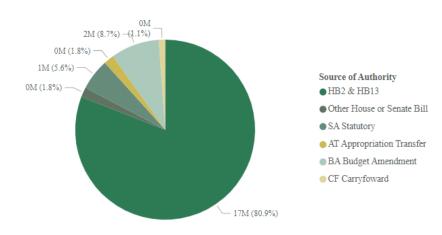
DEPARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK

Interim Budget Committee Report for June 2024

TOTAL APPROPRIATION AUTHORITY

The total appropriation authority for the Department of Livestock is shown in the pie chart below. HB 2 and HB 13 provide 80.9% of the total authority for this agency. All types of appropriation authority for this agency are described below, including total budget and the percent expended by source of authority.

Total Modified Budget by Source of Authority



Source of Authority	Modified Budget	Expended Budget	% Expended	
HB2 & HB13	16,531,561	12,814,309	77.5%	
AT Appropriation Transfer	375,000	384,766	102.6%	
BA Budget Amendment	1,782,472	614,524	34.5%	
CF Carryfoward	231,403	6,081	2.6%	
Other House or Senate Bill	364,133	364,077	100.0%	
SA Statutory	1,145,958	819,868	71.5%	
Total	20,430,527	15,003,624	73.4%	

Budget Amendments

Statute allows agencies to amend the budget to access additional federal revenues (17-7-402(1)(a)(xii), MCA). Federal authority through budget amendments totals \$1.8 million and were 34.5% expended.

The National Animal Health Laboratory Network (NAHLN) accounts for \$1.3 million budget amendment authority, an increase of \$1.0 million since December. NAHLN operates as a network of diagnostic laboratories that monitor animal diseases and responds to outbreaks by providing diagnostic findings to decision-makers. The network provides the necessary capacity, expertise, and resources to handle disease crises. Funding under this authority includes \$575,000 that will go to purchase a new incinerator; the remainder will go for equipment for the new animal health laboratory.

Federal funding appropriated for testing and tracing animal diseases, meat and poultry inspections totaled \$370,100. The table below summarizes federal budget amendments for the department.

Department of Livestock Budget Amendment Authority As Of May FY 2024							
Federal Grants	Budgeted	Expended	% Expended				
National Animal Health Laboratory Network	\$1,337,398	\$333,463	24.9%				
Meat and poultry inspections	98,282	98,282	100.0%				
Tracing animal diseases	175,263	143,650	82.0%				
Animal Disease Testing	83,916	39,130	46.6%				
Livestock Loss Board	75,000	-	0.0%				
Milk Inspection Training	12,613	-	0.0%				
Total Federal Budget Amendments	\$1,782,472	\$614,524	34.5%				

Other Bills

HB 10 from the 2019 Session authorized \$364,100 for information technology interface systems. The agency has expended all this authority.

Appropriation Transfer

The Department of Administration transferred \$375,000 of funding authorized in HB 10 Long Range IT Program to develop a software application that scans and uploads brand inspection permits. This authority has been completely expended.

Carryforward Authority

After each fiscal year, 30.0% of the unexpended and unencumbered HB 2 appropriation in the prior fiscal year for personal services, operating expenses, and equipment, may be re-appropriated in the two fiscal years following. The re-appropriated authority may not be used to increase pay (17-7-304(4)(a), MCA).

The agency has a total carryforward authority of \$231,400. The authority includes \$44,000 from the general fund, \$134,100 from state special revenue, and \$53,300 in federal special authority. Carryforward authority is budgeted for operations within the Animal Health and Brands Enforcement Division. As of the end of May, the department has expended \$6,100 or 2.6% of this authority.

Statutory

Statutory appropriations for the agency are used to compensate for the loss of livestock to predators. Revenue is statutorily appropriated from the general fund and livestock per capita fees. Other statutory authority includes volunteer donations from hunters and anglers when purchasing licenses for wolf mitigation. In 2023 the legislature passed HB 51 which created a state special revenue account to reimburse livestock owners for loss related to required US Department of Agriculture animal disease programs.

The agency has expended \$819,900 year-to-date in FY 2024 as follows;

- Predator animal control \$575,000
- Livestock depredation reduction grants \$125,000
- Monitoring and removal of wolves \$114,000
- HB 51 compensation \$5,900

HB 2 Budget Modifications

The following chart shows the HB 2 budget as passed by the legislature, including the pay plan, and the HB 2 modified budget from July 1, 2023, through May 29, 2024. Net modifications to the budget include operating plan changes from one expenditure account to another, program transfers, reorganizations, and agency transfers of authority. The positive modifications and negative modifications are shown by program, expenditure account, and fund type.

Legislative Budget Compared to Modified Budget - HB 2 Only

Agency Name	HB 2 Budget	Modified Budget	Net Modifications
•			
Department of Livestock	16,531,561	16,531,561	
01 CENTRALIZED SERVICES DIVISION	2,581,240	2,581,240	
04 ANIMAL HEALTH DIVISION	8,932,227	8,932,227	
06 BRANDS ENFORCEMENT DIVISION	5,018,094	5,018,094	
Total	16,531,561	16,531,561	
Expenditure Type	HB 2 Budget	Modified Budget	Net Modifications
61000 Personal Services	10,927,207	10,927,207	<u> </u>
62000 Operating Expenses	4,609,717		
63000 Equipment & Intangible Assets	502,156		
67000 Benefits & Claims	150,000		
68000 Transfers-out	342,481		
Total	16,531,561		
Fund Type	HB 2 Budget	Modified Budget	Net Modifications
_			
01 General	4,082,713	4,082,713	
02 State/Other Spec Rev	10,092,264	10,092,264	
03 Fed/Other Spec Rev	2,356,584		
Total	16,531,561	16,531,561	

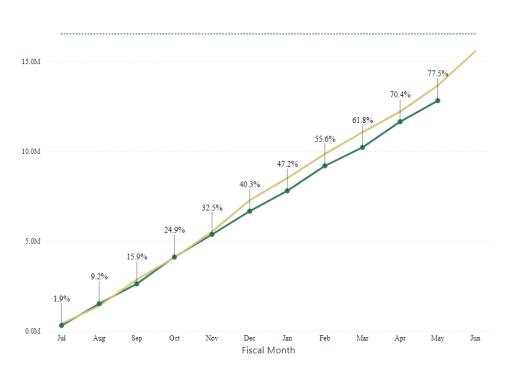
The Department of Livestock has made no modifications to the HB 2 budget since March.

HB2 Appropriation Authority

The following chart shows the appropriated budget for the agency compared to expenditures through May 31, 2024.



■ FY 2024 Budget ■ Cumulative Monthly FY 2024 Expenditures ■ Cumulative Historical Monthly Average Expended



The tables below show expenditure rates through May 2024 for the agency compared to average expenditure rates over the previous five years.

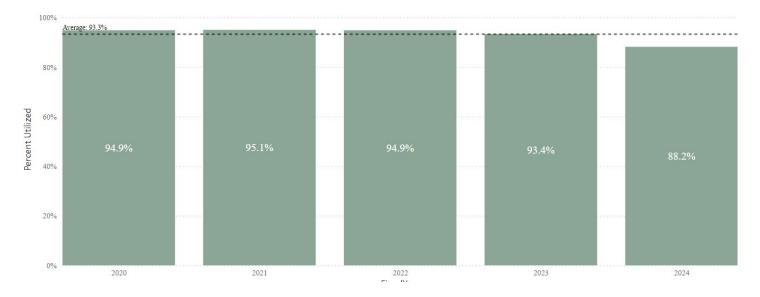
Department of Livestock, Expenditures through May 2024								
	Modified	Expended	Percent Expended					
Program Name	Budget	Budget	FY 2024	Last 5 Years				
Centralized Services Division	2,581,240	1,944,750	75.3%	74.3%				
Animal Health Division	8,932,227	6,651,197	74.5%	82.0%				
Brands Enforcement Division	5,018,094	4,218,361						
Total	\$16,531,561	\$12,814,309	77.5%	82.4%				
	Modified	Expended		Expended				
Accounting Classification	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>		Last 5 Years				
Personal Services	\$10,927,207	\$9,163,368						
Operating Expenses	4,609,717	2,924,861	63.4%					
Equipment & Intangible Assets	502,156	320,111	63.7%					
Benefits & Claims	150,000	150,000						
Transfers-Out	342,481	255,969						
Total	\$16,531,561	\$12,814,309	77.5%	82.4%				
	Modified	Expended		Expended				
Funding Source	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>		Last 5 Years				
General Fund	\$4,082,713	\$2,815,332	69.0%					
State/Other Spec Rev	10,092,264	8,088,717	80.1%					
Fed/Other Spec Rev	2,356,584	1,910,260						
Total	\$16,531,561	\$12,814,309	77.5%	82.4%				

The Department of Livestock expended 77.5% of its \$16.5 million HB 2 modified budget through May 31, 2024. The agency expended about \$810,000 less than would be expected compared to the historical five-year average of 82.4% through May. The lower expenditure rate is due primarily to operating expenditures lower than historical averages.

Personal Services

Appropriations for personal services in the Department of Livestock total \$10.9 million of which \$9.2 million or 83.9% has been expended through May 31, 2024. This compares to an average expenditure rate over the previous five years of 86.2% through May. The department has 137.37 HB 2 FTE.

The chart below shows the hourly utilization percentage for the Department of Livestock between July 1 and May 1 for each fiscal year when compared to the available hours for the same time. Overall, the department has utilized 88.2% of the hours budgeted for FY 2024. This is less than the average utilization of 93.3% over the previous four years in the same period.



Meat Inspectors and Brand Market Inspectors account for most of the Department's systemic overtime. Turnover results in considerable travel to ensure requirements for statewide coverage and lengthy supervisor training of new personnel. In addition to vacancies, late Summer and Fall are very busy times for livestock movements and sales resulting in seasonal increases in overtime and comp time for the Brands Division personnel. Lastly, a significant amount of overtime is attributable to pace of commerce and travel time for inspectors needed to cover their large geographical areas of responsibilities.

Since last reported in March the agency has reduced vacant positions by 3.00 FTE. The chart below shows the vacant FTE in each division, the number of months each position has been vacant, and the midpoint hourly pay rate.

Department of Livestock Vacancies					
As of May 1, 2024					

<u>Division</u>	FTE	Months <u>Vacant</u>	Midpoint Pay Rate		<u>FTE</u>	Months <u>Vacant</u>	Midpoint Pay Rate
Centralized Services Division				Brands Enforcement Division			
Computer Systems Analyst	1.00	3.1	\$31.02	Livestock Market Auditor	1.00	4.0	\$25.55
Division Total / Average ¹	1.00	3.1	\$31.02	Livestock Investigator 1	1.00	5.1	34.52
				Livestock Inspector 2	1.00	42.6	27.19
Animal Health Division				Livestock Inspector 1	1.00	8.6	21.76
Program Manager	1.00	17.0	\$39.56	Livestock Inspector 1	1.00	1.0	21.76
Veterinarian 1	1.00	2.0	51.08	Short Term Worker	0.21	10.1	16.05
Compliance Technician 1	0.50	17.9	22.07	Livestock Inspector 1	0.20	48.4	21.76
Sanitarian 1	0.50	10.0	31.77	Farm Fish Forest All Other	0.20	10.0	19.71
Regulatory Program Manager	1.00	51.9	39.56	STW Brand Insp LEWISTOWN	0.15	50.7	15.55
Auditing Technician	1.00	4.4	12.44	Farm Fish Forest All Other	0.25	4.5	19.71
Meat Poultry Inspector 1	1.00	6.2	21.76	Livestock Inspector 1	1.00	10.0	21.76
Meat Poultry Inspector 1	1.00	4.5	21.76	Division Total / Average ¹	7.01	13.4	\$24.46
Science Manager	1.00	13.2	56.47				
Meat Poultry Inspector 1	1.00	0.7	21.76				
Meat Poultry Inspector 1	1.00	10.0	21.76				
Division Total / Average ¹	10.00	12.4	\$31.30	Grand Total ¹	18.01	12.3	\$28.62

¹ Averages for months vacant and pay rate are weighted by FTE

Vacancies

Vacant positions total 18.01 FTE, a reduction of 3.00 FTE since last reported in March. On average, positions have been open about 12.3 months. Since the beginning of FY 2024, 13 employees have left state government, three have transferred to a different agency, and one has retired.

OTHER ISSUES

Information Technology Project Expenditures

Large Information Technology Projects							
Original and Revised Budgets							
Original Revised Percent							
<u>Project</u>	Start Date	<u>Status</u>	Budget	<u>Budget</u>	Expended	<u>Expended</u>	
Livestock Interface Systems Upgrade Project	1/1/2020	Executing	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,188,525	91.4%	
Livestock Animal Health System Replacement	7/31/2023	Initiating	450,000	450,000	-	0.0%	
Livestock Google Al Project	7/3/2023	Planning	375,000	375,000	384,766	102.6%	
Livestock Snowflake Integration	7/3/2023	Executing	125,000	125,000	-	0.0%	

The 2023 Legislature approved \$1.0 million in HB10 authority for three department application upgrades: Snowflake, Google AI, and an Animal Health system replacement. Both the Snowflake and Google AI projects are awarded and in the early stages of development. Snowflake is a state enterprise solution that Livestock is leveraging for data storage and integration needs. Google AI is a paper-to-digital data solution to eliminate the backlog of Brand's inspection paperwork and provide timely violation and traceability reporting not currently available.

The Animal Health system replacement project has been initiated. The system to be replaced serves as a key repository for animal identification records, import and animal movement records, and disease testing records to ensure traceability in the event of a foreign animal disease outbreak, and compliance with state law. The system also provides the capability for Montana veterinarians to utilize electronic methods for issuing health certificates prior to the export of Montana livestock out of state.

The 2019 Legislature approved \$1.3 million in HB10 authority to upgrade the Livestock Interface System. The new Brands Enforcement ServiceNow application was put into production September 2023. The remainder of the authority is being expended on application enhancements.

Status of Line-Itemed Decision Packages, 2023 Legislature

The table below summarizes the agency's expenditures against legislative appropriations for decision packages that appear as line items in HB 2. A detailed discussion of each decision package is provided below.

Department of Livestock								
Legislative Appropriation and Expenditures for the 2025 Biennium								
Legislative Percen								
Decision Package	Appropriation	Budgeted	Expended	Expended				
DP 401 - MVDL Lab Equipment Purchase (RST/BIEN/OTO)	\$236,951	\$236,951	\$236,951	100.0%				
DP 406 - Vet Truck Purchase (RST/BIEN/OTO)	50,000	50,000	-	0.0%				
DP 601 - Brands Equipment Upgrades (RST/BIEN/OTO)	180,000	180,000	86,405	48.0%				
Total of HB 2 Line Itemed Decision Packages	\$466,951	\$466,951	\$323,356	69.2%				

DP 401 - MVDL Lab Equipment Purchase (RST/BIEN/OTO)

FY 2024 - \$236,951 State Special Revenue

The legislature approved a one-time-only appropriation of state special revenue to purchase equipment for the diagnostic laboratory. The equipment will be used by the Montana Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory to identify microorganisms. The equipment will replace obsolete and end of life equipment currently in use.

<u>DP 406 - Vet Truck Purchase (RST/BIEN/OTO)</u>

FY 2024 – \$50,000 State Special Revenue

The legislature approved a one-time-only appropriation of state special revenue to purchase a truck for the Animal Health Bureau Veterinarian. The truck will require extensive modifications which precludes leasing it from the motor pool. This will replace the current vehicle, which is 13 years old and has high mileage.

<u>DP 601 - Brands Equipment Upgrades (RST/BIEN/OTO)</u>

FY 2024 – \$180,000 State Special Revenue

The legislature approved a one-time-only appropriation of state special revenue to fund equipment upgrades for enforcement and market operations. The funding would purchase law enforcement radios, livestock trailers, and other equipment.