**Unofficial Draft Copy** As of: 2020/04/09 09:03:26 Drafter: Julianne Burkhardt, 406-444-4025

67th Legislature PD 0002

1	**** BILL NO. ****
2	INTRODUCED BY ****
3	BY REQUEST OF THE ****
4	
5	HJ36-1 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING COMPENSATION TO WRONGFULLY
6	CONVICTED AND EXONERATED PEOPLE ***."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Establishing a claim for compensation. (1) As used in [this act],
11	"claimant" means a person convicted and subsequently imprisoned for one or more crimes that person did not
12	commit and who meets the criteria in subsection (2).
13	(2) A claimant under [this act] a person must establish the following by a preponderance of evidence:
14	(a) the person was convicted of a felony crime and subsequently imprisoned;
15	(b) the claimant's judgment of conviction was reversed or vacated and either the charges were
16	dismissed or on retrial the claimant was found to be not guilty;
17	(c) the claimant did not commit the crime or crimes for which the claimant was convicted and was not
18	an accomplice to the acts that were the basis of the conviction and resulted in a reversal or vacation of the
19	judgment of conviction, dismissal of the charges or finding of not guilty on retrial; and
20	(d) the claimant did not commit perjury under 45-7-201, MCA, fabricate evidence, or by the claimant's
21	own conduct cause or bring about the conviction. A confession or admission that is later found to be false or a
22	guilty plea that is withdrawn does not constitute committing perjury, fabricating evidence or causing or bringing
23	about the conviction under this subsection and 45-7-201, MCA does not apply.
24	(3) A claimant may file a petition in district court where the petitioner resides seeking damages from the
25	state under to [this act] if they are able establish the criteria in subsection (2)(a) through (2)(d).
26	(4) The court, in exercising its discretion regarding the weight and admissibility of evidence submitted
27	under this section may in the interest of justice give due consideration to difficulties of proof caused by the
28	passage of time, the death or unavailability of witnesses, the destruction of evidence or other factors not

**Commented [BJ1]:** This draft was created based on the LJIC's direction in consultation with Rep. Kelker.

The administrative mechanism in this draft lies with the Department of Justice.

Further research and discussion must occur regarding:

- (1) which division or department of the DOJ is appropriate to administer this program;
- (2) whether and how the Risk Management and Tort Claims Division would be involved in the administration of this program;
- (3) and appropriate funding mechanisms.

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'	caused by claimants of those acting on their behalf.
2	(a) A claimant who meets the criteria in subsection (2) and who intends to bring an action under
3	[section 2] shall receive a transition assistance grant of \$5,000 within 30 days of their release from
4	imprisonment. The claimant or claimant's counsel must verify by affidavit that the person satisfies the
5	requirements set forth in [section 2], under penalty of perjury. If the claimant fails to file a claim within the time
6	period described in [section 2], or the claim is denied by the district court, the claimant shall reimburse the state
7	in the amount of \$5,000 within 1 year.
8	
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Claim in district court
11	(1) If a claimant meets the requirements in [section 1] the claimant may file a claim for compensation in
12	district court. The claim must be:
13	(a) accompanied by a statement of facts explaining the basis of the claim for compensation;
14	(b) written and verified by the claimant under penalty of perjury;
15	(c) filed within a period of two years after:
16	(i) dismissal of the criminal charges against the claimant or finding of not guilty on retrial; or
17	(ii) the grant of a pardon to the claimant.
18	(2) A claimant convicted, imprisoned and released from custody before July 1, 2021, must commence
19	an action under this section no later than July 1, 2023.
20	(3) All pleadings must be captioned, "In the matter of the wrongful conviction of"
21	(4) Any claim filed pursuant to [this act] must be served on the Department of Justice.
22	(5) A claim for compensation filed under this section will be tried by the court without a jury present.
23	(6) If the court finds that the claimant is entitled to judgment, the court must enter a certificate of
24	innocence finding that the claimant was innocent of all crimes for which the claimant was mistakenly convicted.
25	The clerk of the court shall send a certified copy of the certificate of innocence and the judgment to the
26	Department of Justice for payment pursuant to [this act].
27	(7) The decision of the district court may be appealed directly to the supreme court.
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1	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Expungement. (1) Upon entry of a certificate of innocence, the court
2	shall order the associated convictions and arrest records expunged and purged from all applicable state and
3	federal systems including both electronic and hard copy systems. The court must enter the expungement order
4	regardless of whether the claimant has prior criminal convictions in other cases that are not the subject of the
5	claim for compensation.
6	(2) The order of expungement must state:
7	(a) claimant's full name;
8	(b) claimant's full name at the time of arrest and conviction, if different than the claimant's current
9	name;
10	(c) claimant's sex, race and date of birth;
11	(d) crime for which the claimant was arrested and convicted;
12	(e) date of the claimant's arrest and date of the claimant's conviction; and
13	(f) identity of the arresting law enforcement authority and identity of the district court that rendered the
14	conviction.
15	(3) The order of expungement shall also direct the department of justice to purge the conviction and
16	arrest information from the criminal justice information system central repository and all applicable state and
17	federal databases. The clerk of the court shall send a certified copy of the order to the department, for
18	immediate action and the department must carry out the order and notify the federal bureau of investigation, the
19	department of corrections and any other criminal justice agency that may have a record of the conviction and
20	arrest. The department must provide confirmation of such action to the court.
21	(4) If a certificate of innocence and an order of expungement are entered, the claimant shall be treated
22	as not having been arrested or convicted of the crime or crimes to which the certificate of innocence applies.
23	(5) Upon entry of a certificate of innocence:
24	(a) the court must order the expungement and destruction of any associated biological samples from
25	the claimant. The order must state the information required to be expunged and destroyed.
26	(b) The clerk of the court shall send a certified copy of the order to the department, which must carry
27	out the order and provide confirmation of such action to the court.

(c) the department is no required to expunge and destroy any samples record associated with the

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1 claimant related to any offense other than the offense(s) for which the court has entered a certificate of 2 innocence. 3 (6) The decision to grant or deny a certificate of innocence does not have a res judicata effect on any 4 other criminal proceedings involving the claimant. 5 6 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Damages. (1) Damages awarded under this section are: 7 (a) \$60,000 for each year of imprisonment, except as provided in subsection (2); and 8 (b) \$25,000 for each additional year served on parole or probation supervision or each additional year 9 the claimant was required to register as a sexual or violent offender whichever is greater. (2) A claimant is not entitled to receive compensation for any period of incarceration during which the 10 claimant was concurrently serving a sentence for a conviction of another crime for which such claimant was 11 12 lawfully convicted and incarcerated. (3)(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the court shall order that the award be paid as a 13 14 combination of an initial payment not to exceed \$100,000 or 25% of the award, whichever is greater, and the remainder as an annuity not to exceed \$80,000 per year. The claimant shall designate a beneficiary or 15 beneficiaries for the annuity by filing such designation with the court. 16 17 (b) The court may order that the award be paid in one lump sum if the court finds that it is in the best 18 interests of the claimant. (4) In addition to the damages awarded pursuant to subsection (1), a claimant: 19 20 (a) is entitled to receive reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in the action brought pursuant to 21 this section not to exceed a total of \$25,000, unless a greater reasonable total is authorized by the court upon a 22 finding of good cause; 23 (b) may also be awarded other non-monetary relief as sought in the complaint including, but not limited to, counseling, housing assistance and personal financial literacy assistance, as appropriate; 24 25 (c) is entitled to receive tuition assistance; and (d) is entitled to health care through Montana Medicaid for a period of 1 year regardless of income. 26 27 (5) The department of corrections must provide all reentry services to the claimant that are provided to

other persons, including, but not limited to, financial assistance, housing assistance, mentoring and counseling.

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Such services must be provided while an action under this section is pending and after any judgment is
 entered, provided the claimant prevails.

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NEW SECTION. Section 5. Offset provision. (1) If, at the time of the damages award referred to in [section 4], the claimant has won a monetary award against the state or any political subdivision in a civil action related to the same subject, or has entered into a settlement agreement with the state or any political subdivision related to the same subject, the amount of the award in the action or the amount received in the settlement agreement, less any sums paid to attorneys or for costs in litigating the other civil action or obtaining the settlement agreement, must be deducted from the sum of money to which the claimant is entitled under [this act]. The court must include in the judgment entry an award to the state of any amount deducted.

(2) If subsection (1) does not apply and if, after the time of the damages award referred to in [section 4], the claimant wins a monetary award against the state or any political subdivision thereof in a civil action related to the same subject, or enters into a settlement agreement with the state or any political subdivision thereof related to the same subject, the claimant shall reimburse the state for the sum of money paid under the damages award referred to in [section 4], less any sums paid to attorneys or for costs in litigating the other civil action or obtaining the settlement agreement. A reimbursement required under this subsection may not exceed the amount of the monetary award the claimant wins for damages in the other civil action or the amount received in the settlement agreement.

20 - END -

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