



THE BUDGET PROCESS

PRESENTED BY
DARLA ERICKSON,
LOCAL GOVERNMENT
SERVICES
AND
HAROLD BLATTIE,
MONTANA ASSOCIATION
OF COUNTIES

Topics covered



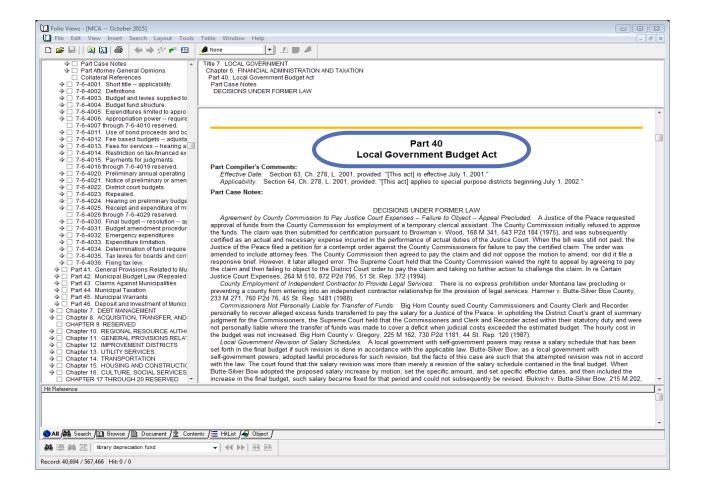
- Budgeting Basics
 - > Why is it needed
 - What's the purpose
 - Tools & Best Practices
- > All About Mills & Levy's
 - What's a mill
 - > Types of mill levy's
- > Forms
 - > The Budget Document

State Accounting Bureau / Local Government Services

What is a budget? Why is it needed?

- ✓ An Annual Budget is <u>mandated and</u> <u>prepared</u> pursuant to Title 7, Chapter 6, Part 40 MCA.
- ✓ A budget is the approved plan to finance the government's objectives and goals within a specific time period, one year.
- ✓ The budget is prepared and presented by fund to the governing body for adoption by resolution.
- ✓ The Budget Document is a permanent document of the local government.

✓ The budget document will be available for public viewing on the LGS Local Government Entity Portal. http://sfsd.mt.gov/LGSB



Title 7 Chapter 6 Part 40 MCA

7-6-4001(2) applies to all local governments

7-6-4025

may receive and expend money between July 1 of the fiscal year and the date the final budget resolution is adopted

7-6-4004 must conform to

the fund structure prescribed by the department of administration

If an expenditure is to be financed from a tax levy required to be authorized and approved at an election, 7-6-4014

the expenditure may not be made or an obligation may not be incurred against the expenditure

7-6-4005(1)

may not make a disbursement or an expenditure or incur obligation in excess of the total appropriations for

a fund

Amendments providing for additional appropriations must identify fund reserves, unanticipated, or previously unbudgeted revenues

until the tax levy is authorized and approved in an election.

may amend the budget during the fiscal year by conducting public hearings at

regular meetings

7-6-4006(4)

Budget Act









"Why are budgets important?"

- The resources and requirements must balance
 - How can a local government pay for all their obligations in a year if they don't budget for them to know exactly what they add up to?
- A budget is a plan that says
 - "Here is how much we need to spend this year", "now do we have enough revenues coming in to cover all our expenses"?

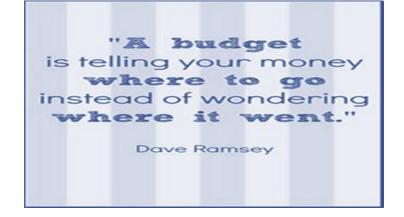
Who is responsible for County budget preparation?

County Clerk & Recorder:

7-6-4020(3), MCA: Before June 1st, County Clerk & Recorder notifies the County Commission and each board, office, regional resource authority, or official that they are required to file preliminary budget proposals for their component of the total county budget

- Component budgets must be submitted to the clerk and recorder before June 10th or on a date designated by the County Commission 7-6-4020(3)(a) MCA
 - Submitted on forms provided by the Clerk and Recorder.
 - County commission shall submit road and bridge component budgets, construction or improvements to be made from new general obligation debt
 - County treasurer shall submit debt service component budgets

➤ The Clerk and Recorder shall prepare and submit the county's preliminary annual operating budget to the County Commission 7-6-4020(3)(c)



Who is responsible for City/Town budget preparation?

7-3-113, MCA Statutory basis for municipal council-mayor government

7-3-201 Commission-executive form

(council –executive, the council mayor, or the commission-mayor form)

> Council members and Mayor(executive) - elected positions

Mayor responsibilities:

7-3-203(10) executes the budget adopted by the commission

7-3-215 Preparation of budget. The executive may:

- (1) prepare the budget and present it to the commission for adoption; or
- (2) prepare the budget in consultation with the commission and department heads.

7-3-114, MCA Statutory basis for <u>municipal commission-manager</u> government

7-3-301 Commission-manager form (council-manager form)

- Council members elected position
- ➤ Manager (chief administrative officer) appointed by council

Manager responsibilities:

7-3-304(12) prepare and present the budget to the commission for its approval and execute the budget adopted by the commission;

Budget Timeline - Statutory Due Dates

One

<u>Preliminary budget phase</u> starts June 1st for Counties – Clerk & Recorder/Finance Officer requests estimates of expenditure & revenues from Department Heads. Estimates returned by June 10th

Two

<u>Certification of taxable values</u> received by the first Monday in August. The Department of Revenue shall certify to each taxing authority the total taxable value within the jurisdiction of the taxing authority per 15-10-202(1).

Three

7-6-4024(3) Final budget resolution and 7-6-4036 Fixing tax levy by the later of the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in September or within 30 calendar days of receiving certified taxable values.

Four

15-10-305(1)(a) The <u>county clerk and recorder</u> shall by the second Monday in September or within 30 calendar days after receiving certified taxable values notify the Department of Revenue of the number of mills needed to be levied for each taxing jurisdiction in the county.

Five

7-6-4003 (1) Submit copy of the <u>final budget</u> together with a statement of tax levies to the Department of Administration by the later of October 1 or 60 days after receipt of taxable values...

Steps of the budgetary process:

Formulation: Reflecting on the past, set goals for the future and reconcile the difference by reviewing prior year information & estimating future info

Hearings: Include departments, sections and the public to discuss changes in the budget

Adoption: Final approval by the Governing Body

Execution: Following the budget to actual comparisons throughout the fiscal year; amending the budget if necessary



Terms used in the Budget

Terms used in the budget:

Appropriations

Amount budgeted to spend (expenditures or expenses)



Working Capital

• A fund's current assets minus current liabilities and designated reserves MCA 7-6-4002

Cash available

• Cash on hand July 1st less any liabilities for claims/accounts payable from prior fiscal year

Non-tax revenues

• All revenues including grants, state entitlements, charges for services, local option tax, penalty & interest on taxes and donations. Does not include the amount that will be collected from the mill levies for real, personal and mobile home property taxes.

Property Tax Revenues

• The amount collected from ad valorem (property) taxes based on the mill levies. Does not include penalty and interest on delinquent taxes and local option taxes.

Terms (cont.)





Total Revenues



Property Tax

Non-tax revenues



Grants,

State entitlements,

Charges for services,

Local option tax,

Penalty & interest on taxes and Donations.





Includes the amounts collected from Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes based on mill levies.

Does not include penalty & interest collected on delinquent taxes or local option taxes

Terms used in the Budget cont.



Total Requirements

• Appropriations + Cash Reserves

Total Resources

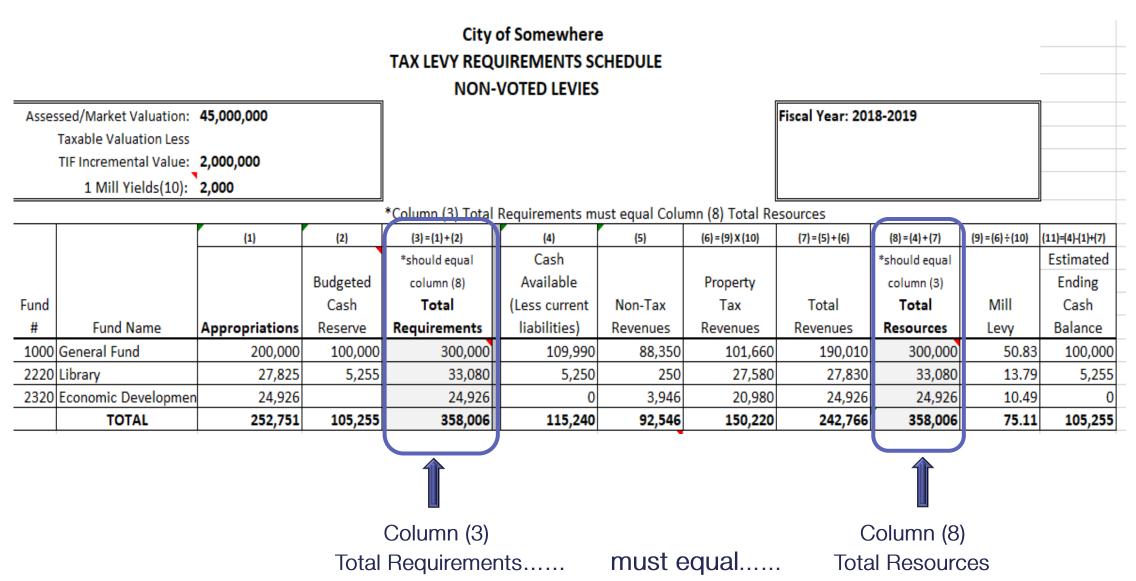
- Cash Available + Total Revenues
 - ➤ Total Revenues = Non-Tax Revenues + Property Tax Revenues



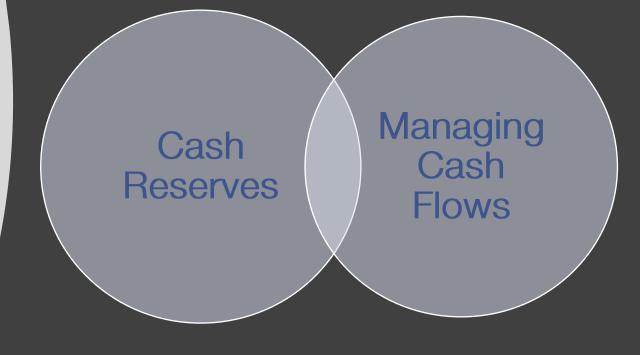
Cash Available **Appropriations** + Total Revenues + Cash Reserves Total Total Requirements Resources Planning the Budget Balanced Budget 2000

Example of the Tax Levy Requirement Schedule - Non-Voted Levies

The Schedule should present a balanced budget for each fund

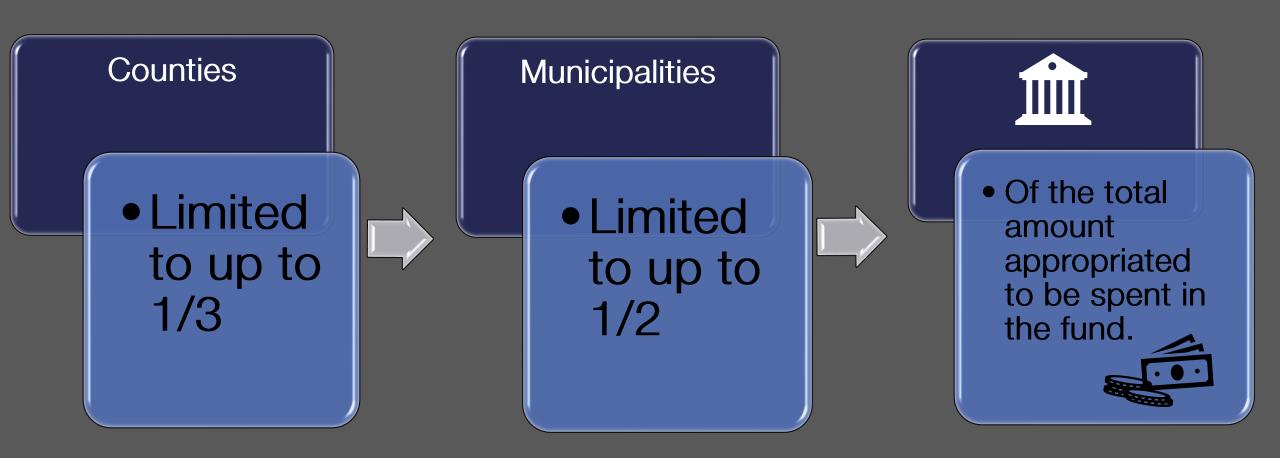






- ❖ The majority of tax revenues are collected twice a year, when real taxes are due – November & May.
- When tax dollars are spent, local governments need to bridge the gap until the next major tax collection
 - Expenses are still being incurred.
- Local governments need cash flows to prevent negative cash situations and borrowing from other funds to cover those obligations short term.

Cash Reserves Limits are set by 7-6-4034



Cash Reserves are used to meet expenditures/expenses made from that fund during the months of July to November



What is a mill?

Mills are units

 Used to calculate ad valorem property taxes

Mills are multiplied

 By the certified taxable valuation to generate tax revenue

The term "mill"

• Is a Latin term meaning "thousandth" (1/1,000)

"Ad Valorem" means

Based on Value



TYPES OF MILL LEVIES

Non-Voted

15-10-420, MCA

Mills authorized to be levied without a vote

- Unrestricted
- Determined annually by completing the Determination of Tax Revenues and Mill Levy Limitation form
- Funding source for statutes that say "Subject to 15-10-420..."

Voted

15-10-425, MCA

Must adopt resolution to place question on ballot

- Restricted by purpose
- Resolution must state;
 - 1) specific purpose
 - 2) EITHER specific revenue amount and approximate # of mills, OR, specific mills and approximate revenue amount
 - 3) Permanent or durational limit
 - 4) Impact on homes having a value of \$100,000 & \$200,000

<u>Permissive</u>

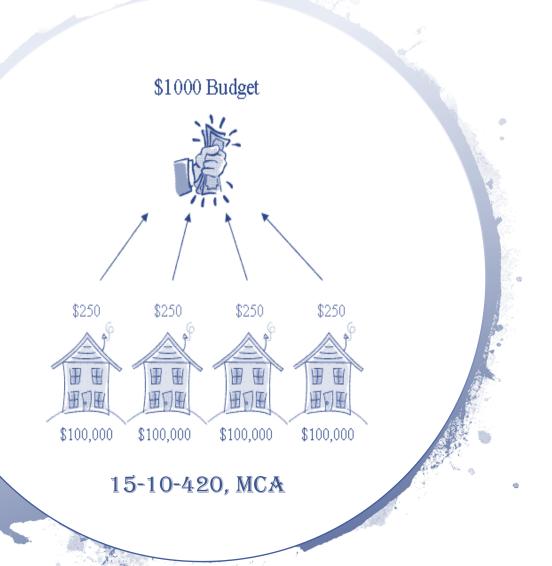
Not subject to 15-10-420

Mills authorized to be levied without a vote

- Restricted by purpose
- Examples, 15-10-420(9)(a)(i)
 - through (iv), MCA;
 - *judgment levy
 - *levy to repay taxes paid under protest
 - *emergency levy
 - *study commission levy
 - *group health insurance levy



GENERAL PURPOSE
LEVY
PER 15-10-420 MCA



15-10-420 (1)(a) Impose a mill levy sufficient to generate the amount of the property taxes actually assessed in prior year plus 1/2 of average rate of inflation for prior 3 years

The maximum # of mills that a government may impose is established by calculating the # of mills to required to generate PY's property tax <u>actually assessed</u>

based on the current year taxable value

minus the current year's newly taxable value, plus 1/2 of the average rate of inflation for the prior 3 years.

Include Newly taxable property
Levy may apply to all property in the governmental
unit, including newly taxable property

Determination of Tax Revenue & Mill Levy Limitation

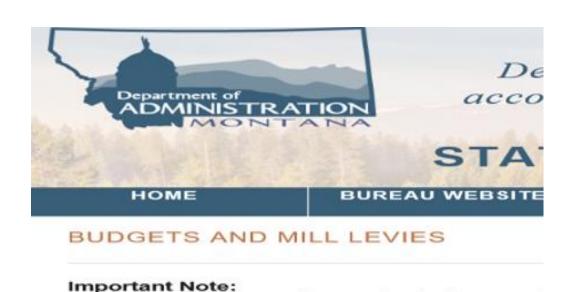


Location: State of Montana – DOA - LGS

http://sfsd.mt.gov/LGSB/Budgets-and-Mill-Levies



Upcoming Events



BUDGET

Budget Document (Last revised 4/2019)

Cities, towns and counties must submit a complete

Administration by the later of October 1 or 60 da

MILL LEVY

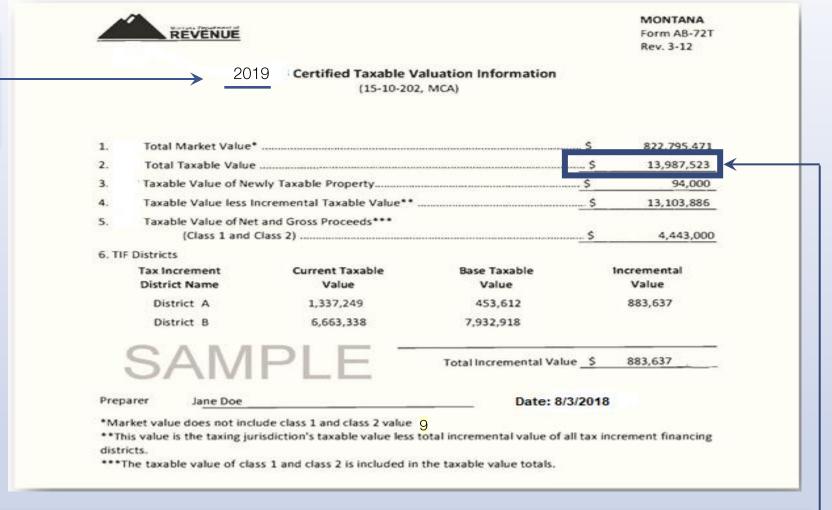
- Permissive Mill Levy (Last revised 5/2017)
- Levycomp FYE 2019

Determination of Tax Revenue and Mill Levy Limitations Preparer Section 15-10-420, MCA Notes: Aggregate of all Funds/or Fund (To print Preparer Notes highlight column and choose 'Print Selection'. **FYE June 30, 2020** To print Levy Comp form choose 'Print Active Sheet') **Entity Name: Town of Today** Click on links **Auto-Calculation** below (If completing manually Reference to view Enter amounts in enter amounts as Line yellow cells Instructions instructed) (1) Enter Ad valorem tax revenue ACTUALLY assessed in the prior year (from Prior Year's Instructions form Line 17) Add: Current year inflation adjustment @ 1.02% (2) (2) Instructions (3) Subtract: Ad valorem tax revenue ACTUALLY assessed in the prior year for Class 1 and 2 3) Instructions property, (net and gross proceeds) (from Prior Year's form Line 20)- (enter as negative) (4) Adjusted ad valorem tax revenue 4) Instructions = (1) + (2) + (3)**ENTERING TAXABLE VALUES** (5) Enter 'Total Taxable Value' - from Department of Revenue Certified Taxable Valuation 5) Instructions Information form, line # 2 (6) Subtract: 'Total Incremental Value' of all tax increment financing districts (TIF Districts) -6) Instructions from Department of Revenue Certified Taxable Valuation Information form, line #6 (enter as negative) (7) Instructions (7) Taxable value per mill (after adjustment for removal of TIF per mill incremental district = (5) + (6)(8) Subtract: 'Total Value of Newly Taxable Property' - from Department of Revenue Certified 8) Instructions Taxable Valuation Information form, line #3 (enter as negative) (9) Subtract: 'Taxable Value of Net and Gross Proceeds, (Class 1 & 2 properties)' - from (9) Instructions Department of Revenue Certified Taxable Valuation Information form, line # 5 (enter as negative) 10) Instructions (10) Adjusted Taxable value per mill = (7) + (8) + (9)(11) Instructions (11) **CURRENT YEAR calculated mill levy** =(4) / (10)#DIV/0! (12) (12) Instructions CURRENT YEAR calculated ad valorem tax revenue $= (7) \times (11)$ #DIV/0! **CURRENT YEAR AUTHORIZED LEVY/ASSESSMENT** Enter total number of carry forward mills from prior year (from Prior Year's form Line 22) (13) Instructions (13)0.00 (14) Instructions (14) Total current year authorized mill levy, including Prior Years' carry forward mills =(11) + (13)#DIV/0! (15) Instructions (15) Total current year authorized ad valorem tax revenue assessment $=(7) \times (14)$ #DIV/0! **CURRENT YEAR ACTUALLY LEVIED/ASSESSED** Enter number of mills actually levied in current year (16) (Number should equal total non-voted mills, which includes the number of carry forward 16) Instructions mills, actually imposed per the final approved current year budget document. Do Not include voted or permissve mills imposed in the current year.)

DOR-Certified Taxable Valuation Information

(usually received first week in August)

Use <u>2019</u> Certified Taxable Valuations to complete <u>FY2020</u> Levy Comp form



NOTE... 20XX Taxable Value less (TIF's) Incremental Taxable Value ÷ 1,000

Taxable value per mill example: 13,987,523/1,000 = 13,987.52



PERMISSIVE LEVIES



Permissive Levies include:

- (i) Judgment Levy
- (ii) Repay Taxes Paid Under Protest
- (iii) Emergency Levy
- (iv) Study Commission Levy
- (v) Contributions for Group Benefits
- (vii) Reimburse County for Cost of Transferring Property
- (viii) To Fund the Increase in Employer Contributions to the Sheriffs Retirement System 19-7-404(2)(b), MCA

Permissive Levy for Group Benefits



Is an <u>additional levy</u> and separate from the "aggregate" mill levy calculated on the Mill Levy Determination Form according to 15-10-420 MCA



Covers the increase in contributions for medical & life group benefits and payments in lieu of group benefits.

*** Does not cover property, liability & casualty insurance ***



For employees & officers <u>not paid</u> wholly or in part by user charges in <u>proprietary funds</u>. (Only the portion of benefits paid from a governmental fund can be used)



Is re-calculated every year after a base year has been established using the Permissive Levy Form on DOA LGSB website



Must be deposited into Fund 2372 – Permissive Levy

Determine BASE Year per 2-18-703(4)(c) MCA

FY2000

If the entity made contributions for group benefits beginning in July of FY2000 and levied the Permissive Levy in FY2002 or any year after - the Base Year is FY2000

1st Year

If the entity did not make contributions for group benefits in or prior to FY2000 and subsequently did so, and has levied Permissive Mills the; first year the entity provided contributions for group benefits beginning in July is the Base Year

Establish BASE Year

If the entity has made contributions for group benefits beginning in July of a fiscal year but has not Permissively Levied the entity must first establish their base year - the Base Year will be the FY immediately proceeding the year the Permissive Levy will first be levied.

Make

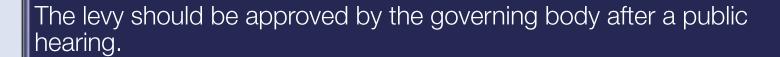
Note: to establish a Base Year the entity must have begun employer contributions in July Contribution of the Fiscal Year. Once established – the Base Year is permanent

Permissive Medical Levy



A Public Hearing must be held –

The hearing can be held on the same day and time as the budget hearing as long as notice is given.



The permissive levy should be listed separately on the tax bills.

Note: List separately from aggregate levy when certifying levies to County & Department of Revenue.

Determination of Permissive Levy for Group Benefits

Section 15-10-420(9), MCA FYE June 30, 2020

Entity Name: Town of Tomorrow

of Mills Allowed to Levy

(Not Subject to 15-10-420)

0.04

Fiscal

Year

2020

Choice #1

PER sec. 4, Ch 412, L.2009 - (1)(b)

Transition clause per L2009 SB 491, Section 4, has expired.

(7)

(7) Instructions

Revised 7/2019

<u>Preparer</u>

Notes:

(To print Preparer Notes highlight column and choose 'Print Selection'. To print Permissive Levy form choose 'Print Active Sheet')

Total Generated

Tax Revenue

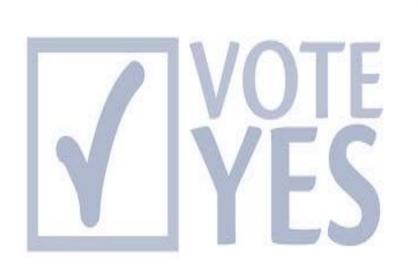
\$600.00

Value Per Mill

\$13,500.00

Click on links below to view Instructions	Step A: Input in Yellow Cells	Fiscal Year	Line 1: BASE Year = Total Actual Annual Employer Contribution for Group Benefits in BASE Year Line #2: Budgeting For = Total Budgeted Annual Employer Contribution For Gropu Benefits	Average Monthly Employer Contribution per Employee	Actual # of Employees the Local Government Made Employer Contributions to Group Benefits on July 1st
(1) Instructions	(1) BASE Year	2010	\$1,000.00	\$8.33	10
(2) Instructions	(2) Budgeting For	2020	\$2,100.00	\$11.67	15
(3) Instructions	(3)	Increase from BASE Year (Decreases will be reported as zero)			5
0: 5					
Step B	Step B:	Fiscal Year	2020		
		2019	Certified Taxable Valuation		
(4) Instructions	(4) Taxable Value less Incremental Taxable Value of General Fund		\$13,500,000.00		
Step C	Step C:		1		I
(5) Instructions (6) Instructions	Calculation of: (5) BASE Contribution (6) Increase in Employer Contribution from BASE Year		(5) BASE Contribution \$1,500.00	(6) Increase in Employer Contribution from BASE Year \$600.00	
21 5					!
Step D	Step D: Must be deposited into Fund 2372		Fund #2372 Permissive Medical Levy		
			Fund 2372 Permissive Levy		Fund 2372





VOTED LEVIES

15-10-425, MCA

YOTE YES

15-10-425, MCA

The Local Government should:

(1) Conduct an election to

- a) Impose a new mill levy,
- b) Increase a mill levy that is required to be submitted to the electors, or
- c) Exceed the mill levy limit provided for in <u>15-10-420</u>.

(2) The governing body shall

- a) Pass a resolution,
- b) Amend its self-governing charter, or
- c) Receive a petition indicating an intent to impose a new levy, increase a mill levy, or exceed the current statutory mill levy provided for in <u>15-10-420</u> on the approval of a majority of the qualified electors voting in the election.

The resolution, charter amendment, or petition must state:

- (a) specific purpose for which the additional money will be used;
 - i) specific \$\$\$ to be raised & approximate # of mills to be imposed;

or

- (ii) specific # of mills to be **imposed &** approximate \$\$\$ to be **raised**;
- (b) whether the levy is permanent or the durational limit on the levy.

(3) Notice of the election must be prepared by the governing body and include

- a) reflect the content of the resolution
- b) include a statement of the impact of the election on a home valued at \$100,000 and a home valued at \$200,000.

SPREADSHEET: Special Mill Levy Calculation

Located on MACO site: http://www.mtcounties.org/resources-data/

Select: Fiscal Information for Counties

Scroll to bottom of page under Calculation Forms



ABOUT US

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS AVAILABLE TO FUND WATER, WASTEWATER, AND SOLID WASTE PROJECTS IN MONTANA

CALCULATION FORMS

- DETERMINATION OF PERMISSIVE LEVY FOR GROUP BENEFITS
 - -WORKSHEET FY-15 & THEREAFTER
- MILL LEVY COMPUTATION FORM (2000-2019)
- VOTED LEVY INFORMATION
 - SPECIAL MILL LEVY CALCULATION SPREADSHEET (ARCHIVE, FY-2008-2015)
 - SPECIAL MILL LEVY CALCULATION SPREADSHEET (EFFECTIVE, FY-2016)

SPECIFIC # OF MILLS

CALCULATING THE TAX INCREASE OF A VOTED LEVY OFMILLS For					
essed Market Va	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	Specific Mills	Tax Increase	
\$100,000	1.35%	\$1,350	2.0	\$2.70	
\$200,000	1.35%	\$2,700	2.0	\$5.40	
	1.35%	\$0	0.0	\$0.00	

Enter the specific number of mills being proposed in the red highlighted cells.

SPECIFIC OLLAR AMOUNT

CALCULATING THE TAX INCREASE OF A VOTED LEVY OFDOLLARS FOR THE					
STEP 1					
\$10,000	\$20,000	\$50,000	Specific Dollar Amount to be Levied		
\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	Certified Taxable Value of the taxing jurisdiction - Use the most-recent available		
\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000,000			
5.00	10.00	25.00	Approximate Mills required to		
STEP 2					
\$50,000	\$100,000	\$200,000	Assessed Market Value of Home		
0.0135	0.0135	0.0135	Tax Rate - 15-6-134(3)(a)		
\$675	\$1,350	\$2,700	Taxable Value subject to mill levy		
5.00	10.00	25.00	Mills to be Levied (From Step 1)		
\$3.38	\$13.50	\$67.50	Tax Assessed		



MONTANA

FINAL

BUDGET DOCUMENT



Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2020

City/Town/County of Montana

Budget Document should Include...

WEBSITE:

http://sfsd.mt.gov/ LGSB/Budgetsand-Mill-Levies

Official Documents

- Budget Certifications
- Approved Budget Resolution
- DOR Taxable Valuation Form

General Information

- Statistical Information
- Elected Officials
- Schedule of Personnel Levels
- Org Chart

Mill Levy Documents

- Mill Levy History & Analysis
- Mill Levy Determination Form for Current Fiscal Year
- Tax Levy Requirement Schedule:
 - (1) Non-Voted Levies
 - (2) Voted Levies
 - (3) Summary Schedules

Ten-Year History and Analysis

Analyses contained in this report do not include voted or permissive levies. Voted and/or permissive mills levied in the current year are listed below.

%INCREASE

- ☐ A consolidated record of how much is authorized and actually levied each year
- ☐ Historical or record keeping tool (helpful to new staff)
- ☐ Is your Certified Taxable Valuation increasing or is it decreasing?

FISCAL YEAR	ENTITY-WIDE TAXABLE VAULATION	(DECREASE) FROM PREVIOUS YEAR	TOTAL CURRENT YEAR AUTHORIZED MILL LEVY (Includes Prior Year Carry Forward Mills)	CURRENT YEAR ACTUAL MILL LEVY	CARRY FORWARD MILLS AVAILABLE (May be levied in a subsequent year)
			FY's 2009-2010 through 2016-2017 enter number of mills from prior year budget-page 9. FY's 2017-2018 and forward enter number of mills from line (14) of the applicable Mill Levy Determination Form.	FY's 2009-2010 through 2016- 2017 enter number of mills from prior year budget - page 9. FY's 2017-2018 & forward enter number of mills from line (16) of the applicable Mill Levy Determination Form.	The Carry Forward in this column is not cumulative - the current fiscal year carry forward mills available are the full amount that may be levied in a subsequent year. These mills will be included in the next year's total authorized mill levy.
2009-2010	4,436,861		272.29	233.39	
2010 - 2011	4,673,774	5.34%	276.74	233.17	
2011 - 2012	5,045,859	7.96%	264.90	232.98	
2012 - 2013	5,271,929	4,48%	266.27	229.06	
2013 - 2014	5,532,517	4.94%	270.26	231.15	
2014 - 2015	5,668,991	2.47%	273.15	229.26	
2015 - 2016	7,441,954	31.27%	218.58	190.46	
2016 - 2017	7,577,370	1.82%	222.01	183.00	
2017 - 2018	8,070,724	6.51%	214.88	177.63	37.25
2018 - 2019	8,196,667	1.56%	218.05	179.16	38.89

Things to Consider

Sources of Funding

• Revenue estimates

Communicate with Areas to Determine Need

- So that "unexpected" needs don't break your budget.
- Planning helps eliminate emergencies.
- It's important to compromise, realizing that we are all pieces of the same pie and need to work together.

New Services
Being
Offered?

- Add it to your budget
- Consider revenue source

7-6-4003. Budget and levies supplied to Department of Administration

(1) A local government shall submit a complete copy of the final budget & statement of tax levies

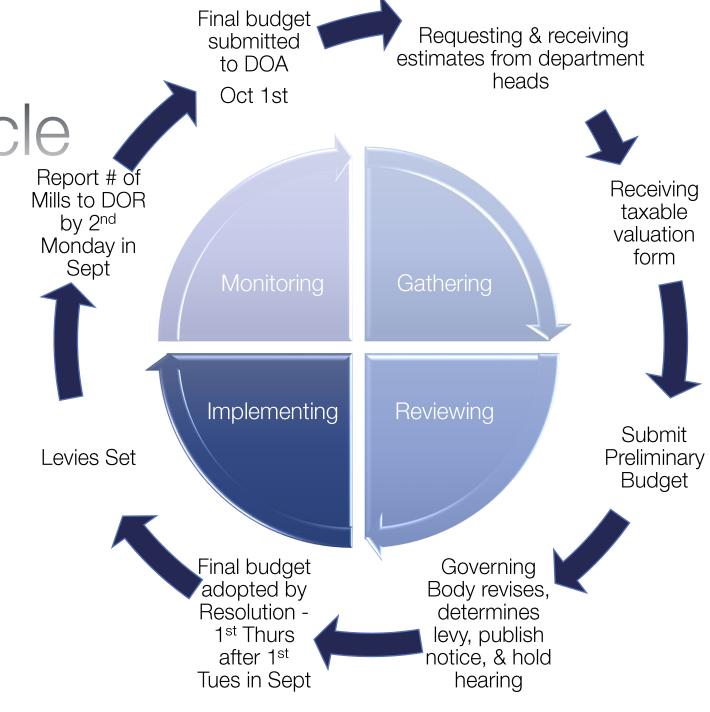


(2) The local government shall use standard forms prescribed by the Department of Administration or may use an alternative budget format acceptable to the Department of Administration

Recap of Budget Cycle



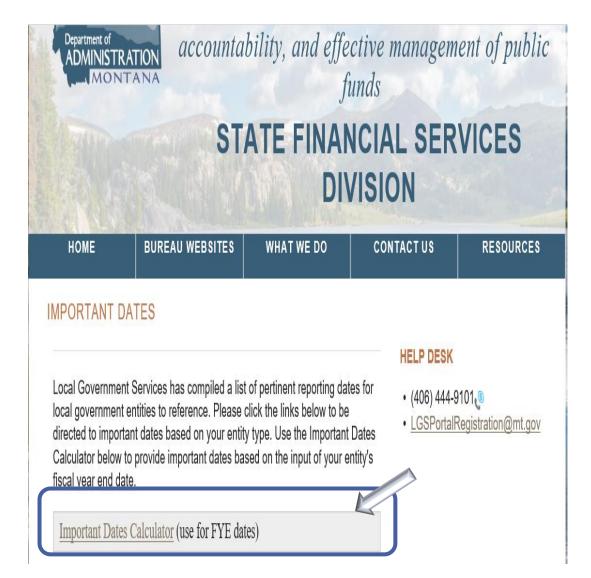
- Budgets should be analyzed at least quarterly.
- If unexpected obligations come up in the first two quarters of the year (through December 31st), it's important to plan for where you can cut spending in another area to cover the projected shortfall.





Resources & Spreadsheets

http://sfsd.mt.gov/LGSB/ImportantDates



Local Government Important Dates Calculator

Enter Riscal Year End Date
Enter as xx/xx/xxxx June 30, 2020



Budget Reports

(Counties/ Cities/ Towns Only)

September 5, 2019

October 1, 2019

November 1, 2019

- Budgets should be adopted by the governing body by the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in September (or 30 days after receipt of taxable values from DOR, whichever is later) – MCA 7-6-4024(3)
- Budgets due to LGS (or 60 days after receipt of taxable values from DOR, whichever is later) – MCA 7-6-4003
- Publicly noticed in Delinquent Budget Report on LGS's website if not received by LGS

Annual Financial Reports

All Local Governments, excluding School Districts & Special Ed Cooperatives

6 months after FYE December 31, 2020

180 days after AFR due date July 1, 2021

- Annual Financial Reports due to LGS MCA 2-7-503
- Delinquent annual financial reports publicly noticed in newspaper and \$50 penalty assessed - MCA 2-7-517

Audit Reports-Federal

All Local Governments

9 months after FYE March 31, 2021

30 days after receipt of audit (Federal) April 30, 2021

- Audit Reports in Compliance w/ Federal Requirements (A-133/Uniform Guidance) – due to LGS and Single Audit Clearinghouse – Fed. Regs./ARM 2.4.411
- Response & Corrective Action due to LGS -MCA 2-7-515
- Mail copy of audit report to Newspaper MCA 2-7-521
- Audit Statement Published in Newspaper MCA 2-7-521
- Delinquent audit reports publicly noticed in newspaper and \$50 penalty assessed - MCA 2-7-517

Audit Reports-Non-Federal

September 30, 2021

December 31, 2021

All Local Governments

12 months after FYE June 30, 2021

30 days after receipt of audit (Non-Federal) July 31, 2021

180 days after Audit Report due date

180 days after Audit Report due date

- Audit Reports (Non-Federal) due to LGS MCA 2-7-503
- Response & Corrective Action due to LGS -MCA 2-7-515
 Mail copy of audit report to Newspaper MCA 2-7-521
- Audit Statement Published in Newspaper MCA 2-7-521
- Delinquent audit reports publicly noticed in newspaper and \$50 penalty assessed - MCA 2-7-517

LGS - revision 4/2019



Transparency in Local Gov't WEBSITE: http://sfsd.mt.gov/LGSB

STEP 1

Click on Public Viewer

New LGS Local Government Entity Portal!

By law, local government entities must file their annual financial reports, budgets, and audit reports with the Local Government Services Bureau. In order to improve efficiencies, the LGSB has implemented a new way to receive and share this information.



HOME



STEP 2

Click on Enter the Portal

STATE FINANCIAL DIVISION DIVISION CONTACT CONT

TRANSPARENCY IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT



By law, local governments must file their annual financial reports, budgets, and audit reports with the Department of Administration. As local governments begin filing these reports electronically, this information will be available online for the public to view. Accountability to our citizens helps ensure that we are providing efficient and effective government services.

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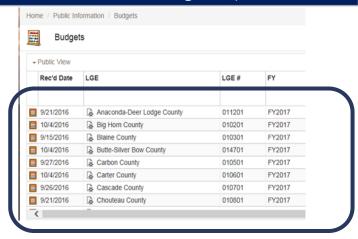
STEP 3

Click on Document Type to be viewed



STEP 4

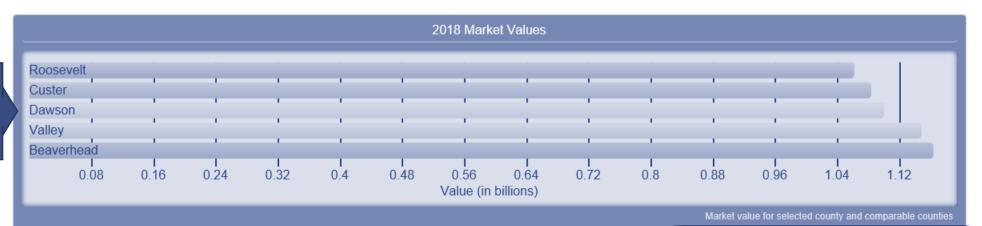
Scroll through reports





Montana Certified Values WEBSITE: http://svc.mt.gov/dor/property/cov#





Weed

County Year Levies

Dawson V Bloomfield Elementary District County Wide Levies City Of Glendive County Road Fund Dawson College Download CSV Dawson County High School Dcc Retirement Deer Creek Elementary District Elementary School District #1 Select a county, year and taxing jurisdiction to view total market and taxable Glendive Fire Lindsay Elementary District taxing authority. On a touchscreen you can navigate between taxing jurisdicti Mosquito District Richev Elementary District table. Richey High School District Rural Fire Control Savage Elementary District *The sum of all property types may not add up to the Total due to corrections[Soil jurisdictions, the total value may not be divided into all property types. In thes State School Levies Town Of Richev shown. Transportation And Retirement Urban Transportation

More information on the certification of values process can be found on the Dwest Glendive Fire District

County Wide Levies Property Type Market Value Taxable Value Special Mobile \$1,716,245 \$24,217 Manufactured Homes \$10.948.542 \$145.293 Personal Property \$638,169 \$37,194,491 Real Property \$840,483,932 \$13,251,253 Centrally Assessed \$212,531,422 \$12,252,778 Net & Gross Proceeds NA \$1,101,158,387 \$26,311,710 Total* Other Information NA \$854.819 Newly Taxable TIF Increment NA \$0





