68th Legislature SB 58



AN ACT INCREASING THE MAXIMUM ANNUAL BLOCK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM ALLOWABLE
PAYMENT TO LANDOWNERS; AMENDING SECTION 87-1-265, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE
EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 87-1-265, MCA, is amended to read:

"87-1-265. Hunting access programs -- block management program -- private landowner assistance -- rules -- restriction on landowner liability. (1) There is established a block management program administered by the department to provide landowner assistance that encourages public access to private and public lands for hunting purposes.

- (2) The department may also develop and administer alternative programs to the block management program that are designed to promote public access to private and public lands for hunting purposes.
- (3) Participation in a hunting access program established under this section is voluntary. A lease, acquisition, or other arrangement for public access to or across private property for hunting purposes must be negotiated through a cooperative agreement between the landowner and the department that will guarantee reasonable access for public hunting. Landowners may also form a voluntary association when development of a unified cooperative agreement is advantageous. A cooperative agreement must contain a detailed description of the conditions for use of the private property, including but not limited to:
 - (a) hunting access management;
 - (b) services to be provided to the public;
 - (c) ranch rules and other restrictions; and
 - (d) any other management information to be gathered, which must be made available to the public.



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(4) Private land is not eligible for inclusion in a hunting access program if outfitting, commercial hunting, or fees charged for private hunting access unreasonably restrict public hunting opportunities.

- (5) If the department determines that an agreement may adversely influence game management decisions or wildlife habitat on public lands, then other public land agencies, interested sportspersons, and affected landowners must be consulted. An affected landowner's management goals and personal observations regarding game populations and habitat use must be considered in development of the agreement.
- (6) The commission may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section, including but not limited to rules that determine tangible benefits to be provided to a landowner who participates in a hunting access program. Benefits are intended to offset potential impacts associated with public hunting access, including but not limited to those associated with general ranch maintenance, conservation efforts, weed control, fire protection, liability insurance, roads, fences, and parking area maintenance. Factors used in determining benefits may include but are not limited to:
 - (a) the number of days of public hunting provided by a participating landowner;
 - (b) wildlife habitat provided;
 - (c) resident game populations;
 - (d) number, sex, and species of animals taken; and
 - (e) access provided to adjacent public lands.
- (7) (a) Benefits earned by a landowner who participates in a hunting access program may include but are not limited to those applied in the manner described in subsections (7)(b) and (7)(c).
 - (b) A landowner may receive direct payments:
 - (i) for weed control or may direct payments to be made directly to the county weed control board;
- (ii) for fire protection or may direct fire protection payments to be made to the local fire district or the county where the landowner resides; and
 - (iii) to offset insurance costs incurred for allowing public hunting access.
- (c) The department may provide assistance in the construction and maintenance of roads, gates, and parking facilities and in the signing of property.
- (8) (a) Except as provided in 87-1-264 and subsection (8)(b) of this section, payments to a landowner who participates in a hunting access program through an annual agreement may not exceed



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\$25,000 \$50,000 per a year.

(b) Each landowner who participates in a unified cooperative agreement pursuant to subsection (3) may be eligible for payments not to exceed \$25,000 \$50,000 per a year.

(9) The restriction on liability of a landowner, agent, or tenant that is provided under 70-16-302(1) applies to a landowner who participates in a hunting access program."

Section 2. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

- END -



I hereby certify that the within bill,	
SB 58, originated in the Senate.	
Secretary of the Senate	
President of the Senate	
Signed this	day
of	, 2023
Speaker of the House	
Signed this	day

SENATE BILL NO. 58

INTRODUCED BY S. HINEBAUCH

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS

AN ACT INCREASING THE MAXIMUM ANNUAL BLOCK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM ALLOWABLE PAYMENT TO LANDOWNERS; AMENDING SECTION 87-1-265, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.