1	BILL NO		
2	INTRODUCED BY		
3	(Primary Sponsor)		
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO LOCAL FIRE PROTECTION;		
5	REVISING THE CLASSIFICATION OF MUNICIPALITIES FOR THE PROVISION OF FIRE PROTECTION		
6	SERVICES; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 7-1-4111, 7-33-2101, 7-33-2102, 7-33-2104, 7-33-2120, 7-33-2125		
7	7-33-2128, 7-33-4101, 7-33-4109, 7-33-4115, 7-33-4121, 7-33-4128, 7-33-4130, 7-33-4133, AND 7-33-4510,		
8	MCA."		
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
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12	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Classification of municipalities for fire protection. For the provision of		
13	fire protection services required in this chapter, the following classification of municipalities apply:		
14	(1) Each city with a population of 50,000 or more is a city of the first class.		
15	(2) Each city with a population of less than 50,000 and more than 25,000 is a city of the second		
16	class.		
17	(3) Each city with a population of less than 25,000 and more than 1,000 is a city of the third class.		
18	(4) Each municipal corporation having a population of less than 1,000 and more than 300 is a		
19	town.		
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21	Section 2. Section 7-1-4111, MCA, is amended to read:		
22	"7-1-4111. Classification of municipalities. (1) Except for the provision of fire protection services		
23	pursuant to [section 1], Every each city having a population of 10,000 or more is a city of the first class.		
24	(2) Every-Each city having a population of less than 10,000 and more than 5,000 is a city of the		
25	second class.		
26	(3) Every-Each city having a population of less than 5,000 and more than 1,000 is a city of the third		
27	class.		
28	(4) Every-Each municipal corporation having a population of less than 1,000 and more than 300 is		



a town."

Section 3. Section 7-33-2101, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-2101. Rural fire districts authorized -- petition. (1) The board of county commissioners is authorized to establish fire districts in any unincorporated territory or, subject to 7-33-4115 and subsection (2) of this section, incorporated second-class or third-class city or town classified as provided in [section 1] upon-on presentation of a petition in writing signed by the owners of 40% or more of the real property in the proposed district and owners of property representing 40% or more of the taxable value of property in the proposed district.

- (2) (a) Subject to 7-33-4115, second-class or third-class cities and towns <u>classified</u> <u>as provided in [section 1]</u> may be included in the district <u>upon-on</u> approval by the city or town governing body.
- (b) Subject to 7-33-4115, a second-class or third-class city or town classified as provided in [section 1] may withdraw from a district 2 years after providing to the board of county commissioners notice of intent to withdraw."

Section 4. Section 7-33-2102, MCA, is amended to read:

- "**7-33-2102. Notice of hearing.** The board shall, within 10 days after the receipt of the petition, give notice of the hearing at least 10 days prior to the hearing:
- (1) by mailing a copy of the notice as provided in 7-1-2122 or as provided in 7-1-4129 if the proposed district or a portion of the proposed district is in an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town <u>classified</u> as provided in [section 1] to each registered voter and real property owner residing in the proposed district; and
- (2) by publishing the notice as provided in 7-1-2121 or as provided in 7-1-4127 if the proposed district or portion of the proposed district is in an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town classified as provided in [section 1]."

Section 5. Section 7-33-2104, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-2104. Operation of fire districts. When a board of county commissioners establishes a fire



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district in any unincorporated territory or incorporated second-class or third-class city or town classified as
provided in [section 1], the commissioners:

- (1) may contract with a city, town, private fire company, or other public entity to furnish all fire protection services for property within the district; or
- (2) shall appoint five qualified trustees to govern and manage the fire district."

- **Section 6.** Section 7-33-2120, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-33-2120. Consolidation of fire districts and fire service areas -- mill levy limitations. (1) Two or more rural fire districts or rural fire districts and fire service areas established pursuant to 7-33-2401 may consolidate to form a single rural fire district or fire service area upon an affirmative vote of each consolidating rural fire district's or fire service area's governing board.
- (2) (a) At the time they vote to consolidate, the governing boards shall also adopt a consolidation plan. The plan must contain:
- (i) a timetable for consolidation, including the effective date of consolidation, which must be after the time allowed for protests to the creation of the new rural fire district or fire service area under subsection (4);
 - (ii) the name of the new rural fire district or fire service area;
- 17 (iii) a boundary map of the new rural fire district or fire service area; and
 - (iv) the estimated financial impact of consolidation on the average taxpayer within the proposed district or area.
 - (b) The consolidation plan must state if the consolidation is to be made with or without the mutual assumption of the warrant or bonded indebtedness of each district or fire service area. Without agreement among the governing boards on the assumption of warrant or bonded indebtedness, the consolidation may not occur.
 - (3) (a) Within 14 days of the date that the governing boards vote to consolidate, notice of the consolidation must be:
 - (i) published as provided in 7-1-2121 or as provided in 7-1-4127 if a district involved in the consolidation or part of the district is in an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town <u>classified as provided in [section 1]</u> in each county in which any part of a consolidated fire district will be located; and



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(ii) mailed as provided in 7-1-2122 or as provided in 7-1-4129 if a district involved in the consolidation or part of the district is in an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town <u>classified as provided in [section 1]</u> to each registered voter and real property owner residing in a proposed new district.

- (b) A public hearing on the consolidation must be held within 14 days of the first publication and mailing of notice. The hearing must be held before the joint governing boards at a time and place set forth in the notice.
- (4) Real property owners in each affected rural fire district or fire service area may submit written protests opposing consolidation to the governing board of their district or fire service area. If within 30 days of the first publication of notice the owners of 40% or more of the real property in an existing district or fire service area and owners of property representing 40% or more of the taxable value of property in an existing district or fire service area protest the consolidation, it is void.
- (5) After consolidation, the former rural fire districts and fire service areas constitute a single rural fire district or fire service area governed under the provisions of 7-33-2104 through 7-33-2106 or under the provisions of part 24 of this chapter.
- (6) (a) Subject to the provisions of subsections (6)(b) and (6)(c), when the consolidation of two or more rural fire districts or rural fire districts and fire service areas pursuant to this section results in the creation of a rural fire district, it must be considered to be a new rural fire district for the purposes of determining mill levy limitations.
- (b) The mill levy authority under 15-10-420 for each former rural fire district that is consolidated under this section must be aggregated to establish the base mill levy authority for the new district in the year following consolidation.
- (c) If the electors of a former rural fire district have approved mill levy authority for the district in excess of the limit established in 15-10-420 pursuant to an election held under 15-10-425, the authority applies to the new district under the limitations established by the electors.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, "governing board" means the board of trustees of a rural fire district or fire service area or a board of county commissioners that governs a fire service area as provided in 7-33-2403(1)(a)."



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Section 7. Section 7-33-2125, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-2125. Annexation of adjacent territory not contained in a fire district. (1) Subject to 7-33-4115, adjacent territory within or outside of the limits of an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town classified as provided in [section 1] that is not already a part of a fire district may be annexed in the following manner:

- (a) A petition in writing by the owners of 40% or more of the real property within the proposed area to be annexed and owners of property representing 40% or more of the taxable value of property within the proposed area to be annexed must be presented to the board of trustees of the district for approval. If the proposed annexation is approved by the board of trustees, the petition must be presented to the board of county commissioners.
- (b) At the first regular meeting of the board of county commissioners after the presentation of the petition, the commissioners shall set a date to hold a hearing on the petition. The date of the hearing may not be less than 4 weeks after the date of the presentation of the petition to the board of county commissioners.

 The board of county commissioners shall publish notice of the hearing as provided in 7-1-2121 or as provided in 7-1-4127 if any part of the area proposed to be annexed is within an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town classified as provided in [section 1].
- (2) On the date set for the hearing, the board of county commissioners shall consider the petition and any objections to the annexation. The board shall approve the annexation unless a protest petition signed by at least 40% of the owners of real property in the area proposed for annexation and owners of property representing 40% or more of the taxable value of the property in the area proposed for annexation is presented at the hearing, in which case the annexation must be disapproved.
- (3) The annexed territory is liable for any outstanding warrant and bonded indebtedness of the original district.
- (4) (a) Subject to 7-33-4115, territory that is within the limits of an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town <u>classified</u> as provided in [section 1] may be annexed only upon the approval of the city or town governing body.
- (b) A second-class or third-class city or town <u>classified</u> <u>as provided in [section 1]</u> may withdraw from the district territory that has been annexed under this section 2 years after providing to the board of county

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commissioners notice of intent to withdraw."

Section 8. Section 7-33-2128, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-2128. Dissolution of fire district. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a fire district organized under this part may be dissolved by the board of county commissioners upon presentation of a petition for dissolution signed by the owners of 40% or more of the real property in the area and owners of property representing 40% or more of the taxable value of property in the area. The procedure and requirements provided in 7-33-2101 through 7-33-2103 apply to requests for dissolution of fire districts.

(2) A board of county commissioners may not dissolve a fire district that includes territory within the limits of an incorporated second-class or third-class city or town <u>classified</u> as provided in [section 1] unless the dissolution is approved by the governing body of the city or town."

Section 9. Section 7-33-4101, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-33-4101. Fire protection services. (1) Every city and town shall provide for fire protection in a manner that is organized, managed, and controlled as provided in this chapter.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in 7-33-4115(6), a first-class city or town <u>classified</u> as provided in [section 1] shall provide fire protection services as provided in this part.
- (b) A second-class city or town <u>classified</u> <u>as provided in [section 1]</u> may provide fire protection services as provided in this part:
- (i) through an interlocal agreement with another governmental fire protection provider under the provisions of Title 7, chapter 11, part 1;
 - (ii) through a contract with another fire protection provider; or
- 23 (iii) subject to 7-33-4115, annexing to a rural fire district established under Title 7, chapter 33, part 24 21.
 - (c) A third-class city or town <u>classified as provided in [section 1]</u> may provide fire protection through a contract for fire protection services, consolidation of its fire department with another fire protection provider, or inclusion in a rural fire district as provided in Title 7, chapter 33, part 21."



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Section 10. Section 7-33-4109, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-4109. Supplementary volunteer fire department authorized for cities of second class -voted levy for volunteer firefighters' disability income insurance or workers' compensation coverage.

- (1) In addition to a paid department, the city council, city commission, or other governing body in cities of the second class <u>classified</u> as <u>provided in [section 1]</u> may make provision for a volunteer fire department.
- (2) The city commission or governing department is exempted from compliance with 7-33-4128 to the extent that section applies to the volunteer fire department by way of penalties and infringements.
- (3) A volunteer is an enrolled member of the volunteer fire department, assists the paid fire department, and is eligible to serve only on the board of trustees of the fire department relief association of the city. However, not more than three volunteer members may be on the board of trustees. A person who is a volunteer for the purposes of this section is not entitled to receive a service pension.
 - (4) The governing body of the city may:
- (a) pay an enrolled volunteer firefighter a minimum of \$1 for attending a fire and a minimum of \$1 for each hour or fraction of an hour after the first hour in active service at a fire or returning equipment to its proper place;
- (b) subject to 15-10-425, levy a tax upon all property within a fire district for the purpose of buying disability income insurance coverage or workers' compensation coverage for the volunteer firefighters of the volunteer fire department as provided in 7-6-621.
- (5) In attending fires, any volunteer shall act and serve under the supervision of the chief of the paid fire department."

Section 11. Section 7-33-4115, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-4115. Municipal fire protection through rural fire district -- election -- transition -- governance. (1) Upon an affirmative vote of the governing body of a city of the second class <u>classified as provided in [section 1]</u> and the governing body of a rural fire district, the municipal governing body may, after providing public notice and holding a public hearing, submit to the electors of the municipality the question of annexing to the rural fire district for the provision of fire protection services and dissolving the municipal fire department if one exists. Subject to the provisions of this section, a municipality may annex to a rural fire district



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for the provision of fire protection services upon an affirmative vote of a simple majority of those voting on the question in the municipality.

- (2) Within 14 days after the date on which the governing bodies vote to propose the annexation, notice of the proposal must be published as provided in 7-1-4127. A public hearing must be held before the municipal governing body.
- (3) At the time the governing bodies vote to propose the annexation, the governing bodies shall also adopt a plan for dissolution of the municipal fire department if one exists and assumption of fire protection services by the rural fire district. The plan must include:
- 9 (a) a timetable for annexation;
- 10 (b) a map of the boundaries of the rural fire district after annexation occurs;
- 11 (c) the estimated financial impact of the annexation on the average taxpayer in the proposed 12 district; and
- 13 (d) the process for disposition of paid municipal fire department staff and the transfer to the rural
 14 fire district of municipal fire department equipment, facilities, finances, and any warrant or bonded
 15 indebtedness.
- 16 (4) The rural fire district must be governed under the provisions of Title 7, chapter 33, part 21.

 17 Residents of the municipality are eligible to serve on the rural fire district's board of trustees.
 - (5) If there is not an affirmative vote of a simple majority of those voting on annexation to the rural fire district and dissolution of an existing municipal fire department, the existing municipal fire department, subject to 7-33-4101, remains intact and is subject to the provisions of this part.
 - (6) If the population of a second-class city classified under the provisions of 7-1-4111 or 7-1-4112 as provided in [section 1] increases to the level that would require the city to be classified as a first-class city and the city has been annexed to a rural fire district under the provisions of this section, the city may remain part of the rural fire district upon adoption of a resolution by the city governing body."

Section 12. Section 7-33-4121, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-33-4121. Rules governing employment in fire departments. The city councils or commissioners of cities of the first and second class classified as provided in [section 1] shall have power to establish and



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promulgate rules governing the employment of the members or employees of their respective fire departments."

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- 3 **Section 13.** Section 7-33-4128, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-33-4128. Minimum wages of firefighters in cities of first and second class. After July 1, 1976, there shall-must be paid to each duly appointed and confirmed member of the fire departments of cities or towns of the first and second class classified as provided in [section 1] of the state a minimum wage for a daily service of 8 consecutive hours of work of at least \$750 per-a month for the first year of service and thereafter afterward at least \$750 per-a month plus 1% of said-the minimum base monthly salary for each additional year of service."

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- Section 14. Section 7-33-4130, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-33-4130. Group insurance for firefighters -- funding. (1) Cities of the first and second class classified as provided in [section 1], if they provide insurance for other city employees under Title 2, chapter 18, part 7, shall:
 - (a) provide the same insurance to their respective firefighters;
- (b) pay no less than the premium rate in effect as of July 1, 1980, for insurance coverage for firefighters and their dependents notwithstanding the provisions of Title 2, chapter 18, part 7;
- (c) provide for collective bargaining or other agreement processes to negotiate additional premium payments beyond the amount guaranteed by subsection (1)(b).
- (2) Subject to 15-10-420, those incorporated cities and towns that require additional funds to finance the provisions of this section may levy, by the amount required to meet these provisions, a tax on the taxable value of all taxable property in the respective city or town. This levy must be collected in the same manner and at the same time as other taxes are levied."

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- 25 Section 15. Section 7-33-4133, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "7-33-4133. Payment of partial salary to firefighter injured in performance of duty. (1) A member of a fire department of a first-class or second-class municipality <u>classified</u> as provided in [section 1] who is injured in the performance of duty must be paid by the municipality the difference between the member's net

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salary, following adjustments for income taxes and pension contributions, and the amount received from workers' compensation until the disability has ceased, as determined by workers' compensation, or for a period not to exceed 1 year, whichever occurs first.

(2) To qualify for the partial salary payment provided for in subsection (1), the firefighter must require medical or other remedial treatment and must be incapable of performing the firefighter's duties as a result of the injury."

- **Section 16.** Section 7-33-4510, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-33-4510. Workers' compensation for volunteer firefighters -- notification if coverage not provided -- definitions. (1) An employer may provide workers' compensation coverage as provided in Title 39, chapter 71, to any volunteer firefighter who is listed on a roster of service.
- (2) An employer may purchase workers' compensation coverage from any entity authorized to provide workers' compensation coverage under plan No. 1, 2, or 3 as provided in Title 39, chapter 71.
- (3) If an employer provides workers' compensation coverage as provided in this section, the employer may, upon payment of the filing fee provided for in 7-4-2631(1)(a), file a roster of service with the clerk and recorder in the county in which the employer is located and update the roster of service monthly if necessary to report changes in the number of volunteers on the roster of service. The clerk and recorder shall file the original and replace it with updates whenever necessary. The employer shall maintain the roster of service with the effective date of membership for each volunteer firefighter.
- (4) If an employer does not provide workers' compensation coverage, the employer shall annually notify the employer's volunteer firefighters that coverage is not provided.
 - (5) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (a) (i) "Employer" means the governing body of a fire agency organized under Title 7, chapter 33, including a rural fire district, a fire service area, a volunteer fire department, a volunteer fire company, or a volunteer rural fire control crew.
- (ii) The term does not mean a governing body of a city of the first class or second class <u>classified</u> as <u>provided in [section 1]</u>, including a city to which 7-33-4109 applies, that provides workers' compensation coverage to employees as defined in 39-71-118.



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1	(b)	"Roster of service" means the list of volunteer firefighters who have filled out a membership	
2	card prior to performing services as a volunteer firefighter.		
3	(c)	(i) "Volunteer firefighter" means a volunteer who is on the employer's roster of service. A	
4	volunteer firefighter may include a volunteer emergency care provider as defined in 50-6-202 who is on the		
5	roster of service. A volunteer firefighter is not required to be an active member as defined in 19-17-102.		
6	(ii)	The term does not mean an individual who is not listed on a roster of service or a member of a	
7	volunteer fire department provided for in 7-33-4109."		
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9	NEW	SECTION. Section 17. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an	
10	integral part o	Title 7, chapter 33, part 45, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 33, part 45, apply to [section 1]	
11		- END -	

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