; 76-13-
25	150; 76-13-151; 7	6-13-417; 76-17-103; 77-1-108; 77-2-362; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 80-11-518; 80-11-1006; 81-1-
26	112; 81-1-113; 81	-7-106; 81-7-123; 81-10-103; 82-11-161; 85-2-526; 85-20-1504; 85-20-1505; [85-25-102];
27	87-1-603; 87-5-90	9; 90-1-115; 90-1-205; 90-1-504; 90-6-331; and 90-9-306.
28	(4) T	here is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing,



1 paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued 2 pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of 3 Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined 4 by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have 5 statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 360, L. 1999, the 6 inclusion of 19-20-604 terminates contingently when the amortization period for the teachers' retirement 7 system's unfunded liability is 10 years or less; pursuant to sec. 73, Ch. 44, L. 2007, the inclusion of 19-6-410 8 terminates contingently upon the death of the last recipient eligible under 19-6-709(2) for the supplemental 9 benefit provided by 19-6-709; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 383, L. 2015, the inclusion of 85-25-102 is effective on 10 occurrence of contingency; pursuant to sec. 6, Ch. 423, L. 2015, the inclusion of 22-3-116 and 22-3-117 11 terminates June 30, 2025; pursuant to sec. 12, Ch. 55, L. 2017, the inclusion of 37-54-113 terminates June 30, 12 2023; pursuant to sec. 4, Ch. 122, L. 2017, the inclusion of 10-3-1304 terminates September 30, 2025; 13 pursuant to sec. 1, Ch. 213, L. 2017, the inclusion of 90-6-331 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to secs. 5, 8, 14 Ch. 284, L. 2017, the inclusion of 81-1-112, 81-1-113, and 81-7-106 terminates June 30, 2023; pursuant to sec. 15 1, Ch. 340, L. 2017, the inclusion of 22-1-327 terminates July 1, 2023; pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 374, L. 2017, 16 the inclusion of 76-17-103 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch, 50, L. 2019, the inclusion of 37-50-17 209 terminates September 30, 2023; pursuant to sec. 1, Ch. 408, L. 2019, the inclusion of 17-7-215 terminates 18 June 30, 2029; pursuant to secs. 11, 12, and 14, Ch. 343, L. 2019, the inclusion of 15-35-108 terminates June 19 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 7, Ch. 465, L. 2019, the inclusion of 85-2-526 terminates July 1, 2023; pursuant to 20 sec. 5, Ch. 477, L. 2019, the inclusion of 10-3-802 terminates June 30, 2023; pursuant to secs. 1, 2, 3, Ch. 139, 21 L. 2021, the inclusion of 53-9-113 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 8, Ch. 200, L. 2021, the inclusion 22 of 10-4-310 terminates July 1, 2031; pursuant to secs. 3, 4, Ch. 404, L. 2021, the inclusion of 30-10-1004 23 terminates June 30, 2027; pursuant to sec. 5, Ch. 548, L. 2021, the inclusion of 50-1-115 terminates June 30, 24 2025; pursuant to secs. 5 and 12, Ch. 563, L. 2021, the inclusion of 22-3-1004 is effective July 1, 2027; and 25 pursuant to sec. 15, Ch. 574, L. 2021, the inclusion of 46-32-108 terminates June 30, 2023.)" 26

27

Section 6. Section 19-2-405, MCA, is amended to read:

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"19-2-405. Employment of actuary -- annual investigation and valuation. (1) The board shall



1 retain a competent actuary who is an enrolled member of the American academy of actuaries and who is

2 familiar with public systems of pensions. The actuary is the technical adviser of the board on matters regarding

3 the operation of the retirement systems.

4 (2) The board shall require the actuary to make and report on an annual actuarial investigation into 5 the suitability of the actuarial tables used by the retirement systems and an actuarial valuation of the assets and 6 liabilities of each defined benefit plan that is a part of the retirement systems.

7 (3) The normal cost contribution rate, which is funded by required employee contributions and a 8 portion of the required employer contributions to each defined benefit retirement plan, must be calculated as the 9 level percentage of members' salaries that will actuarially fund benefits payable under a retirement plan as 10 those benefits accrue in the future.

- (4) (a)—The unfunded liability contribution rate, which is entirely funded by a portion of the required
 employer contributions to the retirement plan, must be calculated as the level percentage of current and future
 defined benefit plan members' salaries that will amortize the unfunded actuarial liabilities of the retirement plan
- 14 over a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 30 years, as determined by the board, except as provided in
- 15 <u>19-5-404, 19-6-404, 19-7-404, and 19-8-504</u>.

(b) In determining the amortization period under subsection (4)(a) for the public employees' retirement
 system's defined benefit plan, the actuary shall take into account the plan choice rate contributions to be made
 to the defined benefit plan pursuant to 19-3-2117 and 19-21-214.

- (5) The board shall require the actuary to conduct and report on a periodic actuarial investigation
 into the actuarial experience of the retirement systems and plans.
- (6) The board may require the actuary to conduct any valuation necessary to administer the
 retirement systems and the plans subject to this chapter.
- (7) The board shall provide copies of the reports required pursuant to subsections (2) and (5) to
 the state administration and veterans' affairs interim committee and to the legislature pursuant to 5-11-210.
- (8) The board shall require the actuary to prepare for each employer participating in a retirement
 system the disclosures or the information required to be included in the disclosures as required by law and by
 the governmental accounting standards board or its generally recognized successor."
- 28



1	Section 7. Section 19-2-409, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"19-2-409. Plans to be funded on actuarially sound basis definition. (1) As required by Article
3	VIII, section 15, of the Montana constitution, each system must be funded on an actuarially sound basis. For
4	the purposes of this section, "actuarially sound basis" means that contributions to each retirement plan must be
5	sufficient to pay the full actuarial cost of the plan.
6	(2) (a) For a defined benefit plan, the full actuarial cost includes both the normal cost of providing
7	benefits as they accrue in the future and the cost of amortizing unfunded liabilities over a scheduled period of
8	no more than 30 years, except that with respect to the judges' retirement system, the highway patrol officers'
9	retirement system, the sheriffs' retirement system, and the game wardens' and peace officers' retirement
10	system, the unfunded liabilities must be paid over the periods provided for in 19-5-404, 19-6-404, 19-7-404, and
11	<u>19-8-504, respectively</u> .
12	(b) For the defined contribution plan, the full actuarial cost is the contribution defined by law that is
13	payable to an account on behalf of the member."
14	
15	Section 8. Section 19-5-404, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"19-5-404. State employer contribution definitions. (1) (a) Beginning July 1, 2023, and except as
17	provided in subsections (2) and (3), the state shall pay as employer contributions 14.0% of the compensation
18	paid to all of the employer's employees, except those properly excluded from membership an actuarially
19	determined employer contribution that is determined annually by the public employees' retirement board's
20	actuary in accordance with the provisions of this section and part of the plan's annual actuarial valuation. This
21	actuarially determined employer contribution is effective July 1 following the annual actuarial valuation
22	completed in the prior calendar year.
23	(b) The actuarially determined employer contribution must be the sum of the following contribution
24	rates minus the employee contribution provided for in 19-5-402:
25	(i) the contribution rate determined under subsection (1)(c) to pay for the contemporary unfunded
26	liability; and
27	(ii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (1)(d) to pay for the normal cost of benefits
28	as they accrue.



1	(c) The contribution rate under subsection (1)(b)(i) for the contemporary unfunded liability must be
2	the amount required on a level percentage basis to pay the annual contemporary unfunded liabilities
3	attributable to the employer's employees over a layered amortization schedule so that each fiscal year's
4	contemporary unfunded liability is amortized over a closed 10-year period, starting with the contemporary
5	unfunded liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
6	(d) The contribution rate under subsection (1)(b)(ii) for the normal cost of benefits as they accrue
7	must be the amount required on a level percentage basis to pay the normal cost of benefits as determined in
8	the annual actuarial valuation as the benefits accrue for each of the employer's employees.
9	(2) Beginning <u>From</u> July 1, 2023, and except as provided in subsection (3), through June 30, 2024,
10	the state shall contribute monthly from the natural resources operations state special revenue account,
11	established in 15-38-301, to the judges' pension trust fund an amount equal to 14.0% of the compensation paid
12	to the chief water court judge. The judiciary shall include in its budget and shall request for legislative
13	appropriation an amount necessary to defray the state's portion of the costs of this section.
14	(3)(2) (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, the state shall contribute monthly from the natural resources
15	operations special state revenue account, established in 15-38-301, to the judges' pension trust fund an
16	actuarially determined employer contribution that is determined annually by the public employees' retirement
17	board's actuary in accordance with the provisions of this section and part of the plan's annual actuarial
18	valuation for the chief water court judge. This actuarially determined employer contribution is effective July 1
19	following the annual actuarial valuation completed in the prior calendar year.
20	(b) The actuarially determined employer contribution must be the sum of the following contribution
21	rates minus the employee contribution provided in 19-5-402:
22	(i) the contribution rate determined under subsection (3)(c) to pay for the contemporary
23	unfunded liability; and
24	(ii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (3)(d) (2)(D) to pay for the normal cost of
25	benefits as they accrue.
26	(c) The contribution rate under subsection (3)(b)(i) (2)(B)(I) for the contemporary unfunded liability
27	must be the amount required on a level percentage basis to pay the annual contemporary unfunded liabilities
28	attributable to the employer's employees over a layered amortization schedule so that each fiscal year's



1	contemporary unfunded liability is amortized over a closed 10-year period, starting with the contemporary
2	unfunded liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
3	(d) The contribution rate under subsection (3)(b)(ii) (2)(B)(II) for the normal cost of benefits as they
4	accrue must be the amount required on a level percentage basis to pay the normal cost of benefits as
5	determined in the annual actuarial valuation as the benefits accrue for each of the employer's employees.
6	(3) If, based on the most recently available actuarial study for the judges' retirement system, the
7	funded ratio of the plan drops below 120% funded, the employer contribution rates in subsections (1) and (2)
8	must be increased to 25.81%.
9	(4)(3) For the first full pay period of July 2021 through the last full pay period ending June 2023, and
10	except as provided in subsection (5) (4), the state shall pay as employer contributions 0% of the compensation
11	paid to all of the employer's employees, except those properly excluded from membership.
12	(5)(4) For the first full pay period of July 2021 through the last full pay period ending June 2023, the
13	state shall contribute monthly from the natural resources operations state special revenue account, established
14	in 15-38-301, to the judges' pension trust fund an amount equal to 0% of the compensation paid to the chief
15	water court judge. The judiciary shall include in its budget and shall request for legislative appropriation an
16	amount necessary to defray the state's portion of the costs of this section.
17	(6)(5) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
18	(a) "Contemporary unfunded liability" means the plan's annual fiscal year actuarial gains and
19	losses smoothed over 5 years starting with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
20	(b) "Legacy unfunded liability" means the unfunded liability of the plan as of June 30, 2023.
21	(Subsections (4) and (5) (3) AND (4) terminate June 30, 2023sec. 3, Ch. 272, L. 2021.)"
22	
23	Section 9. Section 19-6-404, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"19-6-404. State employer contribution statutory appropriation definitions. (1) (a) The From
25	July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, the state shall pay as employer contributions 38.33% 43.48% 38.33% of
26	compensation paid to all of the employer's employees, except those properly excluded from membership., from
27	the following sources:
28	(1) an amount equal to 28.15% of the total compensation of the members, which is payable, as



1	appropriated by the legislature, from the same source that is used to pay compensation to the members; and
2	(2) an amount equal to 10.18% of the total compensation of the members, which is statutorily
3	appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the general fund to the pension trust fund.
4	(b) Beginning July 1, 2023, and each fiscal year thereafter, the state treasurer shall transfer
5	\$500,000 from the state special revenue fund provided for in 17-2-102 to the highway patrol officers' retirement
6	pension trust fund by August 15. This transfer must terminate when the public employees' retirement board's
7	actuary determines that the funded ratio for the highway patrol officers' pension system is 100% funded.
8	(2) (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, the state shall pay as employer contributions an actuarially
9	determined employer contribution that is determined annually by the public employees' retirement board's
10	actuary in accordance with the provisions of this section and part of the plan's annual actuarial valuation. This
11	actuarially determined employer contribution is effective July 1 following the annual actuarial valuation
12	completed in the prior calendar year.
13	(b) The actuarially determined employer contribution must be the sum of the following contribution
14	rates minus the employee contribution provided for in 19-6-402:
15	(i) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(c) to pay off the legacy unfunded liability;
16	(ii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(d) to pay for the contemporary unfunded
17	liability; and
18	(iii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(e) to pay for the normal cost of benefits
19	as they accrue.
20	(c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), the contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(i) for
21	the legacy unfunded liability must be the amount required on a level percent basis to amortize the legacy
22	unfunded liability attributable to the employer's employees over a closed 25-year amortization period beginning
23	<u>July 1, 2023.</u>
24	(ii) If the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation determines the system's amortization period is less
25	than 25 years, then the closed amortization period used for the purposes of subsection (2)(c)(i) must be that
26	amortization period.
27	(d) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(ii) for the contemporary unfunded liability must be
28	the amount required on a level percent basis to pay the annual contemporary unfunded liabilities attributable to



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1	the employer's employees over a layered amortization schedule so that each fiscal year's contemporary
2	unfunded liability is amortized over a closed 10-year period, starting with the contemporary unfunded liability for
3	the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
4	(e) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(iii) for the normal cost of benefits as they accrue
5	must be the amount required on a level percent basis to pay the normal cost of benefits as determined in the
6	annual actuarial valuation as the benefits accrue for each of the employer's employees.
7	(3) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
8	(a) "Contemporary unfunded liability" means the plan's annual fiscal year actuarial gains and
9	losses smoothed over 5 years starting with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
10	(b) "Legacy unfunded liability" means the unfunded liability of the plan as of June 30, 2023."
11	
12	SECTION 10. SECTION 19-6-501, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
13	"19-6-501. Eligibility for service retirement benefit. (1) (a) Subject to a member's right to a refund
14	of the member's accumulated contributions under Title 19, chapter 2, part 6, a member hired on or before June
15	30, 2023, is eligible to receive a nonforfeitable service retirement benefit under 19-6-502 after completing 20
16	years or more of membership service and terminating service.
17	(b) Subject to a member's right to a refund of the member's accumulated contributions under Title
18	19, chapter 2, part 6, a member hired on or after July 1, 2023, is eligible to receive a nonforfeitable service
19	retirement benefit under 19-6-502 after completing 20 years or more of membership service, reaching the age
20	of 50, and terminating service.
21	(2) For purposes of compliance with section 411 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 411, a
22	vested member who has attained the later of age 50 or the completion of 20 years of membership service has
23	is treated as having attained normal retirement age and has a nonforfeitable right to the member's service
24	retirement."
25	
26	Section 11. Section 19-7-403, MCA, is amended to read:
27	"19-7-403. Member's contributions deducted. (1) (a) Subject to subsection (1)(b), each member's
28	contribution is 10.495% of the member's compensation.



1 (b) The member's contribution required under this subsection (1) must be reduced to 9.245% on 2 July 1 following the board's receipt of the system's actuarial valuation if- the report shows that the funded ratio 3 for the sheriffs' retirement system is at least 100%. 4 (i) the actuarial valuation determines that the period required to amortize the system's unfunded 5 liabilities, including adjustments that become effective after the valuation, is less than 25 years; and 6 (ii) reducing the member contributions and terminating the additional employer contributions pursuant 7 to 19-7-404(4)(b) would not cause the system's amortization period as of the most recent actuarial valuation to 8 exceed 25 years. 9 (2)Each employer, pursuant to section 414(h)(2) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as 10 amended and applicable on July 1, 1985, shall pick up and pay the contributions that would be payable by the 11 member under subsection (1) for service rendered after June 30, 1985. 12 (3) The member's contributions picked up by the employer must be designated for all purposes of 13 the retirement system as the member's contributions, except for the determination of a tax upon a distribution 14 from the retirement system. These contributions must become part of the member's accumulated contributions 15 but must be accounted for separately from those previously accumulated. 16 (4) The member's contributions picked up by the employer must be payable from the same source 17 as is used to pay compensation to the member and must be included in the member's wages, as defined in 19-18 1-102, and salary as used to define the member's highest average compensation in 19-7-101. The employer 19 shall deduct from the member's compensation an amount equal to the amount of the member's contributions 20 picked up by the employer and remit the total of the contributions to the board." 21 22 Section 12. Section 19-7-404, MCA, is amended to read: 23 "19-7-404. Employer contributions -- definitions. (1) Each-From July 1, 2023, through June 30, 24 2024, each employer shall pay 9.535% 13.385% 13.115% of the compensation paid to all of the employer's 25 employees plus any additional contribution under subsection (3), except for those employees properly excluded 26 from membership. (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, each employer shall pay as employer contributions an actuarially 27 (2)28 determined employer contribution that is determined annually by the public employees' retirement board's



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1	actuary in accordance with the provisions of this section and part of the plan's annual actuarial valuation. This
2	actuarially determined employer contribution is effective July 1 following the annual actuarial valuation
3	completed in the prior calendar year.
4	(b) The actuarially determined employer contribution must be the sum of the following contribution
5	rates minus the employee contribution provided for in 19-7-403:
6	(i) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(c) to pay off the legacy unfunded liability;
7	(ii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(d) to pay for the contemporary unfunded
8	liability; and
9	(iii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(e) to pay for the normal cost of benefits
10	as they accrue.
11	(c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), the contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(i) for
12	the legacy unfunded liability must be the amount required on a level percent basis to amortize the legacy
13	unfunded liability attributable to the employer's employees over a closed 25-year amortization period beginning
14	<u>July 1, 2023.</u>
15	(ii) If the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation determines the system's amortization period is less
16	than 25 years, then the closed amortization period used for the purposes of subsection (2)(c)(i) must be that
17	amortization period.
18	(d) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(ii) for the contemporary unfunded liability must be
19	the amount required on a level percent basis to pay the annual contemporary unfunded liabilities attributable to
20	the employer's employees over a layered amortization schedule so that each fiscal year's contemporary
21	unfunded liability is amortized over a closed 10-year period, starting with the contemporary unfunded liability for
22	the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
23	(e) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(iii) for the normal cost of benefits as they accrue
24	must be the amount required on a level percent basis to pay the normal cost of benefits as determined in the
25	annual actuarial valuation as the benefits accrue for each of the employer's employees.
26	(2)(3) (a) If the required contributions under subsections (1) and (3)(a) subsections (1) and (2) exceed
27	the funds available to a county from general revenue sources, a county may, subject to 15-10-420, budget,
28	levy, and collect annually a tax on the taxable value of all taxable property within the county that is sufficient to



1	raise the amou	int of revenue needed to meet the county's obligation.
2	(b)	(i) A county may impose a mill levy to fund the employer contribution required under subsection
3	(3)(b) subsection	ons (1) and (2). The mill levy is not subject to 15-10-420(1) or to approval at an election under
4	15-10-425.	
5	(ii)	Each year prior to implementing a levy under subsection (2)(b)(i) (3)(b)(i), after notice of the
6	hearing given u	under 7-1-2121, a public hearing must be held regarding any proposed increase.
7	(iii)	If a levy pursuant to this subsection $\frac{(2)(b)}{(3)(b)}$ is decreased or ceases to be levied, the
8	revenue may n	ot be combined with the revenue determined in 15-10-420(1)(a).
9	<u>(4)</u>	For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
10	<u>(a)</u>	"Contemporary unfunded liability" means the plan's annual fiscal year actuarial gains and
11	losses smooth	ed over 5 years starting with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
12	<u>(b)</u>	"Legacy unfunded liability" means the unfunded liability of the plan as of June 30, 2023.
13	(3) S	ubject to subsection (4), each employer shall contribute to the system additional employer
14	contributions e	qual to:
15	(a) 0.	.58% of the compensation paid to all of the employer's employees, except for those employees
16	properly exclud	ded from membership; and
17	(b) 3 '	% of the compensation paid to all of the employer's employees, except for those employees
18	properly exclue	ded from membership.
19	(4) (a	a) The board shall periodically review the additional employer contributions provided for under
20	subsection (3)	and recommend adjustments to the legislature as needed to maintain the amortization schedule
21	set by the boar	d for payment of the system's unfunded liabilities.
22	(b) T	he employer contributions required under subsection (3) terminate on July 1 following the board's
23	receipt of the s	ystem's actuarial valuation if:
24	(i) the	e actuarial valuation determines that the period required to amortize the system's unfunded
25	liabilities, inclue	ding adjustments made for any benefit enhancements that become effective after the valuation,
26	is less than 25	years; and
27	(ii) ter	minating the additional employer contributions and reducing the member contributions pursuant
28	to 19-7-403(1)((b) would not cause the amortization period to exceed 25 years."



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1	
2	SECTION 13. SECTION 19-7-501, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
3	"19-7-501. Eligibility for service retirement. (1) (a) Subject to a member's right to a refund of the
4	member's accumulated contributions under Title 19, chapter 2, part 6, a member hired on or before June 30,
5	2023, who has completed at least 20 years of membership service is eligible for a nonforfeitable service
6	retirement benefit under 19-7-503.
7	(b) Subject to a member's right to a refund of the member's accumulated contributions under Title
8	19, chapter 2, part 6, a member hired on or after July 1, 2023, who has completed at least 20 years of
9	membership service and reached 50 years of age is eligible for a nonforfeitable service retirement benefit under
10	<u>19-7-503.</u>
11	(2) For purposes of compliance with section 411 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 411, a
12	vested member who has attained the later of age 50 or the completion of 20 years of membership service has
13	attained normal retirement age and described in subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) is treated as having attained normal
14	retirement age and has a nonforfeitable right to the member's service retirement."
15	
16	Section 14. Section 19-8-504, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"19-8-504. Employer's contribution definitions. (1) The From July 1, 2023, through June 30,
18	2024, the employer shall pay as employer contributions 9% 13.65% 10.56% of the compensation paid to all of
19	the employer's employees, except those properly excluded from membership. The department of fish, wildlife,
20	and parks shall include in its budget and shall request for legislative appropriation an amount necessary to
21	defray the state's portion of the costs of this section.
22	(2) (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, each employer shall pay as employer contributions an actuarially
23	determined employer contribution that is determined annually by the public employees' retirement board's
24	actuary in accordance with the provisions of this section and part of the plan's annual actuarial valuation. This
25	actuarially determined employer contribution is effective July 1 following the annual actuarial valuation
26	completed in the prior calendar year.
27	(b) The actuarially determined employer contribution must be the sum of the following contribution



1	(i) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(c) to pay off the legacy unfunded liability;
2	(ii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(d) to pay for the contemporary unfunded
3	liability; and
4	(iii) the contribution rate determined under subsection (2)(e) to pay for the normal cost of benefits
5	as they accrue.
6	(c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), the contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(i) for
7	the legacy unfunded liability must be the amount required on a level percent basis to amortize the legacy
8	unfunded liability attributable to the employer's employees over a closed 25-year amortization period beginning
9	<u>July 1, 2023.</u>
10	(ii) If the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation determines the system's amortization period is less
11	than 25 years, then the closed amortization period used for the purposes of subsection (2)(c)(i) must be that
12	amortization period.
13	(d) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(ii) for the contemporary unfunded liability must be
14	the amount required on a level percent basis to pay the annual contemporary unfunded liabilities attributable to
15	the employer's employees over a layered amortization schedule so that each fiscal year's contemporary
16	unfunded liability is amortized over a closed 10-year period, starting with the contemporary unfunded liability for
17	the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
18	(e) The contribution rate under subsection (2)(b)(iii) for the normal cost of benefits as they accrue
19	must be the amount required on a level percent basis to pay the normal cost of benefits as determined in the
20	annual actuarial valuation as the benefits accrue for each of the employer's employees.
21	(3) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
22	(a) "Contemporary unfunded liability" means the plan's annual fiscal year actuarial gains and
23	losses smoothed over 5 years starting with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
24	(b) "Legacy unfunded liability" means the unfunded liability of the plan as of June 30, 2023."
25	
26	NEW SECTION. SECTION 15. SEVERABILITY. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID, ALL VALID PARTS THAT
27	ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID PART REMAIN IN EFFECT. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID IN ONE OR MORE OF ITS
28	APPLICATIONS, THE PART REMAINS IN EFFECT IN ALL VALID APPLICATIONS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID



1 <u>APPLICATIONS.</u>

2		
3	NEW SECTION. Section 16.	Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2023.
4		- END -

