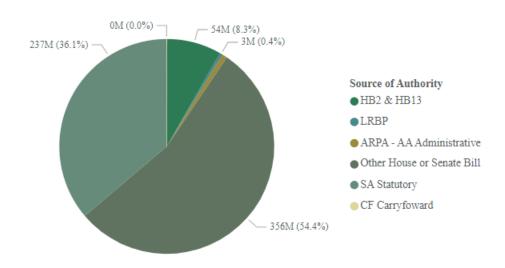
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION (DOA)

TOTAL APPROPRIATION AUTHORITY

The total appropriation authority for the Department of Administration is shown in the pie chart below. HB 2 and HB 13 provide 8.3% of the total authority for this agency. All types of appropriation authority for this agency are described below, including total budget and the percent expended by source of authority.

Total Modified Budget by Source of Authority



Source of Authority	Modified Budget	Expended Budget	% Expended	
	54,088,944	44,288,013	81.9%	
 CF Carryfoward 	282,021	8,145	2.9%	
□ LRBP	2,522,771	301,152	11.9%	
Other House or Senate	355,771,358	103,958,777	29.2%	
Bill				
 SA Statutory 	236,591,832	151,971,404	64.2%	
	5,286,237	1,064,586	20.1%	
Total	654,543,164	301,592,076	46.1%	

Appropriation Transfer

The Department of Administration (DOA) had an agency transfer of \$6.0 million in FY 2024. This appropriation transfer is to implement the objectives of the 2022 Remote and Office Workspace Study. This transfer also includes funding for 2.00 modified FTE. To date, \$381,000 or 6.3% has been expended.

Carryforward

The Department of Administration has approximately \$282,000 in carryforward authority in FY 2024. Approximately \$74,000 is carryforward authority from FY 2022 and \$209,000 is from FY 2023. Carryforward authority from FY 2022 will remain available until the end of FY 2024 and carryforward authority from FY 2023.

will remain available until the end of FY 2025. Approximately 30.7% of this authority is in proprietary funding for the Montana State Lottery. Remaining carryforward authority includes approximately 32.2% in the Architecture and Engineering Division in state special revenue, 36.6% split between the Montana Tax Appeal Board and the State Human Resources Division in general fund, and less than 1.0% in the State Financial Services Division for federal special revenue. To date, the Department of Administration has expended 2.9% of this authority. However, they anticipate utilizing these funds for various expenses including but not limited to anticipated retirement payouts, employee trainings, and furniture and moving costs for consolidating workspaces.

Long-Range Building Program (LRBP)

Long-Range Building Program authority totals approximately \$2.5 million in FY 2024 for the Architecture and Engineering Division. Approximately \$2.4 million is for the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment (BEAD) Program, which is a federal fund aimed at addressing broadband internet infrastructure needs. Only \$216,000 has been expended from the IIJA BEAD funds to date. The remaining authority is for the IIJA Digital Equity Act which provides federal funding to grant access to high-speed internet to communities who lack access or to individuals who cannot afford high-speed internet. Out of the \$98,000 appropriated in FY 2024 for IIJA Digital Equity Act, approximately \$85,000 has been expended. The IIJA Digital Equity funds were available until February 28, 2024, and the IIJA BEAD funds will be available until November 30, 2027.

Other Bills

The majority, 54.4%, of the Department of Administrations budget comes from other house and senate bill authority. Other house and senate bill authority for FY 2024 totals \$355.8 million and approximately \$104.0 million has been expended to date. Approximately 70.0% of other house and senate bill authority comes from HB 10 long range information technology (IT) projects in the State Information Technology Services Division. Long Range Information Technology projects approved in HB 10 often take multiple years to complete. As state agencies work on these projects, appropriation authority is transferred to that agency. Additional information on the Long-Range Information Technology Program can be found here: https://leg.mt.gov/lfd/interim-budget-committee-section-f/. Despite most authority being for HB 10 projects, the majority of expenditures made to date have been for HB 569 Montana Public Employee Retirement Account (MPERA) supplemental funding which provided a one-time-only \$95.6 million general fund transfer at the start of the fiscal year to the highway patrol officers', sheriffs', game wardens', and peace officers' retirement systems. The table below shows the original appropriation, the appropriation that was transferred to other agencies, remaining appropriations after transfers, expenditures, and the percent expended for other house and senate bill appropriations in the Department of Administration.

Department of Administration Other House and Senate Bill Authority FY 2024							
	Original Appropriation	Total Transferred to Date	Remaining Appropriation	Expenditures	Percent Expended		
Director's Office					•		
HB 569 - MPERA Supplemental Funding	\$ 95,600,000	\$ -	\$ 95,600,000	\$ 95,600,000	100.0%		
HB 949- Education and Workforce Data Governance Board	50,000		50,000		0.0%		
Program Total	95,650,000	-	95,650,000	95,600,000	99.9%		
State Financial Services Division							
HB 830 - Alternative Property Tax Payment (Biennial)	35,000	-	35,000	-	0.0%		
Program Total	35,000		35,000		0.0%		
Architechture and Engineering Division							
HB 5 - Major Repair Projects	2,000,000		2,000,000		0.0%		
Program Total	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	-	0.0%		
Conseq Constant Philippe							
General Services Division	6 000 000		6 000 000	200 000	C C0		
HB 856 - Capitol Complex	6,000,000		6,000,000	398,088	6.6%		
Program Total	6,000,000	-	6,000,000	398,088	6.6%		
State Information Technology Services							
HB 890 - AV Training (Biennial)	5,000	_	5,000	_	0.0%		
HB 4 - Department of Health and Human Services Projects*	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	_	0.09		
HB 10 -Long Range Information Technology Projects	2,222,222		2,222,222				
Department of Administration							
Montana Cybersecurity Enhancement Project	19,362,397	=	19,362,397	7,960,688	41.19		
E-Discovery/Public Information Request Software	1,800,000	-	1,800,000	-	0.09		
Montana Cybersecurity Enhancement Project*	500,000	249,719	250,281	-	0.09		
HVAC Network*	500,000	-	500,000	-	0.09		
Department of Agriculture							
Commodity Assessment System	370,000	350,000	20,000	-	0.09		
SAFHER Federal System	200,000	-	200,000	-	0.09		
Grant Management System	60,000	25,000	35,000	-	0.09		
Department of Livestock							
Animal Health System	450,000	-	450,000	-	0.09		
Snowflake Integration	125,000	-	125,000	-	0.09		
Google Al	425,000	150,000	275,000	-	0.0%		
Department of Fish, Wildlife, and Parks	40,000,000	2 244 240	7 (50 (00				
Automated Licensing System Replacement*	10,000,000	2,341,310	7,658,690	-			
Public Service Commission	1 400 420	1 002 000	414 420		0.00		
Software Modernization (REDDI) Department of Natural Resources and Conservation	1,496,436	1,082,000	414,436	-	0.09		
Financial Management System	1,204,000	_	1,204,000	_	0.09		
Fire Finance Processing System	500,000	- -	500,000	_	0.09		
Flathead Reservation Information Technology System	656,667	400,833	255,834	_	0.09		
Trust Land Management System Customer Portal	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	_	0.09		
Trust Land Management System II*	2,000,000	500,000	1,500,000	-	0.09		
Department of Corrections							
Offender Management System	17,750,000	-	17,750,000	-	0.09		
Department of Public Health and Human Services							
Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System	25,075,762	=	25,075,762	=	0.09		
Montana Child Support Enforcement Automated System	31,521,000	-	31,521,000	-	0.09		
Electronic Health Records & Billing - State Facilities	27,607,304	-	27,607,304	-	0.09		
Montana Healthcare Programs Modularity Project	49,406,130	2,600,000	46,806,130	-	0.09		
SNAP Employment & Training Enterprise Solution	2,800,000	=	2,800,000	=	0.09		
Electronic Benefits Transfer System Replacement	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	=	0.09		
Montana Family Safety Information System (MFSIS)*	5,445,238	-	5,445,238	-	0.09		
Medicaid Management Information System*	541,902	=	541,902	=	0.09		
Department of Labor and Industry	F 000 055		F 000 005				
Unemployment Insurance Tax System Upgrade*	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	-	0.09		
Unemployment Insurance Benefits System Replacement* Department of Justice	45,000,000	-	45,000,000	-	0.09		
Department of Justice Mainframe Transition*	V USV 633	1 626 420	2 400 204		0.00		
	4,034,822	1,626,438	2,408,384	7 060 600	0.09		
Program Total	261,336,658	9,325,300	252,011,358	7,960,688	3.29		
State Human Resources Division							
HB 13 - Labor Management Training Program (Biennial)	75,000		75,000		0.09		
Program Total	75,000	-	75,000	-	0.09		
Total	\$ 365,096,658	\$ 9,325,300	\$ 355,771,358	\$ 103,958,776	29.29		
		, , , , , , , , ,					

Statutory Appropriations

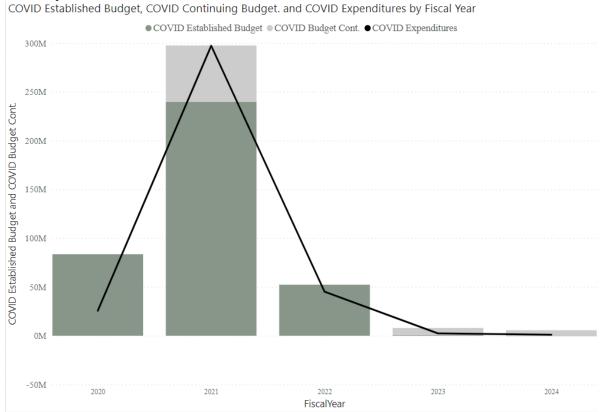
Statutory appropriations account for 36.1% of the Department of Administration's total FY 2024 budget. Statutory appropriation authority consists of \$106.0 million general fund, \$12.5 million state special revenue, \$20.0 million federal special revenue, and \$98.2 million proprietary funds. Of the approximately \$236.6 million budgeted in FY 2024, \$152.0 million, or 64.2% has been expended. The table below shows appropriations, expenditures, remaining appropriations, and the percent expended for individual statutory appropriations in the Department of Administration.

Department of Administration Statutory Appropriations and Expenditures FY 2024																	
									Remaining Perce								
										Α	ppropriations		Expenditures	Аp	propriations	Expended	
General Fund																	
Debt Service	\$	15,559,220	\$	-	\$	15,559,220	0.0%										
Local Government PERS Contribution		1,307,255		374,136		933,119	28.6%										
School District PERS Contribution		718,305		388,093		330,212	54.0%										
TRS GABA Contribution		1,106,000		437,017		668,983	39.5%										
TRS Supplemental Contribution		48,859,000		34,192,412		14,666,588	70.0%										
State Fund Division		744,177		744,177		-	100.0%										
Public Employees Retirement Transfer		35,329,705		23,553,137		11,776,568	66.7%										
Bank Charges		2,279,070		1,320,720		958,350	57.9%										
Fees and Bond Costs		96,453		34,585		61,868	<u>35.9</u> %										
Total General Fund		105,999,185		61,044,277		44,954,908	57.6%										
State Special Revenue																	
Mineral Impact Fees		11,942,347		11,923,593		18,754	99.8%										
State Building Insurance Proceeds		511,500		507,607		3,893	99.2%										
Total State Special Revenue		12,453,847		12,431,200		22,647	99.8%										
Federal Special Revenue																	
Taylor Grazing Fees		125,000		-		125,000	0.0%										
Forest Reserve Funds		19,831,450		-		19,831,450	0.0%										
Total Federal Special Revenue		19,956,450		-		19,956,450	0.0%										
Enterprise Funds																	
Lottery Prizes		83,500,000		67,007,799		16,492,201	80.2%										
Lottery Commissions		7,200,000		4,629,688		2,570,312	64.3%										
Lottery Vendor Fees		7,482,350		6,858,440		623,910	91.7%										
Total Enterprise Funds		98,182,350		78,495,927		19,686,423	79.9%										
Total Statutory Appropriations	\$	236,591,832	\$	151,971,404	\$	84,620,428	<u>64.2</u> %										

There have been no expenditures for the debt service, Taylor Grazing fees, and forest reserve funds. The Taylor Grazing fees and forest reserve funds do not get expended until the agency receives federal distributions, typically in the spring. Due to the Governor's Debt Free 2023 initiative, all the state general fund general obligation debt was paid prior to the FYE and there is currently no general fund liability on the state's books that would require debt service payments.

COVID-19 Authority

The following chart is provided to allow the legislature to examine the funding that is available to the agency for COVID-19 impacts.



The Department of Administration received funding from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, which totaled \$83.5 million, in FY 2020. Of this funding, \$80.0 million was for reimbursing local governments for COVID-19 related expenses. Local governments submitted requests to the Department of Administration for reimbursement for items like medical expenses, public health expenses, or employees' regular and overtime hours that were substantially related to mitigating or responding to COVID-19. In FY 2020, the appropriations for reimbursing local governments were 27.2% expended, and remaining budget authority was carried forward to FY 2021.

In FY 2021, the department had authority of approximately \$254.6 million from the CARES Act and \$43.2 million from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). This authority was 99.9% expended at the end of the fiscal year. Significant expenditures included:

- Approximately \$171.0 million in CARES Act funding for reimbursing local governments for COVID-19 related expenses (additional details included above)
- \bullet Approximately \$81.8 million in CARES Act funding for the School Funding for COVID Related Impacts Program

• Approximately \$43.2 million in ARPA local government recovery funds, distributed to ARPA-designated non-entitlement units of local governments based upon federal formulas

In FY 2022, funding from the CARES Act totaled approximately \$344,000 and was 100.0% expended at the end of the fiscal year. Funding from ARPA totaled \$52.3 million at the end of the fiscal year. ARPA funding included \$43.2 million for reimbursing local governments for COVID-19 expenses and \$8.6 million for administering the broadband program. Overall, the ARPA funding was 85.8% expended and remaining funding was continued into FY 2023.

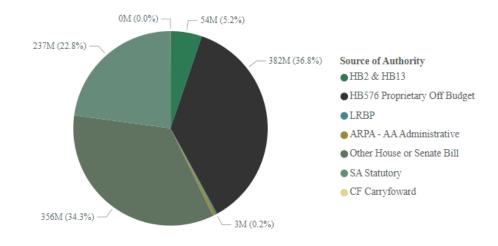
In FY 2023, \$7.3 million of the ARPA funding was continued for administering the broadband program. The State Information Technology Services Division (SITSD) also had approximately \$584,000 budgeted in FY 2023 for the contact center. As of fiscal year-end, the authority was 29.8% expended.

The remaining ARPA funding totaling \$5.3 million was continued into FY 2024, which includes \$5.0 million for the broadband program and \$237,000 for the contact center. As of March 1, 2024, the Department of Administration had expended \$1.1 million primarily for broadband administration. Funds for the contact center will remain available until the end of December 2024 and the broadband program administration funding will remain available until the end of December 2026.

EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY

The total expenditure authority for the agency is shown in the following pie chart. Total expenditure authority includes non-budgeted proprietary funding and non-budgeted expenditures such as transfers or indirect costs which are not included in the previous pie chart as the expenditures are not appropriated.

Modified Budget & Expended Budget by Source of Authority



Source of Authority	Modified Budget ▼	Expended Budget	% Expended	
HB576 Proprietary Off Budget	381,539,942	254,806,054	66.8%	
Other House or Senate Bill	355,771,358	103,958,777	29.2%	
SA Statutory	236,591,832	151,971,404	64.2%	
HB2 & HB13	54,088,944	44,288,013	81.9%	
ARPA	5,286,237	1,064,586	20.1%	
LRBP	2,522,771	301,152	11.9%	
CF Carryfoward	282,021	8,145	2.9%	
Total	1,036,083,106	556,398,130	53.7%	

Non-budgeted Proprietary Fund Authority

A significant portion, or 36.8%, of the funding for the Department of Administration is from non-budgeted proprietary funds and totals \$381.5 million in FY 2024. These funds support the operations of several programs in the Department of Administration, as shown in the table below. Overall, the department has expended 66.8% of the non-budgeted proprietary funds. There are lower expenditures in the Chief Data Office, Electronic Government Services, and group benefit claims in the State Human Resources Division. The Chief Data Office lower expenditures have been driven by vacancies. The Electronic Government Services only recorded three months of State Information Technology Services Division support and maintenance as of the end of February 2024, leading to lower expenditures. Lastly, the group benefit claims in the State Human Resources Division shows low expenditures due to the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) fees no longer being posted to this division once the agency switched vendors to Blue Cross Blue Shield. The table below shows the budget, expenditures, remaining budget, and percent expended for each of the non-budgeted proprietary funds for FY 2024.

Department of Administration Non-Budgeted Proprietary Funds FY 2024

			Rei	maining	Percent		
	App	ropriations	Ехр	enditures	Αp	propriations	Expended
Director's Office							
Management Services	\$	2,607,690	\$	1,291,524	\$	1,316,166	49.5%
Office of Public Information Requests		202,319		134,414		67,905	66.4%
Chief Data Office		500,000		166,976		333,024	<u>33.4</u> %
Program Total		3,310,009		1,592,914		1,717,095	48.1%
State Financial Services Division							
Local Government Services Bureau		1,377,957		904,155		473,802	65.6%
SABHRS Financials		5,156,004		2,821,460		2,334,544	54.7%
Warrant Writing		880,059		798,944		81,115	90.8%
Program Total		7,414,020		4,524,559		2,889,461	61.0%
General Services Division							
Facilities Management		12,199,566		7,288,997		4,910,569	59.7%
Print and Mail Services		11,649,381		8,687,797		2,961,584	74.6%
Surplus Property		879,366		506,049		373,317	<u>57.5</u> %
Program Total		24,728,313		16,482,843		8,245,470	66.7%
State Information Technology Services							
Electronic Government Services		1,824,711		91,457		1,733,254	5.0%
SITSD Proprietary		68,578,836		52,654,078		15,924,758	76.8%
Program Total		70,403,547		52,745,535		17,658,012	74.9%
Health Care and Benefits Division							
Flexible Spending Funds		7,888,201		4,811,258		3,076,943	61.0%
Group Benefits Claims		224,518,842		151,169,999		73,348,843	67.3%
Workers' Compensation Management		341,805		180,694		161,111	<u>52.9</u> %
Program Total		232,748,848		156,161,951		76,586,897	67.1%
State Human Resources Division							
Group Benefits Claims		361,744		69,440		292,304	19.2%
Human Resources Information Services		3,983,538		2,392,486		1,591,052	60.1%
Enterprise Learning and Development		407,099		146,289		260,810	<u>35.9</u> %
Program Total		4,752,381		2,608,215		2,144,166	54.9%
Risk Management and Tort Defense Division							
Agency Insurance		38,182,824		20,690,039		17,492,785	<u>54.2</u> %
Program Total		38,182,824		20,690,039		17,492,785	54.2%
Total	\$	381,539,942	\$	254,806,056	\$	126,733,886	66.8%

HB 2 BUDGET MODIFICATIONS

⊕ 06 Enterprise

Total

⊕ 06 Internal Service

The following chart shows the HB 2 budget as passed by the legislature, including the pay plan, and the HB 2 modified budget from December 1, 2023 through February 29, 2024. Net modifications to the budget include operating plan changes from one expenditure account to another, program transfers, reorganizations, and agency transfers of authority. The positive modifications and negative modifications are shown by program, expenditure account, and fund type.

Agency Name	HB 2 Budget	Modified Budget	Net Modifications	
Department of Administration	54,088,944	54,088,944	0	
01 DIRECTORS OFFICE	33,184,748	33,184,748		
03 STATE FINANCIAL SERVICES DIV	3,638,116	3,638,116	0	
04 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING DIV	2,786,377	2,786,377		
14 DIV OF BANKING & FINANCIAL INS	4,871,125	4,871,125		
15 MONTANA STATE LOTTERY	6,640,776	6,640,776		
23 STATE HUMAN RESOURCES DIVISION	2,230,347	2,230,347		
37 MONTANA TAX APPEAL BOARD	737,455	737,455	0	
Total	54,088,944	54,088,944	0	
Expenditure Type	HB 2 Budget	Modified Budget	Net Modifications	
	13,825,810	13,825,810		
	7,894,355	7,485,322	-409,033	
■ 63000 Equipment & Intangible Assets	85,000	85,000		
∃ 65000 Local Assistance	28,979	28,979		
∃ 68000 Transfers-out	31,834,925	31,834,925		
⊞ 69000 Debt Service	419,875	828,908	409,033	
Total	54,088,944	54,088,944	0	
F J. T	IID 2 Dudest	Madified Dudant	N-4 M- 3iff 4i	
Fund Type	HB 2 Budget	Modified Budget	Net Modifications	
⊕ 01 General	39,482,425	39,482,425	0	
02 State/Other Spec Rev	7,863,100	7,863,100		
□ 03 Fed/Other Spec Rev	18,535	18,535		
- A4				

6,640,776

54,088,944

84,108

The Department of Administration has made two budget changes since the last reporting period. Both of these budget changes transferred operating expense authority to debt service authority to properly record rental lease payments per GASB 87.

6,640,776

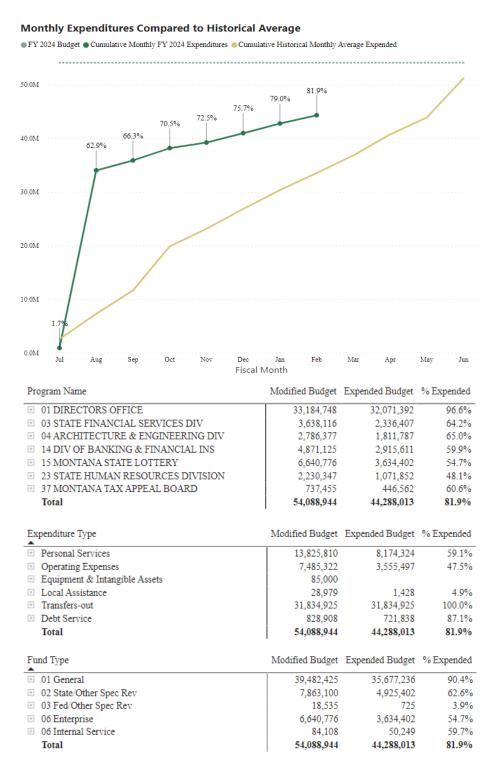
54,088,944

84,108

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HB 2 Appropriation Authority

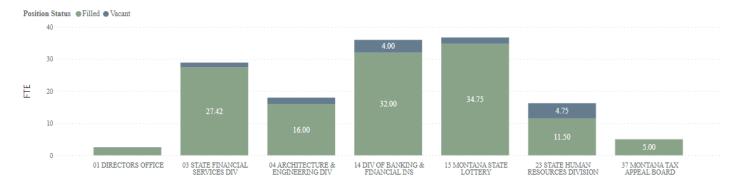
The following chart shows the appropriated budget for the agency compared to expenditures through February 29, 2024.



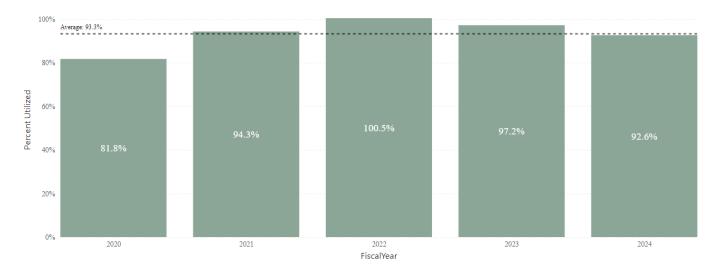
The Department of Administration has expended 81.9% of its HB 2 authority in FY 2024 as of February 29, 2024. The Director's Office has expended 96.6% of its budget due to a general fund transfer of approximately \$23.1 million to the capital development long-range building program account as required by 17-7-208, MCA, and an \$8.5 million transfer to the major repair long-range building program account as required by 17-7-222, MCA that occurred at the beginning of FY 2024. This transfer of authority was not in previous biennia and therefore is not reflected in the historical average line.

Personal Services

Appropriations for personal services in the Department of Administration total \$13.8 million and are 59.1% expended through February 29, 2024. The department has 143.42 permanent HB 2 FTE and 89.9% of these positions are filled as of February 1, 2024. The following chart shows the filled and vacant FTE within the agency as of February 1, 2024.



The chart below shows the hourly utilization percentage for the Department of Administration between July 1 and February 1 for each fiscal year when compared to the available hours for the same time period. Overall, the department has utilized 92.6% of the available hours for FY 2024, as shown in the chart below. This is slightly below the average utilization rate of 93.3%.



The chart below shows the vacant FTE in each division, the number of months each position has been vacant, and the midpoint hourly pay rate. Of the 14.42 FTE that are vacant, 7.92 FTE have been vacant for greater than

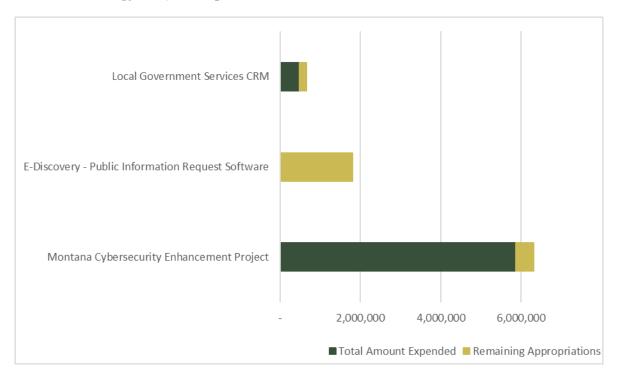
one year. It should be noted that one of the two IT examiner positions in the Banking and Financial Division was in an inactive, or unapproved, status for a period of 72 months and could not have been filled during that timeframe. The position was reactivated on July 1, 2023; as such, it has only been vacant for eight months. Therefore, both IT examiner positions have been vacant for eight months, not the 54.10 months reflected in the table below.

Vacant Positions Report

DEPT NUM/NAME	FTE	Median Months Vacant	Market Midpoint (Hourly)
☐ 61010 ADMINISTRATION	14.42	7.66	31.85
□ 01 DIRECTORS OFFICE	0.17	58.30	42.24
Labor Relations Specialist	0.17	58.30	42.24
□ 03 STATE FINANCIAL SERVICES DIV	1.50	2.95	26.25
Help Desk - Procurement	0.50	0.33	31.02
Program Support Assistant	1.00	5.57	21.48
□ 04 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING DIV	2.00	13.70	46.27
Construction Manager	1.00	22.89	54.39
Design Project Manager	1.00	4.52	38.15
□ 14 DIV OF BANKING & FINANCIAL INS	4.00	6.61	47.33
Certified Mortgage Examiner	1.00	6.16	32.68
Examination & Scheduling Mgr	1.00	1.67	46.30
IT Examiner	2.00	54.10	48.36
☐ 15 MONTANA STATE LOTTERY	2.00	7.05	20.74
Administrative Supervisor	1.00	6.59	20.74
Receptionist	0.50	7.80	15.17
Sales Rep	0.50	7.05	27.83
□ 23 STATE HUMAN RESOURCES DIVISION	4.75	23.11	30.00
Administrative Assistant	0.50	14.43	18.15
Human Resource Generalist	2.00	17.61	30.00
Human Resources Generalist	1.00	50.00	30.00
Human Resources Manager	0.25	77.74	37.50
Labor Relations Specialist	1.00	18.52	42.24
Total	14.42	7.66	31.85

OTHER ISSUES

Information Technology Project Expenditures



E-Discovery Public Information Request Software

This project will implement a centralized system to intake and respond to public information requests for executive branch agencies. The new system will track and manage request submissions, enable collaboration across and within agencies when responding to requests, invoice and track fee payments, and support reporting requirements. This project is budgeted at \$1.8 million and has a projected delivery date of June 30, 2024. To date, no expenditures have been made as this project is still in the initiating phase.

Local Government Services CRM

This project replaces the current customer relationship manager (CRM) system as it was at the end of its life and unsupported by the vendor. The new CRM system is supported by Hike2. The original budget for this project was \$600,000; this budget has been revised to \$657,500. Additionally, the original delivery date of February 7, 2024 has been revised to March 11, 2024. To date, \$560,000 has been expended and 95.0% of the project is complete.

Montana Cybersecurity Enhancement Project

The Montana Cybersecurity Enhancement Project began July 1, 2019 and was officially completed in FY 2023. The agency expended \$5.9 million out of the \$6.3 million budget. A post-implementation report has not been released to date.