1		SENATE BILL NO. 530
2		INTRODUCED BY G. HERTZ
3		
4	A BILL FOR A	N ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING PROPERTY TAXATION OF CERTAIN CLASS EIGHT
5	BUSINESS EC	QUIPMENT PROPERTY; PROVIDING FOR AN ABATEMENT OF MANUFACTURING
6	MACHINERY,	FIXTURES, AND EQUIPMENT; PROVIDING FOR REVIEW OF THE ABATEMENT REQUEST
7	BY A GOVERI	NING BODY OF A COUNTY; PROVIDING THE ABATEMENT MAY NOT BE LESS THAN 80%
8	OF TAXABLE	VALUE; PROVIDING A DEFINITION DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTION 15-6-138, MCA;
9	AND PROVID	ING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
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13	Section	on 1. Section 15-6-138, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-6-	138. (Temporary) Class eight property description taxable percentage. (1) Class eight
15	property include	les:
16	(a)	all agricultural implements and equipment that are not exempt under 15-6-207 or 15-6-220;
17	(b)	all mining machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools that are not exempt under 15-6-219, and
18	supplies excep	ot those included in class five under 15-6-135;
19	(c)	for oil and gas production, all:
20	(i)	machinery;
21	(ii)	fixtures;
22	(iii)	equipment, including flow lines and gathering lines, pumping units, oil field storage tanks, wate
23	storage tanks, water disposal injection pumps, gas compressor and dehydrator units, communication towers,	
24	gas metering shacks, treaters, gas separators, water flood units, and gas boosters, together with equipment	
25	that is skidable, portable, or movable;	
26	(iv)	tools that are not exempt under 15-6-219; and
27	(v)	supplies except those included in class five;
28	(d)	all manufacturing machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools, except a certain value of hand-held



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68th Legislature 2023 SB0530.2

1 tools and personal property related to space vehicles, ethanol manufacturing, and industrial dairies and milk 2 processors as provided in 15-6-220, and supplies except those included in class five;

- all goods and equipment that are intended for rent or lease, except goods and equipment that (e) are specifically included and taxed in another class or that are rented under a purchase incentive rental program as defined in 15-6-202(4);
- (f) special mobile equipment as defined in 61-1-101;
- 7 furniture, fixtures, and equipment, except that specifically included in another class, used in (g) 8 commercial establishments as defined in this section:
- 9 x-ray and medical and dental equipment: (h)
- 10 (i) citizens band radios and mobile telephones;
- 11 (j) radio and television broadcasting and transmitting equipment;
- 12 (k) cable television systems;
- 13 (I) coal and ore haulers;
- 14 theater projectors and sound equipment; and (m)
- 15 (n) all other property that is not included in any other class in this part, except that property that is 16 subject to a fee in lieu of a property tax.
- 17 (2) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - "Coal and ore haulers" means nonhighway vehicles that exceed 18,000 pounds an axle and (a) that are primarily designed and used to transport coal, ore, or other earthen material in a mining or quarrying environment.
 - (b) "Commercial establishment" includes any hotel, motel, office, petroleum marketing station, or service, wholesale, retail, or food-handling business.
 - (c) "Flow lines and gathering lines" means pipelines used to transport all or part of the oil or gas production from an oil or gas well to an interconnection with a common carrier pipeline as defined in 69-13-101, a pipeline carrier as defined in 49 U.S.C. 15102(2), or a rate-regulated natural gas transmission or oil transmission pipeline regulated by the public service commission or the federal energy regulatory commission.
- 27 (D) "GOVERNING BODY" MEANS THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE COUNTY WHERE THE CLASS EIGHT 28 PROPERTY IS LOCATED.



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(d)(E) "Manufacturing machinery, fixtures, and equipment" means all property used in the			
manufacturing process, whether permanently or temporarily in place, to transform raw or finished materials into			
something possessing a new nature or name and adopted to a new use. The term includes but is not limited to			
refinery property.			
(3) Except as provided in 15-24-1402 and this section, class eight property is taxed at:			

- Except as provided in 15-24-1402 and this section, class eight property is taxed at:
- 6 for the first \$6 million of taxable market value in excess of the exemption amount in subsection (a) 7 (4), 1.5%; and
 - (b) for all taxable market value in excess of \$6 million, 3%.
- 9 (a) The Except as provided in subsection (4)(b), the first [\$300,000] of market value of class 10 eight property of a person or business entity is exempt from taxation.
 - Manufacturing SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (6), MANUFACTURING machinery, fixtures, and equipment installed and placed in service after December 31, 2022, are exempt OR PARTIALLY EXEMPT from taxation for a period of 5 years starting from the later of the date they were placed in service or [the effective date of this act], after which the exemption AMOUNT ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (6)(D) is phased out at a rate of 20% OF THE AMOUNT ALLOWED BY THE GOVERNING BODY a year, with the property being assessed at 100% of its taxable value after a 10-year period. An entity that claims a tax exemption under this subsection (4)(b) shall maintain adequate books and records demonstrating the investment the owner made when installing and placing the property into service in the state. The property owners shall make the records available to the department for inspection on request.
 - The gas gathering facilities of a stand-alone gas gathering company providing gas gathering (5)services to third parties on a contractual basis, owning more than 500 miles of gas gathering lines in Montana, and centrally assessed in tax years prior to 2009 must be treated as a natural gas transmission pipeline subject to central assessment under 15-23-101. For purposes of this subsection, the gas gathering line ownership of all affiliated companies, as defined in section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1504(a), must be aggregated for purposes of determining the 500-mile threshold.
 - (6)(A) IN ORDER FOR A TAXPAYER TO RECEIVE THE TAX ABATEMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4)(B), THE TAXPAYER SHALL SUBMIT AN APPLICATION FOR THE ABATEMENT AND A PROJECT PLAN TO THE GOVERNING BODY AND RECEIVE APPROVAL PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6). FOR PROPERTY IN WHICH A TAXPAYER DOES NOT SEEK



1	APPROVAL PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION, THE TAXPAYER SHALL APPLY:
2	(I) BY MARCH 1 OF THE YEAR DURING WHICH THE ABATEMENT IS FIRST APPLICABLE FOR PROPERTY
3	PLACED IN SERVICE ON OR AFTER [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT]; OR
4	(II) BY JANUARY 31, 2024, FOR PROPERTY PLACED IN SERVICE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND BEFORE
5	[THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT].
6	(B) IN ORDER TO RECEIVE AN ABATEMENT, THE GOVERNING BODY MUST APPROVE THE ABATEMENT
7	REQUEST IN THE APPLICATION BY RESOLUTION FOR EACH PROJECT, FOLLOWING DUE NOTICE AS PROVIDED IN 7-1-2121
8	AND A PUBLIC HEARING. THE GOVERNING BODY MAY NOT GRANT APPROVAL FOR THE PROJECT UNTIL THE APPLICANT'S
9	PROPERTY TAXES HAVE BEEN PAID IN FULL. TAXES PAID UNDER PROTEST DO NOT PRECLUDE APPROVAL. IF A TAXPAYER
10	RECEIVES APPROVAL OF A TAX ABATEMENT PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION, THE ABATEMENT DOES NOT
11	EXTEND TO PROPERTY THAT IS OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THE PROJECT PLAN THAT WAS SUBMITTED TO THE GOVERNING
12	BODY WITH THE APPLICATION.
13	(C) THE PURPOSE OF THE PUBLIC HEARING IS TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE MANUFACTURING MACHINERY,
14	FIXTURES, AND EQUIPMENT ELIGIBLE FOR AN ABATEMENT HAS AN IMPACT ON SERVICES. THE GOVERNING BODY SHALL:
15	(I) PUBLISH DUE NOTICE WITHIN 60 DAYS OF RECEIVING A TAXPAYER'S COMPLETE APPLICATION FOR THE
16	TAX ABATEMENT; AND
17	(II) CONDUCT A PUBLIC HEARING REGARDING AN APPLICATION FOR THE TAX ABATEMENT AND MAKE A
18	DETERMINATION WHETHER THE ELIGIBLE ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES WILL HAVE A FISCAL IMPACT TO THE COUNTY.
19	(D) WITHIN 120 DAYS OF RECEIVING THE APPLICATION PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (6)(A), THE
20	GOVERNING BODY SHALL ISSUE A DECISION REGARDING WHETHER TO ALLOW THE ABATEMENT AT 100%, 90%, OR 80%.
21	IF THE GOVERNING BODY FAILS TO ISSUE A DECISION WITHIN 120 DAYS OF RECEIVING THE APPLICATION, THE
22	APPLICATION IS CONSIDERED APPROVED IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO 100%. IF THE PROPERTY QUALIFIES FOR THE
23	ABATEMENT, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY NOT DENY THE ABATEMENT AND THE MINIMUM AMOUNT OF THE ABATEMENT
24	MAY NOT BE LESS THAN 80%. (Bracketed language is temporarily amended to "\$100,000" on occurrence of
25	contingency for calendar years 2022, 2023, 2024, and 2025 until July 1, 2025secs. 12(7) and 14, Ch. 506, L.
26	2021see compiler's comment.)
27	15-6-138. (Effective July 1, 2025) Class eight property description taxable percentage. (1)
28	Class eight property includes:



1	(a)	all agricultural implements and equipment that are not exempt under 15-6-207 or 15-6-220;
2	(b)	all mining machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools that are not exempt under 15-6-219, and
3	supplies excep	t those included in class five under 15-6-135;
4	(c)	for oil and gas production, all:
5	(i)	machinery;
6	(ii)	fixtures;
7	(iii)	equipment, including flow lines and gathering lines, pumping units, oil field storage tanks, water
8	storage tanks,	water disposal injection pumps, gas compressor and dehydrator units, communication towers,
9	gas metering s	hacks, treaters, gas separators, water flood units, and gas boosters, together with equipment
10	that is skidable	, portable, or movable;
11	(iv)	tools that are not exempt under 15-6-219; and
12	(v)	supplies except those included in class five;
13	(d)	all manufacturing machinery, fixtures, equipment, tools, except a certain value of hand-held
14	tools and perso	onal property related to space vehicles, ethanol manufacturing, and industrial dairies and milk
15	processors as	provided in 15-6-220, and supplies except those included in class five;
16	(e)	all goods and equipment that are intended for rent or lease, except goods and equipment that
17	are specifically	included and taxed in another class or that are rented under a purchase incentive rental
18	program as def	ined in 15-6-202(4);
19	(f)	special mobile equipment as defined in 61-1-101;
20	(g)	furniture, fixtures, and equipment, except that specifically included in another class, used in
21	commercial est	ablishments as defined in this section;
22	(h)	x-ray and medical and dental equipment;
23	(i)	citizens band radios and mobile telephones;
24	(j)	radio and television broadcasting and transmitting equipment;
25	(k)	cable television systems;
26	(I)	coal and ore haulers;
27	(m)	theater projectors and sound equipment; and
28	(n)	all other property that is not included in any other class in this part, except that property that is



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- 1 subject to a fee in lieu of a property tax.
- 2 (2) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
- 3 (a) "Coal and ore haulers" means nonhighway vehicles that exceed 18,000 pounds an axle and
 4 that are primarily designed and used to transport coal, ore, or other earthen material in a mining or quarrying
 5 environment.
 - (b) "Commercial establishment" includes any hotel, motel, office, petroleum marketing station, or service, wholesale, retail, or food-handling business.
 - (c) "Flow lines and gathering lines" means pipelines used to transport all or part of the oil or gas production from an oil or gas well to an interconnection with a common carrier pipeline as defined in 69-13-101, a pipeline carrier as defined in 49 U.S.C. 15102(2), or a rate-regulated natural gas transmission or oil transmission pipeline regulated by the public service commission or the federal energy regulatory commission.
 - (D) "GOVERNING BODY" MEANS THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE COUNTY WHERE THE CLASS EIGHT PROPERTY IS LOCATED.
 - (d)(E) "Manufacturing machinery, fixtures, and equipment" means all property used in the manufacturing process, whether permanently or temporarily in place, to transform raw or finished materials into something possessing a new nature or name and adopted to a new use. The term includes but is not limited to refinery property.
- 18 (3) Except as provided in 15-24-1402 and this section, class eight property is taxed at:
- 19 (a) for the first \$6 million of taxable market value in excess of the exemption amount in subsection 20 (4), 1.5%; and
- 21 (b) for all taxable market value in excess of \$6 million, 3%.
- 22 (4) (a) The Except as provided in subsection (4)(b), the first \$300,000 of market value of class eight 23 property of a person or business entity is exempt from taxation.
 - (b) Manufacturing SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (6), MANUFACTURING machinery, fixtures, and equipment installed and placed in service after December 31, 2022, are exempt OR PARTIALLY EXEMPT from taxation for a period of 5 years starting from the later of the date they were placed in service or [the effective date of this act], after which the exemption AMOUNT ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (6)(D) is phased out at a rate of 20% OF THE AMOUNT ALLOWED BY THE GOVERNING BODY a year, with the property being assessed at 100% of its taxable value



2	adequate books and records demonstrating the investment the owner made when installing and placing the
3	property into service in the state. The property owners shall make the records available to the department for
4	inspection on request.
5	(5) The gas gathering facilities of a stand-alone gas gathering company providing gas gathering
6	services to third parties on a contractual basis, owning more than 500 miles of gas gathering lines in Montana,
7	and centrally assessed in tax years prior to 2009 must be treated as a natural gas transmission pipeline subject
8	to central assessment under 15-23-101. For purposes of this subsection, the gas gathering line ownership of all
9	affiliated companies, as defined in section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1504(a), must be
10	aggregated for purposes of determining the 500-mile threshold.
11	(6) (A) IN ORDER FOR A TAXPAYER TO RECEIVE THE TAX ABATEMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4)(B),
12	THE TAXPAYER SHALL SUBMIT AN APPLICATION FOR THE ABATEMENT AND A PROJECT PLAN TO THE GOVERNING BODY AND
13	RECEIVE APPROVAL PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6). FOR PROPERTY IN WHICH A TAXPAYER DOES NOT SEEK
14	APPROVAL PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION, THE TAXPAYER SHALL APPLY:
15	(I) BY MARCH 1 OF THE YEAR DURING WHICH THE ABATEMENT IS FIRST APPLICABLE FOR PROPERTY
16	PLACED IN SERVICE ON OR AFTER [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT]; OR
17	(II) BY JANUARY 31, 2024, FOR PROPERTY PLACED IN SERVICE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND BEFORE
18	[THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT].
19	(B) IN ORDER TO RECEIVE AN ABATEMENT, THE GOVERNING BODY MUST APPROVE THE ABATEMENT
20	REQUEST IN THE APPLICATION BY RESOLUTION FOR EACH PROJECT, FOLLOWING DUE NOTICE AS PROVIDED IN 7-1-2121
21	AND A PUBLIC HEARING. THE GOVERNING BODY MAY NOT GRANT APPROVAL FOR THE PROJECT UNTIL THE APPLICANT'S
22	PROPERTY TAXES HAVE BEEN PAID IN FULL. TAXES PAID UNDER PROTEST DO NOT PRECLUDE APPROVAL. IF A TAXPAYER
23	RECEIVES APPROVAL OF A TAX ABATEMENT PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION, THE ABATEMENT DOES NOT
24	EXTEND TO PROPERTY THAT IS OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THE PROJECT PLAN THAT WAS SUBMITTED TO THE GOVERNING
25	BODY WITH THE APPLICATION.
26	(C) THE PURPOSE OF THE PUBLIC HEARING IS TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE MANUFACTURING MACHINERY,
27	FIXTURES, AND EQUIPMENT ELIGIBLE FOR AN ABATEMENT HAS AN IMPACT ON SERVICES. THE GOVERNING BODY SHALL:
28	(I) PUBLISH DUE NOTICE WITHIN 60 DAYS OF RECEIVING A TAXPAYER'S COMPLETE APPLICATION FOR THE

after a 10-year period. An entity that claims a tax exemption under this subsection (4)(b) shall maintain



1	TAX ABATEMENT; AND		
2	(II) CONDUCT A PUBLIC HEARING REGARDING AN APPLICATION FOR THE TAX ABATEMENT AND MAKE A		
3	DETERMINATION WHETHER THE ELIGIBLE ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES WILL HAVE A FISCAL IMPACT TO THE COUNTY.		
4	(D) WITHIN 120 DAYS OF RECEIVING THE APPLICATION PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (6)(A), THE		
5	GOVERNING BODY SHALL ISSUE A DECISION REGARDING WHETHER TO ALLOW THE ABATEMENT AT 100%, 90%, OR 80%.		
6	IF THE GOVERNING BODY FAILS TO ISSUE A DECISION WITHIN 120 DAYS OF RECEIVING THE APPLICATION, THE		
7	APPLICATION IS CONSIDERED APPROVED IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO 100%. IF THE PROPERTY QUALIFIES FOR THE		
8	ABATEMENT, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY NOT DENY THE ABATEMENT AND THE MINIMUM AMOUNT OF THE ABATEMENT		
9	MAY NOT BE LESS THAN 80%."		
10			
11	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Applicability. [This act] applies to property tax years beginning after		
12	December 31, 2023.		
13	- END -		

