AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING MARIJUANA LAWS; ALLOWING FOR A PROBATIONARY LICENSE FOR TESTING LABORATORIES; ALLOWING FOR A VARIANCE IN THE MEASUREMENT OF A SINGLE-SERVE EDIBLE MARIJUANA PRODUCT; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 16-12-104 AND 16-12-224, MCA.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 16-12-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-12-104. Department responsibilities -- licensure. (1) The department shall establish and maintain a registry of persons who receive licenses under this chapter.

(2) (a) The department shall issue the following license types to persons who submit applications meeting the requirements of this chapter:

(i) cultivator license;

(ii) manufacturer license;

(iii) adult-use dispensary license or a medical marijuana dispensary license;

(iv) testing laboratory license.

(v) marijuana transporter license.

(vi) combined-use marijuana license.

(b) The department may establish other license types, subtypes, endorsements, and restrictions it considers necessary for the efficient administration of this chapter.

(3) A licensee may not cultivate hemp or engage in hemp manufacturing at a licensed premises.

(4) A person licensed to cultivate or manufacture marijuana or marijuana products is subject to the provisions contained in the Montana Pesticides Act provided for in Title 80, chapter 8.

(5) The department shall assess applications for licensure or renewal to determine if an applicant, controlling beneficial owner, or a person with a financial interest in the applicant meets any of the criteria
established in this chapter for denial of a license.

(6) A license issued pursuant to this chapter must be displayed by the licensee as provided for in rule by the department.

(7) (a) The department shall review the information contained in an application or renewal submitted pursuant to this chapter and shall approve or deny an application:

(i) within 60 days of receiving the application or renewal and all related application materials from a former medical marijuana licensee or an existing licensee under this chapter; and
(ii) within 120 days of receiving the application and all related application materials from a new applicant.

(b) If the department fails to act on a completed application within the time allowed under subsection (7)(a), the department shall:

(i) reduce the cost of the licensing fee for a new applicant for licensure or endorsement or for a licensee seeking renewal of a license by 5% each week that the application is pending; and
(ii) allow a licensee to continue operation until the department takes final action.

(c) The department may not take final action on an application for a license or renewal of a license until the department has completed a satisfactory inspection as required by this chapter and related administrative rules.

(d) The department shall issue a license or endorsement within 5 days of approving an application or renewal.

(8) (a) The department may issue a probationary license under subsection (2)(a)(iv) only if:

(i) an applicant has completed the International Organization for Standardization application for assessment; and
(ii) there are no pending corrective actions to obtain International Organization for Standardization accreditation.

(b) A probationary license is valid for 180 days from the date of issue and may be renewed one time:

(i) if the application is denied after a good faith application effort; or
(ii) if the application remains pending International Organization for Standardization accreditation.

(c) If an applicant voluntarily closes the application process after receiving a probationary license, the applicant may not receive a second probationary license for 2 years.

9(9) (a) Review of a rejection of an application or renewal may be conducted as a contested case hearing before the department's office of dispute resolution pursuant to the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

(b) A person may appeal any decision of the department of revenue concerning the issuance, rejection, suspension, or revocation of a license provided for by this chapter to the district court in the county in which the person operates or proposes to operate. If a person operates or seeks to operate in more than one county, the person may seek judicial review in the district court with jurisdiction over actions arising in any of the counties where it operates or seeks to operate.

(c) An appeal pursuant to subsection 9(9)(b) must be made by filing a complaint setting forth the grounds for relief and the nature of relief demanded with the district court within 30 days following receipt of notice of the department's final decision.

9(10) Licenses issued under this chapter must be renewed annually.

10(11) (a) The department shall provide the names and phone numbers of persons licensed under this chapter and the city, town, or county where licensed premises are located to the public on the department's website. Except as provided in subsection 10(11)(b), the department may not disclose the physical location or address of a marijuana business.

(b) The department may share the physical location or address of a marijuana business with another state agency, political subdivision, and the state fire marshal.

11(12) The department may not prohibit a cultivator, manufacturer, or adult-use dispensary licensee operating in compliance with the requirements of this chapter from operating at a shared location with a medical marijuana dispensary.

12(13) The department may not adopt rules requiring a consumer to provide a licensee with identifying information other than government-issued identification to determine the consumer's age. A licensee that scans a person's driver's license using an electronic reader to determine the person's age:

(a) may only use data or metadata from the scan determine the person's age;
(b) may not transfer or sell that data or metadata to another party; and
(c) shall permanently delete any data or metadata from the scan within 180 days, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter or by the department.

(13) (a) Except as provided in subsection (13)(b), licenses issued by the department under this chapter are nontransferable.

(b) A licensee may sell its marijuana business, including live plants, inventory, and material assets, to a person who is licensed by the department under the provisions of this chapter. The department may, in its discretion, issue a temporary license to the acquiring party to facilitate the transfer of the licensee’s marijuana business.

(14)(15) A person who is not a controlling beneficial owner in a licensee may not receive or otherwise obtain an ownership interest in a licensee that results in the person becoming a controlling beneficial owner unless the licensee notifies, in writing, the department of the proposed transaction and the department determines that the person qualifies for ownership under the provisions of this chapter.”

Section 2. Section 16-12-224, MCA, is amended to read:

“16-12-224. Licensing of dispensaries. (1) Except as provided in 16-12-201(2), an applicant for a dispensary license shall demonstrate that the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 have been satisfied in the jurisdiction where each proposed dispensary is located if the proposed dispensary would be located in a county in which the majority of voters voted against approval of Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020, general election.

(2) When evaluating an initial or renewal application, the department shall evaluate each proposed dispensary for compliance with the provisions of 16-12-207 and 16-12-210.

(3) An adult-use dispensary licensee may operate at a shared location with a medical marijuana dispensary if the adult-use dispensary and medical marijuana dispensary are owned by the same person.

(4) A medical marijuana dispensary is authorized to sell exclusively to registered cardholders marijuana, marijuana products, and live marijuana plants.

(5) An adult-use dispensary is authorized to sell marijuana, marijuana products, and live marijuana plants to consumers or registered cardholders.
(6) The department shall charge a dispensary license fee for an initial application and at each renewal. The dispensary license fee is $5,000 for each location that a licensee operates as an adult-use dispensary or a medical marijuana dispensary.

(7) The department may adopt rules:
   (a) for inspection of proposed dispensaries;
   (b) for investigating owners or applicants for a determination of financial interest; and
   (c) establishing or limiting the THC content of the marijuana or marijuana products that may be sold at an adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary.

(8) (a) Marijuana and marijuana products sold at a dispensary are regulated and sold on the basis of the concentration of THC in the products and not by weight.
   (b) Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for purposes of this chapter, a single package is limited to:
      (i) for marijuana sold as flower, 1 ounce of usable marijuana. The total potential psychoactive THC of marijuana flower may not exceed 35%.
      (ii) for a marijuana product sold as a capsule, no more than 100 milligrams of THC per capsule and no more than 800 milligrams of THC per package.
      (iii) for a marijuana product sold as a tincture, no more than 800 milligrams of THC;
      (iv) for a marijuana product sold as an edible or a food product, no more than 100 milligrams of THC. A single serving of an edible marijuana product may not exceed 10 milligrams of THC.
      (v) for a marijuana product sold as a topical product, a concentration of no more than 6% THC and no more than 800 milligrams of THC per package;
      (vi) for a marijuana product sold as a suppository or transdermal patch, no more than 100 milligrams of THC per suppository or transdermal patch and no more than 800 milligrams of THC per package; and
      (vii) for any other marijuana product, no more than 800 milligrams of THC.
   (c) There may be a deviation of 10% above or below the allowed amount under subsection (8)(b)(iv).

 (c)(d) A dispensary may sell marijuana or marijuana products having higher THC potency levels than
described in subsection (8) to registered cardholders.

(9) A licensee or employee is prohibited from conducting a transaction that would result in a consumer or registered cardholder exceeding the personal possession amounts set forth in 16-12-106 and 16-12-515."

- END -
I hereby certify that the within bill, HB 229, originated in the House.

___________________________________________
Chief Clerk of the House

___________________________________________
Speaker of the House

Signed this _______________________________day of ____________________________, 2023.

___________________________________________
President of the Senate

Signed this _______________________________day of ____________________________, 2023.
HOUSE BILL NO. 229
INTRODUCED BY M. HOPKINS, C. FRIEDEL

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