

MARA Model

INVENTION WITH INTENTION
TIMING

HB 330 MARA Charge

- (a) identifying structural revenue challenges with economic, demographic, and geographical variability considerations;
- (b) exploring revenue sufficiency and probable long-term expenditures by state and local government...
- (c) creating data sets and models for future analysis by the legislature; and
- (d) proposing potential solutions and possible legislation for consideration by the 2023 legislature

Progress to Date

Speakers on various topics

- How technology will impact the future economy
- Population and demographic trends supported by data
- Potential changes to the energy economy supported by data
- Change in education, health, land use, property tax, and other topics
- Cost of living trends including housing and childcare
- Data on various topics were presented

Model planning has been underway, but not brought to the committee till now

2040 MARA MODEL

IS

Tool to provide insights to the future

Pinch points

Values in context

Example how big of a problem shortfalls in gas tax be in comparison to shortfall in capacity at the state prison

IS NOT

Not a precise calculation of revenues or costs in the future

Not tell the legislature what it should do

Not a budget

Outlook versus MARA Model

OUTLOOK

3-5 years out

Relatively detailed

Focused on state general fund

Focused on present law, but also introduces expenditure pressures

Primarily internal LFD work, with relatively little outside input

2040 MARA MODEL

18 years out

Less detail but covers all state, local & schools

Considers more global trends

Considers items beyond present law in order to capture demands anticipated with the new economy and other trends

Looped through various committees and stakeholders for input

Outlook 2025/2027 is more detailed

The recent Pew memo offers state lawmakers six fiscal principles to follow when constructing a long-term budget:

Analyzing major revenue sources and spending categories.

Looking ahead at least three years.

Estimating baseline revenue and spending, using "present law" and "current services" approaches to anticipate the amount of funding needed to maintain consistent service levels for programs in future years.

Accounting for the effects of potential policy changes.

Distinguishing between one-time and ongoing revenue and expenditures to estimate structural balance.

Identifying the key factors driving the state's structural position.

2040 MARA Model

MIDIL

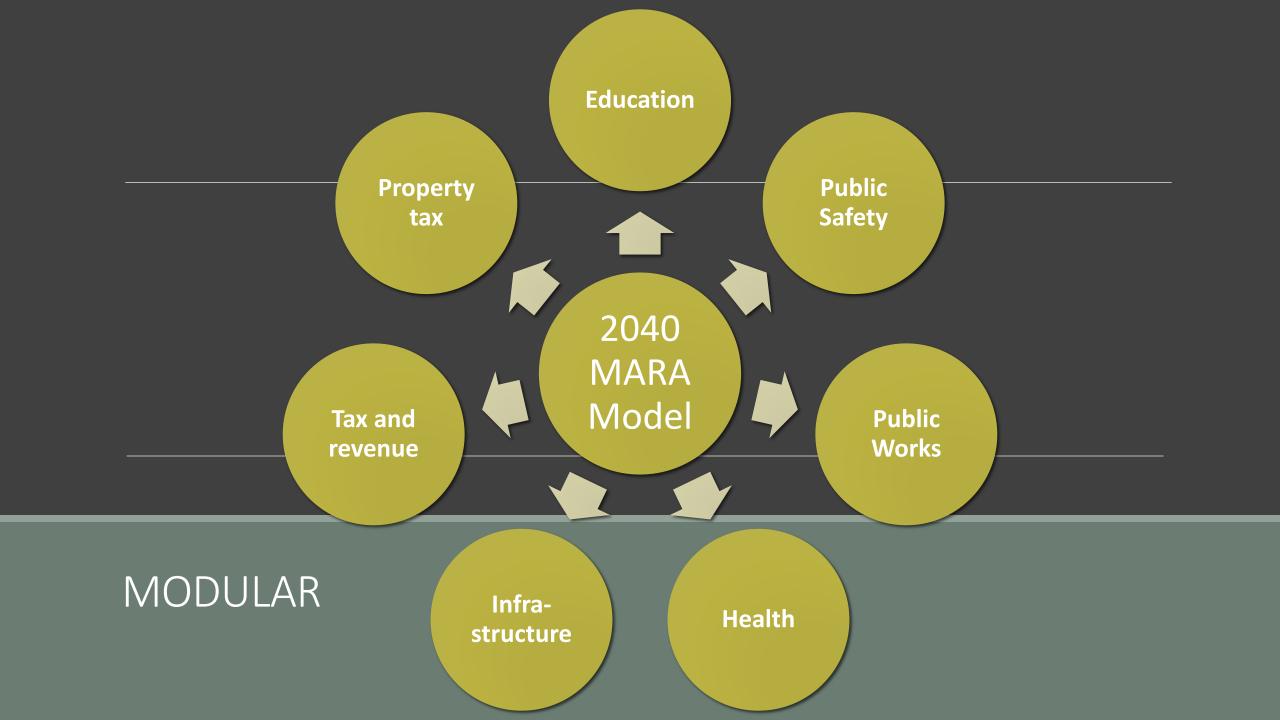
M - Modular – include modules of significant revenue and cost drivers of state and local policy and financial areas

I - Inclusive – open communication with legislative committees, local governments, stakeholders, and experts

D - Data-driven forecasting — data from State Accounting Budget & Human Resource System (SABHRS) for state and local, IHS Markit, Regional Economic Models Inc. (REMI) population, K-12 education, Department of Revenue, others

I - Insightful - Uses and considers advances in technology, modern consumer preferences, population

L - Long-term outlook – looking forward from present to 2040



INCLUSIVE — Vetting all aspects

Stakeholders

Legislative Committees

Agencies

Budget Office

Local Governments, including schools

Experts in complex modeling and experts in analysis – Pew

Public

DATA DRIVEN – primary data sets

Accounting data - state SABHRS, local reports to DOA and school reports to OPI IHS Markit economic forecasting data that includes labor, population, inflation, and many others

Department of Revenue and Justice tax, including detailed property tax data

REMI population forecasts by county

IHS Markit, NW Power
Planning, Princeton Net
Zero America for
scenarios of the energy
economy

System Actuarial reports for pension assumptions

Census definitions for state, local, and school accounting data

Other federal and state data sets

INSIGHTFUL

The input from all the speakers over the past year Input from all stakeholders, legislators, agencies, experts Develop trended costs and revenues

As time allows – model more details and scenarios

Scenarios impacting global variables

Energy economy

- IHS Markit
- NW Power and Conservation Council Power Plan
- Princeton Net Zero America alternate energy options

Population growth

- IHS Markit
- Alternate IHS Markit
- REMI

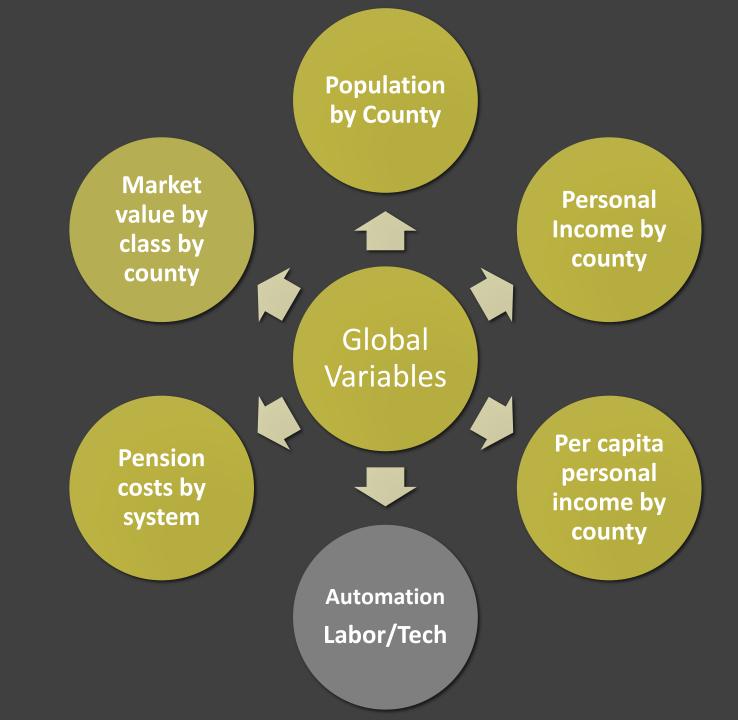
Pension Funding

- Current law
- Shorter
 amortization at
 higher rate, from
 system actuarial
 analysis

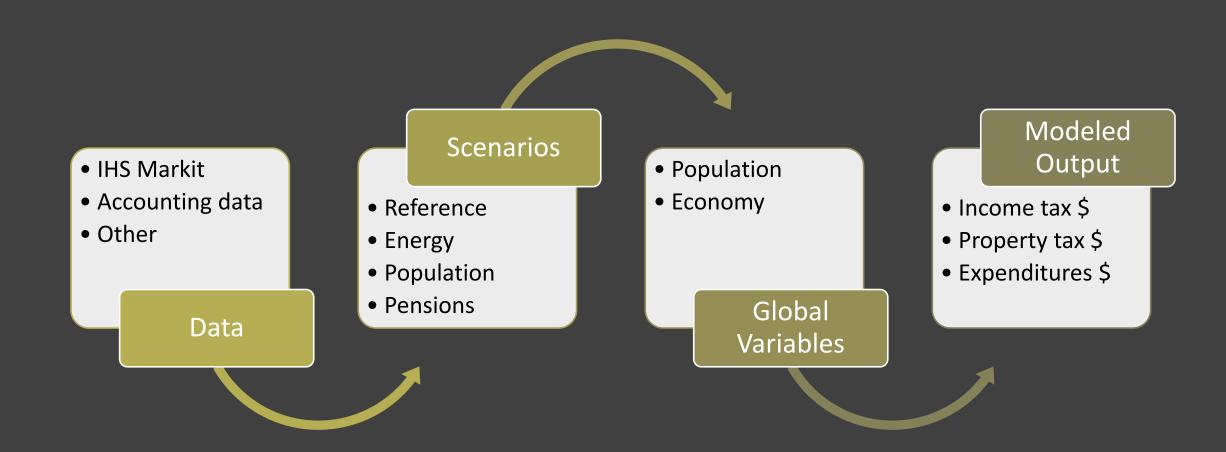
Global Variables that are used to model the future

Green are dynamic and changes with various scenarios, these are examples, there will be additional variables

Gray, automation, is not dynamic and it is uncertain if we will find a way to incorporate this element



Model Process

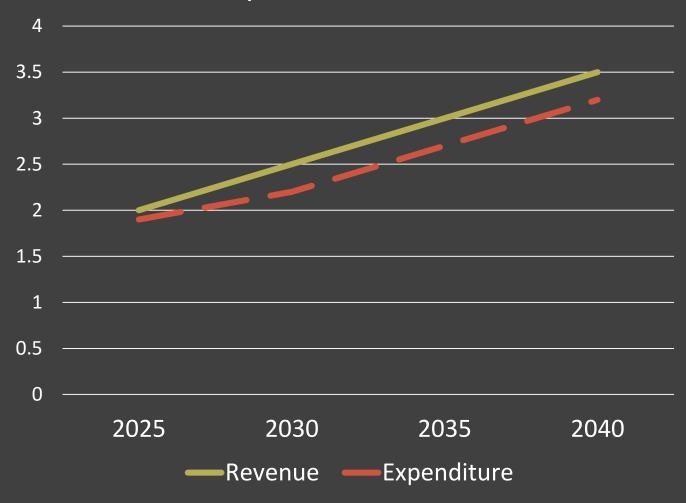


LONG-TERM to 2040 Reference Case Revenue and Expenditure

The future is unknown

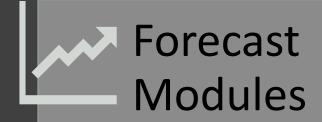
Reference case and multiple scenarios

Example Reference Case



NICK VANBROWN LEAD ANALYST - DATA

More about the model and how it will work





Modeling



Modules



HEALTH EXAMPLE

Medicaid

Medicaid Cost in a given Year



Number of Participants in that year



Cost Per Participant in that Year

Percentage of Population Medicaid Population Groups Adult % Adult Child % Child Disabled % Disabled Over 65 % Over 65 Adult % Adult Expansion Expansion

Number of Participants in that year

Percentage of Population

% Adult

% Child

% Disabled

% Over 65

% Adult Expansion

Forecasted Population

Adult

Child

Disabled

Over 65

Adult Expansion

Number of Participants in that year

Number of Participants in that year

Medicaid Cost in a given Year



Number of Participants in that year



Cost Per Participant in that Year

Cost Per Participant in that Year

Research, Statistics,

Data & Systems

Search

Outreach &

Education

Search CMS

Medicaid Cost

\$ Per Adult

\$ Per Child

\$ Per Disabled

\$ Per

Over 65

\$ Per

Adult Expansion



Projected

The Office of the Actuary in the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services annually produces projections of health care spending for categories within the National Health Expenditure Accounts, which track health spending by source of funds (for example, private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid), by type of service (hospital, physician, prescription drugs, etc.), and by sponsor (businesses, households, governments). The latest projections begin after the latest historical year (2018) and go through 2028. These projections do not take into account the impacts of COVID-19 because of the timing of the report and the highly uncertain nature of the pandemic.

Regulations &

Guidance

Downloads

NHE Projections 2019-2028 - Tables (ZIP)

NHE Historical and Projections 1960-2028 (ZIP)

Private

Insurance

NHE Projections 2019-2028 - Forecast Summary (PDF)

Accuracy analysis of the short-term (10-year) national health expenditure projections (PDF)

Innovation

Center

Projections Methodology (PDF)

NHE Projections 2018-2027 - Tables (ZIP)

National Health Expenditure Projections 2019-28 (PDF)

Medicaid Cost in a given Year



Number of Participants in that year

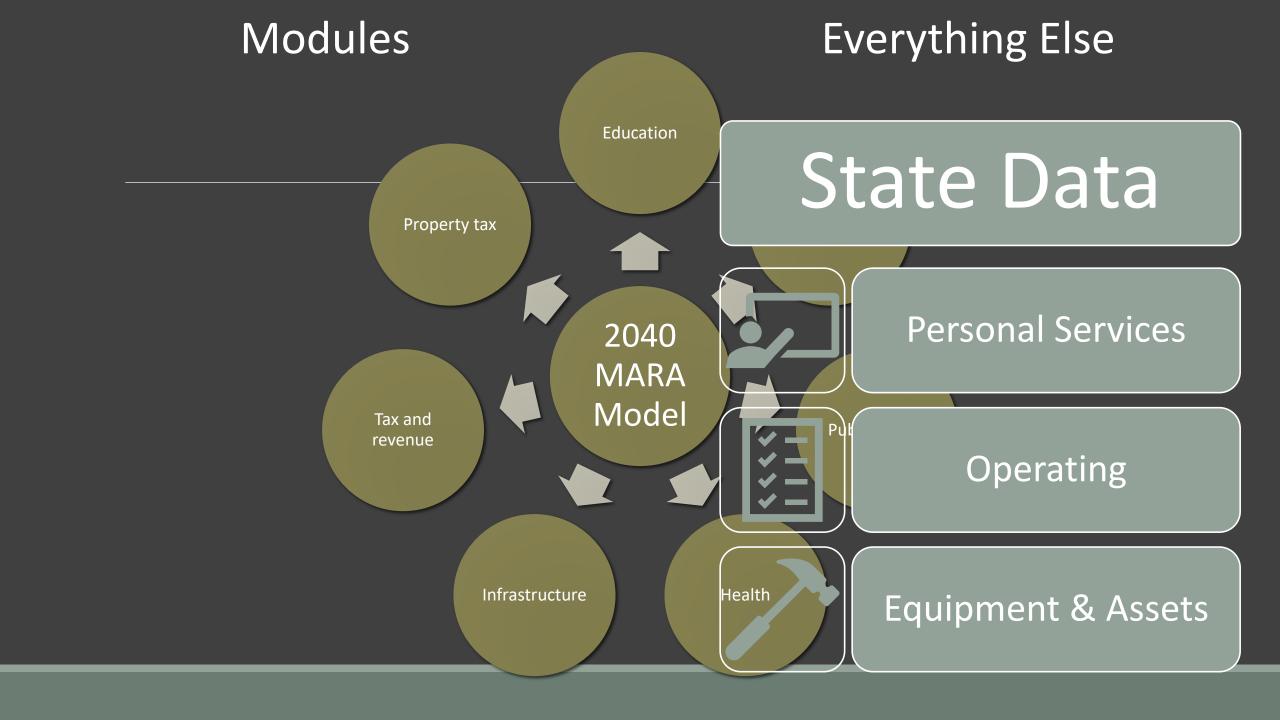


Cost Per Participant in that Year

Input and Feedback



- Committees
- Agencies
- OBPP
- Stakeholders
- Contractors



State Data



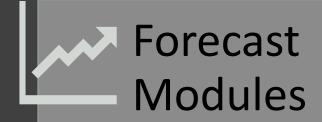
Personal Services



Operating



Equipment & Assets





Modeling

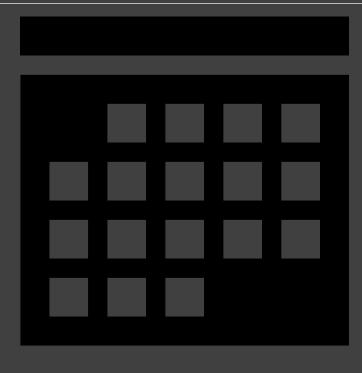




Link Data Sets



- Link Data Sets
 - Time





- Link Data Sets
 - Time
 - Location





- Link Data Sets
 - Time
 - Location
- Regular Updates

Accounting data from SABHRS

Nightly

IHS Markit economic forecasting data

Monthly

Department of Revenue Property Tax Data

Annually

REMI population forecasts by county

Biannually



- Link Data Sets
 - Time
 - Location
- Regular Updates
- Visualize
 - Modules
 - Roll Up



Business Intelligence Software

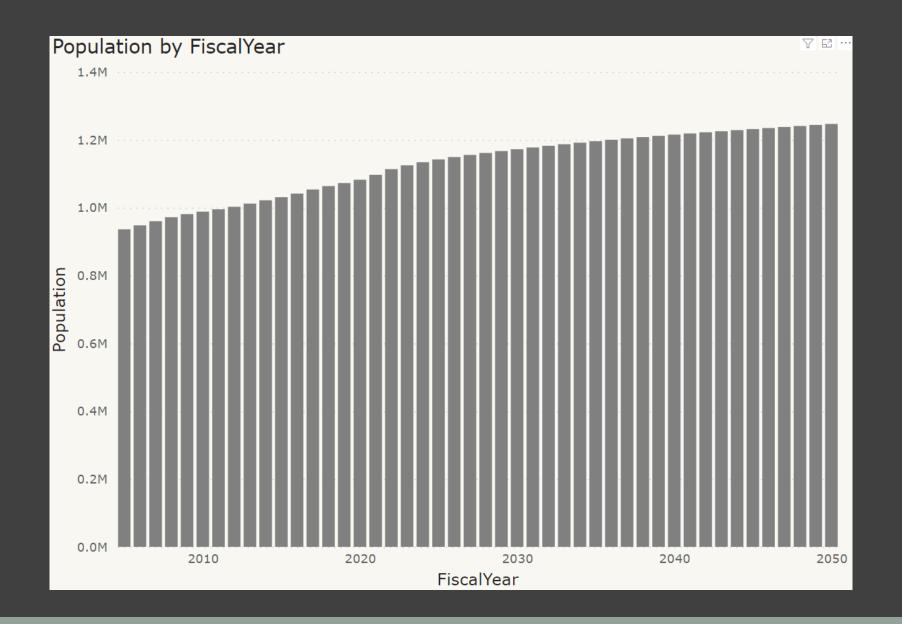


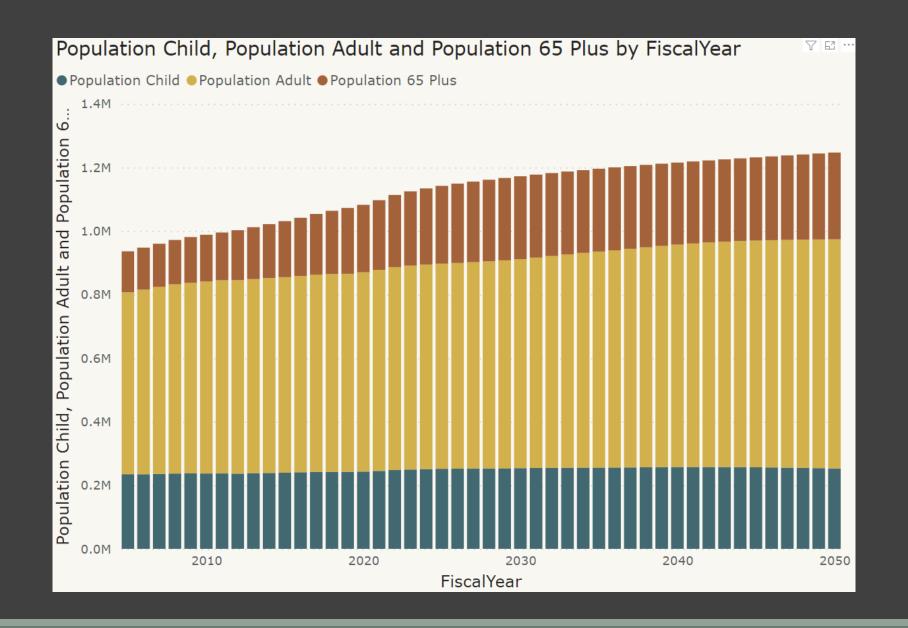
- Link Data Sets
 - Time
 - Location
- Regular Updates
- Visualize
 - Modules
 - Roll Up
- Define Variables
 - Modular
 - Global

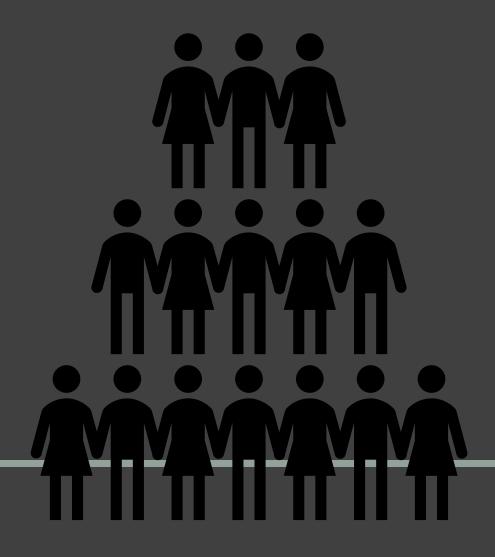


EXAMPLE
GLOBAL
VARIABLE

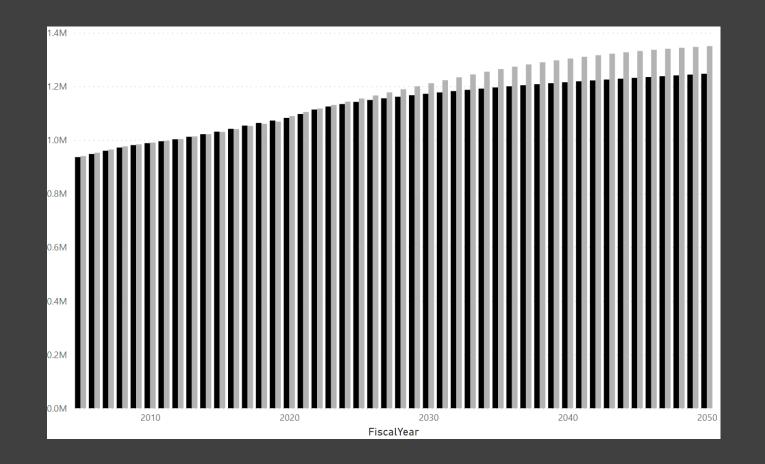
Population







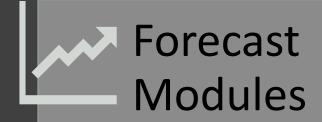
Demographic Age Change







Scenarios





Modeling



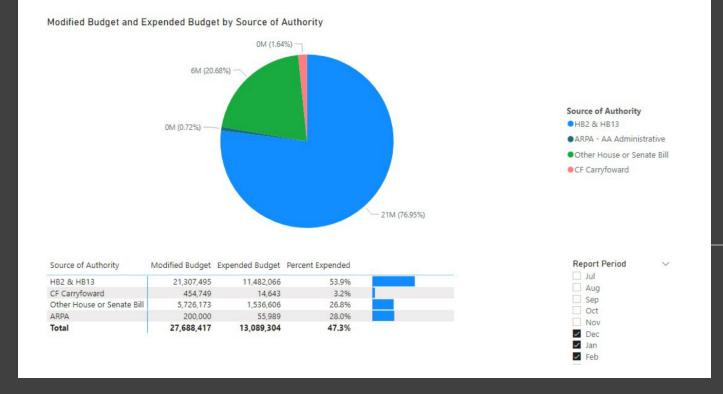
Financial Data Sets

- 1. State Accounting Data (SABHRS)
- 2. School Accounting Data (Trustee Reports)
- 3. Local Government Accounting Data (Financial Reports)

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

TOTAL APPROPRIATION AUTHORITY

The total appropriation authority for the agency is shown in the pie chart below. HB 2 and HB 13 provide 77.0% of the total authority for this agency. All types of appropriation authority for this agency are described below, including total budget and the percent expended by source of authority.



STATE ACCOUNTING DATA

SABHRS Breakout Example

Medicaid SABHRS Other Modules All Else

SABHRS Breakout Example

Medicaid SABHRS Other Modules All Else



Pulling it Together

Forecast Modules

Modeling



Reference Case

Scenarios

Discussion

In The End

Process and Next Steps

AMY CARLSON

Anticipated MARA meetings



Late April- 1 day

- Health wrap up
- Property tax model look back
- 20 year look back



September

Early September - 1 day

- Final draft of model
- Committee discussion

June 23 or 24

- First draft of model and property tax look forward
- Committee discussion

June

Early October – 1 or 2 days

- Final model
- Legislation of Interim Committees
- Final committee discussion

October



Property tax model look back for long- term understanding property tax system



Health industry wrap up

Late April



Past expenditure and revenue review

June





First draft of model

Preliminary findings

Communication tools

Next steps

Committee discussion

Early September



Draft of model

Draft findings
Insights and observations from outside groups
Next steps



Committee discussion

Early October

Final Model 2022

- Communication tools for the legislature
- Recommended future study

Interim Committee Legislation

Committee discussion

Next steps

Product and Process – outside MARA

Describe plan, ask for insights from stakeholders, legislators, others

Model

May & June

Finish draft model

Develop communication tools

June & July

Vet model and assumptions with stakeholders, legislators, experts and others

August & Sept

Final draft of the model Vet Sept & October

Finalize model and communication tools

End

Census Crosswalk — State, Local, and Schools

Not Census data, but Census and other types of groupings of revenue and expenditure

Decades of experience in understanding how state and local government finance should be considered together

Eliminates duplicates so that transfers between government entities do not get captured multiple times – major time and credibility saver

Census Crosswalk - example

Local Government Expenditures

Census Category 1

Census Category 2

SABHRS data expenditure group A

SABHRS data expenditure group B

SABHRS data expenditure group C