1	HOUSE BILL NO. 874		
2	INTRODUCED BY L. BREWSTER		
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4	A BILL FOR AN	ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS RELATED TO SUBDIVISION AND	
5	PLANNING; REVISING THE FEE AMOUNTS THAT A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY ASSESS FOR THE		
6	EXAMINATION OF EXEMPT DIVISIONS OF LAND; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-201 AND 76-3-207,		
7	MCA."		
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
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11	Section	1. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:	
12	"76-3-20	1. Exemption for certain divisions of land fees for examination of division. (1) Unless	
13	the method of di	sposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this chapter, the requirements of this chapter	
14	may not apply to any division of land that:		
15	(a)	is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or that, in the	
16	absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in this state		
17	pursuant to the law of eminent domain, Title 70, chapter 30;		
18	(b)	subject to subsection (4), is created to provide security for mortgages, liens, or trust indentures	
19	for the purpose of	of construction, improvements to the land being divided, or refinancing purposes;	
20	(c)	creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water that is severed from the surface ownership of	
21	real property;		
22	(d)	creates cemetery lots;	
23	(e)	is created by the reservation of a life estate;	
24	(f)	is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes;	
25	(g)	is in a location over which the state does not have jurisdiction; or	
26	(h)	is created for rights-of-way or utility sites. A subsequent change in the use of the land to a	
27	residential, commercial, or industrial use is subject to the requirements of this chapter.		
28	(2)	An exempt division of land as provided in subsection (1)(a) is not considered a subdivision	



1 under this chapter if not more than four new lots or parcels are created from the original lot or parcel.

- (3) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment on the division.
 - (4) An exemption under subsection (1)(b) applies:
- 6 (a) to a division of land of any size;
 - (b) if the land that is divided is not conveyed to any entity other than the financial or lending institution to which the mortgage, lien, or trust indenture was given or to a purchaser upon foreclosure of the mortgage, lien, or trust indenture. Except as provided in subsection (5), a transfer of the divided land, by the owner of the property at the time that the land was divided, to any party other than those identified in this subsection (4)(b) subjects the division of land to the requirements of this chapter.
 - (c) to a parcel that is created to provide security as provided in subsection (1)(b). The remainder of the tract of land is subject to the provisions of this chapter, if applicable.
 - (5) If a parcel of land was divided pursuant to subsection (1)(b) and one of the parcels created by the division was conveyed by the landowner to another party without foreclosure before October 1, 2003, the conveyance of the remaining parcel is not subject to the requirements of this chapter.
 - (6) The governing body may examine a division of land to determine whether or not the requirements of this chapter apply to the division and may establish reasonable fees, not to exceed \$200 the actual cost \$400, for the examination."

Section 2. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read:

"76-3-207. Divisions or aggregations of land exempted from review but subject to survey requirements and zoning regulations -- exceptions -- fees for examination of division. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this chapter, the following divisions or aggregations of tracts of record of any size, regardless of the resulting size of any lot created by the division or aggregation, are not subdivisions under this chapter but are subject to the surveying requirements of 76-3-401 for divisions or aggregations of land other than subdivisions and are subject to applicable zoning regulations adopted under Title 76, chapter 2:



- (a) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of relocating common boundary lines between adjoining properties;
 - (b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of a single gift or sale in each county to each member of the landowner's immediate family;
 - (c) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by gift, sale, or agreement to buy and sell in which the landowner enters into a covenant for the purposes of this chapter with the governing body that runs with the land and provides that the divided land will be used exclusively for agricultural purposes, subject to the provisions of 76-3-211;
 - (d) for five or fewer lots within a platted subdivision, the relocation of common boundaries;
 - (e) divisions made for the purpose of relocating a common boundary line between a single lot within a platted subdivision and adjoining land outside a platted subdivision. A restriction or requirement on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
 - (f) aggregation of parcels or lots when a certificate of survey or subdivision plat shows that the boundaries of the original parcels have been eliminated and the boundaries of a larger aggregate parcel are established. A restriction or requirement on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), within a platted subdivision filed with the county clerk and recorder, a division, redesign, or rearrangement of lots that results in an increase in the number of lots or that redesigns or rearranges six or more lots must be reviewed and approved by the governing body before an amended plat may be filed with the county clerk and recorder.
 - (3) (a) Subject to subsection (3)(b), a division of land may not be made under this section unless the county treasurer has certified that all real property taxes and special assessments assessed and levied on the land to be divided have been paid.
 - (b) (i) If a division of land includes centrally assessed property and the property taxes applicable to the division of land are not specifically identified in the tax assessment, the department of revenue shall prorate the taxes applicable to the land being divided on a reasonable basis. The owner of the centrally assessed property shall ensure that the prorated real property taxes and special assessments are paid on the land being sold before the division of land is made.



1	(ii) The county treasurer may accept the amount of the tax prorated pursuant to this subsection (3)(b)	
2	as a partial payment of the total tax that is due.	
3	(4) The governing body may examine a division or aggregation of land to determine whether or no	
4	the requirements of this chapter apply to the division or aggregation and may establish reasonable fees, not to	
5	exceed \$200 the actual cost \$400, for the examination."	
6	- END -	

