Program Biennium Comparison

The following table compares the 2023 biennium appropriated budget to the 2025 biennium budget request by type of expenditure and source of funding.

Program Biennium Comparison				
	Appropriated	Requested	Biennium	Biennium
Budget Item	Budget 22-23	Budget 24-25	Change	% Change
Personal Services	36,916,595	41,327,436	4,410,841	11.95 %
Operating Expenses	76,546,571	94,788,471	18,241,900	23.83 %
Equipment & Intangible Assets	1,200,861	741,722	(459,139)	(38.23)%
Debt Service	3,937,000	2,340,000	(1,597,000)	(40.56)%
Total Expenditures	\$118,601,027	\$139,197,629	\$20,596,602	17.37 %
Proprietary Funds	118,601,027	139,197,629	20,596,602	17.37 %
Total Funds	\$118,601,027	\$139,197,629	\$20,596,602	17.37 %
Total Ongoing	\$118,601,027	\$139,197,629	\$20,596,602	17.37 %
Total OTO	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %

Program Description

The State Information Technology Services Division (SITSD) is a proprietary program that provides central computing, data network, and telecommunications services to more than 100 government customers throughout the state. SITSD manages two data centers, a statewide data network, and provides information technology (IT) services to all branches of state government, the Office of Public Instruction, and various city and county municipalities.

Program Highlights

State Information Technology Services Division Major Budget Highlights

- The State Information Technology Services Division is funded with non-budgeted proprietary funding and is not appropriated in HB 2
- The State Information Technology Services Division's 2025 biennium proposed appropriations are approximately \$20.3 million or 17.1% higher than the 2023 biennium. Significant changes include:
 - An increase in rates of \$2.7 million each fiscal year for new proposed rates for information technology security consolidation, snowflake pass thru, and Esper pass thru
 - A proposed increase in rates of \$4.9 million in FY 2024 and \$5.3 million in FY 2025 for rated services
 - A proposed increase in the ServiceNow enterprise agreement of \$1.2 million each fiscal year and the cybersecurity enterprise rate of \$2.1 million each fiscal year

Program Actuals and Budget Comparison

The following table compares FY 2022 actual expenditures, FY 2022 and FY 2023 appropriations, and the expenditures requested for FY 2024 and FY 2025 by type of expenditure and source of funding.

Budget Item	Actuals Fiscal 2022	Approp. Fiscal 2022	Approp. Fiscal 2023	Request Fiscal 2024	Request Fiscal 2025
FTE	0.00	199.00	199.00	213.00	213.0
Personal Services	18,268,686	18,200,000	18,716,595	20,607,646	20,719,790
Operating Expenses	36,709,187	41,036,958	35,509,613	47,446,024	47,342,447
Equipment & Intangible Assets	1,303,910	830,000	370,861	370,861	370,86
Debt Service	2,573,651	2,767,000	1,170,000	1,170,000	1,170,000
Total Expenditures	\$58,855,434	\$62,833,958	\$55,767,069	\$69,594,531	\$69,603,098
Proprietary Funds	58,855,434	62,833,958	55,767,069	69,594,531	69,603,098
Total Funds	\$58,855,434	\$62,833,958	\$55,767,069	\$69,594,531	\$69,603,098
Total Ongoing	\$58,855,434	\$62,833,958	\$55,767,069	\$69,594,531	\$69,603,098 \$6
Total OTO	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Program Discussion -

FY 2022 Appropriation Compared to FY 2022 Actual Expenditures

The State Information Technology Services Division is funded entirely with nonbudgeted proprietary funds. The budget of approximately \$62.8 million was 93.7% expended as of the end of FY 2022. There are two nonbudgeted proprietary funds in this program: the SITSD proprietary fund and the electronic government services proprietary fund.

The SITSD proprietary fund made up the majority of the State Information Technology Services Division's budget in FY 2022. Appropriations of \$59.7 million were 95.5% expended at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the fiscal year, the budget for this fund was increased by \$5.2 million. Although the budget was increased, approximately \$2.7 million remained in the FY 2022 budget. Anticipated expenditures for equipment and specific contracts will not occur until FY 2023.

The electronic government services proprietary fund had appropriations or \$3.1 million, which were 58.2% expended at the end of FY 2022. Lower expenditures were due to a decrease in revenue. The budget was based on the revenues and expenses made by the contractor that previously provided this service. There were various transaction fees charged to the customers by the contractor. When this service was transferred to SITSD it was determined that all transactions would be charged a \$1.00 fee, which reduced revenues.

FY 2022 Appropriations Compared to FY 2023 Appropriations

Overall, the FY 2023 appropriation is approximately \$7.1 million or 11.2% lower than the FY 2022 appropriation. There are several primary reasons for the difference:

- The electronic government services proprietary fund was a newly established proprietary fund in the 2023 biennium because the contract with a vendor expired. The appropriations for the fund were \$2.0 million lower in FY 2023, as proposed by the Department of Administration
- The State Information Technology Services Division increased the FY 2022 budget by \$5.2 million for anticipated equipment needs and contract costs
- The budget for the State Information Technology Services Division increased by approximately \$686,000 in FY 2022 and \$1.4 million in FY 2023 because of a memorandum of understanding between SITSD and the Department of Labor and Industry that is in effect from January 15, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The Department of Labor and Industry transferred certain functions and 15.00 FTE to SITSD and SITSD will provide the Department of Labor and Industry with the information technology work associated with the transferred positions. This transfer centralizes information technology services in the areas of the service desk, desktop services, enterprise digital services, and security as well as expands the resources that are available to the Department of Labor and Industry

Executive Request

The executive is proposing an increase in rates of approximately \$11.6 million in FY 2024 and \$12.0 million in FY 2025. The proposed increase in rates is primarily due to rated services, cybersecurity, ServiceNow, and additional services. These proposals will be discussed in further detail in the Proprietary Rates section of the budget analysis.

Funding

The following table shows proposed agency funding for all sources of authority.

Departm	nent of Administrat Funding by	ion, 07-State I Source of Auth		n		
Funds	HB2 Ongoing	HB2 OTO	Non-Budgeted Proprietary	Statutory Appropriation	Total All Sources	% Total All Funds
General Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0.00 %
State Special Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Federal Special Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
06522 ISD Proprietary	0	0	135,548,207	0	135,548,207	97.38 %
06004 Electronic Government Services	0	0	3,649,422	0	3,649,422	2.62 %
Proprietary Total	\$0	\$0	\$139,197,629	\$0	\$139,197,629	100.00 %
Total All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$139,197,629	\$0	\$139,197,629	

The functions within the State Information Technology Services Division are funded with nonbudgeted proprietary funds. The executive has an internal services fund that receives revenues from information technology costs charged to state agencies. Additionally, SITSD has an enterprise fund for eGovernment services. These proprietary funds are discussed in more detail in the Proprietary Rates section of the narrative.

Program Budget Summary by Category

The following table summarizes the total budget by base, present law adjustments, and new proposals. For a description of these categories, please see the glossary.

Budget Summary by Category								
		Genera	al Fund			Total	Funds	
Budget Item	Budget Fiscal 2024	Budget Fiscal 2025	Biennium Fiscal 24-25	Percent of Budget	Budget Fiscal 2024	Budget Fiscal 2025	Biennium Fiscal 24-25	Percent of Budget
2023 Base Budget	0	0	0	0.00 %	55,767,069	55,767,069	111,534,138	80.13 %
SWPL Adjustments	0	0	0	0.00 %	4,193,118	4,988,772	9,181,890	6.60 %
PL Adjustments	0	0	0	0.00 %	8,066,622	7,346,329	15,412,951	11.07 %
New Proposals	0	0	0	0.00 %	1,567,722	1,500,928	3,068,650	2.20 %
Total Budget	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$69,594,531	\$69,603,098	\$139,197,629	

Present Law Adjustments

The "Present Law" Adjustments table shows the changes from the base appropriation to the proposed budget. "Statewide Present Law" adjustments (DP 1, DP 2, DP 3) are standard categories of adjustments made to all agencies. Decisions on these items were applied globally to all agencies.

		-Fiscal 2024			-Fiscal 2025				
FTE	General Fund	State Special	Federal Special	Total Funds	FTE	General Fund	State Special	Federal Special	Total Funds
DP 1 - Personal Services									
0.00	0	0	0	571,504	0.00	0	0	0	683,242
DP 2 - Fixed Costs									
0.00	0	0	0	4,410	0.00	0	0	0	(71,301
DP 3 - Inflation Deflation									
0.00	0	0	0	3,617,204	0.00	0	0	0	4,376,831
DP 4 - Allocate Department In	direct/Adminis	trative Costs							
0.00	0	0	0	156,056	0.00	0	0	0	156,056
DP 701 - Increase for ITSD Op	perations								
0.00	0	0	0	7,300,000	0.00	0	0	0	6,600,000
DP 703 - Increase eGov Oper	ating Expense	S							
0.00	0	0	0	610,566	0.00	0	0	0	590,273
Grand Total All Present	Law Adjustm	nents							
0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,259,740	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,335,101

^{*&}quot;Total Funds" amount includes funding from sources other than General Fund, State Special, or Federal Special (i.e. Proprietary).

DP 1 - Personal Services -

The executive requests adjustments to the present law personal services budget. This request has been broken into the following categories, and further detail is shown in the agency summary:

- · Legislatively approved changes
- Management decisions
- · Budget modifications made to the personal services budget in the 2023 biennium

DP 2 - Fixed Costs -

The executive requests adjustments to provide the funding required in the proposed budget for fixed costs assessed by other agencies within state government for the services they provide. Examples include warrant writer, motor pool, information technology services, etc. The rates charged for these services are approved in the section of the budget that provides the services.

DP 3 - Inflation Deflation -

The executive requests adjustments to reflect budgetary changes generated from the application of inflation and deflation factors to specific expenditure accounts. Affected accounts include other services, supplies and materials, communications, in-state state motor pool and motor pool leased vehicles, and repair and maintenance.

DP 4 - Allocate Department Indirect/Administrative Costs -

The executive proposes an increase in proprietary funds to pay the Department of Administration's indirect costs. These costs are charged to the department's programs for services provided by department employees, including accounting, human resources, and legal support.

DP 701 - Increase for ITSD Operations -

The executive proposes an increase in proprietary funds to align with the established rates and budgetary needs for the SITSD proprietary fund. This includes proposed increases to the state's cybersecurity enterprise services, network security, and Microsoft and ServiceNow enterprise agreements.

DP 703 - Increase eGov Operating Expenses -

The executive proposes an increase in proprietary funds for anticipated increases in the state's electronic government services program.

New Proposals

The "New Proposals" table shows new proposals for spending.

New Proposals										
Fiscal 2024Fiscal 2025										
	FTE	General Fund	State Special	Federal Special	Total Funds	FTE	General Fund	State Special	Federal Special	Total Funds
DP 99 - New Fix	ed Costs									
	0.00	0	0	0	10,975	0.00	0	0	0	10,975
DP 702 - Centra	lize IT Security	,								
	14.00	0	0	0	1,556,747	14.00	0	0	0	1,489,953
Total	14.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,567,722	14.00	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,500,928

^{*&}quot;Total Funds" amount includes funding from sources other than General Fund, State Special, or Federal Special (i.e. Proprietary).

DP 99 - New Fixed Costs -

The executive requests appropriations for the agency to provide funding for a new fixed cost for the Chief Data Office. Additionally, the executive requests appropriations of approximately \$7,000 for the agency to provide funding for a new fixed cost for the State Management Training Center. This appropriation is offset by a reduction to the existing training budget in the agency. The rates charged for this service are approved in the section of the budget that provides the services.

DP 702 - Centralize IT Security -

The executive proposes an increase in proprietary funds for the centralization of IT security. Part of the current statewide strategic IT plan is to ensure that citizens' data is protected along with the state's information assets. This includes the goal of consolidating state security operations under the state chief information security officer (CISO). The primary objective on centralizing cybersecurity is to enhance the state government's overall cybersecurity posture by unifying the state's cybersecurity resources under a single strategy and governance structure.



In the November 15th budget submission, the proposed revenues for IT security consolidation totaled \$1.6 million in FY 2024 and \$1.5 million in FY 2025, while proposed expenditures totaled \$1.4 million in FY 2024 and \$1.3 million in FY 2025. The difference is primarily related to training costs of \$170,000 per fiscal year for 17.00 FTE (the proposed additional 14.00 FTE and an existing 3.00 FTE). The executive will revise the new proposal in its December 15th budget submission.

Other Issues -

Proprietary Rates

The State Information Technology Services Division provides the following functions with proprietary funds:

- State Information Technology Services
- · eGovernment Services

SITSD Proprietary Fund - 06522

Proprietary Program Description

SITSD is a proprietary program that provides central computing, data network, and telecommunications services to more than 100 government customers throughout the state. SITSD manages two data centers, a statewide data network, and provides information technology (IT) services to all branches of state government, the Office of Public Instruction, and various city and county governments.

Under the direction of the state chief information officer, the division supports and manages the following IT programs and services:

- · Information Systems Security
 - Manages solutions and services to ensure continuity of enterprise operations and security of data through risk assessment and mitigation, planning and monitoring, detailed recovery planning, incident response, and periodic testing
 - Coordinates security policies and procedures
- · Network Technology Services
 - Manages the statewide network which connects 22,000 devices at over 600 locations and provides prioritized voice, video, data, and wireless services
 - Develops and implements network solutions that support customer needs for bandwidth and connectivity
- Enterprise Technology Services
 - Designs, implements, and manages shared IT hardware and software infrastructure in a highly efficient virtualized environment
 - Provides platforms for application and database hosting services using enterprise-class computing and storage capacity
- Enterprise Support Services
 - Manages the service desk to assist customers regarding hardware and software applications, including email and telecommunications
 - Manages desktop lifecycle for customers, including software and hardware ordering, deployment, updates, remote control, and disposal
- Montana Data Centers
 - Manages state data center facilities in Helena (primary) and Miles City (disaster recovery)
 - Maintains the reliability, efficiency, security, and availability of computer processing and storage for all customers
- · Application Technology Services
 - Supports the state's mt.gov websites
 - Assists customers with designing and deploying customized applications and online services, including eGovernment applications
- · Strategic Planning Services
 - Ensures IT operations are conducted in an organized, deliberative, and cost-effective manner through planning, periodic performance reports, and oversight of agency IT procurements and plans
 - Publishes the state IT strategic plan and biennial report
- Financial Management Services
 - Manages budget, billing, acquisition, and contract management services for SITSD
 - Sets rates and manages the revenues and expenses for more than 200 enterprise services provided to state and local government IT customers
- Contract, procurement, and vendor management services
- State IT Project Management Services
 - Provides expertise, assistance, tools, methodologies, and training to customers to ensure IT projects are conducted in an organized, deliberative, and cost-effective manner

Proprietary Program Narrative

The following table shows the actual and projected expenditures and related revenues associated with this fund.

Fund	Fund Name	Agency Name	Program	Name
06522	SITSD	Department of	State Info	rmation
	Proprietary	Administration	Technology	Services
	Actual	Estimated	Proposed	Proposed
O # D	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
Operating Revenues				
Fees and Charges	50 044 070	40.044.000	50,000,070	50 400 40
Charges for Services - Agency	58,314,078	42,214,963	52,020,873	52,480,46
Security Consolidation		0.405.400	1,594,005	1,528,03
ServiceNow - Agency Offset		2,405,133	-	-
Cybersecurity		8,155,640	10,300,097	10,300,09
Other Operating Revenues	000 001	040 470	040 470	040.47
Revenue - External Users	632,291	619,470	619,470	619,47
Revenue - eGOV Receipts			2,463,176	2,463,28
Revenue - Projected Growth			728,450	726,58
Total Operating Revenues	58,946,369	53,395,206	67,726,071	68,117,93
Expenses				
Personal Services	18,120,570	20,775,890	20,607,646	20,719,79
Operating Expense	37,840,103		45,621,313	45,517,73
Equipment	-	370,861	370,861	370,86
Total Operating Expense	55,960,673		66,599,820	66,608,38
Operating Income (Loss)	2,985,696	(2,108,124)	1,296,251	1,679,55
Nonoperating Revenues				
Other Revenue	77,887			
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	77,887		_	
Total Nonoperating Neventees (Expenses)	11,001			
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	3,063,583	(2,108,124)	1,126,251	1,509,55
Capital Contributions				
Transfers In		1,020,000	1,020,000	1,020,00
Transfers Out		1,020,000	1,020,000	1,020,00
Loans and Lease Payments	(132,154)	(1,170,000)	(1,170,000)	(1,170,000
Loans and Lease F ayments	(102,104)	(1,170,000)	(1,170,000)	(1,170,000
Change in Net Position	2,931,429	(2,258,124)	976,251	1,359,55
Beginning Net Position - July 1	724,199	3,654,302	1,396,178	2,372,42
Prior Period Adjustments	(1,326)		.,,	_, _, _,
Change in Net Position	2,931,429		976,251	1,359,55
S.I.S.I.go III Not I collicii	2,001,120	(=,===, := +)	0.0,201	1,300,00
Ending Net Position - June 30	3,654,302	1,396,178	2,372,429	3,731,98

Budget authority to pay the SITSD allocation is a fixed cost item in each agency's budget. The statewide fixed costs for information technology included in the executive proposal are \$11.6 million higher in FY 2024 and \$12.0 million higher in FY 2025 when compared to the FY 2023 base year. The table below shows the overall amount proposed, by agency, for FY 2024 and FY 2025 and the change when compared the FY 2023 base appropriation.

Department of Administration
State Information Technology Services Division
State Agency Fixed Costs for Information Technology

State	; A(jericy Fixed	Costs for infor	mation rechnology	/	
				Change		Change
		Budgeted	•	Between FY 2023	Requested	Between FY 2023
		FY 2023	FY 2024	and FY 2024	FY 2025	and FY 2025
Legislative Branch	\$	1,109,988	\$ 1,095,738	\$ (14,251)	\$ 1,596,524	\$ 486,535
Consumer Counsel		32,649	20,571	(12,078)	20,764	(11,885)
Judiciary		2,958,088	3,162,514	204,426	3,240,425	282,337
Governor's Office		298,052	559,765	261,713	558,534	260,482
Secretary of State's Office		510,410	1,003,093	492,683	1,005,066	494,656
Commissioner of Political Practice		92,170	119,435	27,265	119,825	27,655
State Auditor's Office		187,107	343,855	156,748	345,273	158,166
Office of Public Instruction		801,995	950,497	148,502	952,778	150,783
Department of Justice		3,673,070	4,264,695	591,625	4,260,479	587,409
Public Service Regulation		138,935	214,696	75,761	212,144	73,209
Board of Public Education		16,392	44,480	28,088	44,480	28,088
Commissioner of Higher Education		2,017	2,695	678	2,455	438
University of Montana		563	942	379	942	379
Montana State University		14,512	154	(14,359)	154	(14,359)
School for the Deaf & Blind		103,728	158,547	54,819	158,547	54,819
Montana Arts Council		28,438	72,301	43,863	71,123	42,685
Library Commission		591,551	658,963	67,412	658,905	67,354
Historical Society		301,851	533,373	231,522	557,531	255,680
Department of Fish, Wildlife & Parks		2,356,772	2,970,153	613,381	2,956,411	599,639
Department of Environmental Quality	,	1,624,400	1,895,177	270,777	1,894,343	269,944
Department of Transportation		6,129,748	7,125,740	995,992	7,125,883	996,135
Department of Livestock		320,335	620,974	300,639	618,469	298,134
Natural Resource & Conservation		2,664,996	3,145,608	480,612	3,140,335	475,339
Department of Revenue		2,631,882	3,123,493	491,611	3,145,467	513,585
Department of Administration		2,722,334	3,332,006	609,672	3,174,505	452,171
Montana State Fund		1,005,583	1,196,221	190,639	1,203,541	197,958
MT Public Employee Retirement		323,926	365,209	41,282	365,329	41,402
Teachers Retirement Board		156,706	171,628	14,922	171,260	14,555
Public Defender		942,250	1,105,514	163,264	1,101,274	159,024
Department of Agriculture		425,639	612,638	186,999	610,318	184,680
Department of Corrections		3,945,525	4,177,279	231,754	4,187,630	242,104
Department of Commerce		697,513	1,058,268	360,755	1,054,320	356,807
Department Labor & Industry		3,457,368	5,140,481	1,683,113	5,154,877	1,697,509
Department of Military Affairs		181,933	335,944	154,011	335,065	153,132
Public Health & Human Services		11,847,312	14,332,329	2,485,017	14,263,624	2,416,312
Total			\$63,914,975		\$64,308,597	
		,				

The State Information Technology Services Division has revised the rate structure for the 2025 biennium. In the 2021 biennium, there were five established rates, which include:

- · Enterprise service allocation
- · Microsoft enterprise agreement
- · Cybersecurity enterprise rate
- · ServiceNow enterprise agreement
- · Rated Services

In the 2025 biennium, there are nine proposed rates, which include

- Enterprise service allocation (ESA)
- Microsoft enterprise agreement
- Cybersecurity enterprise rate
- ServiceNow enterprise agreement
- · Rated Services
- · IT security consolidation
- · Snowflake pass thru
- · Esper pass thru
- · General pass thru

The table below shows the FY 2023 base year information technology rates to the requested FY 2024 and FY 2025 rates. The executive is requesting an increase of revenues of \$23.6 million or 22.6% when comparing the FY 2023 base year to the 2025 biennium.

		Departme	ent of Administr	ation		
State Information Technology Services Division						
State A	ger	ncy Fixed Costs	for Information	Technology by	Service	
				F	Y 2023 to 2025 Bien	nium Change
		FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	Amount	Percent
Enterprise Services Allocation	\$	5,772,668 \$	5,964,003 \$	5,964,003 \$	382,669	3.3%
Microsoft Enterprise Agreement		4,117,785	4,813,632	4,813,944	1,392,006	16.9%
Cybersecurity Enterprise Rate		8,155,640	10,300,097	10,300,097	4,288,914	26.3%
ServiceNow Enterprise Agreement		2,405,133	3,573,587	3,573,587	2,336,907	48.6%
Rated Services		27,573,986	32,459,934	32,916,519	10,228,481	18.5%
IT Security Consolidation			1,594,005	1,528,032	3,122,037	100.0%
Snowflake Pass Thru			610,500	610,500	1,221,000	100.0%
Esper Pass Thru			530,500	530,500	1,061,000	100.0%
General Pass Thru		4,270,524	4,068,717	4,071,415	(400,916)	<u>-4.7%</u>
Grand Total	\$	52,295,736 \$	63,914,975 \$	64,308,597	23,632,100	<u>22.6%</u>

The following sections will provide additional information on each of these rates.

Enterprise Service Allocation

Enterprise services are information technology services and staff time provided by SITSD that are used by and benefit the entire enterprise (all state agencies). State agencies are charged for their portion of the enterprise services allocation (ESA) based on the active directory within an agency. The enterprise allocation totaled \$5.8 million in the FY 2023 base year. The executive is proposing that the ESA rate will be \$6.0 million in each fiscal year of the biennium, which is a 3.3% increase in the rate.

Microsoft Enterprise Agreement

The Microsoft enterprise agreement is the cost of the licensing agreement for Microsoft services. The Microsoft enterprise agreement totaled \$4.1 million in the FY 2023 base year. The executive is proposing that the rate will be \$4.8 million in each fiscal year of the 2025 biennium, which is a 16.9% increase in the rate. The State Information Technology Services Division realizes that this rate is substantially higher than the previous contract and is having discussions to determine what they can do about this cost.

LFD COMMENT The legislature may wish to discuss whether or not any determinations have been made about the cost of the Microsoft Enterprise Agreement with the State Information Technology Services Division.

Cybersecurity Enterprise Rate

The cybersecurity enterprise rate provides revenue to pay for cybersecurity services and staff time provided by SITSD that are used by and benefit the entire enterprise. The cybersecurity enterprise rate totaled \$8.2 million in the FY 2023 base year. The executive is proposing that the rate will be \$10.3 million in each fiscal year of the 2025 biennium, which is a 26.3% increase. The table below shows the FY 2023 base year cybersecurity enterprise rate, the requested FY 2024 and FY 2025 rate, and the change between the FY 2023 rate and the 2025 biennium.

De	pa	rtment of Adr	nin	istration					
State Inform	nati	on Technolog	ду :	Services Divi	sio	n			
Су	ber	security Ente	erpi	rise Rate					
								FY 2023	to
							20	25 Biennium	Change
Service		FY 2023		FY 2024		FY 2025		Amount	Percent
File and Object Storage	\$	18,778	\$	28,529	\$	28,529	\$	19,501	51.9%
Live Storage		95,189		8,705		8,705		(172,968)	-90.9%
Virtual Server		301,446		76,749		76,749		(449,395)	-74.5%
Directory Services - Identity Management		168,587		651,265		651,265		965,356	286.3%
eGov Identity Management		57,378		391,497		391,497		668,238	582.3%
Software Configuration Management		95,314		77,052		77,052		(36,524)	-19.2%
Splunk Service		818,482		310,208		310,208		(1,016,548)	-62.1%
Application Development		24,000						(48,000)	-100.0%
Cybersecurity Enterprise Services - ESP		702,415		1,346,852		1,346,852		1,288,874	91.7%
Cybersecurity Enterprise Services - IRTS		1,292,132		2,158,495		2,158,495		1,732,725	67.0%
Expert Time									
AHS		336,000		228,000		228,000		(216,000)	-32.1%
Enterprise Security Risk Mgmt		518,625		620,857		620,857		204,464	19.7%
ESS		-		235,232		235,232		470,463	100.0%
Forensic Investigations/Technical Security		618,638		619,158		619,158		1,041	0.1%
NOSC		939,136		1,328,409		1,328,409		778,546	41.5%
Supervision CISO		444,053		344,357		344,357		(199,391)	-22.5%
MFA Service		934,424		375,694		375,694		(1,117,460)	-59.8%
Network Security		791,042		1,499,038	_	1,499,038		1,415,993	<u>89.5%</u>
Totals	\$	8,155,640	\$	10,300,097	\$	10,300,097	\$	4,288,914	26.3%

There are several services that are contributing to the increase in rates, which include:

- Directory services identity management this service provides a single identity for citizens to securely access government services. According to SITSD, this service was previously funded with the eGovernment services proprietary fund
- eGovernment identity management the Cloud Access Security Broker (CASB) creates a security policy enforcement point between state employees and the cloud service providers. This was included in HB 10 (2021 Legislative Session) for the 2023 biennium
- Cybersecurity enterprise services Enterprise Security Program (ESP) this includes a new purchase of business continuity and disaster recovery modules and an additional 3.00 FTE from the State Continuity and Emergency Management Office
- Cybersecurity enterprise services Incident Response and Technical Security Bureau (IRTS) this includes a security automation and response platform (PALO XSOAR) and an additional 2.00 FTE
- Expert time Network Operations and Support Center (NOSC) the hourly rate for staff increased from \$106 per hour in the 2023 biennium to \$143 per hour in the 2025 biennium
- Network security according to SITSD, the external firewalls are at end of life and require hardware replacement

ServiceNow Enterprise Agreement

ServiceNow is intended to improve workflow for agencies. Some of the functions of ServiceNow include:

- Integrating with applications like Microsoft Teams, Zoom, and DocuSign for improved automation
- · Decreasing call volumes and quickly answering customer questions by using virtual agents
- Digitizing forms to reduce in person requests and eliminate manual effort

The Governor's Office has launched a digital initiative, which includes an enterprise-wide digital redesign and digitization in an effort to streamline operations. ServiceNow is the primary platform that is assisting state agencies with this initiative.

The table below shows the FY 2023 base year ServiceNow enterprise rate, the requested FY 2024 and FY 2025 rate and the change in the rate.

Department of Administration State Information Technology Services Division ServiceNow Enterprise Rate

FY 2023 to 2025 Biennium Change FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025 Amount Percent Legislative Branch 26,237 \$ (52,474) -100.0% \$ Consumer Counsel 1,109 (2,217) -100.0% 121,675 \$ 81,279 Judiciary 81,035 121,675 50.2% Governor's Office 11,271 16,923 16,923 \$ 11,305 50.2% Secretary of State's Office 50.2% 10,070 15,120 15,120 \$ 10,100 50.2% Commissioner of Political Practice 1,663 2,497 2,497 \$ 1,668 State Auditor's Office 15,358 23,060 \$ 50.2% 23,060 15,404 Office of Public Instruction 33,997 51,047 51,047 \$ 34,099 50.2% Department of Justice 144,933 217,618 217,618 \$ 145,369 50.2% 4,250 9,710 9,710 \$ Public Service Regulation 10,921 128.5% 554 832 832 \$ 556 50.2% **Board of Public Education** 15,698 23,570 23,570 \$ 50.2% School for the Deaf & Blind 15,745 1,297 50.2% Montana Arts Council 1,293 1,942 1,942 \$ 3,930 5,901 5,901 \$ 3,942 50.2% Library Commission 10,971 16,474 16,474 \$ 11,004 50.2% **Historical Society** 50.2% 194,200 \$ Department of Fish, Wildlife & Parks 129,337 194,200 129,726 Department of Environmental Quality 77,794 116,808 116,808 \$ 78,028 50.2% 50.2% Department of Transportation 391,941 588,501 588,501 \$ 393,120 25,058 37,625 \$ 25,133 50.2% Department of Livestock 37,625 Natural Resource & Conservation 101,855 152,935 152,935 \$ 102,161 50.2% Department of Revenue 122,870 184,490 184,490 \$ 123,240 50.2% 60,788 91,274 91,274 \$ 60,971 Department of Administration 50.2% Montana State Fund 56,723 85,171 85,171 \$ 56,894 50.2% MT Public Employee Retirement 9,054 13,594 13,594 \$ 9,081 50.2% 5.826 \$ 3,892 50.2% Teachers Retirement Board 3,880 5.826 Public Defender 50,246 75,444 75,444 \$ 50,397 50.2% Department of Agriculture 21,200 31,832 31,832 \$ 21,264 50.2% Department of Corrections 253,397 380,477 380,477 \$ 254,159 50.2% 38,594 57,949 57,949 \$ 38,710 Department of Commerce 50.2% Department Labor & Industry 142,406 213,822 \$ 142,834 50.2% 213,822 Department of Military Affairs 14,412 21,639 21,639 \$ 14,455 50.2% Public Health & Human Services 543,210 815,631 815,631 \$ 544,844 50.2% Total 2,405,133 3,573,587 3,573,587 \$ 2,336,907 48.6% The ServiceNow enterprise rate totaled \$2.4 million in the FY 2023 base year. The executive is proposing that the rate will be approximately \$3.6 million in each fiscal year of the 2025 biennium, which is a 48.6% increase. According to SITSD, the primary reasons for the increase include:

- Implementing ServiceNow's premium support package, which costs \$435,000 each fiscal year. The premium support provides a customer success manager, success architect, support account manager, and platform architect. Additionally, this provides subject matter expert support, developer support to review and troubleshoot code, on demand training courses, and a training credit that the state used to build a custom process training for all agency staff as they moved to customer service management
- Allocating three SITSD staff to ServiceNow. These staff will review, approve, and guide agencies with upgrades, changes, and development in ServiceNow. They will also maintain the overall health of the ServiceNow platform for the state. The time for these staff was previously allocated to the enterprise service allocation rate

Rated Services

The State Information Technology Services Division uses an activity-based budgeting model that allocates costs to individual services. This model employs a separate unit for each service and the unit is the increment in which the agency buys the service or product. There are 63 services included in the budget for rated services for the 2025 biennium. The number of units budgeted is based on the planned utilization of each agency.

The following table shows the FY 2023 base budget, requests for FY 2024 and FY 2025, and the change between the 2025 biennium and the base year by service.

Department of Administration
State Information Technology Services Division
Rated Services

Rated Se	ervices			
			FY 2023	to
			2025 Biennium	Change
FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	Amount	Percent
209,365	339,243	339,243	259,756	62.0%
129,316			(258,632)	-100.0%
58,938	419,535	419,535	721,195	611.8%
913,260	1,003,320	981,720	158,520	8.7%
370,837	275,094	275,094	(191,486)	-25.8%
348			(697)	-100.0%
57,231	60,699	58,860	5,098	4.5%
66,677	119,031	120,414	106,091	79.6%
76,050	88,004	88,004	23,908	15.7%
198,102	409,999	409,999	423,794	107.0%
300,633	492,792	515,086	406,611	67.6%
156,283	969,734	969,734	1,626,902	520.5%
46,511	-	-	(93,022)	-100.0%
95,023	-	-	(190,045)	-100.0%
174,306			(348,613)	-100.0%
65,339	74,205	74,205	17,730	13.6%
24,939	23,437	23,039	(3,402)	-6.8%
304,436	417,077	417,077	225,282	37.0%
444,887	328,078	326,416	(235,281)	-26.4%
215,389	257,530	257,012	83,764	19.4%
78,210	108,000	111,360	62,940	40.2%
53,790	68,539	68,539	29,498	27.4%
4,606			(9,212)	-100.0%
97,222	87,534	68,777	(38,134)	-19.6%
51,339	7,622	7,622	(87,435)	-85.2%
83,613	58,168	52,302	(56,756)	-33.9%
70,775	37,545	37,545	(66,462)	-47.0%
40,742	36,456	36,555	(8,472)	-10.4%
115,250	123,280	123,280	16,059	7.0%
70,800	200,760	200,760	259,920	183.6%
5,604			(11,208)	-100.0%
5,897	9,442	9,442	7,090	60.1%
286,318	1,217,269	1,217,269	1,861,902	325.1%
22,496	24,050	24,050	3,109	6.9%
841	5,138	5,138	8,595	511.3%
	65,887	65,887	131,774	100.0%
2,871	14,973	14,973	24,204	421.5%
	FY 2023 209,365 129,316 58,938 913,260 370,837 348 57,231 66,677 76,050 198,102 300,633 156,283 46,511 95,023 174,306 65,339 24,939 304,436 444,887 215,389 78,210 53,790 4,606 97,222 51,339 83,613 70,775 40,742 115,250 70,800 5,604 5,897 286,318 22,496 841	209,365 339,243 129,316 58,938 419,535 913,260 1,003,320 370,837 275,094 348 57,231 60,699 66,677 119,031 76,050 88,004 198,102 409,999 300,633 492,792 156,283 969,734 46,511 - - 95,023 - 174,306 65,339 74,205 23,437 304,436 417,077 444,887 328,078 215,389 257,530 78,210 108,000 53,790 68,539 4,606 97,222 87,534 51,339 7,622 83,613 58,168 70,775 37,545 40,742 36,456 115,250 123,280 70,800 200,760 5,604 5,897 9,442 286,318 1,217,269 22,496 24,050 841 5,138 65,887	FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025 209,365 339,243 339,243 129,316 58,938 419,535 419,535 913,260 1,003,320 981,720 370,837 275,094 275,094 348 57,231 60,699 58,860 66,677 119,031 120,414 76,050 88,004 88,004 198,102 409,999 409,999 300,633 492,792 515,086 156,283 969,734 969,734 46,511 - - 95,023 - - 174,306 65,339 74,205 65,339 74,205 74,205 24,939 23,437 23,039 304,436 417,077 417,077 444,887 328,078 326,416 215,389 257,530 257,012 78,210 108,000 111,360 53,790 68,539 68,539 4,606 97,222	FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025 Amount 209,365 339,243 339,243 259,756 129,316 (258,632) 58,938 419,535 419,535 721,195 913,260 1,003,320 981,720 158,520 370,837 275,094 275,094 (191,486) 348 (697) 57,231 60,699 58,860 5,098 66,677 119,031 120,414 106,091 76,050 88,004 88,004 23,908 198,102 409,999 409,999 423,794 300,633 492,792 515,086 406,611 156,283 969,734 969,734 1,626,902 95,023 - - (190,045) 174,306 (348,613) (348,613) 65,339 74,205 74,205 17,730 24,939 23,437 23,039 (3,402) 304,436 417,077 417,077 225,282 444,887 328,078 <td< td=""></td<>

NET	17,795	_	_	(35,591)	-100.0%
NOSC	28,384	-	-	(56,768)	-100.0%
PMO	25,180	33,504	33,504	16,649	33.1%
Service Desk	3,652	225,877	225,877	444,450	6085.3%
ServiceNow	40,028	1,613,462	1,505,144	3,038,550	3795.5%
File & Print Shared Server	6,401	54,621	54,621	96,440	753.3%
File and Object Storage	214,894	228,197	234,809	33,217	7.7%
Financial Management Service	41,820			(83,639)	-100.0%
Firewall Administration - Advanced	18,170	55,470	55,470	74,599	205.3%
Floor Space	20,158			(40,316)	-100.0%
Helena Campus Network Access	3,020,952			(6,041,905)	-100.0%
InTune	3,204			(6,408)	-100.0%
Job Scheduling Distribution	373,936	457,608	457,608	167,345	22.4%
Live Storage	1,031,390	1,353,232	1,370,383	660,835	32.0%
Long Distance - Toll Free	1,206,835	1,448,523	1,448,522	483,377	20.0%
MFT Service	4,722	5,826	5,826	2,207	23.4%
Mobile Device Management	105,916	135,059	135,059	58,284	27.5%
Network Access		10,705,115	11,222,862	21,927,976	100.0%
Network Connection					
Alternate Data Center 10BG or Less	99,616	139,898	139,898	80,563	40.4%
Helena Data Center 10GB or Less	100,560	261,978	261,978	322,835	160.5%
O365 Back-Up Service	9,492	20,814	26,016	27,847	146.7%
O365 PSTN	8,544			(17,088)	-100.0%
O365 Rate	1,263,811	1,309,206	1,309,206	90,789	3.6%
Remote Network Access	8,453,550			(16,907,100)	-100.0%
SCCM as a Service	144,054	194,204	194,204	100,300	34.8%
Service Desk as a Service	204,704			(409,408)	-100.0%
ServiceNow - ITBM /user	23,088	10,923	10,923	(24,330)	-52.7%
ServiceNow App Engine		111,005	111,005	222,009	100.0%
Splunk Service	127,826	304,708	328,909	377,965	147.8%
TracerPlus	773			(1,546)	-100.0%
VDI as a Service	411,822	466,200	466,200	108,757	13.29
Video Conference Pro License	123,306	326,820	332,554	412,761	167.4%
Video Conference Room License	253,051	303,047	303,047	99,992	19.8%
Virtual Server	1,702,173	2,030,354	2,029,231	655,239	19.2%
Virtual Server Platform Base	265,893	282,866	282,866	33,946	6.4%
Virtual Server Platform Host	514,567	644,971	658,134	273,971	26.6%
VoIP Phone Service	2,721,365	2,182,918	2,182,691	(1,077,119)	-19.8%
VPN Client	84,107	211,087	211,036	253,909	150.9%
	<u> </u>				

The rated services totaled \$27.6 million in the FY 2023 base year. The executive is proposing that the rate will be \$32.5 million in FY 2024 and \$32.9 million in FY 2025, which is an increase of 18.5%. Significant changes in rates include:

- An increase of \$1.6 million in FY 2024 and \$1.5 million in FY 2025 for expert time related to ServiceNow. The addition of hours was due to an increase in staff time assisting agencies with moving towards the goals included in the Governor's digital initiative to streamline operations
- An increase of approximately \$931,000 each fiscal year for expert time related to desktop support. In the 2023 biennium, the Department of Labor and Industry (DLI) and SITSD entered into a memorandum of understanding in which DLI transferred certain information technology functions to SITSD. Desktop support was one of these services and the primary reason for the increase in this function
- A net increase of \$858,000 each fiscal year for the contact center. The State Information Technology Services Division is transitioning from one contractor to another. According to SITSD, the new contractor is a cloud-based solution, which allows for a more reliable means of disaster recovery
- An increase of approximately \$212,000 each fiscal year for application hosting app server ongoing support. More staff time was allocated to this service because the complexity of applications was utilizing more staff time and effort to support
- An increase of approximately \$129,000 each fiscal year for expert time related to application hosting service. This increase is primarily attributable to hours requested by the Department of Health and Human Services (DPHHS). Existing systems have migrated off the mainframe, historically have required more hours than budgeted, or will be moved to SITSD, which increase the number hours requested
- The increase in network access is offset by the reductions in rates for Helena campus network access and remote network access. These two rates were consolidated into one rate

IT Security Consolidation

Information technology security consolidation is part of the current statewide strategic IT plan to ensure that citizens' data is protected along with the state's information assets. This includes the goal of consolidating state security operations under the state chief information security officer (CISO). The primary objective of centralizing cybersecurity is to enhance the state government's overall cybersecurity posture by unifying the state's cybersecurity resources under a single strategy and governance structure.

IT security consolidation is a new rate in the 2025 biennium. The executive proposes that the rate will be approximately \$1.6 million in FY 2024 and \$1.5 million in FY 2025.

LFD COMMENT

The executive is proposing an increase in personal services appropriations of approximately \$1.3 million each fiscal year for 14.00 FTE. There is no corresponding reduction in FTE in state agencies. The executive indicated that these changes will be addressed later in session with an enterprise solution. The legislature may wish to discuss the details of the enterprise solution with the executive.

Snowflake Pass Thru

Snowflake is a platform that provides cloud-based data storage and analytical services. All state agencies can load data into Snowflake from existing information technology systems. The state is able to negotiate a statewide rate and have the platform available for all state agencies, but each agency has its own, discrete area within Snowflake that includes its own firewall rules, identity management, and user lists. However, since this information is in the same platform, agencies are able to easily share databases with other agencies, provided the agency has granted permission. Information is shared on a real-time feed and an agency can change permissions at any time.

The Snowflake pass thru is a new rate in the 2025 biennium. The executive proposes that the rate will be approximately \$611,000 each fiscal year. The table below shows rates requested for each fiscal year for the Snowflake pass thru.

Department of Administration							
State Information Technology Services Division							
Snowflake Pass Thru							
Agency		FY 2024	FY 2025				
Consumer Counsel	\$	2,500 \$	2,500				
Governor's Office		30,000	30,000				
Secretary of State's Office		10,000	10,000				
Commissioner of Political Practices		5,000	5,000				
State Auditor's Office		20,000	20,000				
Department of Justice		30,000	30,000				
Public Service Regulation		5,000	5,000				
Board of Public Education		1,000	1,000				
Montana Arts Council		3,000	3,000				
Library Commission		15,000	15,000				
Historical Society		10,000	10,000				
Department of Fish, Wildlife & Parks		30,000	30,000				
Department of Environmental Quality		30,000	30,000				
Department of Transportation		30,000	30,000				
Department of Livestock		20,000	20,000				
Department Natural Resource & Conservation		30,000	30,000				
Department of Revenue		30,000	30,000				
Department of Administration		30,000	30,000				
Montana State Fund		30,000	30,000				
MT Public Employee Retirement		2,000	2,000				
Teachers Retirement Board		2,000	2,000				
Public Defender		10,000	10,000				
Department of Agriculture		15,000	15,000				
Department of Corrections		30,000	30,000				
Department of Commerce		50,000	50,000				
Department Labor & Industry		50,000	50,000				
Department of Military Affairs		20,000	20,000				
Public Health & Human Services		70,000	70,000				
Grand Total	\$	610,500 \$	610,500				

Esper Pass Thru

Esper is software that the Governor's office will use to support the review and rulemaking needs of state agencies. This software assists in:

- · Identifying outdated regulations
- · Tracking rulemaking activity
- Automating workflows
- Comparing agency regulations
- · Incorporating policy documents and rules into one system
- · Creating a system of record
- Standardizing the rulemaking process

This software provides a dedicated technology solution for regulatory clean-up, a repository of relevant code, streamlined rulemaking and collaboration, comparative analysis, automated alerts on regulatory changes, and impact estimation tools.

The Esper pass thru is a new rate in the 2025 biennium. The executive proposes that the rate will be approximately \$531,000 each fiscal year. The table below shows the rate requested for each fiscal year for the Esper pass thru.

Department of Administration							
State Information Technology Services Division							
Esper Pass Thru							
Agency		FY 2024	FY 2025				
Governor's Office	\$	170,000	\$ 170,000				
Department of Fish, Wildlife & Parks		23,500	23,500				
Department of Environmental Quality		54,000	54,000				
Department of Transportation		15,000	15,000				
Department of Livestock		13,000	13,000				
Department Natural Resource & Conservation		24,500	24,500				
Department of Revenue		32,000	32,000				
Department of Administration		17,500	17,500				
Department of Agriculture		14,500	14,500				
Department of Corrections		10,000	10,000				
Department of Commerce		18,000	18,000				
Department Labor & Industry		54,000	54,000				
Department of Military Affairs		7,000	7,000				
Public Health & Human Services		77,500	77,500				
Total	\$	530,500	\$ 530,500				

General Pass Thru

The general pass thru rate is for additional services that state agencies have requested where the cost of the service is passed directly on to the agency. While this is a new rate in the 2025 biennium, many of these services existed in other rates during the 2023 biennium.

The general fund pass thru had rates that totaled \$4.3 million in the FY 2023 base year. The executive is proposing that the rate will be \$4.1 million in each fiscal year of the 2025 biennium, which is a 4.7% decrease. The table below shows the FY 2023 base year rate, the requested FY 2024 and FY 2025 rate, and the change between the FY 2023 rate and the 2025 biennium for each pass thru. Overall, costs associated with Oracle are primarily causing the decrease. This decrease is partially offset by an increase of \$494,000 each fiscal year for the Microsoft direct pass thru. Additional services associated with the Microsoft pass thru include, but are not limited to, Windows server datacenter, SQL server enterprise, Visio, and SharePoint online.

Department of Administration								
Department of Administration								
State Information Technology Services Division								
		General	Pa	ass Thru				
							FY 2023	3 to
						20	025 Biennium	n Change
Service		FY 2023		FY 2024	FY 2025		Amount	Percent
Adobe Direct Pass Thru	\$	31,281	\$	31,200	\$ 32,760	\$	1,399	2.2%
Amplifund Pass-Thru		217,380		225,086	236,340)	26,667	6.1%
ESRI Enterprise Agreement		850,000		998,834	998,834	ļ	297,669	17.5%
Hyland Pass-Thru		710,243		666,461	699,784	ļ	(54,241)	-3.8%
Microsoft Direct Pass Thru		7,174		501,211	501,211		988,074	6886.5%
Monarch Report Analysis Software		5,400		11,277	11,841		12,318	114.1%
Network Cabling Pass-Thru		388,275		304,047	304,047	7	(168,456)	-21.7%
Oracle Direct Pass Thru		1,960,795		142,340	149,457	7	(3,629,794)	-92.6%
Oracle License Agreement		-	-	902,648	947,780)	1,850,428	100.0%
RSA Token		-	-	184,280	82,960)	267,240	100.0%
SAS Pass Thru	\$	99,976	\$	101,334	\$ 106,400	<u>\$</u>	7,783	3.9%
Total	\$	4,270,524	\$	4,068,717	\$ 4,071,415	\$	(400,916)	<u>-4.7%</u>

eGovernment Services - 06004

Proprietary Program Description

Digital government (eGovernment) services include permitting, registration, licensing, inspections, financial reconciliation, reporting, point of sale card swipe devices and mobile payments, monthly billing, and management and collection of customer accounts. The State Information Technology Services Division has established an enterprise fund for the management of these fees.

Proprietary Program Narrative

The following table shows the actual and projected expenditures and related revenues associated with this fund.

2025 Biennium Report on Internal Service and Enterprise Funds							
Fund 06004	Fund Name eGovernment		Program Name				
06004	Services		State Information Technology Services Div.				
	Actual FY 22	Projected FY 23	Proposed FY 24	Proposed FY 25			
Operating Revenues Fees and Charges		1 1 20		1125			
Revenue	1,003,737	1,003,737	1,003,737	1,003,737			
Total Operating Revenues	1,003,737	1,003,737	1,003,737	1,003,737			
Expenses Other Operating Expense Total Operating Expense	434,049 434,049	1,824,711 1,824,711	1,824,711 1,824,711	1,824,711 1,824,711			
Operating Income (Loss)	569,688	(820,974)	(820,974)	(820,974)			
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	569,688	(820,974)	(820,974)	(820,974)			
Change in Net Position	569,688	(820,974)	(820,974)	(820,974)			
Beginning Net Position - July 1 Prior Period Adjustments	(1,813,159)	(1,243,471)	(2,064,445)	(2,885,419)			
Change in Net Position	569,688	(820,974)	(820,974)	(820,974)			
Ending Net Position - June 30	(1,243,471)	(2,064,445)	(2,885,419)	(3,706,393)			

Revenues are earned through a fee that is charged to each eGovernment transaction. Fees earned will be used to help offset the costs for the payment processing vendor, as well as for costs to administer the program and other expenses associated with the development of enterprise electronic government services.

In December 2020, the contract with the vendor providing eGovernment services expired. When this contract expired, the State Information Technology Services Division took over the responsibility for managing these services. During this time, SITSD took out a general fund loan of \$2.5 million.

Proprietary Rate

Transaction fees are a set rate per transaction or the cost of application development and maintenance.

The eGovernment services program is funded with an enterprise fund, which is a type of a proprietary fund. As such, the legislature does not appropriate the funds or approve the rates for the program. Instead, the legislature reviews the report for the enterprise fund and identifies concerns with the financial position of the fund.



The State Information Technology Services Division currently has not proposed rates for the 2025 biennium and a plan for obtaining sufficient revenues to cover expenses and to repay the general fund loan has not been established. SITSD stated that they are currently analyzing the fees charged for eGovernment transactions and expenditures to determine when the loan will be repaid. The legislature may wish to discuss the details of this plan with SITSD.