\*\*\*\* 68th Legislature 2023

1		HOUSE BILL NO. 619	
2		INTRODUCED BY C. KEOGH, J. CARLSON	
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4	A BILL FOR AN	ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATING TO THE ASSESSMENT OF	
5	LANGUAGE D	EVELOPMENT IN DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING CHILDREN; REQUIRING THE CREATION	
6	OF A PARENT	RESOURCE ON LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENTAL MILESTONES; ESTABLISHING	
7	LANGUAGE AS	SSESSMENT STANDARDS; ESTABLISHING A TEMPORARY ADVISORY COMMITTEE;	
8	REQUIRING R	EPORTS; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-7-404 AND 52-2-901, MCA;	
9	AND PROVIDI	NG AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A TERMINATION DATE."	
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11	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
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13	NEW S	ECTION. Section 1. Parent resource on language developmental milestones criteria	
14	distribution	timeline for development. (1) The department of public health and human services and the	
15	office of public instruction shall collaborate to select language developmental milestones from existing		
16	standardized norms to develop a resource for parents to use in monitoring the expressive and receptive		
17	language acquisition of deaf and hard-of-hearing children.		
18	(2)	The parent resource must:	
19	(a)	include the language developmental milestones developed in accordance with subsection (4);	
20	(b)	be appropriate, in both content and administration, for use with deaf and hard-of-hearing	
21	children from birth through 8 years of age who use American sign language, English, or both;		
22	(c)	present the language developmental milestones in terms of the typical development of all	
23	children by age range;		
24	(d)	be written for clarity and ease of use by parents;	
25	(e)	be aligned with:	
26	(i)	the department's existing infant, toddler, and preschool guidelines;	
27	(ii)	the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to	
28	federal law; and	t de la construcción de	
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1 (iii) the state standards in English language arts; 2 (f) make clear that a parent has the right to select American sign language, English, or both, as 3 the language to be used for the child's language acquisition and developmental milestones; 4 (g) make clear that the parent resource is not a formal assessment of language development and 5 that a parent's observations of a child may differ from formal assessment data presented at a meeting to 6 discuss an individualized family service plan or individualized education program; 7 (h) make clear that a parent may bring the parent resource to an individualized family service plan 8 or individualized education program meeting to share the parent's observations about the child's development; 9 and 10 (i) include fair, balanced, and comprehensive information about languages, communication 11 modes, and available services and programs. 12 (3) The department and the office of public instruction shall disseminate the parent resource on 13 their websites. 14 (4) (a) (i) On or before March 1, 2024, the department and the office of public instruction shall 15 provide the language development advisory committee provided for in [section 2] with a list of existing language 16 developmental milestones from existing standardized norms. Each agency shall provide any relevant 17 information it holds regarding the language developmental milestones for possible inclusion in the parent 18 resource. 19 (ii) The language developmental milestones must be aligned with the agencies' existing infant, 20 toddler, and preschool guidelines, the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with 21 disabilities pursuant to federal law, and the state standards in English language arts. 22 (b) On or before June 1, 2024, the advisory committee shall recommend language developmental 23 milestones to be selected for the parent resource. 24 On or before June 30, 2024, the department and the office of public instruction shall inform the (c) 25 advisory committee of language developmental milestones selected for inclusion in the parent resource. 26 27 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Language development advisory committee. (1) There is a language 28 development advisory committee consisting of at least 10 but no more than 15 volunteers selected



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- 1 collaboratively by the director of the department and the superintendent of public instruction from among names
- 2 submitted by statewide associations representing deaf and hard-of-hearing individuals and families of deaf and
- 3 hard-of-hearing children.
- 4 (2) The advisory committee must include:
- 5 (a) a parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing and uses both American sign language and
- 6 English;
- 7 (b) a parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing and uses only spoken English, with or without
  8 visual supplements;
- 9 (c) a parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing and has one or more co-occurring disabilities;
- 10 (d) a representative of the Montana school for the deaf and blind who provides outreach and is
- 11 fluent in both American sign language and English;
- 12 (e) a representative of the department of public health and human services;
- 13 (f) a representative of the office of public instruction;
- 14 (g) at least four members from among the following:
- 15 (i) an expert who researches language outcomes for deaf and hard-of-hearing children who use
- 16 American sign language and English;
- 17 (ii) a credentialed teacher of deaf and hard-of-hearing students with expertise in curriculum and
- 18 instruction in American sign language and English;
- 19 (iii) a credentialed teacher of deaf and hard-of-hearing students with expertise in curriculum and
- 20 instruction in spoken English, with or without visual supplements;
- 21 (iv) an advocate from a statewide association that represents the deaf who advocates for teaching
- 22 using both American sign language and English;
- 23 (v) an early intervention specialist who works with deaf and hard-of-hearing infants and toddlers
- 24 using both American sign language and English;
- 25 (vi) a credentialed teacher of deaf and hard-of-hearing students with expertise in American sign
- 26 language and English language assessments;
- 27 (vii) a representative from a parent training information center;
- 28 (viii) a representative from an association of interpreters who provide services to support the



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1 communication needs of deaf and hard-of-hearing students in educational settings;

2 (ix) a psychologist with expertise in assessing deaf and hard-of-hearing children who is fluent in

3 American sign language and English;

4 (x) a speech-language pathologist; or

5 (xi) a pediatric audiologist.

6 (3) In selecting members, the director of the department and the superintendent shall ensure that:

7 (a) at least two and up to six of the members are deaf or hard of hearing, with preference given,

8 when appointing members with equal credentials, to deaf and hard-of-hearing members in order to include the

9 greatest number of deaf and hard-of-hearing members possible; and

(b) the membership is balanced among people who personally, professionally, or parentally use
 the dual languages of American sign language and English and members who personally, professionally, or
 parentally use only spoken English.

13 (4) The committee shall:

14 (a) advise the department and the office of public instruction on the selection of language

15 developmental milestones for children who are deaf or hard of hearing that are equivalent to milestones for

16 children who are not deaf or hard of hearing, for inclusion in the parent resource developed pursuant to [section

17 1];

(b) make recommendations on the selection and administration of provider or educator tools or
assessments selected pursuant to 52-2-901;

(c) advise the department or the office of public instruction on how the content and administration
 of the existing instruments used to assess the development of children with disabilities correlate to assessing
 the language development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children to ensure the appropriate use of the instrument

23 with deaf and hard-of-hearing children;

24 (d) make recommendations on unbiased and comprehensive materials to add to the parent 25 resource: and

26 (e) make recommendations regarding future research to improve the measurement of the progress 27 of deaf and hard-of-hearing children in language development.

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(5) The committee shall meet by means of videoconference only at least four times a year.



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1		(6)	Committee members are not entitled to compensation for their services other than any
2	compensation provided by their employers.		
3		(7)	The committee is attached to the department of public health and human services for
4	adminis	trative p	purposes. The department shall provide staff support to the committee.
5			
6		<u>NEW S</u>	ECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:
7		(1)	"Adequate progress" means:
8		(a)	6 months or more of growth in language development for children from birth up to 3 years of
9	age; and	b	
10		(b)	1 year or more of growth in language development for children 3 years of age through 8 years
11	of age.		
12		(2)	"American sign language" means visual American sign language, tactile American sign
13	languag	e, or pr	otactile American sign language.
14		(3)	"Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-
15	2201.		
16		(4)	"English" means spoken English, written English, or English with or without the use of visual
17	supplem	nents, c	ued speech, or manually coded English.
18		(5)	"Language" means the use of American sign language or English.
19		(6)	"Language developmental milestones" means milestones of development aligned with the
20	existing	state in	struments used to meet the requirements of 20 U.S.C. 1414(b) for the assessment of children
21	from bir	th throu	gh 8 years of age.
22			
23		Section	n 4. Section 20-7-404, MCA, is amended to read:
24		"20-7-4	<b>04.</b> Cooperation of state agencies. (1) The department of public health and human services
25	and the	state so	chool for the deaf and blind shall cooperate with the superintendent of public instruction in:
26		<u>(a)</u>	_assisting school districts in discovering children in need of special education; and
27		<u>(b)</u>	carrying out the provisions of Title 52, chapter 2, part 9.
28		(2)	_This section may not be construed to interfere with the purpose and function of these state



1	agencies."	
2		
3	Section 5. Section 52-2-901, MCA, is amended to read:	
4	"52-2-901. Evaluation and assessment of language and literacy development in deaf and hard-	
5	of-hearing children exception report. (1) In providing early intervention services for deaf and hard-of-	
6	hearing children and their families pursuant to Part B and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education	
7	Act, 20 U.S.C. 1431, et seq., the department of public health and human services and the office of public	
8	instruction shall provide a list of tools for qualified personnel and educators to use in evaluating and assessing	
9	the language and literacy development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children. The tools must be selected from	
10	the list submitted by the language development advisory committee pursuant to [section 2].	
11	(2) A tool:	
12	(a) must be in a format that shows the stages of language development for <u>American sign</u>	
13	language or English, for American sign language, or for another language spoken in the child's home;	
14	(b) must be used by qualified personnel <u>and educators</u> to track the development of deaf and hard-	
15	of-hearing children's expressive and receptive language acquisition and developmental stages toward literacy	
16	effective communication;	
17	(c) must be selected from existing instruments or assessments used to assess the development of	
18	all-deaf and hard-of-hearing children from birth to 3 years through 8 years of age; and	
19	(d) must be appropriate, in both content and administration, for use with deaf and hard-of-hearing	
20	children.	
21	(3) The Except as provided in subsection (8), the tools may must be used, as part of the	
22	assessment required by federal law, by a child's individualized family service plan or individualized education	
23	program, as applicable, to track the child's progress and to establish or modify the child's individualized family	
24	service plan or individualized education program.	
25	(4) Each child's language development must be assessed:	
26	(a) every 6 months from birth until the child reaches 3 years of age; and	
27	(b) annually from 3 years of age until the child reaches 9 years of age.	
28	(5) If a deaf or hard-of-hearing child does not demonstrate adequate progress in expressive and	



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1	receptive language skills as measured by one of the educator tools or assessments selected pursuant to this		
2	section or by the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities, the child's		
3	individualized family service plan or individualized education program team must:		
4	(a) explain in detail the reasons the child is not meeting the language developmental milestones or		
5	progressing towards them; and		
6	(b) recommend specific strategies, services, and programs that may be provided to assist the		
7	child's success in effective communication.		
8	(4)(6) (a) The department shall provide a-the list of tools selected pursuant to this section-part to		
9	providers of early intervention services to track the language and literacy development of the deaf and hard-of-		
10	hearing children to whom the provider is providing services.		
11	(b) The office of public instruction shall provide a list of tools to educators or providers of school-		
12	based services to track the language development of a deaf or hard-of-hearing child receiving services.		
13	(5)(7) (a) The department and the office of public instruction shall each prepare an annual report,		
14	using existing data that is reported in compliance with federal requirements for children receiving Part B and		
15	Part C services, regarding the language and literacy development in deaf and hard-of-hearing children from		
16	birth to 3 through 8 years of age relative to their peers who are not deaf or hard of hearing.		
17	(b) The report must include, as applicable to each agency:		
18	(i) the total number of children receiving Part B and Part C services;		
19	(ii) the total number of children assessed for language development;		
20	(iii) the languages in which children were assessed and the number of children assessed in each		
21	language;		
22	(iv) the number of reassessed children who made adequate progress in language development		
23	during the reporting period;		
24	(v) information on how the ratings included in the report were developed;		
25	(vi) for each assessment conducted, the tool that was used for the assessment; and		
26	(vii) the number of assessment proctors whose qualifications as established by the producer of the		
27	assessment tool were verified by both the parent or guardian and the department or the office of public		
28	instruction.		



1	(c) The department Each agency shall make the its report available on its website along with the
2	name and contact information of the person who prepared the report.
3	(8) A parent pursuing an indigenous language for a child may opt out of the evaluation and
4	assessment required under this part."
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6	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 3] are intended to be
7	codified as an integral part of Title 52, chapter 2, part 9, and the provisions of Title 52, chapter 2, part 9, apply
8	to [sections 1 through 3].
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10	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2023.
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12	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Termination. [Section 2] terminates June 30, 2025.
13	- END -