Coth Logiclature 202

68th Legislature 2023 HB 925.1

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 925 2 INTRODUCED BY L. BREWSTER 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO TAX INCREMENT PLEDGED TO 4 5 THE PAYMENT OF BONDS: REQUIRING REMITTANCE OF TAX INCREMENT THAT EXCEEDS THE 6 AMOUNT NECESSARY TO PAY BONDS AND A BOND RESERVE AMOUNT: AMENDING SECTIONS 7-15-7 4286 AND 7-15-4291, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE." 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 10 11 **Section 1.** Section 7-15-4286, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "7-15-4286. Procedure to determine and disburse tax increment -- remittance of excess portion 13 of tax increment for targeted economic development districts that issue bonds. (1) Mill rates of 14 taxing bodies for taxes levied after the effective date of the tax increment provision must be calculated on the 15 basis of the sum of the taxable value, as shown by the last equalized assessment roll, of all taxable property 16 located outside the urban renewal area or targeted economic development district and the base taxable value 17 of all taxable property located within the area or district. The mill rate determined must be levied against the 18 sum of the actual taxable value of all taxable property located within as well as outside the area or district. (a) Except as provided in subsections (2)(b), (2)(c), and (3), the tax increment, if any, received 19 (2) 20 in each year from the levy of the combined mill rates of all the affected taxing bodies against the incremental 21 taxable value within the area or district must be paid into a special fund held by the treasurer of the local 22 government and used as provided in 7-15-4282 through 7-15-4294. 23 (b) For targeted economic development districts in existence prior to July 1, 2022, and urban 24 renewal areas, the combined mill rates used to calculate the tax increment may not include mill rates for: 25 (i) the university system mills levied pursuant to 15-10-109 and 20-25-439; and 26 a new mill levy approved by voters as provided in 15-10-425 after the adoption of a tax (ii) 27 increment provision. 28 (c) For targeted economic development districts created after June 30, 2022, the combined mill

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1 rates used to calculate the tax increment may not include mill rates for: 2 the university system mills levied pursuant to 15-10-109 and 20-25-439; (i) 3 (ii) one-half of the elementary, high school, and state equalization mills levied pursuant to 20-9-4 331, 20-9-333, and 20-9-360; 5 (iii) a new mill levy approved by voters as provided in 15-10-425 after the adoption of a tax 6 increment provision; and 7 any portion of an existing mill levy designated by the local government as excluded from the tax (iv) 8 increment. 9 (3) (a) Subject to 7-15-4287 and subsection (3)(b) of this section, a targeted economic development district with a tax increment provision adopted after October 1, 2019, may expend or accumulate tax increment 10 11 for: 12 (i) the payment of the costs listed in 7-15-4288; 13 (ii) the cost of issuing bonds; or 14 (iii) any pledge to the payment of the principal of any premium, if any, and interest on the bonds issued 15 pursuant to 7-15-4289 and sufficient to fund any reserve fund in respect of the bonds in an amount not to 16 exceed 125% of the maximum principal and interest on the bonds in any year during the term of the bonds. 17 (b) Any excess tax increment remaining after the use or accumulation of funds as set forth in 18 subsection (3)(a) must be: 19 (i) remitted to each taxing jurisdiction for which the mill rates are included in the calculation of the tax 20 increment as provided in subsections (1) and (2); and 21 (ii) proportional to the taxing jurisdiction's share of the total mills levied. 22 (c) A targeted economic development district is not subject to the provisions of this subsection (3) if 23 bonds have not been issued to finance the project. 24 (a) Subject to 7-15-4287, an urban renewal area or targeted economic development district that (3)has pledged tax increment to the payment of bonds pursuant to 7-15-4289 may only retain in any year during 25 26 the term of the bonds tax increment sufficient to: 27 pay the principal of any premium and interest on bonds; and (i) 28 maintain a reserve fund in respect of the bonds in an amount not to exceed 125% of the (ii)



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1 maximum principal and interest on the bonds.

Any excess tax increment remaining after the use or accumulation of funds as set forth in subsection (3)(a) must be remitted to each taxing jurisdiction for which the mill rates are included in the calculation of the tax increment as provided in subsections (1) and (2) proportionally to the taxing jurisdiction's share of the total mills levied.

- (4) Any portion of the excess tax increment remitted to a school district pursuant to subsection (3) is subject to the provisions of 7-15-4291(2) through (5).
- 8 (5) The balance of the taxes collected in each year must be paid to each of the taxing bodies as 9 otherwise provided by law."

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Section 2. Section 7-15-4291, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-15-4291. Voluntary agreement to remit unused portion of urban renewal district tax increments. (1) Subject to subsections (2) through (5), a local government with an urban renewal district containing a tax increment provision may enter into an agreement to remit any portion of the annual tax increment not currently required for the payment of the costs listed in 7-15-4288 or pledged to the payment of the principal of premiums, if any, and interest on the bonds referred to in 7-15-4289. The remittance agreement must:
- provide for remittance to each taxing jurisdiction for which the mill rates are included in the (a) calculation of the tax increment as provided in 7-15-4286(1) and (2); and
- 20 (b) require that the remittance be proportional to the taxing jurisdiction's share of the total mills 21 levied.
- 22 (2) Any portion of the increment remitted to a school district pursuant to 7-15-4286(3) or this 23 section:
 - must be used to reduce property taxes or designated as operating reserve pursuant to 20-9-(a) 104 for the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the remittance was received;
- 26 (b) must be deposited in one or more of the following funds that has a mill levy for the current school year, subject to the provisions of Title 20 and this section: 27
- 28 (i) general fund;



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1	(ii)	bus depreciation reserve fund;
2	(iii)	debt service fund;
3	(iv)	building reserve fund;
4	(v)	technology acquisition and depreciation fund; and
5	(c)	may not be transferred to any fund.
6	(3)	The remittance will not reduce the levy authority of the school district receiving the remittance
7	in years subsequent to the time period established by subsection (2)(a).	
8	(4)	Any portion of the increment remitted to a school district and deposited into the general fund
9	must be designated as operating reserve pursuant to 20-9-104 or used to reduce the BASE budget levy or the	
10	over-BASE budget levy in the following fiscal year.	
11	(5)	If a school district does not utilize the remitted portion to reduce property taxes or designate the
12	remittance as operating reserve within the time period established by subsection (2)(a), the unused portion	
13	must be remitted as follows:	
14	(a)	if the area or district is in existence at the time of the remittance, the portion is distributed to the
15	special fund in 7-15-4286(2)(a) and used as provided in 7-15-4282 through 7-15-4294; or	
16	(b)	if the area or district is not in existence at the time of the remittance, the portion is distributed
17	pursuant to 7-15-4292(2)(a)."	
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19	NEW S	ECTION. Section 3. Applicability. [This act] applies to all urban renewal areas and targeted
20	economic deve	lopment districts that have pledged tax increment to the payment of bonds.



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